

CHEMISTRY

JEE (MAIN AND ADVANCED) CHEMISTRY

CHEMISTRY IN EVERYDAY LIFE

Level I Exercise

1. The treatment of diseases by using drugs is

known as

- A. physiotherapy
- B. magneto therapy
- C. chemotherapy
- D. occupuncture

Answer: C



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2. The classification of drugs in the following manner is most convenient for doctors

- A. Based on pharmacological effect
- B. Based on drug action
- C. Based on chemical structure
- D. Based on molecular targets

Answer: A



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3. Molecular mass of drugs usually is in the range of

A.
$$10-100\mu$$

B.
$$100-500\mu$$

C.
$$500-1000\mu$$

D.
$$1000-10000\mu$$

Answer: B



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4. An ideal drug should not have the following quality

- A. Be toxic
- B. Be localised at invading gland.
- C. Have to lerable side effects
- D. Not injure host cells

Answer: A



- 5. The following can be a drug target
 - A. Nucleic acid

- B. Paracetmol
- C. Omeprazole
- D. Terfenadine

Answer: A



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6. The main bonding between enzyme and inhibitor is

A. Hydrogen bond

- B. Ionic bond
- C. van der Waals attractions
- D. Strong covalent bond

Answer: D



- 7. The following is not an antacid
 - A. Baking soda
 - B. Magnesite

- C. Omeprazole
- D. Terfenadine

Answer: D



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8. Secretion of HCl in the stomach is stimulated by

- A. Histamine
- B. Dopamine

- C. Noradrenaline
- D. Serotonine

Answer: A



- **9.** The following anti histamine does not act as antacid
 - A. Terfenadine
 - B. Lansoprazole

- C. Cimitidine
- D. Rantidine

Answer: A



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10. Histamine causes

- A. Allergic response to pollen
- B. Secreation of acid in stomach
- C. Nasal congestion

D. All the above

Answer: D



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11. Ranitidine is a

A. Antihistamine

B. Antacid

C. Analgesic drug

D. Tranquiliser

Answer: A::B



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- 12. Luminal, a barbiturate drug is used as a /an
 - A. Antihistamine
 - **B.** Sedative
 - C. Antiseptic
 - D. Antimalarial

Answer: B

13. For the relief of post operative pains, cardiac pains, suitable analgesic is _____

A. Codeine

B. Aspirin

C. Ibuprofen

D. Any non - addictive analgesics

Answer: A

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- **14.** Drug which helps to reduce anxiety
 - A. Tranquiliser
 - **B.** Diuretic
 - C. Analgesic
 - D. Antihistamine

Answer: A



15. Wh	nich o	of the	follov	ving	is	used	for	inducii	ng
sleep	?								

- A. Paracetamol
- B. Chloroquine
- C. Bithional
- D. Barbituric acid derivatives

Answer: D



16. Which of the following is the a tranquilizer?
A. Luminal
B. Seconal
C. Equanil

D. All the three

Answer: D



17. Barbituric acid and its derivatives are well known as

- A. Tranquillizers
- B. Antiseptics
- C. Antibiotics
- D. Analgesics

Answer: A



18. The substances which affect the central nervous system and induce sleep are called

- A. antipyretics
- B. tranquilizers
- C. analgesics
- D. antiseptic

Answer: B



19. Which of the following is a neuro transmitter?

A. Dopamine

B. Noradrenaline

C. Serotonine

D. All the above

Answer: D



20. The enzyme which catalyses the degradation of noradrenaline can be inhibited by

- A. Iproniazid
- B. KBr
- C. Ibuprofen
- D. Barbituric acid

Answer: A



21. The properties of LSD are similar t	erties of LSD are similar t	το
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- A. Serotonine
- B. Mescacine
- C. Adrenaline
- D. All

Answer: D



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22. The following can act as only sedative but not hypnotic

