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India's Number 1 Education App

## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - AllMS PREVIOUS YEAR

## PAPERS

## AIIMS 2001

Physics

1. Two coherent monochromatic light beams of amplitude 3 and 5 units are superposed. The
maximum and minimum possible intensities in
the resulting beams are in the ratio
A. $4: 2$
B. $16: 1$
C. $8: 2$
D. $4: 2$

Answer: B
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2. Two masses are attached to a rod end to
end . If torque is applied they rotate with
angular acceleration $\alpha$. If their distances are doubled and same torque is applied, then they move with angular acceleration.
A. $4 \alpha$
B. $\alpha$
C. $3 \alpha$
D. $\alpha / 4$
3. A particle is revolving in a circle of radius $R$.

If the force acting on it is inversely proportional to $R$, then the time period is proportional to
A. R
B. $R^{2}$
C. $1 / R$
D. $1 / R^{2}$

Answer: A

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4. At a place earth's magnetic field, $5 \times 10^{5}$
$W b / m^{2}$ is acting perpendicular to a coil of radius $\mathrm{R}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$. If $\mu_{0} / 4 \pi=10^{-7}$, then how much current is induced in circular loop ?
A. 0.2 A
B. $0 A$
C. $4 A$

## D. 40 A

## Answer: B

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5. An engine is working. It takes 100 calories of
heat from source and leaves 80 calories of
heat to sink. If the temperature of source is
$127^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, then temperature of sink is

$$
\text { A. } 147^{\circ} C
$$

B. $47^{\circ} C$
C. $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D. $47 K$

Answer: B

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6. Speed in kilometer per hour in S.I. unit is
represented as
A. KMPH

## B. $K m h r^{-1}$

C. $K m h^{-1}$
D. kilometer/hour

## Answer: B

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# 7. Colour of a star depends upon 

A. luminosity
B. temperature
C. brightness
D. all of these

Answer: B

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## 8. Dimension of resistivity is

A. $M L^{2} T^{-2} I^{-1}$
B. $M L^{3} T^{-3} I^{-2}$
C. $M L^{3} T^{-2} I^{-1}$

$$
\text { D. } M L^{2} T^{-2} I^{-2}
$$

## Answer: C

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9. If mass of an atom is $M$ moving with speed $v$,
what will be its speed after the emission of an $\alpha$-particle if speed of $\alpha$-particle is zero ?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{M v}{M+2} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{M v}{M-4}
\end{aligned}
$$

C. $\frac{M v}{M+4}$
D. $\frac{M-4}{M v}$

Answer: B

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10. If electron is moving from $A$ to $B$ in wire $A B$,
then current $A B$, then current induced in the

A. anticlockwise
B. clockwise
C. arbitary direction
D. no current will be induced.

Answer: D

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11. A wire of length I carries a steady current. It
is bent first to form a circular plane loop of one turn. The magnetic field at the centre of
the loop is $B$. The same length is now bent more sharply to give a double loop of smaller radius. The magnetic field at the centre caused by the same is
A. B
B. $B / 4$
C. 4B
D. $B / 2$

## Answer: C

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12. A metal rod consumes power $P$ on passing
curreent. If it is cut into two half and joined in
parallel, it will consume power
A. P
B. $2 P$

## C. 4 P

D. $\mathrm{p} / 4$

## Answer: C

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13. A body of mass $M$ moving with velocity $V$ explodes into two equal parts. If one comes to rest and the other body moves with velocity v , what would be the value of $v$ ?
A. V
B. $V / \sqrt{2}$
C. 4 V
D. 2 V

Answer: D

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14. Which of the following physical quantities do not have same dimensions ?
A. pressure and stress
B. tension and surface tension
C. strain and angle
D. energy and work

## Answer: B

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15. A solid sphere and a hollow sphere are heated the same temperature. Point out the true statement.
A. hollow sphere cools more quickly
B. both hollow and solid sphere cools equally
C. solid sphere cools more quickly .
D. none of the statement is true.

Answer: C

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16. The orbital velocity of an artifical satellite in
a cirular orbit above the earth's surface at a distance equal to radiu of earth is v . For a satellite orbiting at an altitude half of earth's radius, orbital velocity is
A. $\frac{3}{2} v$
B. $\sqrt{3 / 2} \mathrm{v}$
C. $2 / \sqrt{3} v$
D. $\frac{2}{3} v$
17. The time period of a simple pendulum is $T$ remaining at rest inside a lift. Find the time period of pendulum when lift starts to move up with an acceleration of $\mathrm{g} / 4$
A. T
B. T/2
C. $2 \mathrm{~T} / 5$
D. $2 T / \sqrt{5}$

## Answer: D

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18. 1 kcal of heat flowing through a rod of
iron.When the rod is cut down to 4 pieces
then what will be the heat flowing through
each piece having same differential
temperature ?
A. $1 / 2 \mathrm{Kcal}$
B. $1 / 4 \mathrm{kcal}$

## C. 1 Kcal

D. 1/15 Kcal

## Answer: C

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19. From the given figure find the frequency of

## oscillation of the mass $m$



> A. $n=\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}}$
> B. $n=\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{K^{2}}{2 m}}$
> C. $n=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{2 K}}$
> D. $n=\frac{1}{2 n} \sqrt{\frac{K}{2 m}}$

Answer: A

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20. From the figure find the capacitance of the
capacitor?


