

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - MTG BIOLOGY (ENGLISH)

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

Mcqs

1. Family planning programme was initiated in

A. 1920

B. 1930

C. 1950

D. 1951

Answer: D



warah walah dalaman

watch video Solution

- 2. RCH stands for
 - A. Routine Check-up of Health
 - B. Reproduction Cum Hygiene
 - C. Reversible Contraceptive Hazards
 - D. Reproductive and Child Health Care

Answer: D



- 3. Reproductive health in society can be improved by
- (i) Introduction of sex education is schools
- (ii) Increased medical assistance
- (iii) Awareness about contraception and STDs

- (iv) Equal opportunities to male and female child
- (v) Encouraging myths and misconceptions
 - A. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v)
 - B. (i),(ii),(iv),(v)
 - C. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv)
 - D. (ii),(v)

Answer: C



- **4.** Which of the following statements are correct?
- (i) Family planning programmes were initiated in 1951
- (ii) According to WHO, reproductive health means total well being in the
- physical, social, behavioural and emotional aspects of reproduction
- (iii) Saheli was developed at CDRI in Lucknow
- (iv) Amniocentesis should not be banned as it is a foetal sex determination test.

B. (ii) and (iii) only C. (i),(ii) and (iii) D. (iii) and (iv) only **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 5. Aminocentesis is a technique used to A. determine errors in amino acid metabolism in embryo B. pin point specific cardiac ailments in embryo C. determine any hereditary genetic abnormality in embryo D. all of these

Watch Video Solution

Answer: C

A. (i) and (ii) only

6. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: Amnicentesis is often misused

Statement 2 : Amniocentesis is being used to determine the sex of the foetus so that female foetus may be aborted.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

7. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

A. Amniocentesis and CVS (chorionic villi sampling) are the techniques of detection of detection of foetal desorders during early pregnancy

B. Reproduction health refers to healthy reproductive organs with normal functions

C. India was amongst the first countries in the world to initiate action plans and programmes at a national level to attain total reproductive health

D. all of these

Answer: D



View Text Solution

8. Which of the following cannot be detected in a developing foetus by amnicentesis ?

A. Jaundice

B. Down's syndrome

C. Systic fibrosis

D. Colourblindness

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- - A. $12^{th}-14^{th}$ week

9. In which of the following weeks of pregnancy CVS is done?

- B. $8^{th}-10^{th}$ week
- C. $5^{th} 7^{th}$ week
- D. None of these

Answer: B



10. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : The world population was around 2 billions in 1900 which has rocketed to about 6 billions by 2000

Statement 2: Increase in longevity due to decline in death rate, maternal mortality rate and infant mortality rate has been some major causes of population explosion.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

11. Causes for increased population growth in India is/are

A. increase in birth rate B. decrease in death rate C. lack of education D. all of these Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 12. Which of the following are the reasons for population explosion? (i) Increased health facilities (ii) Rapid increase in MMR (iii) Rapid increase in IMR (iv) Rapid decrease in MMR (v) Decrease in number of people reaching reproductive age A. (i) and (iv) B. (iii) and (v)

| D. (i) and (v) |
|---|
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 13. Which of the following pairs contributes to an increase in population? |
| A. Natality and immigration |
| B. Mortality and emigration |
| C. Natality and emigration |
| D. Mortality and immigration |
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |

C. (ii) and (iii)

14. Certain characteristic demographic features of developing countries are

A. high fertility, high density, rapidly rising mortality rate and a very young age distribution

B. high infant mortality rate, low fertility, uneven population growth and a very young age distribution

C. high mortality, high density, uneven population growth and a very old age distribution

D. high fertility, low or rapidly falling mortality rate, rapid population growth and a very young age distribution.

Answer: D



15. Which of the following is correct regarding the consequences of over population ?

A. It increases the poverty of a country

B. It leads to shortage of food supply

C. It results in unempolyment

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

16. Carrying capacity is

A. maximum number of individuals which an environment can sustain

B. minimum number of individuals which an enviorment can sustain

C. both (a) and (b)

D. None of these

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

17. Read the given statements and select the correct option

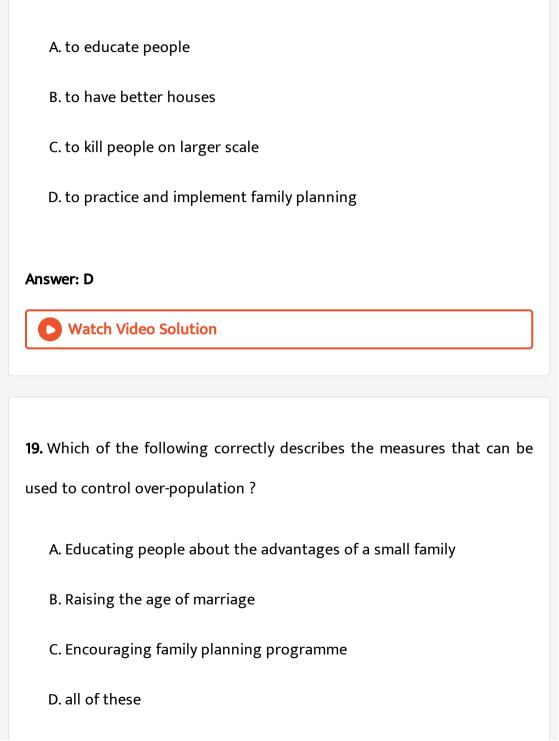
Statement 1: Physiological capacity of organisms to produce off spring under natural conditions is called as reproductive potential

Statement 2: Minimum number of individuals which an environment can sustin is referred to as its carrying capacity

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: B





18. The best way to decrease population of a country is

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

20. Which of the following is not a characteristic of an ideal contraceptive

?

- A. User friendly
- B. Ireeversible
- C. Easily availble
- D. Least side-effects

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

21. Fill up the blanks in the following paragraph by selecting the correct option

| A. <u>i</u> methods work on the principle of avoiding chances of ovum and | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| sperms meeting | 5 | | | |
| B. <u>ii</u> is one such method in which the couples avoid coitus from day 10 | | | | |
| to 17 of the mer | nstrual cycle | | | |
| C. <u>iii</u> is another method in which the male partner withdraws his penis | | | | |
| from the vagina just before ejaculation so as to avoid insemination | | | | |
| D. <u>iv</u> method is based on the fact that ovulation and therefore the cycle | | | | |
| do not occur during the period of intense loctation following parturition. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| A. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (| |
| Barrier | Coitus interruptus | Periodic abstinence | Lactation | |
| В. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| IUDs | Lactational amenorrhea | Coitus interruptu | s Periodic | |
| C. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| Natural | Periodic abstinence | Coitus interruptus | Lactational a | |
| D. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| Surgical | Periodic abstinence | Coitus interruptus | Lactational a | |
| | | | | |

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

22. On which of the following facts does the method of periodic abstinence is based?

- A. Ovulation occurs on about the 14^{th} day of menstruction
- B. Ovum remains alive for about 1-2 days
- C. Sperms survive for about 3 days
- D. all of these

Answer: D



- 23. What is true for lactational amenorrhea?
- (i) It means absence of menstruction

- (ii) Ovulation does not occur during the lactational period (iii) Chances of contraception are almost nil upto six months following parturition
- (iv) Side effects are almost nil
- (v) Contraceptive efficiency reduces after the period of intense lactation
- (vi) It is natural method of contraception

(vii) It increases phagocytosis of sperms

- - A. (ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vi)
 - B. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv)
 - C. (ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vii)
 - D. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vi)

Answer: D



- 24. Read the given statements and select the correct option
- Statement 1: Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are made of rubber

and are inserted into the female reproductive tract to cover the cervix before coitus

Statement 2: These are chemical barrier of conception which are reusable

25. Which of the following is a non-medicated intrauterine device (IUD)?

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: B



- - A. CuT
 - **B. Lippes Loop**
 - C. Cu7

| D. LNG-20 |
|---------------------------------|
| Answer: B Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 26. Multiload device contains |
| A. manganese |
| B. iron |
| C. copper |
| D. calcium |
| |
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| |

27. Which of the following is not an intrauterine device?

A. Progestasert B. Multiload-375 C. Norplant D. Lippes loop **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 28. What is the work of copper-T? A. To inhibit ovulation B. To inhibit fertilisation C. To inhibit implantation of blastocyst D. To inhibit gametogenesis Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

29. IUDs prevent pregnancy by

A. inhibiting physiological and morphological uterine changes required for implantation

B. increasing phagocytosis of spermatozoa within uterus

C. suppressing motility of sperms as well as their fertilising capacity

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

30. CuT is an intrauterine contraceptive device. Select the option that correctly defines the role of Cu

A. Cu ions make uterus unsuitable for implantation

B. Cu ions suppress sperm motility and the fertilising capacity of the

sperms

C. Cu ions make cervix hostile to sperms

D. all of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

31. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: CuT,Cu7 and multiload 375 are the harmone releasing IUDs

Statement 2: Cu ions released by some IUDs affect the ability of uterine

wall to support embryo thus cause contraception.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 32. Cu ions released from copper releasing intrauterine devices (IUDs)
 - A. prevent ovulation
 - B. make uterus unsuitable for implantation
 - C. decrease phagocytosis of sperms
 - D. suppress sperm motility

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

33. Select the correct statement regarding IUDs out of the following

A. Intrauterine devices (IUDs) are objects which are inserted in the uterus of the female through vagina by expert doctors

B. IUDs may be categorised as non-mendicated IUDs (e.g., lippes loop), copper releasing IUDs (e.g., CuT, Cu7, Multiload 375) and hormone releasing IUDs (e.g., progestasert, LNG-20)

C. In india, use of IUDs is one of the most widely accepted methods of contraception these days

D. all of these

Answer: D



34. The birth control device used by women is

A. diaphragm

B. vault

C. copper T

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

35. Main disadvantages of intrauterine contraceptive devices is that

A. the devices are permanently placed in uterus and cannot be

removed even if couple want to have children

B. the device has to be inserted by physician in the uterus through

vagina

C. the devices are expelled out without the knowledge of the wearers

D. both (a) and (c)

Answer: C



36. Which of the following are the drawbacks of the IUDs?

- (i) Their spontaneous expulsion, even without the woman's knowledge
- (ii) They can cause excess mensutrual bleeding and pain
- (iii) Risk of infection
- (iv) They increase the phagocytosis of sperms
- (vi) They suppress sperm motility.
 - A. (i),(iii) and (vi)
 - B. (i),(ii),(iv) and (vi)
 - C. (i),(ii),(iii) and (v)
 - D. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv)

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

37. The most important component of oral contraceptive pills is

- A. progesterone-estrogen B. growth harmone C. thyroxine D. luteinsing hormone Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 38. Progestin-estradiol combined contraceptive pills inhibit ovulation by A. negative feedback on the release of estrogen from ovary required for follicular development in follicular phase B. Preventing the uterine physiological and morphological changes
 - C. inhibiting the secretion of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) and lateinising hormone (LH) that are necessary for ovulation

required for implantation

| D. both (a) and (c) |
|---|
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 39. Progesterone puill helps in preventing pergnancy by allowing |
| A. ova formation |
| B. fertilisation |
| C. implantation |
| D. None of these |
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |

