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India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - KVPY PREVIOUS YEAR

## MOCK TEST 3

Exercise

1. Which of the following arrangements does
not represent the correct order of the property stated against it?
A. $V^{2+}<\mathrm{Cr}^{2+}<\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}<\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ :

## Paramagnetic behaviour

B. $\mathrm{Ni}^{2+}<\mathrm{Co}^{2+}<\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}<\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ : Ionic
size
C. $\mathrm{Co}^{3+}<\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}<\mathrm{Cr}^{3+}<\mathrm{Sc}^{3+}$ :

Stability in aqueous solution
D. $S c)<T i<C r=$ Mnlt $\quad$ Number of
oxidation states

## Answer:

2. An excess of liquid mercury is added to an acidicfied solution of $1.0 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{MFe}^{3+}$. It is
found that $5 \%$ of $\mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ remains at equilibrium at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate
$E^{c-} \cdot\left(\mathrm{Hg}_{2}^{2+} \mid \mathrm{Hg}\right)$ assuming that the only reaction that occurs is
$2 \mathrm{Hg}+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{3+} \rightarrow \mathrm{Hg}_{2}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$
Given : $E^{c-} \cdot\left(F^{3+} \mid F e^{2+}\right)=0.77 V$
A. 0.85 V
B. 0.79 V

## C. 0.65 V

D. 0.35 V

## Answer:

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3. In the following monobromination reaction,
the number of possible chiral products is


(1.0 mole)
(enantiomerically pure)
A. Two
B. Three
C. Five
D. Seven

## Answer:

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4. Which one of the following orders presents
the correct sequence of the increasing basic nature of the given oxides?
A. $\mathrm{A1}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}<\mathrm{MgO}<\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{MgO}<\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{A1}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}<\mathrm{Na} a_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{MgO}<\mathrm{A1}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}<\mathrm{A1}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}<\mathrm{MgO}$

## Answer:

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5. Vapour pressure of solution containing 6 g of a non-volatile solute in 180 g water is 20.0

Torr. If 1 mole water is further added vapour
pressure increases by 0.02. The ratio of vapour pressure of water and molecular weight of non-volatile solute is
A. 0.2
B. 0.8
C. 0.4
D. 0.5

## Answer:

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6. The density of gold is $19 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$. If $1.9 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~g}$ of gold is dispersed in one litre of water to give a sol having spherical gold particles of radius 10 nm then the number of gold particles per $m m^{3}$ of the sol will be:
A. $1.9 \times 10^{12}$
B. $6.3 \times 10^{14}$
C. $6.3 \times 10^{10}$
D. $2.4 \times 10^{6}$

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7. At $27^{\circ} C$, hydrogen is leaked through a tiny
hole into a vessel for 20 min . Another unknown gas at the same temperature and pressure as that of hydrogen is leaked through the same hole for 20 min . After the effusion of the gases, the mixture exerts a pressure of 6 atm . The hydrogen content of the mixture is 0.7 mol . If the volume of the container is $3 L$, what is the molecular weight of the unknown gas?
A. 516
B. 2066
C. 5033
D. 1033

Answer:

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8. Calculate $\Delta G^{\circ}$ for the reaction :
$C u^{2+}(a q)+F e(s) \Leftrightarrow F e^{2+}(a q)+C u(s)$.

Given that $E^{\circ} C u^{2+} / C u=0.34 V$,

$$
E_{F e^{+2} / F e}^{\circ}=-0.44 V
$$

A. 180.55 kJ
B. 140.35 kJ
C. -130.15 kJ
D. -150.51 kJ

Answer:

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9. If enthalpies of methane and enthane are
respectively 320 and 560 calories, then the bond energy of C-C bond is :
A. 50 calories
B. 80 calories
C. 40 calories
D. 120 calories

Answer:

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10. A sample of 16 g charcoal was brought into
contact with $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ gas contained in a vessel of

1 litre at $27^{\circ} C$. The pressure of gas was found
to fall from 760 to 608 torr. The density of
chacoal sample is $1.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$. What is the
volume of the $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ gas adsorbed per gram of
the adsorbent at 608 torr and $27^{\circ} C$ ?
A. $125 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{g}$
B. $16.25 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{g}$
C. $25 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{g}$

## D. None of these

## Answer:

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11. In which of the following pairs, there is greatest difference in the oxidation number of the underlined elements ?
A. $\underline{\mathrm{NO}} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\underline{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$

$$
\text { B. } \underline{P}_{2} O_{5} \text { and } \underline{P}_{4} O_{10}
$$

