# ©゙" doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - SUNSTAR CHEMISTRY

## (KANNADA ENGLISH)

## K-CET-CHEMISTRY-2019

Question

1. Which of the following possess net dipole
A. $B F_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. $B e C l_{2}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

2. The number of $\pi$-bonds and $\sigma$-bonds present in naphthalene are respectively
A. 5,19
B. 6,19
C. 5,20
D. 5,11

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

## 3. The reaction in which $\Delta H>\Delta U$ is

A. $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3(s)} \rightarrow \mathrm{CaO}_{(s)}+\mathrm{CO}_{2(g)}$
B. $N_{2(g)}+O_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 N O_{(g)}$
C.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad \mathrm{CH}_{4(g)}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2(g)} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2(g)}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{l} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{N}_{2(g)}-3 \mathrm{H}_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NH}_{3(g)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
4. The number of moles of electron required to reduce 0.2 mole of $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}^{2-}$ to $\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}$
A. 6
B. 1.2
C. 0.6
D. 12

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

5. 

$\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow\left[\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right]^{-}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}^{+}$.
A. Lewis base
B. Protonic acid
C. Lewis acid
D. Bronsted acid

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

6. Match the folllwing acids with their pKa
values:

| Acid |  | pKa |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| a. | Phenol | i. | 16 |
| b. | p-Nitrophenol | ii. | 0.78 |
| c. | Ethanol | iii. | 10 |
| d. | Picric acid | iv. | 7.1 |


|  | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (A) | iii | i | ii | iv |
| (B) | iii | iv | i | ii |
| (C) | iv | ii | iii | i |
| (D) | iii | i | iv | ii |

## D Watch Video Solution

7. Which of the following can be used to test the acidic nature of ethanol?
A. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$
B. Blue litmus solution
C. Na metal
D. NaHCO 3

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

8. ${ }^{\mathrm{HOH}_{2} \mathrm{C}}$
A. $N a B H_{4}$,alk. $\mathrm{KMNO}_{4} . \mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{pd}$
B. $H_{2} / P d, P \mathbb{C}, N a B H_{4}$

# C. $H_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}$, alk. $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}, \mathrm{NaBH}$ 

D. $N a B H_{4}, P \mathbb{C}, H_{2} / P d$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

9. Propanoic acd undergoes HVZ reaction to
give chloropopanoic acid.The product
obtained is
A. as stronger as propanoic acid

## B. stronger acid than propanoic acid

C. stronger than dichloropropanoic acid
D. weaker acid than propanoic acid

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

10. $P \xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}} Q \xrightarrow{(\text { ICon. } \mathrm{NaOH})} R+S$ (ii) dil. HCl
$R$ and $S$ form benzyl benzoate when treated with each other .Hence $P$ is
A. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CHO}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COCl}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

11. The main reactions occurring in blast
furnace during extraction of iron from
haematite are
i. $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{CO} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
$\mathrm{FeO}+\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{FeSiO}_{3}$
iii. $\quad \mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{CO}$
iv.
$\mathrm{CaO}+\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CaSiO}_{3}$
A. iii and iv
B. I and ii
C. I and iv
D. ii and iii

Answer: C
12. Which of the following pair contains 2 long pair of electrons on the central atom?
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NF}_{3}$
B. $I_{3}, H_{2} O$
C. $\mathrm{SO}_{4}^{2-} . \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
D. $\mathrm{XeF}_{4} \cdot \mathrm{NH}_{3}$

## Answer: B

13. Which of the following statement is correct?
A. $C I_{2}$, is a stronger oxidizing agent than $F_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ oxidises $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ to $\mathrm{O}_{2}$, but $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ does
not.
C. Fluoride is a good oxidising agent.
D. $\mathrm{F}_{2}$ oxidises $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ to $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ but $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ does not

Answer: D
14. 0.1 mole of $\mathrm{XeF}_{6}$ is treated with 1.8 g of water.The product obtained is
A. $\mathrm{XeO}_{2} F_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Xe}+\mathrm{XeO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{XeOF}_{4}$

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution
15. In the reaction of gold with aquaregia, oxidation state of Nitrogen changes from
A. +6 to +4
B. +4 to +2
C. +3 to +1
D. +5 to +2

## Answer: D

16. The vitamin that helps to clotting of blood is
A. C
B. A
C. K
D. $B_{2}$

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
17. The polymer containing five methylene groups in its repeating unit is
A. Nylor 6
B. Nylon 6.6
C. Bakelite
D. Dacron

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution

# 18. Cis-1,4-polysoprene is called 

A. Neoprene

B. Buna-N

C. Natural rubber

D. Buna-S

Answer: C
19. Which cleansing agent gets precipitated in
hard water?
A. Sodium stearate
B. Sodium lauryl sulphate
C. Sodium dodecyl benzene sulphonate
D. Cetyl trimethyl ammonium bromide

Answer: A
(D) Watch Video Solution

# 20. Anti-histamine among the following is 

A. Morphine
B. Bromopheneramine
C. Chloroxy lenol

D. Amoxycillin

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
21. The elements in which electrons are progressively filled in 4f orbital are called
A. Transition elements
B. Antinoids
C. Halogens
D. Lanthanoids

Answer: D
(D) Watch Video Solution
22. Incorrect statement with reference to Ce
(Z=58)
A. Ce in +3 oxidation state is more stable than in +4
B. $C e^{4}$ is a reducing agent.
C. Ce shows common oxidation states of +3
and +4
D. Atomic size of Ce is more than that of Lu .

