

## MATHS

### BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

#### NTA JEE MOCK TEST 109

#### Mathematics

1. Let  $f(x) = -x^2 + x + p$ , where  $p$  is a real number. If  $g(x) = [f(x)]$  and  $g(x)$  is discontinuous at  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ , then  $p$  - cannot be

(where  $[.]$  represents the greatest integer function)

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

B.  $\frac{3}{4}$

C.  $\frac{7}{4}$

D.  $-\frac{1}{4}$

**Answer: A**



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2. If  $n(A)$  denotes the number of elements in set  $A$  and if

$$n(A) = 4, n(B) = 5 \text{ and } n(A \cap B) = 3$$

then  $n[(A \times B) \cap (B \times A)] =$

A. 8

B. 9

C. 10

D. 11

**Answer: B**



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3. The number of integers for which the equation  $\sin^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} x + \tan^{-1} x = n$  has real solution(s) is

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

**Answer: D**



4. If the straight line  $y = x$  meets  $y = f(x)$  at P, where  $f(x)$  is a solution of the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^2 + xy}{x^2 + y^2}$  such that  $f(1) = 3$ , then the value of  $f'(x)$  at the point P is

A.  $\frac{3}{5}$

B.  $\frac{5}{3}$

C. 2

D. 1

**Answer: D**



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5. Two whole numbers are randomly chosen and multiplied, then the chance that their product is divisible by 5 is

A.  $\frac{4}{25}$

B.  $\frac{9}{25}$

C.  $\frac{16}{25}$

D.  $\frac{1}{25}$

**Answer: B**



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6. The minimum value of  $p$  for which the lines  $3x - 4y = 2$ ,  $3x - 4y = 12$ ,  $12x + 5y = 7$  and  $12x + 5y = p$  constitute the sides of a rhombus is

A. 33

B. 19

C.  $-19$

D. 9

**Answer: C**



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7. The coefficient of  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $(1 - x)^8(1 + x)^{12}$  is equal to

A. 168

B.  $-8$

C. 28



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8. For a complex number  $Z$ . If

$\arg(Z) \in (-\pi, \pi]$ , then

$\arg\left\{1 + \cos.\frac{6\pi}{7} + i \sin.\frac{6\pi}{7}\right\}$  is (here

$i^2 = -1$ )

A.  $\frac{3\pi}{7}$

B.  $\frac{2\pi}{7}$

C.  $-\frac{2\pi}{7}$

D.  $-\frac{3\pi}{7}$

**Answer: A**



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9. If the eccentricity of the hyperbola

$$\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = -1 \text{ is } \frac{5}{4}, \text{ then } b^2 \text{ is equal to}$$

A.  $\frac{256}{9}$

B.  $\frac{16}{3}$

C. 9

D. 3

**Answer: A**



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**10.** The number of solutions of the equation

$$\tan x \sin x - 1 = \tan x - \sin x, \forall x \in [0, 2\pi]$$

is equal to

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

**Answer: B**



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**11.**

**For**

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f(x) = x^4 - 8x^3 + 22x^2 - 24x,$$

the sum of all local extreme value of  $f(x)$  is equal to

A.  $-9$

B.  $-8$

C.  $-17$

D.  $6$

**Answer: D**



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12.

Let

$$f(n) = \sum_{r=1}^{10n} (6 + rd) \text{ and } g(n) = \sum_{r=1}^n (6 + rd)$$

, where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $d \neq 0$ . If  $\frac{f(n)}{g(n)}$  is independent

of  $n$ , then  $d$  is equal to

A. 12

B.  $-6$

C. 6

D.  $-12$

**Answer: D**



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13. The tangent to the parabola  $y = x^2 - 2x + 8$  at  $P(2, 8)$  touches the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 18x + 14y + \lambda = 0$  at  $Q$ . The coordinates of point  $Q$  are

A.  $(-7, -12)$

B.  $(-9, -13)$

C.  $(-11, -16)$

D.  $\left(-\frac{31}{5}, -\frac{42}{5}\right)$

**Answer: D**



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**14.** The value of

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e^x - x - 1)(x - \sin x)\ln(1 + x)}{x^6}$$

is

equal to

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

B.  $\frac{1}{6}$

C.  $\frac{1}{12}$

D.  $\frac{1}{3}$



**Answer: C**



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**15.** The equation of an ex - circle of a triangle formed by the common tangents to the circle

$x^2 + y^2 = 4$  and  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$  is

A.  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

B.  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$

C.  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$

D.  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

**Answer: A**



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**16.** If the observation 1, 2, 3, ....., n occur with frequency,  $n, (n - 1), (n - 2), \dots, 1$  respectively such that the mean of observations is  $\frac{13}{3}$ , then n is equal to

A. 10

B. 11

C. 12

D. 13

**Answer: B**



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17. The direction cosines of two lines satisfy

$$2l + 2m - n = 0 \quad \text{and} \quad lm + mn + nl = 0.$$

The angle between these lines is

A.  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

C.  $\frac{\pi}{6}$

D.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

**Answer: B**



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**18.** A statue of height 4 m stands on a tower of height 10 m. The angle subtended by the statue at the eyes of an observer of height 2m, standing at a distance of 6m from base of the tower is

A.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{11}\right)$

B.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$

C.  $\tan^{-1}(2)$

D.  $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{7}{13}\right)$

**Answer: A**



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19. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,

then the determinant value of BA is

A. 8

B. 0

C.  $-8$

D. 24

**Answer: B**



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20. The area bounded by the curve  $y = \cos x$  and  $y = \sin 2x$ ,  $\forall x \in \left[ \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$  is equal to

A.  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  sq. units

B.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  sq. units

C.  $\frac{7}{4} - (3)^{(1/2)}$  "sq. units"

D.  $\frac{1}{4}$  sq. units

**Answer: D**



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21. The value of the integral

$$\int_0^4 \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx \text{ is equal to}$$





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22. Let  $\int \frac{x^3 + x^2 + x}{\sqrt{12x^3 + 15x^2 + 20x}} dx = f(x)$

where  $f(1) = \frac{\sqrt{47}}{30}$ . If  $(f(2))^2$  is equal to

$\frac{p}{255}$ , then the value of  $p$  is equal to



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23.

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = A + A^2 + A^3 + A^4.$$

If  $B = \lambda A$ ,  $\forall \lambda \in R$ , then the value of  $\lambda$  is equal to





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24. The number of permutations of alphabets of the word "ENSHRINE" in which no two alike alphabets are together is equal to



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25. For three vectors  $\vec{a}$ ,  $\vec{b}$  and  $\vec{c}$ , If  $|\vec{a}| = 2$ ,  $|\vec{b}| = 1$ ,  $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c}$  and

$\vec{b} \times \vec{c} = \vec{a}$ , then the value of

$\left[ \vec{a} + \vec{b} \quad \vec{b} + \vec{c} \quad \vec{c} + \vec{a} \right]$  is equal to



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