## C. $\underline{N}_{2} O$ and $\underline{N O}$

D. $\underline{S} O_{2}$ and $\underline{S} O_{3}$

## Answer:

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12. Among the following series of transition metal ions, the one where all metal ions have $3 d^{2}$ electronic configuration is:

$$
\text { A. } T i^{3+}, V^{2+}, C r^{3+}, M n^{4+}
$$

B. $T i^{+}, V^{4+}, C r^{6+}, M n^{7+}$
C. $\mathrm{Ti}^{4+}, \mathrm{V}^{3+}, \mathrm{Cr}^{2+}, \mathrm{Mn}^{3+}$
D. $\mathrm{Ti}^{2+}, \mathrm{V}^{3+}, \mathrm{Cr}^{4+}, \mathrm{Mn}^{5+}$

## Answer:

## D Watch Video Solution

13. The hydroxyl compound that gives a precipitate immediately when treated with concentrated HCl and anhydrous $\mathrm{ZnCl}_{2}$ is:
A. 3-methyl-2-butanol
B. 3-methyl-1-butanol
C. 1-butanol
D. 2-methyl-2-butanol

## Answer:

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14. The radii of $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$and $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ions are 95 pm and 181 pm respectively. The edge length of NaCl unit cell is
A. 276 pm
B. 138 pm
C. 552 pm
D. 415 pm

## Answer:

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15. A metal oxide has the formula $Z_{2} O_{3}$. It can be reduced by hydrogen to give free metal and water . 0.1596 g of the metal oxide requires 6
mg of hydrogen for complete reduction. The atomic weight of the metal is
A. 27.9
B. 159.6
C. 79.8
D. 55.8

Answer:

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16. Consider the following reactions in which
all the reactants and the products are in
gaseous state.
$2 P Q \Leftrightarrow P_{2}=Q_{2}, K_{1}=2.5 \times 10^{5}$
$\left.P Q+1 / 2 R_{2} \Leftrightarrow P Q R, K_{92}\right)=5 \times 10^{-3}$
The value of $K_{2}$ for the equilibrium
$1 / 2 P_{2}+1 / 2 Q_{2}+1 / 2 R_{2} \Leftrightarrow P Q R$, is
A. $2.5 \times 10^{-3}$
B. $2.5 \times 10^{3}$
C. $1.0 \times 10^{-5}$

## D. $5 \times 10^{3}$

## Answer:

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17. Two beaker A and B present in a closed vessel. Beaker A contains 152.4 g aqueous solution of urea, containing 12 g of urea. beaker B contains 196.2 g glucose solution, containing 15 g of glucose. Both solutions
allowed to attain the equilibrium. The mass \% of glucose in its solution at equilibrium is
A. 6.71
B. 14.49
C. 16.94
D. 13.63

Answer:
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18. A certain buffer solution contains equal concentration of $X^{-}$and HX. The $K_{b}$ for $X^{-}$ is $10^{-10}$. The pH of the buffer is:
A. 4
B. 7
C. 10
D. 14

Answer:

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19. Among the following compounds, the one
that gets hydrolysed to form metallic
hydroxide, hydrogen peroxide and oxygen is
A. $N a_{2} O$
B. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
C. $L i_{2} O$
D. $K O_{2}$

Answer:

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20. Which of the following pair of complexes
have the same EAN of the central metal atoms/ions?
A. $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right] \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{K}_{3}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{4}\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]$ and $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{C1}_{3}$
C. $K_{3}\left[\operatorname{Cr}\left(C_{2} O_{4}\right)_{3}\right]$
and

$$
\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right] \mathrm{C} 1\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{2}
$$

D. All of the above

Answer:
21. Three elements $X, Y$ and $Z$ have atomic numbers 19,37 and 55 respectively. Then the correct statements (s) is / are
A. Their ionization potential would increase
with increasing atomic number
B. $Y^{\prime}$ would have an ionisation potential
between those of ' $X$ ' and ' $Z$ '
C.Z' would have the highest ionization
potential
D. $Y^{\prime}$ would have the highest ionization
potential

Answer:

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## 22.


$Z$ is
A. a single compound
B. a mixture of two compounds
C. a mixture of three compounds
D. a mixture of four compounds

Answer:

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23. The relatioship among the following pairs of isomers is :


$I \quad \mathrm{~A}:$ Consitutional
II B: Cconfigurational
III C:Conformational
IV D:Optical
A. I-A,II-B,III-B,IV-D
B. I-A,II-A,III-B,IV-D
C. I-B,II-A,III-B,IV-D
D. I-B,II-B,III-B,IV-B

## Answer:

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24. On adding ammonium hydroxide solution to $A 1_{2}\left(S O_{4}\right)_{3}(a q)$
A. a precipitate is formed which does not
dissolve in excess of ammonium
hydroxide

# B. a precipitate is formed which dissolves 

 in excess of ammonium hydroxideC. no precipitate is formed
D. None of these

Answer:

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