



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - KVPY PREVIOUS YEAR

MOCK TEST 10

Exercise

1. Which series of reactions correctly represents chemical rections related to iron and its compounds

?

A.

$$Fe \stackrel{dil\,,H_2SO_4}{\longrightarrow} FeSO_4 \stackrel{H_2SO_4\,,O_2}{\longrightarrow} Fe_2(SO_4)_3 \stackrel{heat}{\longrightarrow} Fe$$

B.
$$Fe \xrightarrow{O_2,heat} FeO \xrightarrow{dil\,,H_2SO_4} FeSO_4 \xrightarrow{heat} Fe$$

C.
$$Fe \xrightarrow{Cl_2,heat} FeCl_3 \xrightarrow{heat,air} FeCl_2 \xrightarrow{Zn} Fe$$

D.
$$Fe \xrightarrow{O_2,heat} Fe_3O_4 \xrightarrow{CO,600^\circ C} FeO \xrightarrow{CO,700^\circ C} Fe$$

Answer:



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2. The coordination number, EAN of the central metal atom and geometry of the complex ion

obtained by adding $CuSO_4$ to excess of aqueous

KCN respectively, are

A. 4,35,
$$sp^2$$
 d

B. 6, 36, sp^3d^2

C. 4, 36, $sp^2\mathsf{d}$

D. 4, 35, sp^3

Answer:



3. A lead storage battery containing 5.0 L of 1N H_2SO_4 solution is operated for 9.65×10^5 s with a steady current of 100 mA. Assuming volume of the solution remaining constant, normality of H_2SO_4 will

A. remain unchanged

B. increases by 0.20

C. increase by unity

D. decrease by 0.40

Answer:



4. Chloroethene is treated with sodium amide in liquid ammonia. The major product is

A. o-Nitroaniline

B. p-Nitroaniline

C. m - Nitroaniline

D. All of these

Answer:



5. A solution contains Fe^{2+} , Fe^{3+} and T^{-} ions.

This solution was treated with iodine at $35^{\circ}C$. E°

for Fe^{3+}, Fe^{2+} is 0.77V and E° for $I_2/2I^-$ =

0.536 V. The favourable redox reaction is:

A. I_2 will be reduced to I^-

B. There will be no redox reaction

C. I^- will be oxidised to I_2

D. Fe^{2+} will be oxidised to Fe^{3+}

Answer:



6. A metal has an fcc latticed.The edge length of the unit cell is 404 pm .The density of the metal is $2.72g/cm^{-3}$.The molar mass of the metal is $(N_A$ Avogadro's constant $=6.2 imes 10^{23} mol^{-1})$

- A. 30 g mol^{-1}
- B. 27g mol^{-1}
- C. 20 g mol^{-1}
- D. $40g\ mol^{-1}$

Answer:



7. The volume of a colloidal particle V_C as compared to the volume of a solute particle in a true solution V_S could be

A.
$$\frac{V_C}{V_S} \widetilde{} 10^3$$

B.
$$\frac{V_C}{V_S} \widetilde{} 10^{-3}$$

c.
$$\frac{V_C}{V_S}$$
 $\widetilde{}$ 10^{23}

D.
$$\frac{V_C}{V_S}$$
 $\widetilde{}$ 1

Answer:



8. The total number of distinct naturally occuring amino acids obtained by complete acidic hydrolysis of the peptide shown below is

A. Two

B. Three

C. One

D. Four

Answer:

9. At temperature $327\,^{\circ}\,C$ and concentration C, the osmotic pressure of a solution is P. The same solution at concentration C/2 and a temperature $427^{\circ}C$ of shows osmotic pressure of 2 atm. The value of P will be:

$$\mathsf{A.}\ \frac{12}{7}$$

B.
$$\frac{24}{7}$$

C.
$$\frac{6}{5}$$
D. $\frac{5}{6}$

D.
$$\frac{3}{6}$$

Answer:



10. If Cl_2 gas is passed into aqueous solution of KI containing some CCl_4 and the mixture is shaken:

- A. upper layer becomes violet
- B. lower layer becomes violet
- C. homogenous violet layer is formed
- D. None of these

Answer:

11. Which of the following is not correct

A. P_4S_{10} exist like P_4O_{10} and P_4S_6 exist like $P_4O_6.$

B. In P_4S_3 , there exist 3P-S-P bond whereas in

 P_4S_5 , there exist four P-S-P bonds.

C. Both P_4S_{10} and P_4O_{10} have same structure

D. P_4S_3 is most stable sulphide of phosphorus.

Answer:



12. The compound isopentylnitrite is a source of NO^+ ions and will react with an amine to generate a diazonium cation. Predict the product of the following reaction sequence.