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } C=\frac{\varepsilon_{0} A}{d}\left(\frac{K_{1}+K_{2}}{2}\right) \\
& \text { B. } C=\frac{\varepsilon_{0} A}{2 d}\left(\frac{K_{1} K_{2}}{K_{2}+K_{2}}\right) \\
& \text { C. } C=\frac{\varepsilon_{0} A}{d}\left(\frac{K_{1}}{K_{2}}\right) \\
& \text { D. } C=\frac{\varepsilon_{0} A}{d}\left(\frac{2 K_{1} K_{2}}{K_{1}+K_{2}}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: B

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## 21. S.I. unit of velocity is

A. $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $m \mathrm{sec}^{-1}$
C. $m h r^{-1}$
D. $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B
22. Mass of the proton is 1840 times that of
electron. It is accelerated through a potential difference of 1 V . Find its kinetic energy.
A. 6 eV
B. 2 eV
C. 10 eV
D. 1 eV

Answer: D

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23. Two spheres of same metal have radii a and b. They have been connected to a conducting
wire. Find the ratio of the electric field intensity upon them.
A. $a / b$
B. $b / a$
C. $b^{2} / a$
D. $b^{2} / a^{2}$

Answer: D

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24. The work function of a metal is 3.4 eV . If the frequency of incident radiation is increased to twice, then the work function of the metal becomes.
A. 3.4 eV
B. 7.2 eV
C. 6.8 eV
D. 1.7 eV
25. If red light is replaced by white light then width of diffraction pattern will
A. increase
B. decrease
C. a central white band is obtained
D. no effect.

Answer: C
26. Maximum energy transfer for an elastic collision will occur if one body is at rest when
A. $m_{1}=m_{2}$
B. $m_{2}=\frac{1}{2} m_{1}$
C. $m_{1} \gg m_{2}$
D. $m_{2} \gg m_{1}$

Answer: A

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## 27. Which of the following is path dependent

A. U
B. PdV
C. $P$
D. V

Answer: B

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28. If fundamental frequency is 50 and next
successive frequencies are 150 and 250 then it its
A. a pipe closed at both end
B. a pipe closed at one end
C. an open pipe

D. a stretched pipe

## Answer: B

29. If in a circuit lags behind EMF by $\pi / 2$.

Then it is a/an
A. resistor circuit
B. capacitor
C. inductor circuit
D. CR circuit

Answer: C
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30. In Planck's oscillator energy is given as
$E=\frac{h v}{\exp \left(\frac{h v}{K t}-1\right)}$
If $K=0$, then energy would be
A. hv
B. 0
C. Kt
D. $\infty$

Answer: B

# 31. Temperature of the star is determined by 

A. distance
B. colour
C. size
D. none of these

Answer: B

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32. If hot water is mixed with cold water

# A. temperature first increases then 

becomes constant

# B.temperature first decreases then 

become constant
C. increases continuously
D. first it is uncertain then become
constant.
33. For liquid to rise in a capillary tube, the angle of contact should be
A. acute
B. obtuse
C. right
D. none of these

Answer: A
34. Escape velocity of a rocket is $11.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{sec}$. It is released at an angle of $45^{\circ}$. Its escape velocity is
A. $11.2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
B. $11.2 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{sec}$
C. $11.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{sec}$
D. $22.3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{sec}$

Answer: C

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35. X-ray beams are affected by
A. electric field
B. magnetic field
C. both (a) and (b)
D. none of these

Answer: D

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36. The heat produced in a long wire is characterised by resistance, current and time through which the current passes. If the errors in measuring these quantities are respectively
$1 \%, 2 \%$ and $1 \%$ then total error in calculating the energy produced is
A. $4 \%$
B. $6 \%$
C. $4 / 3 \%$
D. $8 \%$

Answer: B

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37. If a unit positive charge is taken from one point to another over an equipotential surface ,then
A. work is done one the charge
B. work is doen by the charge
C. work done is constant
D. no work is done

## Answer: D

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38. Figure shows the electric lines of force emerging from a charged body. If the electric field at $A$ and $B$ are $E_{A}$ and $E_{B}$ respectively and if the displacement between $A$ and $B$ is $r$
then

A. $E_{A}>E_{B}$
B. $E_{A}<E_{B}$
C. $E_{A}=E_{B} / r$
D. $E_{A}=E_{B} / r^{2}$

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39. A charge is placed at the centre of cube of
side a then flux linked with one of its given
faces will be
A. $\frac{Q}{\varepsilon_{0}}$
B. $\frac{Q}{6 \varepsilon_{0}}$
C. $\frac{Q}{\varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}$
D. $\frac{Q}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}$

Answer: B

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40. A small piece of metal wire is dragged across the gap between the pole pieces of a magnet in 10 s . The magnetic flux between the pole pieces is $8 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~Wb}$. Find the magnitude of induced e.m.f.
A. $4 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~V}$
B. $8 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~V}$
C. $2 \times 10^{-3} V$
D. $6 \times 10^{-3} V$