- A. Thiopentone
- B. KBr
- C. Barbiturates
- D. Barbituric acid

Answer: B



23. The condensation product of malonyl dichloride and urea in presence of $POCl_3$ is

- A. Barbituric acid
- B. Ibuprofen
- C. Codine
- D. Pencilline

Answer: A



24.	Barbiturates	exert	deppressant	action	on

- A. Gut
- B. Heart
- C. Cerebrospinal axis
- D. All the above

Answer: C



25. An antipyretic drug on prolonged usage causes irreversible kidney damage. It is

- A. Aspirin
- **B. Paracetmol**
- C. Phenacetin
- D. Pencilline

Answer: C



26. The following step is not involved in the preparation of phenacetin from p - nitrophenol.

- A. Ethylation
- B. Reduction
- C. Acetylation
- D. Hydrolysis

Answer: A



27. The following steps are involved in the conversion of isobutyl benzene into ibuprofen.

A) Reduction B) acetylation C) Hydrolysis D)

Addition of HCN

The correct sequence is_____

A.BACD

B. B D A C

C. A C B D

D. D C B A

Answer: B

28. I) Aspirin is an acetyl derivative of ohydroxy benzoic acid

II) In aspirin acetyl group is substituted in the place of phenolic hydrogen

A. only II is correct

B. I & II are correct

C. II is correct

D. both are false

Answer: B



- **29.** Identify the non-narcotic analgesic from the following
 - A. Diazepam
 - B. Ibuprofen
 - C. Formalin
 - D. Terpineol

Answer: B



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30. Which of the following can possibly be used as analgesic without causing addiction and any modification ?

- A. Morphine
- B. Diazepam
- C. N- Acetyl para-aminophenol
- D. Tetrahydrocatechol

Answer: C



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31. 2-Acetoxy benzoic acid can be used as

A. Antiseptic

B. Analgesic

C. Antibiotic

D. Mordant dye

Answer: B

32. Substances which relieve body pains are termed as

A. antipyretics

B. antibiotics

C. analgesics

D. antimalarials

Answer: C



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33. The drug given during hypertension is

A. Streptomycin

B. Chloroxylenol

C. Equanil

D. Aspirin

Answer: C



34. Ibuprofen is a

A. non-narcotic drug

B. antibiotic drug

C. analgesic drug

D. 1 and 3

Answer: D



35. Which one of the following compounds gives aspirin on reacting with acetic anhydride in the presence of cone H_2SO_4 ?



Answer: B



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36. Substances which bring down the body temperature during fever are known as

A. antibiotics

- B. analgesics
- C. antipyretics
- D. antimalarial

Answer: C



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37. Paracetamol is

A. acetyl derivative of orthohydroxy

benzoic acid

- B. acetyl derivative of p-amino phenol
- C. acetyl derivative of benzoic acid
- D. acetyl derivative of para hydroxy benzoic acid



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38. Functional groups in aspirin are

A. carboxylic acid

- B. ester
- C. alcohol
- D. 1 and 2

Answer: D



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39. The drug used for prevention of heart attacks is

A. Aspirin

- B. Valium
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Cephalsoprin



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40. Which of the following is a natural product

?

A. Asparine

- B. Ibuprofen
- C. Morphine
- D. Paracetmol

Answer: C



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41. Codeine can be obtained from morphine by treating with

A. Acetic anhydride

B. Glacial acetic acid

C. Phenyl trimethyl ammonium hydroxide

D. Sn + HCl

Answer: C



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42. Which of the following is an addictive drug

?

A. Papaverine

- B. Pencilline
- C. Sulphadiazine
- D. Aspirin



- **43.** An example for coal tar analgesic
 - A. Acetanilide
 - B. Aniline

- C. Analgin
- D. Acetanilide + aniline

Answer: D



- **44.** The following Antipyretic is least toxic
 - A. aniline
 - B. o amino phenol
 - C. p amino phenol

D. m - amino phenol

Answer: C



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45. Tincture of iodine (2-3% I_2 in water/alcohol) is

A. Antiseptic

B. Disinfectant

C. Analgesic

D. Antipyretic

Answer: A



- **46.** Sulpha drugs are derivatives of
 - A. Benzene sulphonic acid
 - B. Sulphanilic acid
 - C. Sulphanilamide
 - D. P- aminobenzoic acid

Answer: C



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47. The following drugs canot be considered as anti-microbials

- A. Antiseptic
- B. Antipyretic
- C. Antibiotic
- D. Disinfectant

Answer: B



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- 48. Biological specimens can be preserved in
 - A. Formalin
 - B. Dettol
 - C. Boric acid
 - D. Chlorine water