A.



В.



C



D.

$$\text{(d)} \bigcup_{H}^{O}$$

Answer:



13. On complete hydrogenation, natural rubber produces

A. ethylene-propylene copolymer

B. vulcanised rubber

C. polypropylene

D. polybutylene

Answer:



14. The solublity of hydroides, fluorides of oxalates of the metals of Group IIA

A. increases down the group

B. decreases down the group

C. varies randomly

D. is constant

Answer:



15. When nitrobenzene is treated with Br_2 in presence of $FeBr_3$, the major product formed is $m-{\sf bromo-nitrobenzene}$. Statement which is related to obtain the $m-{\sf isomer}$ is

A. the electron density on meta carbon is increased than that on ortho and para positions.

B. the intermediatecarbonium ion formed after initial attack of $Br^{\,+}$ at the meta position is least destabilised.

C. loss of aromaticity when Br^{+} attacks at the ortho and para positions and not at meta position.

D. easier loss of $H^{\,+}$ to regain aromaticity from the meta position than from ortho and para positions.

Answer:



16. The straight chain polymer (silicones) is formed by

A. hydrolysis of CH_3SiCl_3 followed by condensation polymerisation

B. hydrolysis of $(CH_3)_4Si$ by addition polymerisation

C. hydrolysis of ${(CH_3)}_2SiCl_2$ followed by condensation polymerisation

D. hydrolysis of $(CH_3)_3SiCl$ followed by condensation polymerisation

Answer:



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17. 1.30 cm^3 of N_2 gas at STP is adsorbed per gram of silica gel. The area occupied by nitrogen molecule is 0.16 nm^2 . What is the surface area per gram of silica gel?

$$\left(N_A = 6.023 imes 10^{23}
ight)$$

A.
$$1.6m^2g^{-1}$$

B.
$$5.568m^2g^{-1}$$

C.
$$3.48m^2g^{-1}$$

D.
$$4.42m^2g^{-1}$$

Answer:



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18. In the following reaction sequence:

$$I \xrightarrow{\text{KOH(aq)}} II \xrightarrow{\text{(i) CH}_3\text{MgBr}} III$$

$$C_3\text{H}_6\text{Cl}_2) \xrightarrow{\text{Cii) H}_2\text{O/H}^{\frac{1}{+}}} III$$

$$Anhy. ZnCl_2 + Conc. HCl \xrightarrow{\text{Gives turbidity immediately}}$$

The

compound I is:

A.

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(a)} & \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH} - \text{CH}_3 \\ & \text{I} & \text{I} \\ & \text{Cl} & \text{Cl} \end{array}$$

В.

C.

D.

Answer:



19. There are two radioactive substance A and B. Decay consant of B is two times that of A. Initially, both have equal number of nuceli. After n half-lives of A, rates of disintegaration of both are equal. The value of n is .

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. 5

Answer:



20. You are given an electron with a de-Broglie wavelength of $\lambda=76.3nm$. What is the Kelvin temperature of this electron?

A. 1.50

B. 2.00

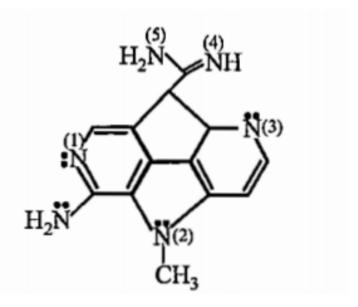
C. 2.50

D. 3.00

Answer:



21. The decreasing order of basic strength is



- A. igt vgtiiigtivgtii
- B. ivgtigtvgtiiigtii
- C. vgt ivgtigt iigtiii
- D. ivgtvgtiiigtigtii

Answer:



22. A tetrapeptide has -COOH group on alanine. This produces glycine (Gly), valine (Val), phenyl alanine (Phe) and alanine (Ala), on complete hydrolyses. For this tetrapeptide, the number of possible sequences (primary structures) with $-NH_2$ group attached to a chiral centre is

A. 8

B. 4

C. 5

D. 6

Answer:



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23. Which one of the following arrangements represents the correct order of electron gain enthalpy of the given atomic species?

A. NO^+ It NO It NO It O_2^-

B. O_2^- It NO^- It NO It NO^+

C. NO^- It O_2^- ItNO It NO^+

D. $NO < NO^+ < O_2^- < NO^-$

Answer:



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24. The standard heat of formation values of $SF_6(g),\,S(g),\,$ and F(g) are $-1100,\,275,\,$ and $80kJmol^{-1},\,$ respectively. Then the average S-F bond enegry in SF_6

A. 309kJ

- B. 315kJ
- C. 320kJ
- D. 300kJ

Answer:

