



## MATHS

### BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

#### JEE MOCK TEST 26

#### Mathematics

1. If a tower subtends equal angles at four points  $P, Q, R$  and  $S$  that lie in a plane containing the foot of the tower, the which fo the following statements is always true (here, the tower is perpendicular to the plane containing the points  $P, Q, R, S$ )

A.  $\angle PQS = \angle PRS$

B.  $\angle PQR + \angle PSR = 180^\circ$

C.  $\angle PQS = 90^\circ \Rightarrow \angle PRS = 90^\circ$

D.  $(PQ)(RS) + (PS)(RQ) = (PR)(QS)$

**Answer: C**



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2. The values of  $\lambda$  for which one root of the equation  $x^2 + (1 - 2\lambda)x + (\lambda^2 - \lambda - 2) = 0$  is greater than 3 and the other smaller than 2 are given by

A.  $2 < \lambda < 5$

B.  $1 < \lambda < 4$

C.  $1 < \lambda < 5$

D.  $2 < \lambda < 4$

**Answer: D**



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3. Let a function

$f: (2, \infty) \rightarrow [0, \infty)$  defined as  $f(x) = \frac{|x - 3|}{|x - 2|}$ , then  $f$  is

A. injective & surjective

B. not injective but surjective

C. injective but not surjective

D. neither injective nor surjective

**Answer: B**



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4. Let  $n$  be a positive integer and a complex number with unit modulus is a solution of the equation  $Z^n + Z + 1 = 0$ , then the value of  $n$  can be

A. 87

B. 97

C. 104

D. 222

**Answer: C**



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5. The value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{-\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right)} - \cos x}{x^3 \tan x}$  is equal to

A.  $\frac{1}{4}$

B.  $\frac{1}{8}$

C.  $\frac{1}{12}$

D.  $\frac{1}{16}$

**Answer: C**

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6. The value of  $\int \frac{(x - 4)}{x^2 \sqrt{x - 2}} dx$  is equal to (where , C is the constant of integration )

A.  $2x\sqrt{x-2} + C$

B.  $-\frac{2}{x}\sqrt{x-2} + C$

C.  $\frac{\sqrt{x-2}}{x} + C$

D.  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x-2}} + C$

**Answer: B**



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7. The equation of the curve passing through the point (1,1)

and satisfying the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x + 2y - 3}{y - 2x + 1}$

is

A.  $x^2 - 4xy - y^2 + 6x + 2y - 4 = 0$

B.  $x^2 + 4xy - y^2 - 6x + 2y + 4 = 0$

$$C. x^2 + 4xy - y^2 - 6x - 2y + 4 = 0$$

$$D. x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 6x - 2y - 4 = 0$$

**Answer: C**



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8. Five different games are to be distributed among 4 children randomly. The probability that each child get at least one game is

A.  $\frac{1}{4}$

B.  $\frac{15}{64}$

C.  $\frac{21}{64}$

D.  $\frac{17}{632}$

**Answer: B**



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9. Let the focus S of the parabola  $y^2 = 8x$  lies on the focal chord PQ of the same parabola . If  $PS = 6$  , then the square of the slope of the chord PQ is

A.  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

B.  $\frac{4}{5}$

C.  $\frac{5}{4}$

D.  $\frac{9}{4}$

**Answer: B**



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10. If  $p \rightarrow (q \vee r)$  is false, then the truth values of p,q,r are respectively

A. TFF

B. FFF

C. FTT

D. TTF

**Answer: A**

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11. 
$$\frac{5}{3^2 7^2} + \frac{9}{7^2 11^2} + \frac{13}{11^2 15^2} + \dots \infty$$

A.  $\frac{1}{8}$

B.  $\frac{1}{36}$

C.  $\frac{1}{54}$

D.  $\frac{1}{72}$

**Answer: D**



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12. If  $13^{99} - 19^{93}$  is divided by 162, then the remainder is

A. 3

B. 6

C. 5

D. 0

**Answer: D**



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13. The  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \text{sgn}\left(\sin^2 x - \sin x + \frac{1}{2}\right) dx$  is equal to ,

