



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - OSWAAL PUBLICATION CHEMISTRY (KANNADA ENGLISH)

Solved paper 2

Exercise

1. $68\,\%$ aqueous nitric acid cannot be concentrated by further fractional distillation.

Give reason.



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2. The cryoscopic constant and freezing point of benzene is $5.12\,\mathrm{K\,kg\,mol^{-1}}$ and 278.6 K respectively. At what temperature will one molal solution of benzene containing a nonelectrolyte (i=1) freeze?



3. E° of three mctals A, B, C are +0.44V, +1.37V and -1.35V. Arrange the metals in increasing order of their reducing power.



4. Mention one difference between a catalyst and a inhibitor.



5. Write the mathematical expression for Freundlich adsorptionisotherm.



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6. Name the purest form of commercial iron.



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7. A noble gas has the property to diffuse through rubber. Name the noble gas.





8. Write an equation for Swartz reaction.



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1) dil. NaOH 9. CH_3CHO $\stackrel{\text{dui. NaOH}}{\longrightarrow} X$. Give the IUPAC 2) **\Delta**

name of X.



10. Name the sugar moiety present in RNA molecule.



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11. What do you mean by anisotropic solid?



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12. When is ferrimagnetism observed in a substance?

13. \wedge_m of 0.05 M weak electrolyte is $50~{
m Sm}^2 mol^{-1},\,0^\circ$ of it is $440~{
m Sm}^2~{
m mol}^{-1}.$ Calculate lpha (degree of dissociation) of the electrolyte.



14. Draw a plot of In[R] versus t for a first order reaction. What is slope of the line equal to?



15. Give reason: Actinoid contraction is greater from element to element than lanthanoid contraction.



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16. Give reasons:

Actinoids show variable oxidation states.



17.

$$H-CHO \stackrel{1)}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{RM_gX\,, \quad ext{ether}}{\longrightarrow} X \stackrel{+\,R\,'-COOH}{\longrightarrow} Y.$$

What are the structures of X and Y?



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- i) Aspirin finds use in prevention of heart attacks.
- ii) Sodium laurylsulphate is a anionic detergent

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20. What is a broad-spectrum antibiotic? Is penicillin a broad spectrum or a narrow

spectrum antibiotic?

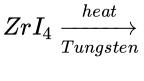


 $Cu_{2}O+Cu_{2}S
ightarrow$



22. Complete the following equations:

21. Complete the following equations:





23. Complete the following equations:

$$ZnO + C \xrightarrow[1673K]{coke}$$



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24. Give reasons:

- i) Nitrogen exists as a diatomic molecule
- ii) Nitrogen cannot form a pentahalide
- iii) Aluminium does not dissolve in conc.

 HNO_3



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ii) Nitrogen cannot form a pentahalide iii) Aluminium does not dissolve in conc. HNO_3



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27. Write the equations involved in the manufacture of sulphuric acid in contact process.



28. Complete the following equations:

$$Cl_2 + 3F_2 \stackrel{573K}{\longrightarrow} \ldots \ldots$$



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29. Complete the following equations:

6NaOH(hot and conc.) +
$$3CL_2
ightarrow$$



30. Complete the following equations:

$$XX' + H_2O
ightarrow$$



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31. Between $Cu_{\left(aq\right)}^{2+}$ and $Cu_{\left(aq\right)}^{+}$ which is more stable?



32. The ionization energy of elements increases in a period from left to right



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33. Give reasons: Zn has highest value for $E^{(M^3+/M^2+)}$ among 3d series elements.



34. Write the two steps involved in the commercial process of converting MnO_2 to potassium permanganate.



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35. Give the structure of chromate ion?



36. Explain the hybridisation, geometry and magnetic property of $\left[Ni(Cl)_4\right]^{2-}$.



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37. a) What type of isomerism is exhibited by the square planar complex of type M_{ABXY} ? How many of these isomers are possible?



38. b) How is a metal-carbon π bond formed in metal carbonyls?



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39. Calculate the packing efficiency in a unit cell of Cubic Close Packing(CCP) structure.



