

India's Number 1 Education App

PHYSICS

BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE PAPERS

PRACTICE SET 21

Paper 1 Physics Chemistry

1. A laser beam of pluse power 10^{12} watt is focussed on an object are $10^{-4}cm^2$. The

energy flux in wa / cm^2 at the point of focus is

A. 10^{20}

 $B.\,10^{16}$

 $C. 10^8$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,10^4$

Answer: B

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2. A weightless thread can bear tension upto 3.7kg wt A stone of mass 500g is tied to it and revolves in a verticle circle of radius 4m What will be the maximum angular velocity of the stone if $g = 10m/s^2$.

A. 2 rad/s

B. 4 rad/s

C. 16 rad/s

D. $\sqrt{21}$ rad/s

Answer: B



3. In a carnival ride the passengers travel in a circle of radius 5.0 m, maklin gone completer circle in 4.0 s. What is the acceleration ?

A.
$$24.6m/s^2$$

- B. $12.3m/s^2$
- C. $6.15m/s^2$
- D. $49.2m/s^2$

Answer: B

4. A road is 8 m wide. Its radius of curvature is 40 m. The outer edge is above the lower edge by a distance of 1.2 m. This road is most suited for a velocity of

A. 5.7m/s

 $\mathsf{B.}\,7.4m\,/\,s$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,36.1m\,/\,s$

D. 9.7m/s

Answer: B



5. A 0.5 kg ball moves in a circle of radius 0.4 m at a velocity of 4 m/s. The centripetal force on the ball is

A. 10 N

B. 20 N

C. 40 N

D. 80 N

Answer: B



6. Two wires of equal length are made of the same material. Wire A has a diameter that is twice as that of wire B. If identical weights are suspended from the ends of these wires, the increase in length is

A. four times for wire A as for wire B

B. twice for wire A as for wire B

C. halrf for wire A as for wire B

D. one-fourth for wire A as for wire B

Answer: D



7. The equation of a transverse travelling on a rope is given by $y = 10 \sin \pi (0.01x - 2.00t)$ where y and x are in cm and t in seconds. The maximum transverse speed of a particle in the rope is about A. 63cm/s

B. 75cm/s

 $\mathsf{C.}\,100cm\,/\,s$

D. 121cm/s

Answer: A

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8. Two bodies with moment of inertia l_1 and l_2

 $(l_1>l_2)$ have equal angular momentum. If E_1

and E_2 are the rotational kinetic energies, then

A.
$$KE_1 > KE_2$$

- $\mathsf{B.} KE_1 = KE_2$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,KE_1 < KE_2$
- D. cannot be said

Answer: C



9. A satellite moves around the earth in a circular orbit with speed v. If m is the mass of the satellite, its total energy is

A.
$$rac{1}{2}mv^2$$

B. $-rac{1}{2}mv^2$
C. $-mv^2$
D. $rac{3}{2}mv^2$

Answer: B

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10. A particle moves in the xy plane under the influence of a force such that its linear momentum is

$$\overrightarrow{P}(t) = A \Big[\hat{i} \cos(kt) - \hat{j} \sin(kt) \Big]$$
, where A

and k are constants. The angle between the force and momentum is

A. 0°

B. 30°

C. 45°

Answer: D



11. A body of mass m is taken from earth surface to the height h equal to radius of earth, the increase in potential energy will be

A. 2mgR

B.mgR

C.
$$\frac{1}{2}mgR$$

D. $\frac{1}{4}mgR$





12. At which of the following temperatures, the value of surface tension of water is minimum

A. $4^\circ C$

B. $25^{\,\circ}\,C$

C. $50^{\,\circ}\,C$

D. $75^{\,\circ}\,C$

Answer: D



13. Work done is splitting a drop of water of 1 mm radius into 64 droplets is (surface tension of water =72xx10^(-3)j m^(2))`

A. $2.0 imes 10^{-6}J$

B. $2.7 imes 10^{-6}J$

 ${\sf C.4 imes10^{-6}}J$

D. $5.4 imes10^{-6}J$

Answer: B



14. Under which of the following conditions is the law PV=RT obeyed most closed by a real gas?

A. high pressure and high temperature

B. low pressure and low temperature

C. low pressure and high temperature

D. high pressure and low temperature

Answer: C



15. Show that the moon would depart for ever if its speed were increased by 42~% .

A. 100~%

 $\mathsf{B}.\,140.4~\%$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,41.4~\%$

D. None of these

Answer: C



16. Relation between emissivity e and absorptive power a is (for black body)

A.
$$e = a$$

B. $e = rac{1}{a}$
C. $e = a^2$
D. $a = e^2$

Answer: A



17. In Young's double slit experiment, angular width of fringes is 0.20° for sodium light of wavelength 5890Å. If complete system is dipped in water, then angular width of fringes becomes