(where ,  $\text{sgn}(x)$  denotes the signum function of  $x$ )

A. 0

B. 1

C.  $\pi$

D.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

**Answer: D**

14. If

$$\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}, \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 2 \text{ and } \vec{a} \times \vec{b} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{k},$$

then  $\vec{b}$  is

- A.  $(\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k})$
- B.  $(4\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k})$
- C.  $\frac{1}{2}(3\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 9\hat{k})$
- D.  $\frac{1}{29}(7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 14\hat{k})$

**Answer: D**

15. Equation of the plane passing through the point of intersection of lines

$$\frac{x-1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{1} = \frac{z-3}{2} \text{ \& } \frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y-1}{2} = \frac{z-2}{3}$$

and perpendicular to the line  $\frac{x+5}{2} = \frac{y-3}{3} = \frac{z+1}{1}$  is

- A.  $2x + 3y + z + 7 = 0$
- B.  $2x - 3y - z + 22 = 0$
- C.  $2x + 3y + z - 22 = 0$
- D.  $2x + 3y + z + 13 = 0$

**Answer: C**



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16. The equation of the tangent to the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  whose slope is positive and which also touches  $x^2 + y^2 = \frac{1}{2}$  is

A.  $y = x + 1$

B.  $y = 2x + 1$

C.  $x + y = 2$

D.  $y = 4x + \frac{1}{2}$

**Answer: A**



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17. If  $A$  is  $2 \times 2$  matrix such that  $A \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A^2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , then trace of  $A$  is (where the trace of the matrix is the sum of all principal diagonal elements of the matrix )

A. 1

B. 0

C. 2

D. 5

**Answer: A**



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18. consider the planes  $P_1: 2x - y + z = 6$  and  $P_2: x + 2y - z = 4$  having normal  $\vec{N}_1$  and  $\vec{N}_2$  respectively. The distance of the origin from the plane passing through the point (1,1,1) and whose normal is perpendicular to  $N_1$  and  $N_2$  is

- A.  $\frac{7}{\sqrt{5}}$  units
- B.  $\sqrt{\frac{7}{5}}$  units
- C.  $\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$  units
- D.  $\frac{14}{\sqrt{35}}$  units

**Answer: B**

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19.

Let

$$I_1 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{dt}{1+t^6} \quad \text{and} \quad I_2 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x \cos x dx}{1+(x \sin x + \cos x)^6},$$

then

A.  $2I_1 = I_2$

B.  $I_1 = 2I_2$

C.  $I_1 = I_2$

D.  $I_1 = I_2 = 0$

**Answer: C**



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20. A wire of length 28 cm is bent to form a circular sector , then the radius (in cm) of the circular sector such that the area of the circular sector is maximum is equal to

- A. 5
- B. 6
- C. 7
- D. 8

**Answer: C**

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21. Let  $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$  and  $xy = 1$  intersect at  $A$  &  $B$  in first quadrant, If  $AB = \sqrt{14}$  then find the value of  $r$ .



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22. If

$$f(x) = \left\{ \frac{a + b \cos x + c \sin x}{x^2}, x > 0 \right\}, (9, x \geq 0)$$

is continuous at  $x = 0$ , then the value of  $\frac{|a| + |b|}{5}$  is



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23. Let  $p$  and  $q$  be the length of two chords of a circle which subtend angles  $36^\circ$  and  $60^\circ$  respectively at the centre of the circle. Then, the angle (in radian) subtended by the chord of length  $p + q$  at the centre of the circle is (use  $\pi = 3.1$ )



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24.

Let

$$a_r = r^4 C_r, b_r = (4 - r)^4 C_r, A_r = \begin{bmatrix} a_r & 2 \\ 3 & b_r \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } A = \sum_{r=0}^4 A_r$$

then the value of  $|A|$  is equal to

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25. The product of all the values of  $|\lambda|$ , such that the lines

$$x + 2y - 3 = 0, 3x - y - 1 = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda x + y - 2 = 0$$

cannot form a triangle, is equal to

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