



MATHS

BOOKS - OSWAAL PUBLICATION MATHS (KANNADA ENGLISH)

II PUC TOPPER ANSWERS MARCH-2016



3. If
$$y=a^{1/2\log_a(\cos x)}$$
 , $\operatorname{find} rac{dy}{dx}$.



4.
$$\cos\left(\sec^{-1}x + \cos ec^{-1}x
ight), |x| \geq 1$$

Watch Video Solution

5. If vector $\overline{AB} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\overline{OB} = 3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$, find the position vector \overline{OA}

Watch Video Solution

6. Find the distance of the point (-6, 0, 0) from the plane 2x - 3y + 6z = 2.



7. If
$$egin{bmatrix} x+2 & y-3 \ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 is a scalar matrix. Find x and y.

Watch Video Solution

8. " (b) If "P(A)=0.8,P(B)=0.5" and "P(B/A)=0.4," then find P(A/B)

Watch Video Solution

9. An operation * on z^+ (the set of all non-negative integers) is defined

as $a \cdot b = | \,\, a - b |, \, orall q, b \in z^+.$ ls * a binary operation on z^+ ?

Watch Video Solution

10. Define feasible region in a linear programming Problem.



4. Prove the following:

$$\sin^{-1}\Bigl(2x\sqrt{1-x^2}\Bigr) = 2\cos^{-1}x, \; -rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq x \leq rac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Watch Video Solution

5. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
, if $y = \sec^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2x^2 - 1}\right)$, $0 < x < \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Watch Video Solution

6. If
$$x^y = a^x$$
, prove that $rac{dy}{dx} = rac{x\log_e a - y}{x\log_e x}.$

Watch Video Solution

7. Evaluate:
$$\int \frac{1}{\sin x \cos^3 x} dx$$

8. Using differentials, find the approximate value of $(25)^{\frac{1}{3}}$.



$$\mathbf{9.}\int_0^\pi \bigg(\frac{\sin^2 x}{2}-\frac{\cos^2 x}{2}\bigg)dx$$

Watch Video Solution

10. Statement 1 : If
$$\left| \overrightarrow{a} + \overrightarrow{b} \right| = \left| \overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b} \right|$$
, then \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} are

perpendicular to each other.

Statement 2 : If the diagonals of a parallelogram are equal in magnitude,

then the parallelogram is a rectangle.

Watch Video Solution

11. Find the order and degree, it defined of the differential equation $rac{d^4y}{dx^4}+rac{\sin(d^3y)}{dx^3}=0$



13. The random variable X has a probability distribution P(X) of the

following form, where K is some number $P(X) = \begin{cases} K & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2K & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 3K & \text{if } x = 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

- (a) Determine the value of K.
- (b) Find P(X < 2).

Watch Video Solution

14. Find the Cartesian equation of the line parallel to y-axis and passing

through the point (1, 1, 1).



Part C

1. Show
$$\tan^{-1}\frac{1}{2} + \tan^{-1}\frac{2}{11} + \tan^{-1}\frac{4}{3} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
.

Watch Video Solution

- 2. Using elementary transformations, find the inverse of the matrix
- [1 123]

Watch Video Solution

3. Show that the relation R in the set $A = \{x \in z, 0 \leq x \leq 12\}$ given by

 $R = \{(a, b) : |a - b| ext{ is a multiple of 4} \}$ is an equivalence relation.

4. Verify Mean Value Theorem if $(x) = x^3$ - $5x^2$ - 3xin the interval [1, 3].



6. Box I contains 2 gold coins, while another Box-II contains I gold and 1 silver coin. A person chooses a box at random and takes out a coin. If the coin is gold, what is the probability that the other coin in the box is also of gold?

7.
$$\int \frac{x}{(x-1)(x-2)} dx$$



12. Find the angle between the following pairs of lines :

$$\overrightarrow{r}=3\hat{i}+2\hat{j}-4\hat{k}+\lambda\Big(\hat{i}+2\hat{j}+2\hat{k}\Big) ~~\&~~ec{r}=5\hat{i}-2\hat{j}+\mu\Big(3\hat{i}+2\hat{j}+6\hat{k}\Big)$$

Note : Angle between two lines is the angle between $\overrightarrow{b_1}$ and $\overrightarrow{b_2}$



14. Find the equation of the curve passing though the point (1, 1) given

that the slope of the tangent to the curve at any point is $\frac{y}{x} + 1$.



1. If
$$A = egin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}, B = [1, 3, \ -6]$$
, verify that (AB) ' B ' A '.

Watch Video Solution

2. Solve the system of linear equations by matrix method :

2x - 3y + 5z = 11, 3x + 2y - 4z = -5, x + y - 2x = -3.

Watch Video Solution

3. Let f:N
ightarrow R be a function defined as $f(x)=4x^2+12x+15.$

Show that $f: N \to S$, where S is the range of f, is invertible. Also find the inverse of f. Hence find $f^{-1}(31)$.

Watch Video Solution

4. The length x of a rectangle is decreasing at the rate of 3 cm/min and

the width y is increasing at the rate of 2cm/min. When x=10cm and y=6cm,

find the ration of change (i) the perimeter and (ii) the area of the reactangle.



5. If
$$y = \left(\sin^{-1}x\right)^2$$
, show that $\left(1-x^2\right)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x\frac{dy}{dx} = 2$

Watch Video Solution

6. Find the integral of
$$\frac{1}{x^2 + a^2}$$
 w.r.t. x and hence find $\int \frac{1}{3 + 2x + x^2} dx$.
Watch Video Solution

7. Using integration find the area of region bounded by the triangle whose vertices are (1, 0), (2, 2) and (3, 1).







1. Maximize and Minimize Z=5x+10y, subject to constraints are $x+2y\leq 120, x+y\geq 60, x-2y\geq 0~~ ext{and}~~x,y\geq 0.$

Watch Video Solution

2.
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^3 & b^3 & c^3 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)(a+b+c)$$