A. 0.11°

B. 0.15°

C. 0.22°

D. 0.30°

Answer: B



18. A black body at $227^{\circ}C$ radiates heat at the rate of $7calcm^{-2}s^{-1}$. At a temperature of $727^{\circ}C$, the rate of heat radiated in the same unit will be

A. 80

B. 60

C. 50

D. 112

Answer: D

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19. The component of vector $A=2\hat{i}+3\hat{j}$ along the vector $\hat{i}+\hat{j}$ is



Answer: C



20. A particle of mass 10 gm is describing S.H.M. along a straight line with period of 2 sec and amplitude of 10 cm . Its kinetic energy

when it is at 5 cm from its equilibrium position

is

A.
$$3.75\pi^2 erg$$

- B. $375\pi^2 \,\mathrm{erg}$
- C. $0.375\pi^2 \,\mathrm{erg}$
- D. $37.5\pi^2 ~{\rm erg}$

Answer: B



21. The string of pendulum of length 1 is displaced through 90° from the vertical and released. Then the minimum strength of the string in order to withstand the tension, as the pendulum passes through the mean position is

A. mg

B. 3 mg

C. 5 mg

D. 6 mg

Answer: B



22. The velocity of sound in air at NTP is 330 m/s. What will be its value when temperature is doubled and pressure is halved ?

A. 330 m/s

B. 165 m/s

C. $330\sqrt{2}$ m/s

D. $330/\sqrt{2}$ m/s

Answer: C



23. When light is incident on a doubly refracting crystal, two refracted rays-ordinary ray (O -ray) and extra ordinary ray (E -ray) are produced. Then

A. Both O-ray and E-ray are polarised perpendicular to the plane of incidence

B. Both O-ray and R-ray are polarised in the

plane of incidence

C. E-ray is polarised perpendicular to the

plane of incidence and O-ray in the plane

of incidence

D. E-ray is polarised in the plane of

incidence and O -ray perpendicular to

the plane of incidence

Answer: D

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24. A bullet of mass 0.05 kg moving with a speed of 80m/s enters a wooden block and is stopped after a distance of 0.40 m The average resistive force exerted by the block on the bullet is:

A. 300 N

B. 20 N

C. 400 N

D. 40 N

Answer: B



25. Doppler's effect is sound in addition of relative velocity between source and observer, also depends while source and abserver or both are moving. Doppler effect in light depend only on the relative velocity of source and observed. The reason of this is

A. Einstein mass-energy relation

B. Einstein theory of relativity

C. Photoelectric effect

D. none of the above

Answer: C

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26. An e.m.f. $E = 4\cos(1000t)$ volt is applied to an *LR* circuit of inductance 3mH and resistance 4ohm. The amplitude of current in the circuit is

A.
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{7}}A$$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,1.0A$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,\frac{4}{7}A$$

 $D.\,0.8A$

Answer: D

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27. Consider telecommunication through optical fibres. Which of the following statements is not true?

A. Optical fibers may have homogeneous
core with a suitable cladding
B. Optical fibers can be of graded
refractivce index
C. Optical fibers are subject to
electromagnetic interference from
outside
D. Optical fibres have extremely low
transmission loss

Answer: C

28. The expression for thermo emf in a thermocouple given by the relation $E = 40\theta - \frac{\theta^2}{20}$, where θ is the temperatue difference of two junctons. For this, the neutral temperature will be

A. $400^{\,\circ}\,C$

B. $300^{\circ}C$

C. $200^{\circ}C$

D. $100\,^\circ C$

Answer: A

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29. Minimum number of capacitors of $2\mu F$ capacitance each required to obtain a capacitor of $5\mu F$ will be

A. 3

B.4

C. 5

D. 6

Answer: B



30. A charge q is placed at the centre of the open end of a cylindrical vessel . The flux of the electric field through the surface of the vessel



A. zero

B.
$$\frac{q}{\varepsilon_0}$$

C. $\frac{q}{2\varepsilon_0}$
D. $\frac{2q}{\varepsilon_0}$

Answer: C



31. The distance of two points on the axis of a magnet from its centre is 10cm and 20cm repectively. The ratio of magnatic intensity at these points is 12.5:1. The length of the megnet will be

A. 5 cm

B. 25 cm

C. 10 cm

D. 20 cm

Answer: D

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32. Two masses m_1 and m_2 ($m_1 > m_2$) are connected by massless flexible and inextensible string passed over massless and frictionless pulley. The acceleration of centre of mass is

A.
$$\left(rac{m_1-m_2}{m_1+m_2}
ight)^2 g$$

B.
$$rac{m_1-m_2}{m_1+m_2}g$$

C. $rac{m_1+m_2}{m_1-m_2}g$

Answer: A

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33. When a ferromagnetic material is heated

to temperature above its Curie tamperature,

the material

- A. it gets demagnetised
- B. it becomes diamagnetic
- C. it behaves like a paramagnetic substance
- D. it remains unaffected

Answer: C

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34. A rectangular vessel when full of water takes 10 minutes to be emptied through an

orifice in its bottom. How much time will it take to be emptied when half filled with water

A. 9 min

B.7 min

C. 5 min

D. 3 min

Answer: B



35. A layer of glycerine of thickness 1 mm is present between a large surface and small surface of area $0.1m^2$. With what force the small surface is to be pulled, so that it can move with a velocity of 1 m/s ?