Answer: A

- 49. Urinary infections can be cured by using
 - A. Chloramphenicol
 - B. Novestrol
 - C. Sulphadiazine
 - D. Dysidazirine



50. A class of drugs useful to inhibit the pathogenic action of microbes are called.

- A. Antimicrobials
- B. Analgesic
- C. Antipyretics
- D. Tranquilizers

Answer: A



51.	The	foll	owing	antibiotic	is	Bacteriostatic.
— •••	1110	1011	CVVIIIS	arreibioeic	1	Ducter 105 tatic.

- A. Erythromycin
- B. Amoxycillin
- C. Boric acid
- D. Tincture of Iodine



52. The following is disinfectant under high concentration but antiseptic under low concentration.

- A. Phenol
- B. BHT
- C. BHA
- D. Novestrol

Answer: A



53. Molecular formula of pencillin is $C_9H_{11}O_4N_2SR$. The incorrect matching is.

A. R = Benzyl penicillin ----- penicillin G

B. R = $CH_2-C_6H_4-OH$ ----- penicillin X

C. R = pent - 2 - enyl ----- amyl penicillin

D. $R = \left(CH_2
ight)_6 - CH_2$ ----- n - heptyl penicillin

Answer: C



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54. Which one is a broad spectruin antibiotic?

A. Chloramphenicol

B. Penicillin

C. Phenol

D. Formalin

Answer: A



55. 0.2 percent solution of phenol is a/an

A. antiseptic

B. disinfectant

C. antibiotic

D. antifertility drug

Answer: A



56. Which of the following is not an antiseptic drug?

A. furacine

B. dettol

C. gammexane

D. soframycine

Answer: C



57. Antiseptic app	lied on	the	tissue	is
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- A. Soframycine
- **B.** Novestrol
- C. Sulphanilamide
- D. Pencillin



- A. Antifertility drug
- B. Artificial sweetening agent
- C. Disinfectant DTU
- D. Antiseptic

Answer: C



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59. Amoxycillin is semi synthetic modification of

- A. Penicillin
- B. Streptomycin
- C. Tetracycline
- D. Chloraampheniol



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60. Arsenic drugs are mainly used in the treatment of

- A. Jaundice
- B. Typhoid
- C. Syphilis
- D. Cholera

Answer: C



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61. Salvarsan is having similarity in structure as that of

- A. azodye
- B. penicillin
- C. ofloxacin
- D. chloramphenicol



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62. The anti oxidants for wine are

A. $SO_2\&SO_3^{-2}$

B.BHT&BHA

C. Citric acid

D. Tetrazine

Answer: A



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63. Metabolism of C_6H_5COONa finally excreated as

A. Benzene

- B. Hippuric acid
- C. BHT
- D. BHA

Answer: B



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64. The following substance is more reactive towards oxygen than food meterial

A. Antioxidant

- B. Food colour
- C. Food sweetner
- D. Food nutrients



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65. Control of sweetness of food is difficult with

A. Asparatame

- B. Sucrolose
- C. Fructose
- D. Alitame

Answer: D



- 66. Sucrolose structure is similar to
 - A. Saccharin
 - B. Sucrose

- C. Fructose
- D. Glucose

Answer: B



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67. More number of peptide bonds are present in

- A. alitame
- B. aspartame

- C. saccharin
- D. sucralose

Answer: B



- **68.** More sweeteners among the following
 - A. Aspartame
 - B. Saccharin
 - C. Sucralose

D. Alitame

Answer: D



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69. Which of the following artifical sweetner is a chloroderivative of dissacharide ?