40. Explain with an example how impurity defect develops in NaCl crystal.



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41. Calculate the mole fraction of Co, in one litre of soda water sealed under a pressure of $3.5~{
m bar}$ at $298~{
m K}$. $K_H=1.67 imes 10^3~{
m bar}$



- **42.** What are these?
- i) solid solutions ii) colligative properties iii) isotonic solution



43. What are colligative properties?



44. What are isotonic solutions? Give example.

45. a) i) Name the product liberated at anode when dil. H_2SO_4 is electrolysed.



46. ii) What Faraday of current is required to electrolyse one mole of water?



47. b) i) Between mercury cell and nickelcadmium cell, which is a secondary cell?



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48. Mention one advantage of H_2-O_2 fuel cell.



49. c) Write Nernst equation for the cell represented

$$Mg(s)\Big|Mg{}^{\,+\,2}_{\,(\,aq\,)}\,\Big|\Big|Al^{3\,+}_{\,(\,aq\,)}\,\mid\,Al_{\,(\,S\,)}\,.$$



50. Show that for a first order reaction, $t_{99.9\,\%} = 10t_{1\,/\,2}.$



- 51. Name the phenomenon/process involved
- i) mixing of hydrated ferric oxide (+ve sol) and arsenious sulphide (-ve sol)
- ii) An impure sol is purified by removing dissolved particles using suitable membrane
 iii) Movement of dispersion medium is observed in an electric field.
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55. Mention any two characteristic of enzyme catalysis.



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56. a) Write the equation for SN^2 mechanism between CH_3Cl and -OH. What is the stereochemical aspect of SN^2 reaction?

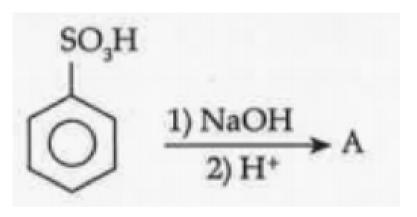


57. b i) Aryl halide with sodium in dry ether undergoes Fitting reaction. Write the equation and name the product.

ii) Arrange the following in the increasing order of their reactivity towards nuclelophilic substitution reaction.

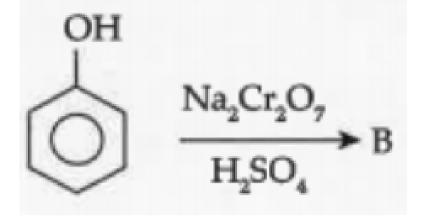


58. What is the organic compound formed in the following.





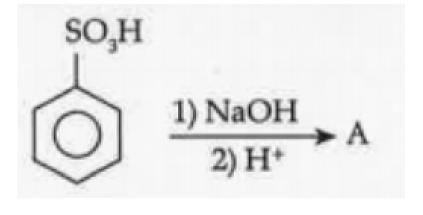
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61. b) Give reason: -

i) o-nitrophenol and p-nitrophenol can be separated by steam distillation.

ii) There is a large difference in boiling points of alcohols and ethers.



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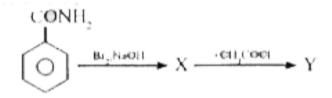
63. a) Write the structure of P and Q? Name the reaction that gives the product P.

64. Explain decarboxylation reaction with an example.



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65. a) Name the products X and Y?





66. b) Between methyl amine and ammonia which has lower pK_b value and why?



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67. Name the final product of ammonolysis of an alkyl halide.



68. Draw the Haworth structure of β -(D) fructofuranose.



in plants?

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69. b) i) Pentaacetate of glucose does not react with hydroxyl amine. What does this indicate about the structure of glucose.ii) Which is the most abundant polysaccharide

iii) Name the natural a-amino acid that is not optically active.



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72. What major molecular shape does the tertiary structure of protein lead to?



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73. What is a homopolymer? Give an example.



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74. Write the equation for the formation of the polymer by the interaction of ethylene

glycol and terephthalic acid. Name the polymer.



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75. c) Molecular mass of polymers are expressed as an average. Give reason