(coefficient of viscosity $= 0.07g - m^{-1}s^{-1}$)

A. 70 N

B. 7 N

C. 700 N

D. 0.70 N

Answer: B



36. Two coils of self-inductance L_1 and L_2 are placed closed to each other so that total flux in one coil is completely linked with other. If M is mutual inductance between them, then

A. $M = L_1 L_2$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,M=L_1/L_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,M=L_2\,/\,L_1$

D. $M=\sqrt{L_1L_2}$

Answer: D

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37. A new flashlight cell of e.m.f. 1.5 volts given a current of 15 amps. When connected directly to an ammeter of resistance 0.04Ω . The internal resistance of cell is

A. 0.04Ω

 $\mathsf{B}.\,0.06\Omega$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,0.10\Omega$

D. 10Ω

Answer: B

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38. In a transformer, the number of turns in primary coil and secondary coil are 5 and 4 respectively. If 240 V is applied on the primary

coil, then the ratio of current in primary and

secondary coil is

A. 4:5

- **B**. 5:4
- C.5:9
- D. 9:5

Answer: A



39. Two coherent monochromatic light beams of intensities I and 4 I are superposed. The maximum and minimum possible intensities in the resulting beam are

A. 5l and l

B. 5l and 3l

C. 3l and l

D. 9l and l

Answer: D





40. In the relation $x = \cos(\omega t + kx)$, the

dimension(s) of ω is/are

A.
$$\left[M^0 L T
ight]$$

- $\mathbf{B.}\left[M^{0}LT^{0}\right]$
- C. $\left[M^0L^0T^{\,-1}
 ight]$
- D. $\left[M^{0}LT^{\,-1}
 ight]$

Answer: C

41. For the stationary wave
$$y = 4\sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{15}\right)\cos(96\pi t)$$
, the distance between a node and the next antinode is
A. 7.5
B. 15
C. 22.5
D. 30

Answer: A



42. When monochromatic light is replaced by white light in Fresnel's biprism arrangement, the central fringe is

A. coloured

B. white

C. dark

D. None of these

Answer: B

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43. Wavelength of a 1keV photon is $1.24 \times 10^{-9}m$. What is the frequency of 1MeV photon ?

A. $1.24 imes10^{15}$

B. $2.4 imes10^{20}$

 $\text{C.}~1.24\times10^{18}$

D. $2 imes 10^{23}$

Answer: B



44. A physical quantity Q is found ot depend on observables x, y and z obeying relation $Q = \frac{x^3y^2}{z}$. The percentage error in the measurments of x, y and z are 1%, 2% and 4% respectively. What is percentage error in the quantity Q?

A. 4~%

B. 3%

C. 11 %

D. 1%

Answer: C

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45. Why is refractivce index in a transparent medium greater than one ?

A. Because the speed of light in vaccum is

medium

B. Because the speed of light in veccum is
always greater than speed in a
transparent medium
C. Frequency of wave charges when it
crosses medium

D. none of the above

Answer: B

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46. A disc is rotating with angular velocity ω . If

a child sits on it, what is conserved?

A. kinetic energy

B. Potential energy

C. Linear momentum

D. Angular momentum

Answer: D

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47. A voltmeter having resistance of 50×10^3 ohm is used to measure the voltage in a circuit. To increase the range of measurement 3 times the additional series resistance required is

A. $10^5\Omega$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,150k\Omega$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,900k\Omega$

D. $9 imes 10^6\Omega$

Answer: A



48. Ground state energy of H-atom is -13.6 eV. The energy needed to ionise H-atom from its second excited state is

A. 1.51 eV

 $\mathsf{B}.\,3.4\,\mathsf{eV}$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,13.6~\mathsf{eV}$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,12.1~\mathsf{eV}$

Answer: A



49. A plano convex lens of refractive index 1.5 and radius of curvature 30cm. Is silvered at the curved surface. Now this lens has been used to form the image of an object. At what distance from this lens an object be placed in order to have a real image of size of the object.

A. 20 cm

B. 30 cm

C. 60 cm

D. 80 cm

Answer: A

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50. The energy gap between conductionband and valence band is of the order of 0.07 eV. It is a/an

A. insulator

B. conductor

C. semiconductor

D. ailoy

Answer: **B**

