



# PHYSICS

**BOOKS - OSWAAL PUBLICATION**

**PHYSICS (KANNADA ENGLISH)**

## Sample Paper 5

### Exercise

1. a resistor is marked with colours red , red, orange and gold . Write the value of its

resistance .



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2. How does the mutual inductance of a pair of coils change when: Number of turns in the coils is increased?



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3. What are sky waves ?



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4. What is the least quantity of the magnitude of the charge that can be given to or removed from a body ?



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5. Who proposed quantum theory of light?



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6. What is a space wave ?



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7. What is the outcome of Davission Germer Experiment?



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8. What is the principle behind the working of a transformer ? Mention any two sources of

energy loss in transformer



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9. Name the physical quantity which remains same for microwaves of wavelength 1 mm and UV radiations of  $1600 \text{ \AA}$  in vacuum.



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10. Define critical angle for a pair of media.



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**11.** Write Coulomb's law in vector form and explain the terms.



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**12.** Define:

(a) Magnetic declination (b)Magnetic dip.

Mention the S.I. unit of magnetisation.



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**13.** Write the expression for the force between two parallel current carrying conductors. What is the nature of the force between two parallel conductors carrying current in the same direction?



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**14.** Give the logic symbol, Boolean expression and truth table of an AND gate.



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**15.** Mention any two importance of speed of light.



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**16.** State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.



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**17.** Write the functions of the following in communication systems:

(i) Transducer (ii) Repeater



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**19.** Define farad. Give the expression for energy stored in a capacitor of capacitance  $C$  charged to a potential  $V$ .



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**20.** Write the expression for electric potential at a contrasting feature of electric potential of dipole at a point as compared to that due to a point charge.



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**21.** Define self-inductance and give its SI unit. Derive an expression for self-inductance of a long, air cored solenoid of length  $l$ , radius  $r$  and having  $N$  number of turns.



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**22.** Write three uses of cyclotron.



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**23.** (a) Why photoelectric effect can not be explained on the basis of wave nature of light ? Give reasons.

(b) Write the basic features of photon picture of electromagnetic radiation on which Einstein's photoelectric equation is based.



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**25.** What is linearly polarized light? Describe briefly using a diagram how sunlight is polarized.



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**26.** Discuss the intensity of transmitted light when a polaroid sheet is rotated between two crossed polaroids?



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**27.** Obtain the expression for electric current in a conductor in terms of drift velocity of the electron. Define resistivity of the material of the conductor.



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**28.** Distinguish between nuclear fission and nuclear fusion.



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**29.** What is amplification? With a circuit diagram, explain the working of npn transistor as an amplifier in CE configuration.



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**30.** Draw a labelled ray diagram of a refracting telescope. Define its magnifying power and write the expression for it.



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**31.** Write two important limitations of a refraction telescope over a reflecting type telescope.



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**32.** In a parallel plate capacitor with air between the plates, each plate has an area of  $6 \times 10^{-3} m^2$  and the distance between the plates is 3 m. Calculate the capacitance of the capacitor. If this capacitor is connected to a 100V supply. What is the charge on the each plate of the capacitor?



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**33.** If electron in the atom is replaced by a particle (muon) having the same charge but

mass about 200 times as that of the electron to form a muonic atom, how would : (i) the radius and (ii) the ground state energy of this be affected ?



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**34.** If electron in the atom is replaced by a particle (muon) having the same charge but mass about 200 times as that of the electron to form a muonic atom, how would : (i) the

radius and (ii) the ground state energy of this be affected ?



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**35.** Calculate the wavelength of the first spectral line in the corresponding Lyman series of the hydrogen atom.



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**36.** In Young's double slit experiment, fringes of certain width are produced on the screen kept at a certain distance from the slits. When the screen is moved away from the slits by 0.1m, fringe width increases by  $6 \times 10^{-5}m$ . The separation between the slits is 1 mm. calculate the wavelength of the light used.



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