## Answer: C

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41. if the earth is treated as a sphere of radius

Radn mass $M$, Its angular momentum about the axis of its rotation with period T , is

$$
\text { A. } \frac{M R^{2} T}{2 \pi}
$$

B. $\frac{4 \pi M R^{2}}{5 T}$
C. $\frac{\pi M R^{2}}{T}$
D. $\frac{2 \pi M R^{2}}{T}$

Answer: B

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42. Antimony and bismuth are usually used in a thermocouple, because
A. a constant thermo e.m.f. is produced
B. higher thermo e.m.f. is produced
C. a negative thermo e.m.f. is produced
D. lower thermo e.m.f. is produced

## Answer: B

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43. A constant pressure air thermometer gave a reading of 47.5 units of volume when immersed in ice cold water, and 67 units in a
boiling liquid. The boiling point of the liquid will be
A. $125^{\circ} C$
B. $100^{\circ} C$
C. $135^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D. $112^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Answer: D
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44. Two particles are seen to collide and move
jointly together after the collision . During
such a collision, for the total system,
A. both the mechanical energy and the
linear momentum are conserved
B. linear momentum is conserved but not
the mechanical energy
C. neither the mechanical energy nor the
linear momentum is conserved

# D. mechanical energy is conserved but not 

the linear momentum

Answer: B

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45. Assuming the earth to be a sphere of uniform mass density, how much would a body weigh half way down to the centre of the earth if it weighd 250 N on the surface?
A. 195 N
B. 240 N
C. 125 N
D. 210 N

## Answer: C

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46. For an enclosure maintained at 2000K, the maximum radiation occurs at wavelength $\lambda_{m}$.

If the temperature is raised to 3000 K , the peak will shift to

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{5}{2} \lambda_{m} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{m} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{7}{2} \lambda_{m} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{3}{2} \lambda_{m}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: B
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47. A certain radioactive element has a half-life
of 20 years. If we have a block with 10 g of the element in it, after how
A. 80 years
B. 40 years
C. 100 years
D. 60 years

Answer: B

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48. What is the dimensional formula of gravitational constant ?
A. $\left[M^{-1} L^{3} T^{-2}\right]$
B. $\left[M^{-1} L^{3} T^{-1}\right]$
C. $\left[M^{-2} L^{3} T^{-2}\right]$
D. $\left[M^{-2} L^{-1} T^{3}\right]$

Answer: A
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49. The equivalent resistance between $A$ and $C$ of the given circuit , is

A. $8 \Omega$
B. $\frac{32}{12} \Omega$
C. $\frac{4}{3} \Omega$
D. $\frac{8}{3} \Omega$

## Answer: B::D

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50. A source is moving towards an observer with a speed of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and having frequency of 240 Hz . The observer is now moving towards the source with a speed of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

Apparent frequency heard by observer, if velocity of sound is $340 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, is
A. 268 Hz
B. 270 Hz
C. 360 Hz
D. 240 Hz

Answer: B

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51. Assertion (A): Centripetal force does no work.

Reason (R) : Force and displacement are perpendicular to each other
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of A.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

Answer: A

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52. Assertion (A): Skiers uses air glasses.

Reason(R) : Light reflected by snow is partially polarised.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

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53. Assertion (A) : LASER is used to measure distant object as moon.

Reason (R) : They are highly coherent source of light.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of A.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

Answer: A

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54. Assertion (A) : Work done in uniform circular motion is zero.

Reason (R) : Force is always directed along displacement.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

Answer: C
55. Assertion (A): At pole value of acceleration due to gravity $(\mathrm{g})$ is greater than that of equator.

Reason (R) : Earth rotates on its axis in addition to revolving round the sun.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A .
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A .

## C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false

D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

## Answer: A

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56. Assertion (A): During reverse, biasing a diode doesn't conduct current.

Reason (R) : It narrows the depletion layer.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of A.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

Answer: C

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57. Assertion (A) : On increasing the frequency
of light larger number of photoelectrons are emitted.

Reason (R) : The number of electrons emitted depends on the intensity of incident light.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A .
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of A .
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false

## D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

## Answer: D

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58. Assertion: soldiers are asked to break steps while crossing the bridge.

Reason: The frequency of marching may be equal to the natural frequency of bridge and may lead to resonance which can break the bridge.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of A.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

Answer: A

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59. Assertion (A) : The time period of revolution of a satellite around a planet is directly proportional to the radius of the orbit of the satellite.

Reason (R) : Artifical satellite do not follow Kepler's laws of planatory motion.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the
correct explanation of $A$.

## C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false

D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

## Answer: C

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60. Assertion : Electric appliances with metallic body, e.g. heaters, presses etc, have three pin connections, whereas an electric bulb has a two pin connection.

Reason : Three pin connection reduce heating of connecting cables.
A. If both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of A.
B. If both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is not the correct explanation of $A$.
C. If $A$ is true but $R$ is false
D. If $A$ is false but $R$ is true.

## Answer: C

$\square$