- **40.** How do the pills work?
- (i) Inhibit ovulation and implantation
- (ii) Alter the quality of cervical muscus to prevent or retard the entry of sperms
- (iii) Inhibit spermatogenesis
 - A. (i),(ii) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (ii) only
 - D. (iii) only

little side effects

Answer: B



- **41.** Read the given statement and select the correct option
- Statement 1: Saheli is an pill which has high contraceptive value and very

Statement 2 : Saheli contains progestin with no estrogen, and a nonsteroidal preparation called centchroman.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Bothe statements 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



- 42. What is true about "Saheli"?
- (i) Developed at the CDRI, Lucknow
- (ii) Contains a steroidal preparation
- (iii) "Once-a-week" pill
- (iv) Many side effects
- (v) High contraceptive valve

A. (i),(ii),(iii),(v),(vi) B. (i),(iii),(v),(vi) C. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v) D. (i),(iii),(iv),(v) **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 43. Identify the figures of the contraceptives given below and select the correct option

> D Condom for male

В

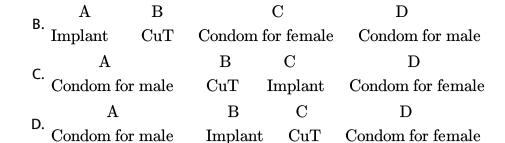
Implant

CuT

Condom

(vi) Very few side effects

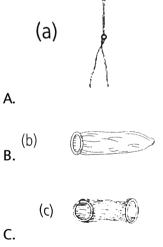
(vii) Low contraceptive value

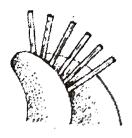


Answer: D



44. Which of the following contraceptives are implanted under the skin?





Answer: D

D.



Watch Video Solution

45. Select the correct statement regarding subcutaneous implantation of synthetic progesterone

A. It is a contraception technique

B. Its acts by blocking ovulation and pervents sperm transport

C. Six match-stick sized capsules containing the progestogen steroid

are inserted under the skin of the inner arm above the elbow

D. all of these

Answer: D

46. Read of following statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Subcutaneous implantation of synthetic progesterone prevents pregancy for about 5 years

Statement 2 : A tiny amount of progesterone is steadily released from the inserts into the blood.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

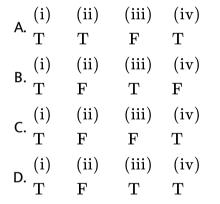
C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Bothe statements 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



- **47.** Consider the following statement and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) Emigration is the movement of individuals out of a place or country
- (ii) Combined contraceptive pills contain synthetic progesterone and estrogen to check ovulation
- (iii) Depo-Provera are estrogen derivative injections
- (iv) The scientific study of human population is called demography.



Answer: A



- **48.** Read the following statements and select the option having both incorrect statements
- (i) Condoms decrease sperm motility
- (ii) Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are for both males and females
- (iii) IUDs are inserted by expert nurses
- (iv) Sterilisation is a terminal method to prevent further pregnancy.
 - A. (i) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (iii) nad (iv)
 - D. (ii) and (iv)

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

49. Given below are four methods (A-D) and their modes of action (i-iv) in achieving contraception. Select their correct matching from the four

options that follow

Α.

Method Mode of Action

Oral pill (i) Prevents sperms reaching cervix

B. Condom (ii) Suppresses sperm motility

C. Vasectomy (iii) Prevents ovulation

 ${\rm D.} \quad {\rm Copper} \; {\rm T} \quad \ ({\rm iv}) \quad {\rm Semen} \; {\rm contain} \; {\rm no} \; {\rm sperms}$

A. A-(iii),B-(iv),C-(i),D-(ii)

B. A-(ii),B-(iii),C-(i),D-(iv)

C. A-(iii),B-(i),C-(iv),D-(ii)

D. A-(iv),B-(i),C-(ii),D-(iii)

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

50. Match the contraceptive methods given under column I with their examples given under column II and select the correct option from the

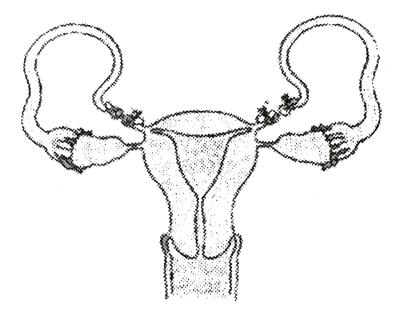
given codes Column I Column II A. Chemical (i) Tubectomy and vasectomy B. IUDs(ii) Copper T and loop C. Barriers (iii) Condom and cervical cap D. Sterilisation Spermicidal jelly and foam (iv) (\mathbf{v}) Coitus interruptus and calender method A. A-(iv),B-(ii),C-(iii),D-(i) B. A-(iv),B-(v),C-(ii),D-(iii) C. A-(i),B-(iii),C-(ii),D-(v)

Answer: A



D. A-(iv),B-(ii),C-(v),D-(i)

51. What is the figure given below showing in particular?



- A. Ovarian cancer
- B. Uterine cancer
- C. Tubectomy
- D. Vasectomy

Answer: C



52. Which of the following contraceptive methods correctly matches with

its mode of action?

A.

Contraceptive method Mode of action Tubectomy Makes the uterus unsuitable for implan

Inhibit ovulation and implantation

Mode of action Contraceptive method Oral pills

C.

Mode of action Contraceptive method Diaphragms Spermicidal adn increases phagocytosis of Mode of action

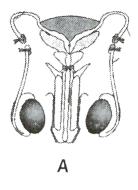
Blocks gamete transport

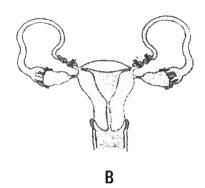
Contraceptive method **IUDs**

Answer: B



53. Which of the following figures shows tubectomy?





A. A only

B. B only

C. Either A or B

D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

54. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the given codes

C. Barrier methods (iii) Diaphragms Multioload 375 D. Surgical methods (iv) Ε. Oral contraceptives (v) Saheli Nirodh (vi) Sterilisation (vii) Vasectomy (viii) (ix) CuT A. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), (ix), C-(iii), (vi),D-(vii), (viii),E-(v) B. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), C-(iii), (vi), (ix), D-(vii), (viii),E-(v) C. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), C-(iii), (ix),D-(vii), (viii), E-(v), (vi) D. A-(i), B-(iv), (ix), C-(ii), (iii), (vi), D-(vii), (viii), E-(v) Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 55. Which of the following contraceptive methods has poor reversibility?

Column II

LNG - 20

Coitus interruptus

(i)

(ii)

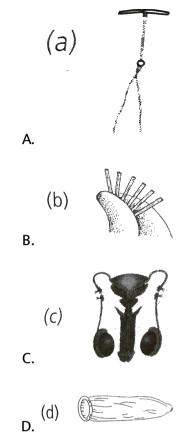
Column I

IUDs

Α.

B.

Natural methods



Answer: C



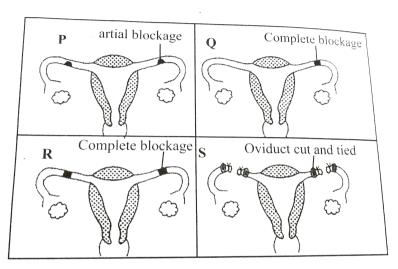
- **56.** Which of the following statements are correct regarding surgical methods of contraception ?
- (i) These are generally advised to the male/female partner as a terminal

method to prevent any more pregnancies (ii) Surgical procedure in male is called tubectomy and that in the female, vasectomy (iii) Reversibility is easily possible (iv) They block gamete transport and thereby prevent conception. A. (ii) and (iii) B. (i),(ii) and (iii) C. (i) and (iv) D. (ii) and (iv) **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 57. Which of the following birth control measures can be considered as the safest? A. The rhythm method

- B. The use of physical barriers C. contraceptive pills D. Sterilisation techniques **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 58. Which of the following is the most widely accepted method of contraception in india at present? A. Cervial caps B. Tubectomy C. Diaphragms D. IUDs (Intra uterine devices)
- Answer: D
 - Watch Video Solution

59. The accompanying diagram shows the uterine tubes of four women

(P,Q,R and S)



In which two women is fertilisation impossible at present?

A. P and Q

B. Q and R

C. R and S

D. S and P

Answer: C



60. Which of the following is full proof method of contraception?

A. Implantation

B. Lactational amenorhea

C. Condoms

D. Sterilisation

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

61. Which of the following statements is correct regarding vasectomy?

A. It prevents the production of sperms in the tests

B. It prevents the production of semen

C. It prevents the movement of sperms into the urethra

D. It prevents a man from having an ecrection

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **62.** Consider the following statements each one or two blanks
- (A) Lippes loops is a <u>i</u> while multiload 375 is a <u>ii</u> IUD
- (B) Surgical methods of contraception are also called as <u>iii</u> methods
- (C) High MMR and IMR play a significant role in $\underline{\ \ iv\ \ }$ human population

Which one of the following options, gives the correct fill ups for the

- respective blank numbers from (i) to (iv) in the above statements ?
 - A. (i) copper releasing, (ii) non-medicated (iv) decreasing
 - B. (iii) barrier, (iv) increasing
 - C. (i) non-medicated, (ii) copper releasing (iv) decreasing
 - D. (i) copper releasing (ii) non-medicated, (iii) sterilisation

Answer: C

| 63. Select the option which correctly fills up the blanks in the following |
|--|
| statements |
| (i) Destruction of embroyo or foetus in the uterus is called |
| (ii) Government of India legalised MTP in the year |
| (iii) Natural family planning method is also called |
| (iv) is a method in which the make partner withdraws his penis |
| from vagina just before ejaculation |
| (v) is a copper releasing and is a hormone releasing intra |
| uterine devices. |
| A. (i) foeticidem (ii) 1961, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) safety period, (v) |
| Saheli, LNG-20 |
| B. (i) foeticide, (ii) 1971, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v) |
| Multiload 375, LNG-20 |

C. (i) foeticide, (ii) 1965, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v)

Multiload 375, CuT

D. (i) matricide, (ii) 1982, (iii) contraception method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v) Progestasert, LNG-20

Answer: B



64. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding the medical termination of pregnancy (MTP) ?