A. Alitame

B. Aspartane

C. Sucralose

D. Saccharine

Answer: C



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70. The artificial sweetner aspartame is the methyl ester of the dipeptide

- A. Glycylalanine
- B. Aspartyl phenyl alanine
- C. Phenyl alanyl aspartic acid

D. Alanyl glycine

Answer: B



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71. The trivial names are given in list - I and their chemical names are given in list – II. Match the following

List - I A) aspirin 1) \(\alpha = \text{methyl} - 4 - (2 - \text{methyl} \) propyl) benzene acetic acid B) ibuprofen 2) p-hydroxy benzyl penicillin C) paracetamol 3) N-(4-hydroxyphenyl) acetamide D) penicillin-III 4) acetyl salicylic acid 5) orthosulphobenzimide The correct match is A B C D A B C D 1) 4 1 5 2 2 2) 3 2 4 1



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72. List I contains common names and list-II contains chemical names.

```
List - I

A) penicillin F

B) penicillin G

C) penicillin X

D) phenacetin

The correct match is

A B C D

1) 4 2 1 5 2) 4 2 5 1
3) 2 1 5 3 4) 3 5 2 1
```



73. Penicillin is the name given to a group of natural compounds, with a formula

$C_9H_{11}O_4N_2SR$.

A)
$$R = -CH_{2}-O-C_{n}H_{s}$$

B)
$$R = -(CH_2)_6 - CH_3$$

C)
$$R = -CH_3 - C_6H_5$$

List - II

- 1) n-amyl penicillin
- 2) benzyl penicillin
- 3) n-heptyl penicillin
- 4) p hydroxy benzyl penicillin
- 5) phenoxymethyl penicillin

The correct match is

	A	В	C	D
1)	5	3	2	4
		_		_



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74. The antiseptic used in good quality soaps

4)

is

A. Lysol

B. Bithional

C. Boric acid

D. Salol

Answer: B



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75. List-I contains the names of compounds and list-II contains their functions.

Match the following

List - 1 A) heroin B) aspirin C) analgin D) barbituric acid				List - II 1) used as artificial sweetener 2) used as analgesic and antipyretic 3) to suppress headache, discomfort and fever due to cold 4) induces sleep in presence of pain 5) used to prepare sedatives and hypnotics						
	'A	В	C	D		Α	В	C	D	
1)	4	3	1	2	2)	1	2	4	3	
3)	4	3	2	5	4)	2	1	5	4	



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76. Histidine can be converted into histamine by

- A. Decarboxylation of histidine
- B. Dehydration of histidine

- C. Decarboxylation of histamine
- D. Dehydrohalogenation of histamine

Answer: A



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77. Naturally occurring lphaaminoacid, histidine

is___in nature

- A. Acidic
- B. Basic

- C. Amphoteric
- D. Neutral

Answer: B



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78. In shaving soaps rapid drying is prevented by adding

- A. Rosin
- B. Glycerol

- C. Borax
- D. Finely divided sand

Answer: B



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79. Liquid dishwashing detergents contain

- A. non-ionic detergents
- B. cationic detergents
- C. anionic detergents

D. sodium carbonate

Answer: A



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80. Structurally biodegradable detergent should contain

- A. Unbranched alkyl chain
- B. Branched alkyl chain
- C. Phenyl side chain

D. Cyclohexyl side chain

Answer: A



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81. Which of the following represents a synthetic detergent?

A. $C_{15}H_{31}COOK$

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CH_3[CH_2]_{16}COONa$

C. C₁₂H₂₅-O-S(),Na

D. None of these

Answer: C



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Level Ii Lecture Sheet Exercise I

1. Which of the following is not a bacterio static antibiotic?

A. Erythromycin

- B. Tetracycline
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Penicillin

Answer: D



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2. Streptomycin, a well known antibiotic, is a derivative of

A. Peptides

- B. Carbohydrates
- C. Purines
- D. Terpenes

Answer: B



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3. The structure given below is known as

A. Pennicillin F

B. Penicillin G

C. Penicillin K

D. Ampicillin

Answer: B



4. A substance produced by the micro organism which can inhibit the growth of other micro organism is called

- A. Antiseptic
- B. Antibiotic
- C. Antimicrobial
- D. Disinfectant

Answer: B



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- **5.** Microbes can be killed by using
 - A. Penicillin

- B. Tetracycine
- C. Chloramphenicol
- D. Vancomycin

Answer: A::D



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6. The drug that is effective in the treatment of typhoid is

A. novalgin

- B. quinine
- C. chloramphenicol
- D. paracetamol

Answer: C



- **7.** A broad spectrum antibiotic is
 - A. Paracetamol
 - B. Penicillin-G

- C. Aspirin
- D. Chloramphenicol

Answer: D



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8. Barbituric acid is a condensation product of

