



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - JMD BIOLOGY (PUNJABI ENGLISH)

Organisms and Population



1. study of inter-relationship between

organisms and their environment is

A. ecology

B. ecosystem

C. phytogeography

D. Ethology

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

2. study of internal relationship between a species or individual and its environment in all stages of its life cycle is

A. Synecology

B. Forest Ecology

C. Autecology

D. Ecology

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

3. ecology is connected with the study of

A. environmental factors

B. plant adaptation

C. effect of plant on environment

D. all of the above

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

4. study of interrelationship between an entire

community and its environment is

A. autecology

B. resource ecology

C. species ecology

D. Synecology

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

5. submerged hydrophytes have a well-

developed

A. vascular system

B. Aerenchyma

C. root system

D. stomatal system

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

6. individual of a species which occur in a

particular area constitutes

A. Flora

B. Fauna

C. Population

D. Flora and fauna

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

7. ecology term was coined by

A. Linnaeus

B. Haeckel

C. Harvey

D. Odum

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

8. ecology term was coined by

A. Aristotle

B. Reiter

C. Linnaeus

D. Odum

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

9. the sum total of the populations of the same kind of organisms constitutes

A. Colony

B. Genus

C. Community

D. Species

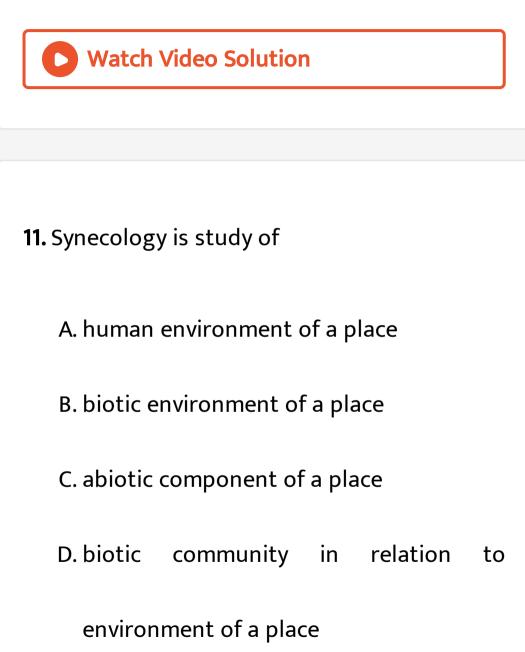
Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

10. ecology is study of relationship of

- A. members of a family
- B. man and environment
- C. organisms and environment
- D. Soil and water





Answer: D



12. which one of the following is the famous plant ecologist in India?

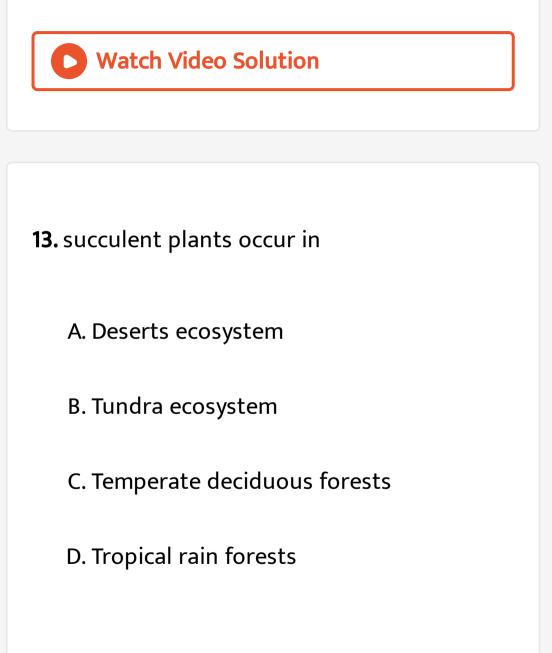
A. Charles Darwin

B. Ramdeo Misra

C. Birbal Sahani

D. J.C. Bose





Answer: A



14. thick cuticle occurs on the leaves of plants belonging to

A. cool habitats

B. warm habitat

C. dry habitats

D. wet habitats

Answer: C





15. stomata are sunken i.e, guard cells with subsidiary cells in

A. mesophytes

B. xerophytes

C. hydrophytes

D. hydrophytes

Answer: B

16. a bird introduced from another country become a serious pest due to

A. better adaptation to new area

B. most sexual reproduction

C. better nesting habitats

D. absence of natural competition

Answer: D

17. abundance of a species population within

its habitat is

A. absolute density

B. regional density

C. relative density

D. Niche density

Answer: D

18. an orchids resembling the female of an insect so as to be able to get pollinated is due to phenomenon of

A. mimicry

B. pseudo coputation

C. pseudo pollination

D. pseudo-parthenocarpy

Answer: A

19. match the columns and find the correctcombinationI(a. Camouflage, b. Batesian mimicry, c.

warming coloration, d. Echolocation), II(1. Dendrobate spumilio, 2. Horse shoe Bat, 3.

Monarch Butterfly, 4. Praying Mantis).

B. (a)-3, (b)-4, (c)-2, (d)-1

C. (a)-4, (b)-1, (c)-3, (d)-2

D. (a)-4, (b)-3, (c)-1, (d)-2

Answer: D



20. the maximum possible rate of increase of population of a given species under ideal condition would depend upon is

A. biotic potential

B. realised natality

C. carrying capacity

D. biomass





21. Asymptote is the stage when a population

is

A. stabilized

B. changing

C. increasing

D. decreasing





22. two opposite forces operate in the growth and to the ability to reproduce at a given rate. the force opposing it is called

A. carrying capacity

B. Fecundity

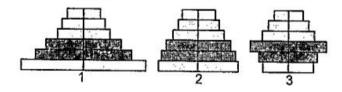
C. biotic potential

D. environmental resistance

Answer: D



23. which type of age pyramids of human population as shown by the 1, 2, and 3 respectively in the following figures?