A. These help in getting rid of unwanted pregnancies

B. These help in aborting the pregnancies which may be harmful to either mother or foetus or both

C. These contribute in decresing the human population

D. None of these

Answer: D



65. Which of the following two statements are correct?

- (i) Medical termination of pregnancy (MTP) during first trimester is generally safe
- (ii) Generally chances of conception are nil until mother breast-feeds the infant upto two years
- (iii) Intrauterine devices like copper-T are effective contraceptives
- (iv) Contraception pills may be taken upto one week after coutus to prevent conception.
 - A. (i) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (ii) and (iii)
 - D. (iii) and (iv)

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

66. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: MTP is considered relatively safe during the first frimester of pregnancy

Statement 2 : Foetus becomes intimately associated with the materanal tissues after the first trimester.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



67. Which of the following represents the correct match of a sexually transmitted infection with its pathogen ?

- A. Syphilis Treponema pallidum
- B. Gonorrhoea Entamoeba histolytica
- C. Urethritis Bacillus anthracis
- D. Softsore Bacillus brevis

Answer: A



68. The sexually transmitted infection, that can affect both the male and female genitals and may damage the eyes of babies born of infected mothers is

- A. AIDS
- B. syphilis

| C. gonorrhoea |
|---|
| D. hepatitis |
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 69. A sexually transmitted disease symptomised by the development of |
| chance on the genitials is caused by the infection of |
| A. Treponema pallidum |
| B. Neisseria gonorhoeae |
| C. human immunodeficiency virus |
| D. hepatitis B virus |
| |
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| |

70. Which of the following is correct regarding HIV, hepatitis B, gonorrhoea, trichomoniasis ?

A. Trichomoniasis is an STD whereas others are not

B. Gonorrhoea is a viral disease whereas others are bacterial

C. HIV is a pathogen whereas others are dieases

D. Heptitis B is eradicated completely whereas others are not.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

71. Given below are three statements (A-C) each with one or two blanks.
Select the option which correctly fills up the blanks in any two statements
A. Diseases or infections which are transmitted through sexual intercourse are collectively called <u>i</u> deseases

B. Gential herpes is <u>ii</u> disease

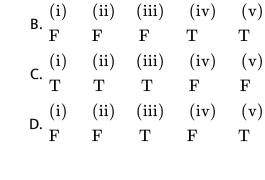
C. Sterilisation in males is <u>iii</u> while in females is <u>iv</u>

- A. A-(i) venereal, B-(ii) incurable
- B. A-(i) venereal, B-(ii) curable
- C. A-(i) non-communicable, C-(iii) tubectomy, (iv) vasectomy
- D. B-(ii) bacterial, C-(iii) tubetomy, (iv) vasectomy

Answer: A



- **72.** Consider the following statements and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) There are many side effects of tubectomy and vasectomy
- (ii) Purpose of tubectomy is to prevent egg formation
- (iii) Contraceptive oral pills help in birth control by preventing ovulation
- (iv) Gential warts is a sexually transmitted disease caused by herpes virus
- (v) In India, there is rapid decline in infant mortality rate adn MMR.
 - A. $\frac{(i)}{T}$ $\frac{(ii)}{F}$ $\frac{(iii)}{T}$ $\frac{(iv)}{F}$ $\frac{(v)}{F}$



Answer: D



Column I

given codes

Column II

73. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the

| A. | Syphilis | (i) | Human papiloma virus |
|----|-----------|------|----------------------|
| В. | Chancroid | (ii) | Haemophilus ducreyi |
| | | | |

C. AIDS (iii) Treponema pallidumD. Genital warts (iv) HIV

| | \mathbf{A} | В | \mathbf{C} | D |
|----|--------------|------|--------------|-----|
| A. | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) | (i |
| | ${f A}$ | В | \mathbf{C} | D |
| В. | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv |

| В. | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
|----|--------------|------|--------------|-------|
| C. | \mathbf{A} | В | \mathbf{C} | D |
| | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |
| D. | A | В | \mathbf{C} | D |
| | (i) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) |

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

74. Given below is a list of few sexually tranmitted infections. Identify the deseases caused by bacteria among these

- (i) Gonorrhoea
- (ii) Giardiasis
- (iii) Trichomoniasis
- (iv) Chancroid
- (v) Syphilis
 - A. (i) and (ii)
 - B. (i),(iv) and (v)
 - C. (iii) and (v)
 - D. (ii), (iii) and (iv)

Answer: B



75. It is disease which mainly affects mucous membrane of urinogental tract. In males, burning feeling on passing urine, a yellow discharge accompanied by fever, headache and feeling of illness occurs. Its name is

A. phenylketonuria

B. gonorrhoea

C. AIDS

D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

76. Which one of the following groups includes sexually transmitted infections caused by bacteria only ?

A. Syphilis, gonorrhoea, chancroid

- B. Syphilis, chlamydiasis, chancroid
- C. Syphilis, gonorrhoea, scabies
- D. Syphilis, scabies, pediculosis

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

77. Confirmatory test for STIs is

- A. ELISA
- B. PCR
- C. DNA hybridisation
- D. all of these

Answer: D



78. Hypatitis B is transmitted through A. blood transfusion B. intimate physical contact C. sexual contact D. all of these **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**

79. The common means of transmission of AIDS is

A. sexual intercourse

B. blood transfusion

C. placental tranfer

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

80. Which of the following STIs are not completely curable?

- A. Chlamydiasis, gonorrhoea, trichomoniasis
- B. Chancroid, syphilis, gential warts
- C. AIDS, syphilis, hepatitis B
- D. AIDS, genital herpes, hepatitis B

Answer: D



- 81. To avoid trasmission of STIs we should
- (i) Avoid sex with multiple partners
- (ii) Always have unprotected sex

- (iii) Use condoms during coitus
- (iv) Avoid sex with unknown partners
- (v) Avoid sharing of needles
 - A. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv) and (v)
 - B. (i),(iii),(iv) and (v)
 - C. (i),(ii) and (iii)
 - D. (i),(ii) and (iv)

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

82. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Use of condom is a safeguard against AIDS and sexual

diseases besides checking pregnancy

Statement 2 : Certain contraceptives are implanted under the skin of the upper arm to prevent pregnancy.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 83. World AIDS day is A. December 21 B. December 1 C. November 1 D. June 11Answer: B Watch Video Solution

84. Which of the following statements is correct?

A. Hepatitis B virus (HBV) can be transmitted through blood transfusion, sexual contact, saliva, tears, intravenous drug abuse, tatooing, ear and nose pierceing, sharing of rozors etc

B. Hepatitis B virus vaccine is the second generation vaccine produced from transgenic yeast by recombinant DNA technology

C. Heptitis B virus vaccine is the first commercially available human vaccine produced by genetic engineering

D. all of these

Answer: D



85. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is never transmitted through sexual

contact with the infected person

Statement 2 : HBV vaccine is a third generation vaccine produced by recombinant DNA technology.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

86. Assisted reproduce technologies (ART)

A. include social awareness programmes to educate people about reproductive health and diseases

B. include research organisation working to produce new and more effective contraceptives for birth control

C. include a number of special techniques which assist infertile couples to have children

D. both (b) and (c)

Answer: C



- **87.** Consider the following statements and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) Abortions could happen spontaneously too
- (ii) Infertility is the ibability to produce viable offspring due to defects in the female partner only.

(iii) Complete lactation could help in contraception

(iv) Creating awareness can help create a reproductively healthy society.

A. ${
m (i)} {
m (ii)} {
m (iii)} {
m (iv)}$

B. $_{\mathrm{F}}^{\mathrm{(i)}}$ $_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{(ii)}}$ $_{\mathrm{F}}^{\mathrm{(iii)}}$ $_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{(iv)}}$

(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

 \mathbf{T}

 \mathbf{T}

 \mathbf{F}

D. $\frac{(i)}{T}$ $\frac{(ii)}{T}$ $\frac{(iii)}{F}$ $\frac{(iv)}{F}$

Answer: C



88. Which of the following statements is correct with reference to a test tube baby ?

A. Fertilisation of the egg is completed outside the body , the fertilised egg is then placed in the womb of the mother where the

gestation is completed

- B. Fertilisation of the egg is completed in the female genital track. It is
 - then taken out and grown in a large test tube
- C. A prematurely born boby is reared in an incubator
- D. Fertilisation of the egg and growth of the embryo is completed in a large test tube

Answer: A

the uterus.



- **89.** Which two of the following statements are incorrect regarding in vitro fertilisation ?
- (i) In this method, ova from the wife/donor female and sperms from the
- (ii) If the embryo is having 2 blastomeres, it is transferred into the uterus

husband/donor male are induced to form zygote in the uterus

- (iii) If the embryo is with more than 8 blastomeres, it is transferred into
- (iv) The baby thus produced is called test tube baby.

A. (iii) and (iv) B. (i) and (ii) C. (ii) and (iii) D. (i) and (iv) **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 90. In vitro fertilisation is a technique that involves tranfer of which one of the following into the Fallopian tube? A. Embryo only, upto 8 cell stage B. Either zygote or early embryo upto 8 cell stage C. Embryo of 32 cell stage D. Zygote only **Answer: B**



91. The test-tube baby programme employs which one of the following techniques ?

A. Zygote intra Fallopian transfer (ZIFT)

B. Intra uterine insemination (IUI)

C. Gamete intra Fallopian trander (GIFT)

D. All of these

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

92. The first case of IVF-ET technique success, was reported by

A. Louis Joy Brown and Banting Best

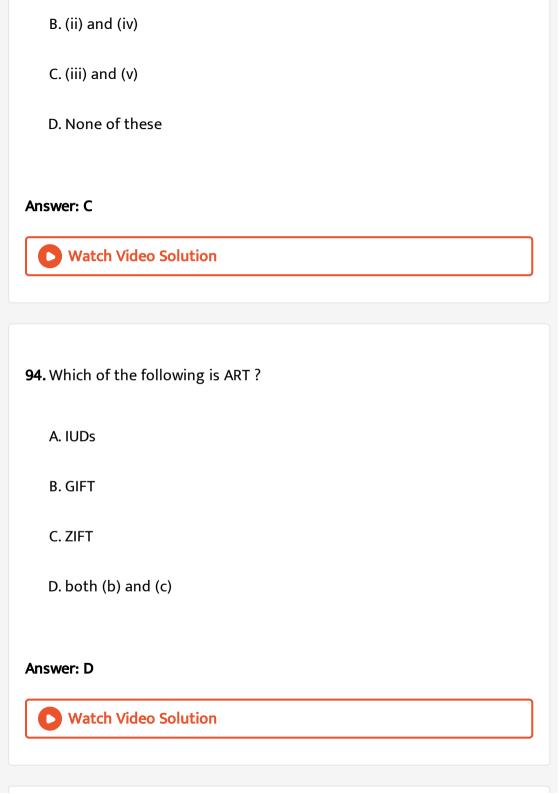
B. Patrick Steptoe and Robert Edwards

- C. Robert Steptoe and Gilbert Brown
- D. Baylis and Starling Taylor

Answer: B



- 93. Read the following statements
- (i) Birth control pills are likely to cause cardiovascular problems
- (ii) A women who substitutes or takes the place of the real mother to
- nurse the embryo is called surrogate mother
- (iii) Numerous children have been produced by in vitro fertilisation but with some abnormalities
- (iv) Women plays a key role in the continuity of the family and human species
- (v) Foetal sex determinatio test should not be banned
- Which of the following pair consists of incorrect statements
 - A. (i) and (ii)



| 95. The technique called Gamete Intra Fallopian Transfer (GIFT) is | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| recommended for those females | | | |
| A. who cannot produce an ovum | | | |
| B. who cannot retain the foetus inside uterus | | | |
| C. who cannot provide suitable enviourment for fertilisaton | | | |
| D. all of these | | | |
| Answer: A | | | |
| Watch Video Solution | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 96. Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but | | | |
| 96. Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but can provide suitable environment ? | | | |
| · | | | |