A and B. A, B are:

- A. 1. H_2NCONH_2 , HO_2C-CO_2H
- B. 2. H_2NCONH_2 , $ClCOCH_3$

C. 3. $H_2N - NH_2$, $ClCOCH_2COCl$

D. 4. H_2NCONH_2 , $ClOCCH_2COCl$

Answer: D



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9. Parkinson's disease is linked to abnormalties in the levels of dopamine in the body. The structure of dopamine is

Answer: C



- 10. The incorrect statement in the following is
 - A. To accomodate messenger, shape of the receptor site changes
 - B. The chemical messenger gives message to the cell by entering into the cell
 - C. Antagonists inhibit the natural function of receptor
 - D. The drugs that imitate the natural messengers are called agonists

Answer: B



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11. $Mg(OH)_2 + Al(OH)_3$ Mixture is better antacid than $NaHCO_3$ because

A. $NaHCO_3$ Solubilty in water is less than

 $Mg(OH)_3 \& Al(OH)_3$

B. $Al(OH)_3 \ {
m and} \ Mg(OH)_2$ are insoluble in water , these donot raise P^H beyond

C. Less acid will be produced due to ${\rm excessive} \ HCO_3^-$

D. $NaHCO_3$ is stomach irritant

Answer: A::D



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12. Detergents are prepared by the action of H_2SO_4 followed by neutralization by starting with

- A. Cholesterol
- B. Lauryl alcohol
- C. Cyclohexanol
- D. p-Nitrophenol

Answer: B



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13. The group commonly present in synthetic detergents is

A. Rna

B. RONa

C. RCOONa

D. $RC_6H_4SO_3Na$

Answer: D



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14. Which one of the following is not a surfactant?

CH₃ -(CH₂)₁₅ - N - CH₃Br - CH₃

B.
$$CH_3 - (CH_2)_{14} - CH_2NH_2$$

C.
$$CH_3-(CH_2)_{16}CH_2OSO_2^-Na^+$$

D.

$$OHC - (CH_2)_{14} - CH_2 - COO^-Na^+$$

Answer: B



15. Which of the following is an anionic detergent?

A.
$$CH_3(CH_2)_{10}CH_2OSO_3Na$$

B.
$$C_6H_5SO_3Na$$

C.
$$C_6H_5Na$$

D.
$$C_6H_5CO_3Na$$

Answer: A



16. Transparent soaps made by dissolving soap in

A. rosin

B. sodium carbonate

C. trisodium phosphate

D. ethanol

Answer: D



17. Anionic detergent is a

- A. sodium lauryl sulphate
- B. cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- C. glyceryl palmitate
- D. glyceryl Oleate

Answer: A



18. Anti allergy drugs are

- A. Antimicrobials
- **B.** Antihistamines
- C. Antivirals
- D. Antifungals

Answer: B



19. The following antihistamine, can acts as anti allergic

A. Brompheniramine

B. Cimitidine

C. Rantidine

D. Paracetmol

Answer: A



20. Which of the following is a acetyl derivative
of morphine ?

- A. Heroin
- B. Codeine
- C. Phenacetine
- D. Analgin

Answer: A



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21. The addictive property of narcotic drugs is mainly due to their ability to produce

- A. Euphoria
- B. Blood clotting
- C. Mental disorderd
- D. Hyper acidity

Answer: A



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22. Aspirin is acetyl salicylic acid, the pair of functional groups present in the compound is

- A. Hydroxyl, ester
- B. Carboxylic acid, hydroxyl
- C. Carboxylic acid, keto
- D. Carboxylic acid, ester

Answer: D



23. Which of the following does not provide any calories and stable even at cooking temperature?

A. Surcose

B. Sucralose

C. Aspartame

D. Sodium benzoaate

Answer: B



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Level Ii Lecture Sheet Exercise Ii More Than One Correct Answer Questions

1. Drugs possesing same structural features will have

A. Same mechanism of action

B. Similar physiological and psycological effect

C. Similar phormocological effect

D. Same expiry date.

Answer: A::B::C



- **2.** The substrate will be binded to the active site of the enzyme through
 - A. Ionic binding
 - B. Hydogen bonding
 - C. van der Waals interactions
 - D. Dipole-dipole interactions