Answer: B
23. A mixture of NaCl and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ is heated with conc. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, deep red vapours and formed .Which of the following statements is false?
A. The vapours contain $\mathrm{CrO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ only
B. The vapours give a yellow solution with

NaOH
C. The vaopurs when passed into lead acetate in acetic give a yellow
precipitate.
D. The vapours contain $\mathrm{CrO}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

24. Which of the following statement is wrong?
A. $M n^{3}$ and $C O^{3}$ are oxidizing agents is
aqueous solution
B. In highest oxidation states.the transition
metals show acidic
C. All elements of 3d series exhibit variable oxidation states.
D. Metals in highest oxidation states are more stable in oxide then in fluorides

Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

25. Which among the following is the strongest ligard?
A. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B. CN
C. en
D. CO

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
26. Which of the following is a network crystalline solid?
A. AIN
B. $I_{2}$
C. Ice
D. NaCl

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
27. The number of atoms in 2.4 g of body centred cubic crystal with length 200 pm is
(density=10 g cm ${ }^{-3}$,NA $=6 \times 10^{22}$ atoms $/ \mathrm{mol}$ )
A. $6 \times 10^{20}$
B. $6 \times 10^{22}$
C. $6 \times 10^{19}$
D. $6 \times 10^{23}$

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

28. I mol of NaCl is doped with $10^{-5}$ mole of
$S r \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. The number of cationic vacancies in the crystal lattice will be

A. $6.022 \times 10^{15}$<br>B. $6.022 \times 10^{18}$<br>C. $12.044 \times 10^{20}$<br>D. $6.022 \times 10^{23}$

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution
29. A non -volatile solute.'A' tetramerises in
water to the extent of $80 \% .2 .5 \mathrm{~g}$ of ' A ' in 100 g of water .lower the freezing point by $0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
.The molar mass of $\AA$ in mol $4^{-1}$ is $\left(K_{T}\right.$ For water $=1.86 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ )
A. 221
B. 62
C. 354
D. 155

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

30. Solution 'A' contains acetone dissolved in
chloroform and solution $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$ contains acetone dissolved in carbon disulphide. The type of deviations from Raoult's law shown by solutions A and B , respectively are
A. positive and negative
B. positive and positive
C. negative and positive

## D. negative and negative

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

31. The mass of AgCl precipitated when a solution containing 11.70 g of NaCl is added to
a solution containing 3.4 g of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$, is
[Atomie mass of Ag -108, Atomic mass of Na -

23]
A. 1.17 g
B. 5.74 g
C. 6.8 g
D. 2.87 g

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

32. Two particle $A$ and $B$ are in motion. If the wavelength associated with ' $A$ ' is 33.33 nm , the wavelength associated with 'B' whose momentum is $1 / 3^{r d}$ of ' A ' is
A. $2.5 \times 10^{-5} m$
B. $1.0 \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{~m}$
C. $1.0 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}$
D. $1.25 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

33. The first ionization enthalpy of the
following elements are in the order:
A. $P<S i<N<C$
B. $C<N<S i<P$
C. $S i<P<C<N$
D. $P<S i<C<N$

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
34. Solubility of AgCl is least in
A. Pure water
B. 0.1 M NaCl
C. $0.1 \mathrm{M} A l C l_{3}$
D. $0.1 \mathrm{M} B a C l_{2}$

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

35. Which of the following equations does NOT represent Charles 's law for a given mass of gas at constant pressure?
A. $\log V=\log K+\log T$
B. $\frac{V}{T}=K$
C. $\frac{d(\ln V)}{d f}=\frac{1}{T}$
D. $\log \mathrm{K}=\log \mathrm{V}+\log \mathrm{T}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

36. Which of the most suitable reagent for the following conversion?

A. $l_{2}$ and NaOH solution
B. Tollen's reagent
C. Sn and NaOH solution
D. Benzoyl peroxide

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
37. Which of the following is least soluble in water at 298 K ?
A. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{~N}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
D. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{NH}$

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
38. If Aniline is treated with 1:1 mixture of con
$\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ and con. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, p-nitroaniline and mnitroaniline are formed nearly in equal amounts.This is due to
A. protonation of $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ which causes
deactivation of benzene ring
B. m-directing property of $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ group
C. isomerisation of some p-nitoaniline into