A. 1-stable, 2-expanding, 3-declining

B. 1-expanding, 2-declining, 3-stable

C. 1-expanding, 2-stable, 3-declining

D. 1-declining, 2-stable, 3-expanding

Answer: C



24. the number of children that a couple must

produce to replace them is called

A. biotic potential

B. clone

C. reproductive potential

D. Ramet

Answer: A



25. Crude birth rate and crude death rate of

human population are calculated on

A. 7th January

B. 7th March

C. 7th July

D. 31st March

Answer: C



26. Fill in the blanks

organism which can tolerate wide range of

temperature are

maintaining the constantancy of internal

environment is referred to as



28. Fill in the blanks

shivering is a kind of exercise which produces

..... and raises the body

tiger census in National park can be counted

by and

Watch Video Solution

30. Fill in the blanks

siberian cranes visit India in every winter in

..... National park

..... and breed only once in their lifetime.



32. Fill in the blanks

in Australia, cactus was brought under control

by

Calotropis plant has highly poisonous cardiac



34. Fill in the blanks

parasite are normally specific.



broode parasitism is shown by the interaction

between and



Watch Video Solution

36. true or false

pital of Mediterranean Ophyrus resembles

with male bee.

Fig is always pollinated by Yucca.



38. true or false

Cuscuttta is a free living plant in the nature.

'K' stands for carrying capacity of the resource.

Watch Video Solution

40. true or false

individual has birth and death.



mortality increases the population of the

species in an area.



42. true or false

body temperature of a man is $37\degree$ C.



organisms tolerating a wide range of salinities

are stenohaline.



44. true or false

snow leopards are very common in Kerala

forest.

seals have a thick layer of fat called blubber.



46. Difference between Commensalism and

Amensalism.

Watch Video Solution

47. Define Commensalism.Give examples.





48. What is the most significant adaption of

hydrophytes?

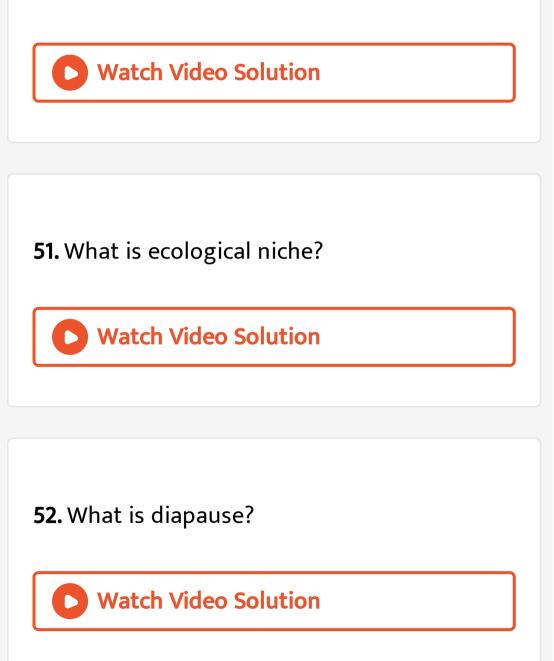


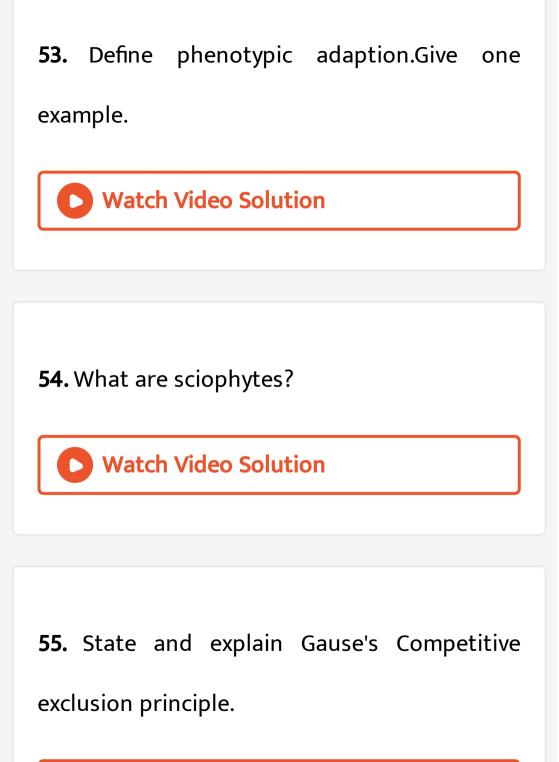
49. Name two organisms associated to form

lichens.

50. Differentiate natality rate and mortality

rate.





56. High fever,loss of appetite,stomach pain and constipation are some of the symptoms seen in a patient. how would the doctor confirm that the patient is suffering from typhoid and not amoebiasis?

57. Name one respiratory disease that infects

the lungs alveoli and one that does not infect the lungs.



58. How does malaria differ from chikungunya

with reference to their vectors?



59. What role do macrophages play in providing immunity to humans?
Watch Video Solution

60. Name any two secretions in the body that act as physiological barriers of innate immunity,