C. IUI

| D. | ICSI |
|----|------|
| | : |

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

97. Which of these can be used to cure infertility in couples where male partner has very low sperm count ?

A. IUD

B. GIFT

C. IUI

D. None of these

Answer: C



98. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Transfer of an ovum collected from a donor into the

Fallopian tube of another female who cannot produce an ovum, is called

as GIFT

Statement 2: Transfer of early embryos with upto 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tube of the female, is called ZIFT.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

99. Which of the following is wrongly matched?

A. IUI - Seman collected from husband or donor is artificially

introduced either into the vagina or into the uterus

B. GIFT - tranfer of embryos with more than 8 blastomeres into the

Fallopian tube

C. ICSI - Sperm directly injected into the ovum

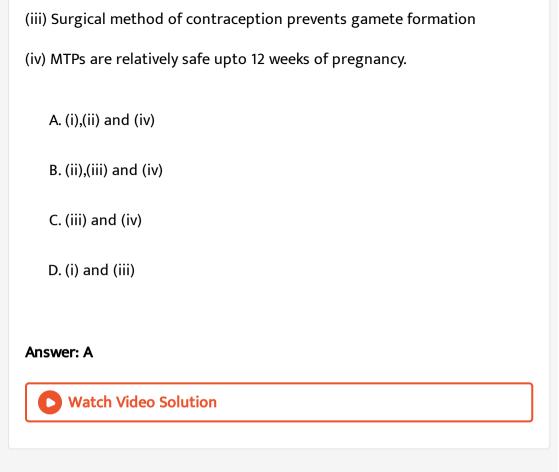
D. ZIFT - Transfer of embryos upto 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tube

Answer: B



100. Which of the following statements are correct?

- (i) India's first test tube baby's name is Kum Harsha.
- (ii) Inability to conceive or produce children even after 2 years of unprotected sexual cohabitation is called infertility

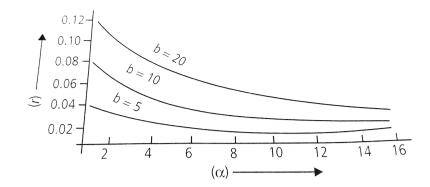


1. The graph below shows the relationships of per capita population

growth rate (r), fecundity (b) and age at first reproduction (α) in an

Hots

animal speies



What is the most important conclusion to be drawn from the graph?

A. The population growth rate decreases as first reproduction in postponed to a later stage, regardless of fecundity

B. At any α , the higher the fecundity the higher is the population growth rate achieved

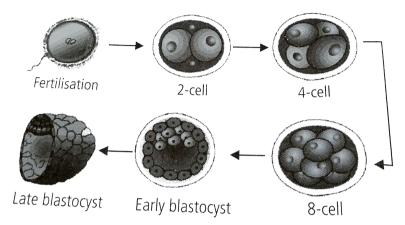
C. As the age at first reproduction is postponed further, the benefits of increasing fecundity on the population growth rate become progressively negligible

D. None of these

Answer: A



2. The diagram below represents the development of a human zygote fertilisation to the late blastocyst



Select a correct statement from the following options.

- A. If two sperms penetrate the oocyte membrane at the time of fertilisation, conjoined twins with shared body parts will be born
- B. During the process of in vitro fertilisation with embryo transfer (IVF-ET), the embryo is transferred at the 2-cell stage to the mother's uterus
- C. The outer cells of the early blastocyst will eventually from the foetus

D. In ZIFT, the zygote with 8-cell stage is transferred into the Fallopian tube

Answer: D



3. Artificial insemination means

A. artificial introduction of sperms of a healthy donor into the vagina

B. introduction of sperms of a healthy donor directly into the ovary

C. transfer of sperms of a healthy donor to a test tube containing ova

D. transfer of sperms of husband to a test tube containing ova.

Answer: A



4. Which one of the following statements is correct regarding sexually transmitted infections (STIs) ?

A. A person may contact syphilis by sharing milk with one already suffering from the disease

B. Haemophilia is one of the STIs

C. Genital herpes and sickle-cell anamia are both STIs

D. None of these

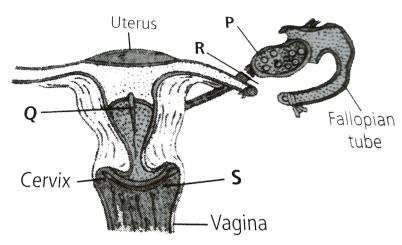
Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

5. The given figure represents locatons in human female reproductive system that are affected by different birth control measures. Identify

them and select the correct option.



B. Birth control pills Copper T Tubectomy Condom

C. P Q R S
Birth control pills Diaphragm Ovariectomy Copper T

D.

P Q R S
Copper T Birth control pills Ovariectomy Diaphrag

Answer: B



1. The method of directly injecting a sperm into ovum in assisted reproductive technology is called

A. GIFT

B. ZIFT

C. ICSI

D. ET

Answer: C



- 2. Increased IMR and decreased MMR in a population will
- A. cause rapid increase in growth rate
 - B. result in decline in growth rate
 - C. not cause significant change in growth rate
 - D. result in explosive population

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- 3. Intensity lactating mothers do not generally conceive due to the
 - A. suppression of gonadotropins
 - B. hypersecretion of gonadotropins
 - C. suppression of gametic transport
 - D. suppression of fertilisation

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

4. Sterilisation techniques are generally fool proof methods of contraception with least side effects. Yet, this is the last option for the couples because

(i) It is almost irreversible (ii) of the misconception that it will reduce sexual urge/drive (iii) it is a surgical procedure (iv) of lack of sufficient facilites in many parts of the country Choose the correct option A. (i) and (iii) B. (ii) and (iii) C. (ii) and (iv) D. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv) Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 5. A national level approach to build up a reproductively healthy society was taken up in out country in A. 1950 s

- B. 1960 s

 C. 1980 s

 D. 1990 s

 Answer: A

 Watch Video Solution
 - **6.** Emergency contraceptives are effective if used within
 - A. 72 hrs of coitus
 - B. 72 hrs of ovulation
 - C. 72 hrs of menstruation
 - D. 72 hrs of implantation

Answer: A



- 7. Choose the right one among the statements given below.

 A. IUDs are generally inserted by the user herself

 B. IUDs increase phagocytosis reaction in the uterus
 - C. IUDs suppress gametogenesis
 - D. IUDs once inserted need not be replaced

Answer: B



- **8.** Following statements are given regarding MTP. Choose the correct options given below.
- (i) MTPs are generally advised during first trimester
- (ii) MTPs are used as a advised during first trimester
- (iii) MTPs are always surgical
- (iv) MTPs require the assistance of qualified medical personnel.

A. (ii) and (iii) B. (i) and (iii) C. (i) and (iv) D. (i) and (ii) **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 9. From the sexually transmitted deseases mentioned below, identify the one which does not specifically affect the sex organs. A. Syphils B. AIDS C. Gonorrhea D. Genital warts **Answer: B**

10. Condoms are one of the most contraceptives because of the following reasons

- A. These are effective barriers for insemination
- B. They do not interfere with coital act
- C. These help in reducing the risk of STDs
- D. All of the above

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

11. Choose the correct statement regarding the ZIFT procedure

A. Ova collected from a female donor are transferred to the Fallopian

tube to facilitate zygote formation

B. Zygote is collected from a female donor and transferred to the Fallopian tube C. Zygote is collected from a female donor and transferred to the utreus D. Ova collected from a female donor and transferred to the uterus. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 12. The correct surgical procedure as a contraceptive method is A. overiectomy B. hysterectomy C. vasectomy D. castration Answer: C

| 13. Diaphragms are contraceptive devices used by the females. Choose the |
|--|
| correct option from the statements given below |

- (i) They are introduced into the uterus
- (ii) They are placed to cover the cervical region
- (iii) They acts as physical barriers for sperm entry
- (iv) They act as spermicidal agents.
 - A. (i) and (ii)
 - B. (i) and (iii)
 - C. (ii) and (iii)
 - D. (iii) and (iv)

Answer: C



1. Assertion : Introduction of sex education in schools should be encouraged

Reason: Sex education in schools will encourage children to believe in myths about sex related aspects.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: C



2. Assertion : Periodic abstinence is a method in which couples avoid from coitus from day 17 to 27 of menstrual cycle

Reason : Periodic abstinence is very effective method and 100 % sure of birth control

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



3. Assertion: As long as the mother breast-feeds the child fully, chances

of conception are almost nil

Reason: Lactational amenorrhea method is based on the fact that ovulation does not occur during the period of intense lactation

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct

explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



4. Assertion: In barrier methods, ovum and sperms are prevented from physical meetings

Reason: Barrier methods are used during coitus, to prevent the entry of ejaculated semen into the female reproductive tract.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



5. Assertion : Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are barriers made of

rubber

Reason: Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are inserted into the male

reproductive tract during coitus.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: C



6. Assertion: Pills are very effective contraceptives with few side effects

Reason: Pills inhibit ovulation and implanation as well as retard entry of sperms.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



View Text Solution

7. Assertion : Saheli, the new oral contraceptive for the females contains a steroidal preparation

Reason: Saheli is taken daily without a break.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

8. Assertion : Sterilisation is a terminal method used only for males

Reason: Sterilisation is highly effective and its reversibility is very good.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct

explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

9. Assertion : In vasectomy, a small part of the vas deferens is removed or tied up

Reason: In tubectomy, a small part of the Fallopian tube is removed or tied up.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

10. Assertion: Second trimester abortion are much more complicated

Reason: After 12 weeks the foetus becomes intimately assiciated with the maternal tissues.

- A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion
- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

11. Assertion: Syphilis, gonorrhoea and AIDS are STIs.

Reason: Syphilis, gonorrhoea and AIDS are transmitted through sexual intercourse.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



12. Assertion: Infertility is the inability to produce children inspite of unprotected sexual co-habitation

Reason: Infertile couples could have children using assisted reproductive technologies (ART)

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



13. Assertion: IVF is fertilisation outside the body of woman

Reason : The zygote upto 8 blastomeres could be transferred into the

Fallopian tube

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

14. Assertion: IUT is transfer of embryo with more than 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tubes

Reason: IUT is a very popular method of forming embryos in vivo.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

15. Assertion: Intra cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) is a procedure to form a embryo in vitro

Reason: In ICSI, sperm is directly injected into the ovum.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



Reproductive Health

1. Family planning programme was initiated in

A. 1920

B. 1930

| C. | 1950 |
|----|------|
| D. | 1951 |

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

2. RCH stands for

- A. Routine Check-up of Health
- B. Reproduction Cum Hygiene
- C. Reversible Contraceptive Hazards
- D. Reproductive and Child Health Care

Answer: D



- 3. Reproductive health in society can be improved by
- (i) Introduction of sex education is schools
- (ii) Increased medical assistance
- (iii) Awareness about contraception and STDs
- (iv) Equal opportunities to male and female child
- (v) Encouraging myths and misconceptions
 - A. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v)
 - B. (i),(ii),(iv),(v)
 - C. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv)
 - D. (ii),(v)

Answer: C



- 4. Which of the following statements are correct?
- (i) Family planning programmes were initiated in 1951

(ii) According to WHO, reproductive health means total well being in the physical, social, behavioural and emotional aspects of reproduction (iii) Saheli was developed at CDRI in Lucknow (iv) Amniocentesis should not be banned as it is a foetal sex determination test.