# D. m and p directing property of $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ 

group

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

39. In nucleic acids, the nucleotides are joined together by
A. Phosphodiester linkage
B. Pospheoster linkage

## C. Sulphodiester linkage

## D. Phosphodisulphide linkage

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

40. Which of the following is generally water insoluble?
A. Vitamin-C
B. Fibrous protein
C. Glycine
D. Amylose

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

41. Relative lowering of vapour pressure of al dilute solution of gluscose dissolved in 1 kg of water is 0.002.The molality of the solution is
A. 0.222
B. 0.004
C. 0.021
D. 0.111

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

42. One litre solution of $M g C l_{2}$ is electrolyzed completely by passing a current of 1 A for 16 $\min 5$ sec.The ogiginal concentration of $M g C l_{2}$ solution was(Atomic mass of $\mathrm{Mg}=24$ )
A. $5 \times 10^{-2} M$
B. $5 \times 10^{-3} M$
C. $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{M}$
D. $0.5 \times 10^{-3} M$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

43. An aqueous solution of $\mathrm{CuSO} \mathrm{S}_{4}$ is subjected to electrolysis using inert electrodes.The pH of the solution will
A. remains uncharged
B. increase
C. increase or decrease depending on the
strength of the current

D. decrease

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

44. Give $E_{m n^{+7} \mid M a^{+2}}^{0}=1.5$ and $E_{M n+4 \mid M a^{+2}}^{0}$
,then $E_{m n^{+7} \mid M n^{+4}}$ is
A. 0.1 V
B. 0.3 V
C. 2.1V
D. 1.7V

Answer: D
(D) View Text Solution
45. The plot of $t \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{s}[\mathrm{R}] 0$ for a reaction is a straight-line parallel to $x$-axis. The unit for the rate constant of this reaction is
A. $\mathrm{mol} L^{-1} s^{-1}$
B. $\mathrm{mol} L^{-1} S$
C. $S^{-1}$
D. $\operatorname{Lmol}^{-1} S^{1-}$

Answer: A
46. The metal nitrate that liberates $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ on heating
A. $\mathrm{LiNO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{RbNO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
47. Which of the following is NOT true regarding the usage of hydrogen as a fuel?
A. The combustible energy of hydrogen can
be directly converted to electrical energy
in a fuel cell

## B. High calorific value

C. Hydrogen gas can be easily liquefied and stored.
D. Combusion product is ecofriendly.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

## 48. Resonance effect is not observed in

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{N} \\
& \text { B. } \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \\
& \text { C. } \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{NH}_{2} \\
& \text { D. } \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{Cl}
\end{aligned}
$$

49. 2-butyne is reduced to trans-but-2-ene using
A. Na in liq. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mid \mathrm{Ni}$
C. Zn in dil. HCl
D. $H_{2} \mid p d-C$

Answer: A
50. Eutrophication causes
A. reduction in water pollution
B. increase of nutrients in water
C. decreases BOD

D. reduction in dissolved oxygen

Answer: D
51. Addition of excess of $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ to an aqueous solution oof 1 mole of $\mathrm{PdCl}_{4} \cdot 4 \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ gives 2 moles of AgCl .The conductivity of this solution corresponds to
A. 1:3 electrolyte
B. 1:1 electrolyte
C. 1:4 electrolyte

D. 1:2 electrolyte

## Answer: D

52. 

The
formula
of
pentaaquanitratochromium(III)nitrate is
A. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{2}\right]$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{3}\right]$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NO}_{2}\right] \mathrm{NO}_{3}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NO}_{3}\right]\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$

Answer: D
53. Which of the following halide undergoes
hydrolysis on warming with water /aqueous
NaOH ?

B.

C.



## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

54. The compound having longest $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Cl}$ bond is
A.

B.
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{Cl}$

D.

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
55. The alkyl halides required to prepare

by wurtz

reaction are

D.


Answer: D
56. Which is a wrong statement?

# A. $e^{-E a / R t}$ gives the fraction of reactant 

molecules that are activated at the given
temp
B. Rate constant $\mathrm{K}=$ Arrhenius constant A:if
$\mathrm{Ea}=0$
C. Presence of catalyst will not alter the

## D. In K vas $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{T}$ plot is a straight line

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

57. 1 L to $2 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$ is mixed with 1 L to $3 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ to form an ester.The rate of the reaction with respect to the initial rate when each solution is diluted with an equal volume of water will be
A. 2 times
B. 0.25 times
C. 4times
D. 0.5 times

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

58. Which of the following is an example of homogeneous catalysis?
A. Oxidation of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ in contact process
B. Oxidation of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ is Ostwald's process
C. Manufacture of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ by Haber's process
D. Oxidation of $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ in lead chamber process

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

59. Critical micelle concentration for a soap solution is $1.5 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~mol} L^{-1}$.Micelle
formation is possible only when the concentration of soap solution in mol $L^{-1}$ is
A. $4.6 \times 10^{-5}$
B. $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$
C. $1.1 \times 10^{-4}$
D. $7.5 \times 10^{-5}$

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

60. Oxidation state of copper is +1 in

A. Cuprite

B. Malachite
C. Chalcopyrite

D. Azurite

Answer: A