Answer: A::B::C::D



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- 3. Enzyme inhibitors may attack on
 - A. Active site of enzyme
 - B. Allosteric site of enzyme
 - C. Tongue
 - D. Stomach walls

Answer: A::B

4. The chemical messengers transport message between

A. Neuron to neuron

B. Neuron to to muscles

C. Enzyme to receptor are

D. Enzyme to enzyme

Answer: A::B::C



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- 5. Chemically Herion is
 - A. Morphinediacetate
 - B. Morphine dibenzoate
 - C. Norcotic drug
 - D. Morphinemonobenzoate

Answer: A::B



6.	The	following	opiate	can	be	used	as
an	alges	ic					

- A. Codeine
- B. Phenacetine
- C. Asparine
- D. Heroin

Answer: A::D



7. Morphine is used as an

A. Antipyritic

B. antiseptic

C. Analgesic

D. Pain Killer

Answer: C::D



8. Which of the following is used as a local anaesthetic agent?

A. Cocaine

B. Ethyl chloride

C. Mescaline

D. Seconal

Answer: A::B



- 9. Dettol is a mixture of
 - A. chloroxylenol and terpineol
 - B. Used as Antiseptic
 - C. Insecticde
 - D. Boric acid and bithional

Answer: A::B



10. Which of the following statements is not true?

A. Some disinfectants can be used as antiseptics at low concentration

B. Sulphadiazine is a synthetic antibacterial

C. Ampicillin is semi synthetic antibiotic

D. Asprin is only analgesic

Answer: D



11. Aqueous ethanolic solution of 2-3% lodine is

A. Antiseptic

B. Tincture of iodine

C. Antihistamine

D. Antifertility drug

Answer: B



12. Phenol is used as

- A. an antiseptic
- B. a disinfectant
- C. Antipyritic
- D. a styptic

Answer: A::B



13. Which of the following is used as an anti septic

A. Phenol

B. Chloroform

C. Benzalamine

D. Malic anhydride

Answer: A::B



14. Norethindrone is an example of

A. synthetic testosterone

B. synthetic progestrone derivative

C. preservative

D. Birth controlling agent

Answer: B::D



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15. Birth control pills essentially contains

- A. synthetic estrogen
- B. synthetic progesterone
- C. Testosteron
- D. prontosil

Answer: A::B



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16. Which of the following drugs is a tranquilizer and sedative?

- A. Sulphadiazine
- B. Papaverine
- C. Equanil
- D. Veronal

Answer: C::D



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17. Some statements are given below

- A. Chlordiazepoxide and meprobamate are relatively mild tranquilizers suitable for relieving tension
- B. Equanil is used in controlling depression and Hypertension
- C. If the level of Noradrenaline is low then the person suffers from depression
- D. Iproniazid contains heterocyclic ring
 where as phenelzine contains
 homocyclic rin Correct statements are

Answer: A::B::C::D



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18. Which is true for a detergent molecule?

A. It has a non-polar organic part and a polar group

- B. It is not easily biodegraded
- C. It is sodium salt of a fatty acid
- D. It is a surface active reagent

Answer: A::B::D



- 19. The correct statement in the following is
 - A. floating soaps are obtained by beating tiny air bubbles before their hardening
 - B. laundry soaps contain sodium resonate
 - C. colours and perfumes are added to the toilet soaps to make attractive

D. synthetic detergents are cleaning agents

but not having properties of soap

Answer: A::B::C



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20. Which of the following is not an antihistamine?

A. Chloropheniramine

B. Dimetap

- C. Seconal
- D. Equanil

Answer: C::D



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21. Which of the following is an artificial sweetner?