A. (i) and (ii) only

B. (ii) and (iii) only

C. (i),(ii) and (iii)

D. (iii) and (iv) only

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

5. Aminocentesis is a technique used to

A. determine errors in amino acid metabolism in embryo

B. pin point specific cardiac ailments in embryo

C. determine any hereditary genetic abnormality in embryo

D. all of these

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

6. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: Amnicentesis is often misused

Statement 2 : Amniocentesis is being used to determine the sex of the foetus so that female foetus may be aborted.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



7. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

A. Amniocentesis and CVS (chorionic villi sampling) are the techniques
of detection of detection of foetal desorders during early
pregnancy

B. Reproduction health refers to healthy reproductive organs with normal functions

C. India was amongst the first countries in the world to initiate action plans and programmes at a national level to attain total reproductive health

D. all of these

Answer: D



View Text Solution

8. Which of the following cannot be detected in a developing foetus by amnicentesis?

A. Jaundice

B. Down's syndrome

C. Systic fibrosis

D. Colourblindness

Answer: A



- 9. In which of the following weeks of pregnancy CVS is done?
- A. $12^{th}-14^{th}$ week
 - B. $8^{th}-10^{th}$ week
 - C. $5^{th} 7^{th}$ week
 - D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

10. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : The world population was around 2 billions in 1900 which has rocketed to about 6 billions by 2000

Statement 2: Increase in longevity due to decline in death rate, maternal mortality rate and infant mortality rate has been some major causes of population explosion.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



11. Causes for increased population growth in India is/are

- A. increase in birth rate
- B. decrease in death rate
- C. lack of education
- D. all of these

Answer: D



- 12. Which of the following are the reasons for population explosion?
- (i) Increased health facilities
- (ii) Rapid increase in MMR
- (iii) Rapid increase in IMR
- (iv) Rapid decrease in MMR
- (v) Decrease in number of people reaching reproductive age

C. (ii) and (iii) D. (i) and (v) Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 13. Which of the following pairs contributes to an increase in population? A. Natality and immigration B. Mortality and emigration C. Natality and emigration D. Mortality and immigration Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

A. (i) and (iv)

B. (iii) and (v)

14. Certain characteristic demographic features of developing countries are

A. high fertility, high density, rapidly rising mortality rate and a very young age distribution

- B. high infant mortality rate, low fertility, uneven population growth and a very young age distribution
- C. high mortality, high density, uneven population growth and a very old age distribution
- D. high fertility, low or rapidly falling mortality rate, rapid population growth and a very young age distribution.

Answer: D



15. Which of the following is correct regarding the consequences of over population ?

A. It increases the poverty of a country

B. It leads to shortage of food supply

C. It results in unempolyment

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

16. Carrying capacity is

A. maximum number of individuals which an environment can sustain

B. minimum number of individuals which an enviorment can sustain

C. both (a) and (b)

D. None of these

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

17. Read the given statements and select the correct option

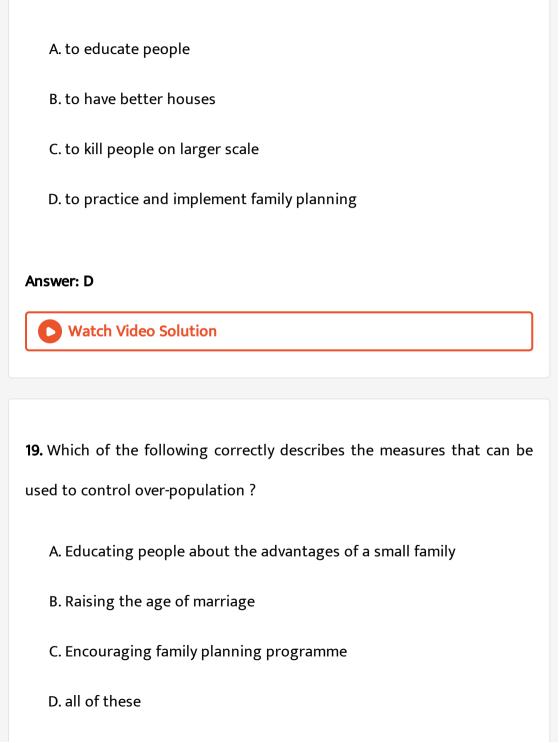
Statement 1: Physiological capacity of organisms to produce off spring under natural conditions is called as reproductive potential

Statement 2: Minimum number of individuals which an environment can sustin is referred to as its carrying capacity

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: B





18. The best way to decrease population of a country is

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

20. Which of the following is not a characteristic of an ideal contraceptive

?

- A. User friendly
- B. Ireeversible
- C. Easily availble
- D. Least side-effects

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

21. Fill up the blanks in the following paragraph by selecting the correct option

| A. \underline{i} methods work on the principle of avoiding chances of ovum and | | | | |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| sperms meeting | g | | | |
| B. <u>ii</u> is one such method in which the couples avoid coitus from day 10 | | | | |
| to 17 of the menstrual cycle | | | | |
| C. <u>iii</u> is another method in which the male partner withdraws his penis | | | | |
| from the vagina just before ejaculation so as to avoid insemination | | | | |
| D. <u>iv</u> method is based on the fact that ovulation and therefore the cycle | | | | |
| do not occur during the period of intense loctation following parturition. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| A. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| Barrier | Coitus interruptus | Periodic abstinence | Lactation | |
| В. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| IUDs | Lactational amenorrhea | Coitus interruptu | s Periodic | |
| C. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| Natural | Periodic abstinence | Coitus interruptus | Lactational a | |
| D. | | | | |
| (i) | (ii) | (iii) | | |
| Surgical | Periodic abstinence | Coitus interruptus | Lactational a | |
| | | | | |

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

22. On which of the following facts does the method of periodic abstinence is based ?

- A. Ovulation occurs on about the 14^{th} day of menstruction
- B. Ovum remains alive for about 1-2 days
- C. Sperms survive for about 3 days
- D. all of these

Answer: D



- 23. What is true for lactational amenorrhea?
- (i) It means absence of menstruction

- (ii) Ovulation does not occur during the lactational period (iii) Chances of contraception are almost nil upto six months following parturition
- (iv) Side effects are almost nil
- (v) Contraceptive efficiency reduces after the period of intense lactation
- (vi) It is natural method of contraception

(vii) It increases phagocytosis of sperms

- - A. (ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vi)

B. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv)

D. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vi)

C. (ii),(iii),(iv),(v) and (vii)

Answer: D



- 24. Read the given statements and select the correct option
- Statement 1: Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are made of rubber

and are inserted into the female reproductive tract to cover the cervix before coitus

Statement 2: These are chemical barrier of conception which are reusable

25. Which of the following is a non-medicated intrauterine device (IUD)?

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

A. CuT

- **B. Lippes Loop**
- C. Cu7

| D. LNG-20 |
|-------------------------------|
| Answer: B |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 26. Multiload device contains |
| A. manganese |
| B. iron |
| C. copper |
| D. calcium |
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| |

27. Which of the following is not an intrauterine device?

A. Progestasert B. Multiload-375 C. Norplant D. Lippes loop **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 28. What is the work of copper-T? A. To inhibit ovulation B. To inhibit fertilisation C. To inhibit implantation of blastocyst D. To inhibit gametogenesis Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

29. IUDs prevent pregnancy by

A. inhibiting physiological and morphological uterine changes required for implantation

B. increasing phagocytosis of spermatozoa within uterus

C. suppressing motility of sperms as well as their fertilising capacity

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

30. CuT is an intrauterine contraceptive device. Select the option that correctly defines the role of Cu

A. Cu ions make uterus unsuitable for implantation

B. Cu ions suppress sperm motility and the fertilising capacity of the

sperms

C. Cu ions make cervix hostile to sperms

D. all of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

31. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: CuT,Cu7 and multiload 375 are the harmone releasing IUDs

Statement 2: Cu ions released by some IUDs affect the ability of uterine

wall to support embryo thus cause contraception.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

32. Cu ions released from copper releasing intrauterine devices (IUDs)

- A. prevent ovulation
- B. make uterus unsuitable for implantation
- C. decrease phagocytosis of sperms
- D. suppress sperm motility

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

33. Select the correct statement regarding IUDs out of the following

A. Intrauterine devices (IUDs) are objects which are inserted in the uterus of the female through vagina by expert doctors

B. IUDs may be categorised as non-mendicated IUDs (e.g., lippes loop), copper releasing IUDs (e.g., CuT, Cu7, Multiload 375) and hormone releasing IUDs (e.g., progestasert, LNG-20)

C. In india, use of IUDs is one of the most widely accepted methods of contraception these days

D. all of these

Answer: D



34. The birth control device used by women is

A. diaphragm

B. vault

C. copper T

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

35. Main disadvantages of intrauterine contraceptive devices is that

A. the devices are permanently placed in uterus and cannot be

removed even if couple want to have children

B. the device has to be inserted by physician in the uterus through

vagina

C. the devices are expelled out without the knowledge of the wearers

D. both (a) and (c)

Answer: C



36. Which of the following are the drawbacks of the IUDs?

- (i) Their spontaneous expulsion, even without the woman's knowledge
- (ii) They can cause excess mensutrual bleeding and pain
- (iii) Risk of infection
- (iv) They increase the phagocytosis of sperms
- (vi) They suppress sperm motility.
 - A. (i),(iii) and (vi)
 - B. (i),(ii),(iv) and (vi)
 - C. (i),(ii),(iii) and (v)
 - D. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv)

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

37. The most important component of oral contraceptive pills is

A. progesterone-estrogen B. growth harmone C. thyroxine D. luteinsing hormone Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 38. Progestin-estradiol combined contraceptive pills inhibit ovulation by A. negative feedback on the release of estrogen from ovary required for follicular development in follicular phase B. Preventing the uterine physiological and morphological changes

C. inhibiting the secretion of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) and

lateinising hormone (LH) that are necessary for ovulation

required for implantation

| D. both (a) and (c) |
|---|
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 39. Progesterone puill helps in preventing pergnancy by allowing |
| A. ova formation |
| B. fertilisation |
| C. implantation |
| D. None of these |
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |

