

MATHS

BOOKS - NTA MOCK TESTS

NTA JEE MOCK TEST 89

Mathematics

1. Let $f\!:\!R o R$ be a function such that

$$f\left(rac{x+y}{3}
ight) = rac{f(x)+f(y)}{3}, f(0) = 0 ext{ and } f'(0) = 3$$

,then

A. f(x) is a quadratic function

B. f(x) is continuous but not differentiable

C. f(x) is differentiable in R

D. f(x) is bounded in R

Answer: C



2. The value of definite integral

$$I=\int_{\ln\left(rac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}
ight)}^{\ln\left(rac{2}{\sqrt{3}}
ight)}\ln\left(rac{2- an^7x}{2+ an^7x}
ight)\!dx$$
 is equal to

A. $\ln 4$

 $\mathsf{B}.\ln 2$

C. 0

D.
$$\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

Answer: C



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3. A ladder rests against a vertical wall at an angle α to the horizontal. If the foot is pulled away through a distance 2m, then it slides a distance 5 m down the wall, finally making an angle β with the horizontal. The value of $\tan\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right)$ is equal to

$$\mathsf{B.}\,\frac{5}{2}$$

D. None of these

Answer: A



4. If
$$x\in(0,1)$$
, then the value of $2\tan^{-1}\Bigl(\dfrac{1-x^2}{2x}\Bigr)+2\cos^{-1}\Bigl(\dfrac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\Bigr)$ is equal to

A.
$$-\frac{\pi}{2}$$

B. 0

C.
$$\frac{\pi}{2}$$

D. π

Answer: D



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5. Let OABC be a regular tetrahedron with side length unity, then its volume (in cubic units) is

A.
$$3\sqrt{2}$$

B.
$$6\sqrt{2}$$

$$\mathsf{C.} \; \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{6\sqrt{2}}$$

Answer: D



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6. Let

 $A(x_1,y_1),\,B(x_2,y_2),\,C(x_3,y_3)$ and $D(x_4,y_4)$ are four points which are at equal distance from the

lines 3x - 4y + 1 = 0 and 8x + 6y + 1 = 0, The

mean of the coordinates of the centroids of

 ΔABC , ΔBCD , ΔCDA and ΔDAB are

$$A.\left(\frac{-4}{5},\frac{2}{5}\right)$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\left(\frac{-1}{5},\frac{1}{10}\right)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\left(\frac{-3}{5},\frac{3}{10}\right)$$

D.
$$\left(\frac{-4}{15}, \frac{2}{15}\right)$$

Answer: B



7. If a, b, c are sides of the triangle ABC and

$$egin{bmatrix} 1 & a & b \ 1 & c & a \ 1 & b & c \end{bmatrix} = 0,$$
 then the value of

 $\cos 2A + \cos 2B + \cos 2C$ is equal to

$$\mathsf{A.}-\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\;\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$D. - 1$$

Answer: A



8. The radius of circle, touching the parabola $y^2 = 8x$ at (2, 4) and passing through (0, 4), is

A. 1

B. 2

C. 4

D. 3

Answer: C



9. Six married couple are sitting in a room. Number of ways in which 4 people can be selected so that there is exactly one married couple among the four is:

A. 276

B. 600

C. 840

D. 240

Answer: D



10. A real value of a, for which the sum of the roots of the equation $x^2-2ax+2a-1=0$ is equal to the sum of the square of its roots, is

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$ B. $\frac{3}{2}$ C. $\frac{5}{2}$

D. 2

Answer: A



A. 56100

B. 65100

C. 61500

D. 51600

Answer: C



12.
$$\frac{\sin(9\pi)}{14} \frac{\sin(11\pi)}{14} \frac{\sin(13\pi)}{14}$$
 is equal to

A.
$$\frac{1}{64}$$

$$\mathsf{B.}-\frac{1}{64}$$

c.
$$\frac{1}{8}$$

D.
$$-\frac{1}{8}$$

Answer: C



13. The equation of the projection line of the line

$$\frac{x+1}{2} = \frac{y+1}{-1} = \frac{z+3}{4}$$
 on the plane

x + 2y + z = 6 is

A.
$$\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{y-3}{7} = \frac{z-1}{10}$$

B.
$$\frac{x-1}{-4} = \frac{y+3}{7} = \frac{z-1}{10}$$

c.
$$\frac{x-1}{4} = \frac{y-3}{-7} = \frac{z+1}{10}$$

D.
$$\frac{x+3}{4} = \frac{y-2}{7} = \frac{z-7}{-10}$$

Answer: C



14. If the points

 $A:(0,a), B:(-2,0) \ {
m and} \ C:(1,1)$ form an obtuse angle triangle (obtuse angled at angle A), then sum of all the possible integral values of a is

A. 0

B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

Answer: D



15. Let A and B are square matrices of order 3 such

that $AB^2 = BA$ and $BA^2 = AB$.

lf

 $\left(AB\right)^2=A^3B^n$, then m is equal to

A. 3

B. 4

C. 5

D. 7

Answer: D



16. A hyperbola has foci (4,2),(2,2) and it passess through P(2,4). The eccentricity of the hyperbola is

A. tan.
$$\frac{3\pi}{10}$$

B. tan.
$$\frac{5\pi}{12}$$

C. tan.
$$\frac{\pi}{3}$$

D. tan.
$$\frac{3\pi}{8}$$

Answer: D



17. If $I_n=\int\!\! x^n e^{6x} dx$, then the expression $6I_{10}+10I_9$ simplifies to (where, c is the constant of integration)

A.
$$x^{10}e^{5x}+c$$

B. $x^{10}e^{6x} + c$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,x^9e^{5x}+c$$

 $\operatorname{D.}x^{10}e^{10x}+c$

Answer: B



18. In an experiment with 10 observations on x the following results are available $\Sigma x^2=354$ and $\Sigma x=58$. If one observation 8 that was found to be wrong and was replaced by the corrected value 10, then the corrected variance is

A. 5

B. 3

C. 4

D. 6

Answer: B

19. If the area bounded by the curves $x^2+y\leq 2$ and $y\geq x$ is $\frac{k}{2}$ sq. units, then 2k is equal to

A. 9

B. 27

C. 18

D. 32

Answer: C



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20. The solution of the differential equation

$$rac{dx}{dy} = rac{x^2}{e^y - x}(\,orall x > 0) \quad ext{ is } \quad \lambda x + 2cx^2 e^y = e^y$$

(where, c is an arbitrary constant). Then, λ is euqal

to

$$\mathsf{C.}\,\frac{1}{2}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

Answer: A

21. The vlaue of is
$$\lim_{x o \frac{x}{2}} \left(1^{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} + 2^{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}} + \dots + 10^{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}}\right)$$



consecutive heads are obtained. If the probability that 2 consecutive heads occur on fourth and fifth toss is p, then $\frac{30}{p}$ is equal to

22. A fair coin is tossed repeatedly until two



equal to

23. Let λ denote the number of terms in the expansion of $\left(1+5x+10x^2+10x^3+5x^4+x^5\right)^{20}$. If unit's place and ten's place digits in 3^λ are O and T, then O+T is equal to



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24. Let Z be a complex number satisfying the relation $Z^3+rac{4{\left(\overline{Z}
ight)}^2}{|Z|}=0.$ If the least possible

argument of Z is $-k\pi$, then k is equal to (here, $argZ \in (-\pi,\pi]$)



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25. If the product of height and square of the radius of the greatest cone obtained by rotating a right - angle triangle of hypotenuse 2 meters about a side is $\frac{k}{3\sqrt{3}}$, then k is equal to