- **40.** How do the pills work?
- (i) Inhibit ovulation and implantation
- (ii) Alter the quality of cervical muscus to prevent or retard the entry of sperms
- (iii) Inhibit spermatogenesis
 - A. (i),(ii) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (ii) only
 - D. (iii) only

little side effects

Answer: B



- **41.** Read the given statement and select the correct option
- Statement 1: Saheli is an pill which has high contraceptive value and very

Statement 2 : Saheli contains progestin with no estrogen, and a nonsteroidal preparation called centchroman.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Bothe statements 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



- 42. What is true about "Saheli"?
- (i) Developed at the CDRI, Lucknow
- (ii) Contains a steroidal preparation
- (iii) "Once-a-week" pill
- (iv) Many side effects
- (v) High contraceptive valve

A. (i),(ii),(iii),(v),(vi) B. (i),(iii),(v),(vi) C. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv),(v) D. (i),(iii),(iv),(v) **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 43. Identify the figures of the contraceptives given below and select the correct option

> D Condom for male

В

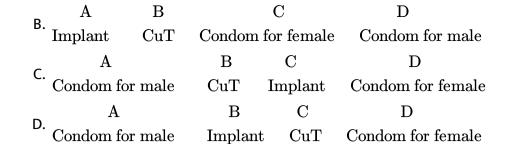
Implant

CuT

Condom

(vi) Very few side effects

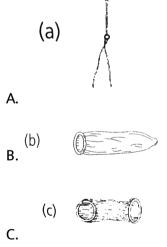
(vii) Low contraceptive value

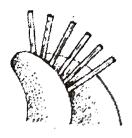


Answer: D



44. Which of the following contraceptives are implanted under the skin?





Answer: D

D.



Watch Video Solution

45. Select the correct statement regarding subcutaneous implantation of synthetic progesterone

A. It is a contraception technique

B. Its acts by blocking ovulation and pervents sperm transport

C. Six match-stick sized capsules containing the progestogen steroid

are inserted under the skin of the inner arm above the elbow

D. all of these

Answer: D

46. Read of following statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Subcutaneous implantation of synthetic progesterone prevents pregancy for about 5 years

Statement 2 : A tiny amount of progesterone is steadily released from the inserts into the blood.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

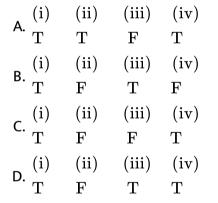
C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Bothe statements 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



- **47.** Consider the following statement and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) Emigration is the movement of individuals out of a place or country
- (ii) Combined contraceptive pills contain synthetic progesterone and estrogen to check ovulation
- (iii) Depo-Provera are estrogen derivative injections
- (iv) The scientific study of human population is called demography.



Answer: A



- **48.** Read the following statements and select the option having both incorrect statements
- (i) Condoms decrease sperm motility
- (ii) Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are for both males and females
- (iii) IUDs are inserted by expert nurses
- (iv) Sterilisation is a terminal method to prevent further pregnancy.
 - A. (i) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (iii) nad (iv)
 - D. (ii) and (iv)

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

49. Given below are four methods (A-D) and their modes of action (i-iv) in achieving contraception. Select their correct matching from the four

options that follow

Method Mode of Action

A. Oral pill (i) Prevents sperms reaching cervix

B. Condom (ii) Suppresses sperm motility

C. Vasectomy (iii) Prevents ovulation

 ${\rm D.} \quad {\rm Copper} \; {\rm T} \quad \ ({\rm iv}) \quad {\rm Semen} \; {\rm contain} \; {\rm no} \; {\rm sperms}$

A. A-(iii),B-(iv),C-(i),D-(ii)

B. A-(ii),B-(iii),C-(i),D-(iv)

C. A-(iii),B-(i),C-(iv),D-(ii)

D. A-(iv),B-(i),C-(ii),D-(iii)

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

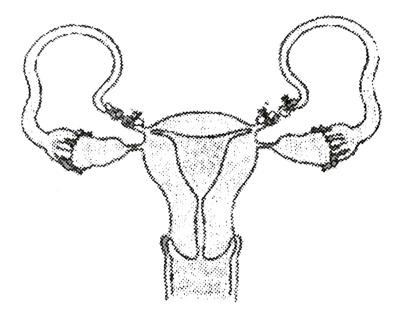
50. Match the contraceptive methods given under column I with their examples given under column II and select the correct option from the

given codes Column I Column II A. Chemical (i) Tubectomy and vasectomy B. IUDs(ii) Copper T and loop C. Barriers (iii) Condom and cervical cap D. Sterilisation Spermicidal jelly and foam (iv) (\mathbf{v}) Coitus interruptus and calender method A. A-(iv),B-(ii),C-(iii),D-(i) B. A-(iv),B-(v),C-(ii),D-(iii) C. A-(i),B-(iii),C-(ii),D-(v) D. A-(iv),B-(ii),C-(v),D-(i)

Answer: A



51. What is the figure given below showing in particular?



- A. Ovarian cancer
- B. Uterine cancer
- C. Tubectomy
- D. Vasectomy

Answer: C



52. Which of the following contraceptive methods correctly matches with

its mode of action?

A.

Contraceptive method Mode of action

Tubectomy Makes the uterus unsuitable for implan

Contraceptive method Mode of action

Oral pills Inhibit ovulation and implantation

C.

 ${\bf Contraceptive\ method} \qquad \qquad {\bf Mode\ of\ action}$

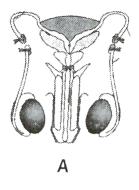
Diaphragms Spermicidal adn increases phagocytosis of Contraceptive method Mode of action

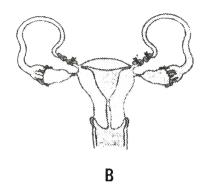
D. TuDs Mode of action
Blocks gamete transport

Answer: B



53. Which of the following figures shows tubectomy?





A. A only

B. B only

C. Either A or B

D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

54. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the given codes

C. Barrier methods (iii) Diaphragms Multioload 375 D. Surgical methods (iv) Ε. Oral contraceptives (v) Saheli Nirodh (vi) Sterilisation (vii) Vasectomy (viii) (ix) CuT A. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), (ix), C-(iii), (vi),D-(vii), (viii),E-(v) B. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), C-(iii), (vi), (ix), D-(vii), (viii),E-(v) C. A-(i),B-(ii), (iv), C-(iii), (ix),D-(vii), (viii), E-(v), (vi) D. A-(i), B-(iv), (ix), C-(ii), (iii), (vi), D-(vii), (viii), E-(v) Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 55. Which of the following contraceptive methods has poor reversibility?

Column II

LNG - 20

Coitus interruptus

(i)

(ii)

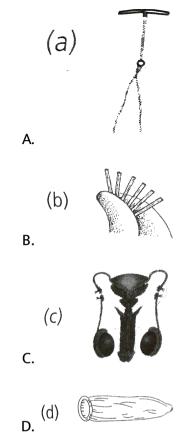
Column I

IUDs

Α.

B.

Natural methods



Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

56. Which of the following statements are correct regarding surgical methods of contraception ?

(i) These are generally advised to the male/female partner as a terminal

method to prevent any more pregnancies (ii) Surgical procedure in male is called tubectomy and that in the female, vasectomy (iii) Reversibility is easily possible (iv) They block gamete transport and thereby prevent conception. A. (ii) and (iii) B. (i),(ii) and (iii) C. (i) and (iv) D. (ii) and (iv) **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 57. Which of the following birth control measures can be considered as the safest? A. The rhythm method

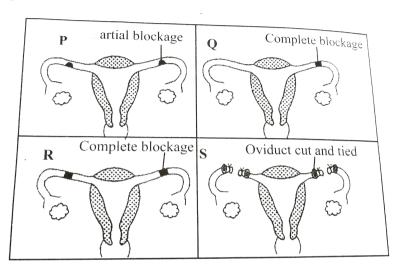
- B. The use of physical barriers C. contraceptive pills D. Sterilisation techniques **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 58. Which of the following is the most widely accepted method of contraception in india at present? A. Cervial caps B. Tubectomy
 - C. Diaphragms
 - D. IUDs (Intra uterine devices)

Answer: D



59. The accompanying diagram shows the uterine tubes of four women

(P,Q,R and S)



In which two women is fertilisation impossible at present?

A. P and Q

B. Q and R

C. R and S

D. S and P

Answer: C



60. Which of the following is full proof method of contraception?

A. Implantation

B. Lactational amenorhea

C. Condoms

D. Sterilisation

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

61. Which of the following statements is correct regarding vasectomy?

A. It prevents the production of sperms in the tests

B. It prevents the production of semen

C. It prevents the movement of sperms into the urethra

D. It prevents a man from having an ecrection

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 62. Consider the following statements each one or two blanks
- (A) Lippes loops is a $\underline{\hspace{1em}}_{\underline{\hspace{1em}}}$ while multiload 375 is a $\underline{\hspace{1em}}_{\underline{\hspace{1em}}}$ IUD
- (B) Surgical methods of contraception are also called as <u>iii</u> methods
- (C) High MMR and IMR play a significant role in $\underline{\ \ }\underline{\ \ }iv\underline{\ \ }$ human population

Which one of the following options, gives the correct fill ups for the

- respective blank numbers from (i) to (iv) in the above statements ?
 - A. (i) copper releasing, (ii) non-medicated (iv) decreasing
 - B. (iii) barrier, (iv) increasing
 - C. (i) non-medicated, (ii) copper releasing (iv) decreasing
 - D. (i) copper releasing (ii) non-medicated, (iii) sterilisation

Answer: C

| 63. Select the option which correctly fills up the blanks in the following |
|--|
| statements |
| (i) Destruction of embroyo or foetus in the uterus is called |
| (ii) Government of India legalised MTP in the year |
| (iii) Natural family planning method is also called |
| (iv) is a method in which the make partner withdraws his penis |
| from vagina just before ejaculation |
| (v) is a copper releasing and is a hormone releasing intra |
| uterine devices. |
| A. (i) foeticidem (ii) 1961, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) safety period, (v) |
| Saheli, LNG-20 |
| B. (i) foeticide, (ii) 1971, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v) |
| Multiload 375, LNG-20 |

C. (i) foeticide, (ii) 1965, (iii) rhythm method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v)

Multiload 375, CuT

D. (i) matricide, (ii) 1982, (iii) contraception method, (iv) coitus interruptus, (v) Progestasert, LNG-20

Answer: B



64. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding the medical termination of pregnancy (MTP) ?

A. These help in getting rid of unwanted pregnancies

B. These help in aborting the pregnancies which may be harmful to either mother or foetus or both

C. These contribute in decresing the human population

D. None of these

Answer: D



65. Which of the following two statements are correct?

- (i) Medical termination of pregnancy (MTP) during first trimester is generally safe
- (ii) Generally chances of conception are nil until mother breast-feeds the infant upto two years
- (iii) Intrauterine devices like copper-T are effective contraceptives
- (iv) Contraception pills may be taken upto one week after coutus to prevent conception.
 - A. (i) and (iii)
 - B. (i) and (ii)
 - C. (ii) and (iii)
 - D. (iii) and (iv)

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

66. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: MTP is considered relatively safe during the first frimester of pregnancy

Statement 2 : Foetus becomes intimately associated with the materanal tissues after the first trimester.

- A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct
- B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect
- C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct
- D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



67. Which of the following represents the correct match of a sexually transmitted infection with its pathogen ?

- A. Syphilis Treponema pallidum
- B. Gonorrhoea Entamoeba histolytica
- C. Urethritis Bacillus anthracis
- D. Softsore Bacillus brevis

Answer: A



68. The sexually transmitted infection, that can affect both the male and female genitals and may damage the eyes of babies born of infected mothers is

- A. AIDS
- B. syphilis

| D. hepatitis |
|---|
| Answer: C |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |
| 69. A sexually transmitted disease symptomised by the development of |
| chance on the genitials is caused by the infection of |
| A. Treponema pallidum |
| B. Neisseria gonorhoeae |
| C. human immunodeficiency virus |
| D. hepatitis B virus |
| Answer: A |
| Watch Video Solution |
| |

70. Which of the following is correct regarding HIV, hepatitis B, gonorrhoea, trichomoniasis ?

A. Trichomoniasis is an STD whereas others are not

B. Gonorrhoea is a viral disease whereas others are bacterial

C. HIV is a pathogen whereas others are dieases

D. Heptitis B is eradicated completely whereas others are not.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

71. Given below are three statements (A-C) each with one or two blanks.
Select the option which correctly fills up the blanks in any two statements
A. Diseases or infections which are transmitted through sexual intercourse are collectively called __i_ deseases

B. Gential herpes is <u>ii</u> disease

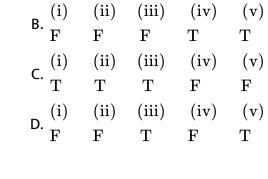
C. Sterilisation in males is <u>iii</u> while in females is <u>iv</u>

- A. A-(i) venereal, B-(ii) incurable
- B. A-(i) venereal, B-(ii) curable
- C. A-(i) non-communicable, C-(iii) tubectomy, (iv) vasectomy
- D. B-(ii) bacterial, C-(iii) tubetomy, (iv) vasectomy

Answer: A



- **72.** Consider the following statements and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) There are many side effects of tubectomy and vasectomy
- (ii) Purpose of tubectomy is to prevent egg formation
- (iii) Contraceptive oral pills help in birth control by preventing ovulation
- (iv) Gential warts is a sexually transmitted disease caused by herpes virus
- (v) In India, there is rapid decline in infant mortality rate adn MMR.
 - A. $\frac{(i)}{T}$ $\frac{(ii)}{F}$ $\frac{(iii)}{T}$ $\frac{(iv)}{F}$ $\frac{(v)}{F}$



Answer: D



Column I

given codes

Column II

73. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the

A. Syphilis (i) Human papiloma virus
B. Chancroid (ii) Haemophilus ducreyi
C. AIDS (iii) Treponema pallidum

D. Genital warts (iv) HIV

A B C D

A. (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

B. A B C D

C. (iv) (ii) (ii) (iv)

A B C D

C. (iv) (ii) (ii) (iii)

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

74. Given below is a list of few sexually tranmitted infections. Identify the deseases caused by bacteria among these

- (i) Gonorrhoea
- (ii) Giardiasis
- (iii) Trichomoniasis
- (iv) Chancroid
- (v) Syphilis
 - A. (i) and (ii)
 - B. (i),(iv) and (v)
 - C. (iii) and (v)
 - D. (ii), (iii) and (iv)

Answer: B



75. It is disease which mainly affects mucous membrane of urinogental tract. In males, burning feeling on passing urine, a yellow discharge accompanied by fever, headache and feeling of illness occurs. Its name is

- A. phenylketonuria
- B. gonorrhoea
- C. AIDS
- D. None of these

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

76. Which one of the following groups includes sexually transmitted infections caused by bacteria only ?

A. Syphilis, gonorrhoea, chancroid

- B. Syphilis, chlamydiasis,chancroid
- C. Syphilis, gonorrhoea, scabies
- D. Syphilis, scabies, pediculosis

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

77. Confirmatory test for STIs is

- A. ELISA
- B. PCR
- C. DNA hybridisation
- D. all of these

Answer: D



78. Hypatitis B is transmitted through A. blood transfusion B. intimate physical contact C. sexual contact D. all of these Answer: D Watch Video Solution

79. The common means of transmission of AIDS is

A. sexual intercourse

B. blood transfusion

C. placental tranfer

D. all of these

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

80. Which of the following STIs are not completely curable?

- A. Chlamydiasis, gonorrhoea, trichomoniasis
- B. Chancroid, syphilis, gential warts
- C. AIDS, syphilis, hepatitis B
- D. AIDS, genital herpes, hepatitis B

Answer: D



- 81. To avoid trasmission of STIs we should
- (i) Avoid sex with multiple partners
- (ii) Always have unprotected sex

- (iii) Use condoms during coitus
- (iv) Avoid sex with unknown partners
- (v) Avoid sharing of needles
 - A. (i),(ii),(iii),(iv) and (v)
 - B. (i),(iii),(iv) and (v)
 - C. (i),(ii) and (iii)
 - D. (i),(ii) and (iv)

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

82. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Use of condom is a safeguard against AIDS and sexual

diseases besides checking pregnancy

Statement 2 : Certain contraceptives are implanted under the skin of the upper arm to prevent pregnancy.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 83. World AIDS day is A. December 21 B. December 1 C. November 1 D. June 11Answer: B

84. Which of the following statements is correct?

A. Hepatitis B virus (HBV) can be transmitted through blood transfusion, sexual contact, saliva, tears, intravenous drug abuse, tatooing, ear and nose pierceing, sharing of rozors etc

B. Hepatitis B virus vaccine is the second generation vaccine produced from transgenic yeast by recombinant DNA technology

C. Heptitis B virus vaccine is the first commercially available human vaccine produced by genetic engineering

D. all of these

Answer: D



85. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1: Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is never transmitted through sexual contact with the infected person

Statement 2: HBV vaccine is a third generation vaccine produced by recombinant DNA technology.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

86. Assisted reproduce technologies (ART)

A. include social awareness programmes to educate people about reproductive health and diseases

B. include research organisation working to produce new and more effective contraceptives for birth control

C. include a number of special techniques which assist infertile couples to have children

D. both (b) and (c)

Answer: C



- **87.** Consider the following statements and select the option stating which ones are true (T) and which ones are false (F)
- (i) Abortions could happen spontaneously too
- (ii) Infertility is the ibability to produce viable offspring due to defects in the female partner only.

(iii) Complete lactation could help in contraception

(iv) Creating awareness can help create a reproductively healthy society.

A. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

 $\mbox{B.} \begin{array}{cccc} (i) & (ii) & (iii) & (iv) \\ F & T & F & T \end{array}$

C. $\begin{pmatrix} i \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} ii \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} iii \end{pmatrix}$ $\begin{pmatrix} iv \end{pmatrix}$

D. $\stackrel{(i)}{T}$ $\stackrel{(ii)}{T}$ $\stackrel{(iii)}{F}$ $\stackrel{(iv)}{F}$

Answer: C



gestation is completed

88. Which of the following statements is correct with reference to a test tube baby ?

A. Fertilisation of the egg is completed outside the body , the fertilised egg is then placed in the womb of the mother where the

- B. Fertilisation of the egg is completed in the female genital track. It is
 - then taken out and grown in a large test tube
- C. A prematurely born boby is reared in an incubator
- D. Fertilisation of the egg and growth of the embryo is completed in a large test tube

Answer: A

the uterus.



- **89.** Which two of the following statements are incorrect regarding in vitro fertilisation ?
- (i) In this method, ova from the wife/donor female and sperms from the
- (ii) If the embryo is having 2 blastomeres, it is transferred into the uterus

husband/donor male are induced to form zygote in the uterus

- (iii) If the embryo is with more than 8 blastomeres, it is transferred into
- (iv) The baby thus produced is called test tube baby.

A. (iii) and (iv) B. (i) and (ii) C. (ii) and (iii) D. (i) and (iv) **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 90. In vitro fertilisation is a technique that involves tranfer of which one of the following into the Fallopian tube? A. Embryo only, upto 8 cell stage B. Either zygote or early embryo upto 8 cell stage C. Embryo of 32 cell stage D. Zygote only **Answer: B**



91. The test-tube baby programme employs which one of the following techniques ?

A. Zygote intra Fallopian transfer (ZIFT)

B. Intra uterine insemination (IUI)

C. Gamete intra Fallopian trander (GIFT)

D. All of these

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

92. The first case of IVF-ET technique success, was reported by

A. Louis Joy Brown and Banting Best

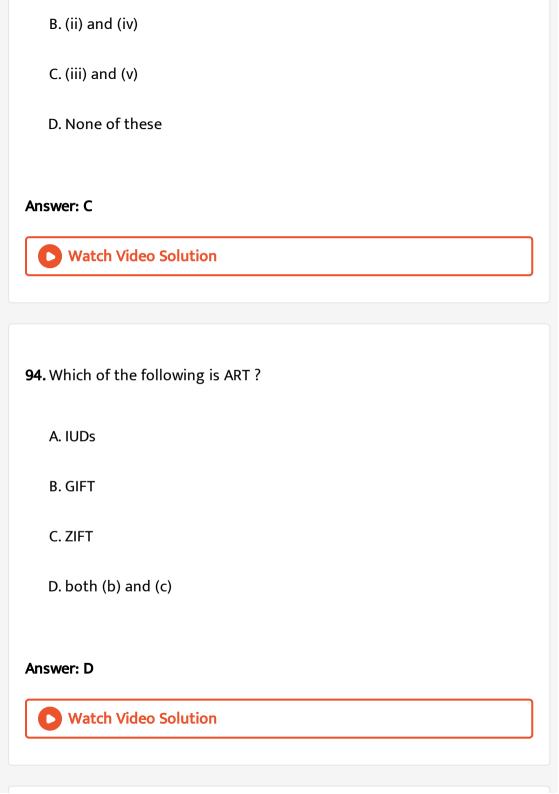
B. Patrick Steptoe and Robert Edwards

- C. Robert Steptoe and Gilbert Brown
- D. Baylis and Starling Taylor

Answer: B



- 93. Read the following statements
- (i) Birth control pills are likely to cause cardiovascular problems
- (ii) A women who substitutes or takes the place of the real mother to
- nurse the embryo is called surrogate mother
- (iii) Numerous children have been produced by in vitro fertilisation but with some abnormalities
- (iv) Women plays a key role in the continuity of the family and human species
- (v) Foetal sex determinatio test should not be banned
- Which of the following pair consists of incorrect statements
 - A. (i) and (ii)



| 95. The technique called Gamete Intra Fallopian Transfer (GIFT) is | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| recommended for those females | | | | | | |
| A. who cannot produce an ovum | | | | | | |
| B. who cannot retain the foetus inside uterus | | | | | | |
| C. who cannot provide suitable enviourment for fertilisaton | | | | | | |
| D. all of these | | | | | | |
| Answer: A | | | | | | |
| Watch Video Solution | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 96. Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but | | | | | | |
| 96. Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but | | | | | | |
| 96. Which method can be used for women that cannot produce ovum but can provide suitable environment ? | | | | | | |
| · | | | | | | |

C. IUI

| D. | ICSI |
|----|------|
| ٠. | |

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

97. Which of these can be used to cure infertility in couples where male partner has very low sperm count ?

A. IUD

B. GIFT

C. IUI

D. None of these

Answer: C



98. Read the given statements and select the correct option

Statement 1 : Transfer of an ovum collected from a donor into the

Fallopian tube of another female who cannot produce an ovum, is called

as GIFT

Statement 2: Transfer of early embryos with upto 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tube of the female, is called ZIFT.

A. Both statement 1 and 2 are correct

B. Statement 1 is correct but statement 2 is incorrect

C. Statement 1 is incorrect but statement 2 is correct

D. Both statement 1 and 2 are incorrect

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

99. Which of the following is wrongly matched?

A. IUI - Seman collected from husband or donor is artificially

introduced either into the vagina or into the uterus

B. GIFT - tranfer of embryos with more than 8 blastomeres into the

Fallopian tube

C. ICSI - Sperm directly injected into the ovum

D. ZIFT - Transfer of embryos upto 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tube

Answer: B



100. Which of the following statements are correct?

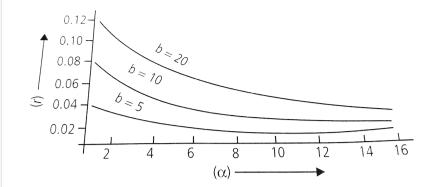
- (i) India's first test tube baby's name is Kum Harsha.
- (ii) Inability to conceive or produce children even after 2 years of unprotected sexual cohabitation is called infertility

(iii) Surgical method of contraception prevents gamete formation (iv) MTPs are relatively safe upto 12 weeks of pregnancy. A. (i),(ii) and (iv) B. (ii),(iii) and (iv) C. (iii) and (iv) D. (i) and (iii) Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**

101. The graph below shows the relationships of per capita population

growth rate (r), fecundity (b) and age at first reproduction (α) in an

animal speies



What is the most important conclusion to be drawn from the graph?

A. The population growth rate decreases as first reproduction in postponed to a later stage, regardless of fecundity

B. At any α , the higher the fecundity the higher is the population growth rate achieved

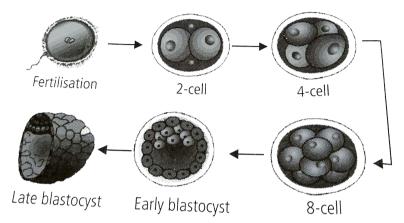
C. As the age at first reproduction is postponed further, the benefits of increasing fecundity on the population growth rate become progressively negligible

D. None of these

Answer: A



102. The diagram below represents the development of a human zygote fertilisation to the late blastocyst



Select a correct statement from the following options.

- A. If two sperms penetrate the oocyte membrane at the time of fertilisation, conjoined twins with shared body parts will be born
- B. During the process of in vitro fertilisation with embryo transfer (IVF-ET), the embryo is transferred at the 2-cell stage to the mother's uterus
- C. The outer cells of the early blastocyst will eventually from the foetus

D. In ZIFT, the zygote with 8-cell stage is transferred into the Fallopian tube

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

103. Artificial insemination means

A. artificial introduction of sperms of a healthy donor into the vagina

B. introduction of sperms of a healthy donor directly into the ovary

C. transfer of sperms of a healthy donor to a test tube containing ova

D. transfer of sperms of husband to a test tube containing ova.

Answer: A



104. Which one of the following statements is correct regarding sexually transmitted infections (STIs) ?

A. A person may contact syphilis by sharing milk with one already suffering from the disease

B. Haemophilia is one of the STIs

C. Genital herpes and sickle-cell anamia are both STIs

D. None of these

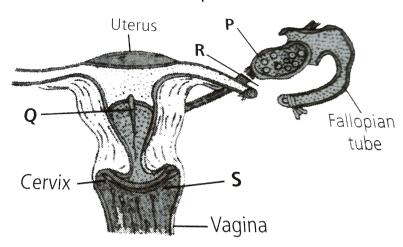
Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

105. The given figure represents locatons in human female reproductive system that are affected by different birth control measures. Identify

them and select the correct option.



| A. | Р | Q | \mathbf{R} | S |
|----|---------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| | Copper T Bir | th control pills | Tubectomy | Condom |
| В. | P | Q | R | $\mathbf S$ |
| | Birth control pills | s Copper T | Tubectomy | Condom |
| C. | P | Q | R | \mathbf{S} |
| | Birth control pills | s Diaphragm | Ovariectomy | $\operatorname{Copper} T$ |
| | | | | |

D.

P Q R S
Copper T Birth control pills Ovariectomy Diaphraga

Answer: B



106. The method of directly injecting a sperm into ovum in assisted reproductive technology is called

A. GIFT

B. ZIFT

C. ICSI

D. ET

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

107. Increased IMR and decreased MMR in a population will

A. cause rapid increase in growth rate

B. result in decline in growth rate

C. not cause significant change in growth rate

D. result in explosive population

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

108. Intensity lactating mothers do not generally conceive due to the

- A. suppression of gonadotropins
- B. hypersecretion of gonadotropins
- C. suppression of gametic transport
- D. suppression of fertilisation

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

109. Sterilisation techniques are generally fool proof methods of contraception with least side effects. Yet, this is the last option for the couples because

(i) It is almost irreversible (ii) of the misconception that it will reduce sexual urge/drive (iii) it is a surgical procedure (iv) of lack of sufficient facilites in many parts of the country Choose the correct option A. (i) and (iii) B. (ii) and (iii) C. (ii) and (iv) D. (i),(ii),(iii) and (iv) Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 110. A national level approach to build up a reproductively healthy society was taken up in out country in

A. 1950 s

- B. 1960 s C. 1980 s
- D. 1990 s

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 111. Emergency contraceptives are effective if used within
 - A. 72 hrs of coitus
 - B. 72 hrs of ovulation
 - C. 72 hrs of menstruation
 - D. 72 hrs of implantation

Answer: A



112. Choose the right one among the statements given below.

- A. IUDs are generally inserted by the user herself
- B. IUDs increase phagocytosis reaction in the uterus
- C. IUDs suppress gametogenesis
- D. IUDs once inserted need not be replaced

Answer: B



- **113.** Following statements are given regarding MTP. Choose the correct options given below.
- (i) MTPs are generally advised during first trimester
- (ii) MTPs are used as a advised during first trimester
- (iii) MTPs are always surgical
- (iv) MTPs require the assistance of qualified medical personnel.

A. (ii) and (iii) B. (i) and (iii) C. (i) and (iv) D. (i) and (ii) **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 114. From the sexually transmitted deseases mentioned below, identify the one which does not specifically affect the sex organs. A. Syphils B. AIDS C. Gonorrhea D. Genital warts **Answer: B**



115. Condoms are one of the most contraceptives because of the following reasons

- A. These are effective barriers for insemination
- B. They do not interfere with coital act
- C. These help in reducing the risk of STDs
- D. All of the above

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

116. Choose the correct statement regarding the ZIFT procedure

A. Ova collected from a female donor are transferred to the Fallopian

tube to facilitate zygote formation

B. Zygote is collected from a female donor and transferred to the Fallopian tube C. Zygote is collected from a female donor and transferred to the utreus D. Ova collected from a female donor and transferred to the uterus. Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 117. The correct surgical procedure as a contraceptive method is A. overiectomy B. hysterectomy C. vasectomy D. castration Answer: C

118. Diaphragms are contraceptive devices used by the females. Choose the correct option from the statements given below

- (i) They are introduced into the uterus
- (ii) They are placed to cover the cervical region
- (iii) They acts as physical barriers for sperm entry
- (iv) They act as spermicidal agents.
 - A. (i) and (ii)
 - B. (i) and (iii)
 - C. (ii) and (iii)
 - D. (iii) and (iv)

Answer: C



119. Assertion: Introduction of sex education in schools should be encouraged

Reason: Sex education in schools will encourage children to believe in myths about sex related aspects.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: C



120. Assertion: Periodic abstinence is a method in which couples avoid from coitus from day 17 to 27 of menstrual cycle

Reason : Periodic abstinence is very effective method and 100 % sure of birth control

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



121. Assertion: As long as the mother breast-feeds the child fully, chances

of conception are almost nil

Reason: Lactational amenorrhea method is based on the fact that ovulation does not occur during the period of intense lactation

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



122. Assertion: In barrier methods, ovum and sperms are prevented from physical meetings

Reason: Barrier methods are used during coitus, to prevent the entry of ejaculated semen into the female reproductive tract.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



123. Assertion : Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are barriers made of

rubber

Reason: Diaphragms, cervical caps and vaults are inserted into the male reproductive tract during coitus.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

Answer: C



124. Assertion: Pills are very effective contraceptives with few side effects

Reason: Pills inhibit ovulation and implanation as well as retard entry of sperms.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



125. Assertion: Saheli, the new oral contraceptive for the females contains a steroidal preparation

Reason: Saheli is taken daily without a break.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

126. Assertion: Sterilisation is a terminal method used only for males

Reason: Sterilisation is highly effective and its reversibility is very good.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct

explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

127. Assertion: In vasectomy, a small part of the vas deferens is removed or tied up

Reason: In tubectomy, a small part of the Fallopian tube is removed or tied up.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

128. Assertion: Second trimester abortion are much more complicated

Reason: After 12 weeks the foetus becomes intimately assiciated with the maternal tissues.

- A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion
- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

129. Assertion: Syphilis, gonorrhoea and AIDS are STIs.

Reason: Syphilis, gonorrhoea and AIDS are transmitted through sexual intercourse.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: A



130. Assertion: Infertility is the inability to produce children inspite of unprotected sexual co-habitation

Reason: Infertile couples could have children using assisted reproductive technologies (ART)

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

explanation of assertion

explanation of assertion

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



131. Assertion: IVF is fertilisation outside the body of woman

Reason : The zygote upto 8 blastomeres could be transferred into the

Fallopian tube

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

132. Assertion: IUT is transfer of embryo with more than 8 blastomeres into the Fallopian tubes

Reason: IUT is a very popular method of forming embryos in vivo.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion

C. If assertion is true but reason is false

D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

133. Assertion: Intra cytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) is a procedure to form a embryo in vitro

Reason: In ICSI, sperm is directly injected into the ovum.

- A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion
- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- C. If assertion is true but reason is false
- D. If both assertion and reason are false

Answer: B