- A. Sucralose
- B. Alitame

C. Saccharin

D. Sucrose

Answer: A::B::C



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Level Ii Lecture Sheet Exercise Iii Match The Following Questions

1. Match the following questions

List - I

- A) Antipyretic
- B) Laxative
- C) Hypnotic
- D) Both analgesic & Antipyretic

The correct match is

List - II

- 1) Epsom salt
- II) Chloretone
- III) Paracetamol
- IV) Aspirin



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2. Match the following questions

List - I

- A) Iodoform
- B) Dil.aq.Boric acid
- C) Penicillin-G
- D) Chloramphenicol

List II

- 1) Narrow spectrum antibiotic
- II) Weak antiseptic for eyes
- III) Antiseptic for wounds
- IV) Broad spectrum antiboitic



3. Match the following questions

List - I

- A) Iodoform
- B) Methyl salicylate
- C) Diethyl ether
- D) Hexachlorocylohexane

List - II

- 1) Anaesthetic
- II) Antiseptic
- III) InsecticideIV) Detergent
- V) Pain balm



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Level li Lecture Sheet Exercise ly Integer Answer
Type Questions

1. No. of π bond present in Norethindrone



2. No. of chlorine atoms in Bithonol



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3. No. of acidic hydrogen in Barbuteric acid



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4. No. of π bonds present in Aspirine



5. No. of 'N' atoms present in Novalgin



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Practice Sheet 1 Single Answer Questions

1. A medicine which promotes the secretion of urine is called

A. ureic

B. mono ureic

- C. diuretic
- D. triuretic

Answer: C



- **2.** One of the most widely used drug in medicine iodex is
 - A. Methyl Salicylate
 - B. Ethyl Salicylate

- C. Acetyl Salicylic acid
- D. O-Hydroxyl benzoic acid



- 3. The drug used as an antidepressant is
 - A. Luminal
 - B. tofranil
 - C. Mescaline

D. Sulphadiazine

Answer: B



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4. Which of the following is molecular disease

A. Cancer

B. sugar

C. B.P

D. Allergy



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5. Deficiency of insulin given rise to excessive amount of glucose in the blood and urine and causes

A. diabetics

B.B.P

C. heart problem

D. All



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6. The phenolic derivative used in mouth wash is

- A. n- hexyl resorcinol
- B. penta chloro phenol
- C. hexachloro phenol
- D. Thymol



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- 7. The odour constituent of apples is
 - A. propanol
 - B. Acetal dehydre
 - C. pentanone
 - D. 2 hexanol

Answer: A



Practice Sheet 1 One Or More Answer Questions

1. Which of the following is used as an antioxidant in food

A. BTX

B. BHT

C. BHA

D. All of these

Answer: B::C



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2. Which of the following is used as an antacid?

A.
$$Mg(OH)_2$$

B.
$$Na_2CO_3$$

C.
$$NaHCO_3$$

D. Aluminium phasphate

Answer: A::C::D



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- 3. Which of the following are antibiotics?
 - A. Tetracycline
 - B. Neomycin
 - C. Carbo mycine
 - D. Cyclohexane

Answer: A::B::C

4. Which of the following is an alkaloid

A. Nicotine

B. Piperine

C. Codeine

D. Anthracine

Answer: A::B::C



5. Measles	is	а	disease	which	belongs	to	the
category is	?						

- A. Viral disease
- B. bacterial disease
- C. Veneral disese
- D. Prozoan disease



6. Which of the following is a chlorinated insecticide?

A. DDT

B. Methoxy chloro

C. Pavathion

D. B.H.C

Answer: A::B::C



7. Oral	contraceptive drugs	contain

- A. Mestanol
- B. Norethin drone
- C. Equinal
- D. Barbutyric acid

Answer: B



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8. Which of the following is a germicide also?

- A. Cationic detergent
- B. Anionic detergent
- C. Non-ionic detergent
- D. None of these



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Practice Sheet 1 Linked Comprehension Type Questions Passage I **1.** The opiates are drugs that cause addition Heroin and cocaine are among the most famous example. The chemistry of the brain adapts to the presence of the opiate in such a way that the person taking the drug feels an uncontrollable need to take more of it. Owing to their ability to induce an artificial feeling of well being, the person taking heroin (or) cocaine quickly becomes addicted to them once this happens the craving for the drug often causes the person.

(i) Neglect ordinary rules of hygiene

(ii) Enter into a life of crime

As a result of drug addict becomes thin and susceptible illness.

Heroin is a derivative of

A. morphine

B. nicotine

C. benzene

D. cocaine

Answer: A



2. The opiates are drugs that cause addition Heroin and cocaine are among the most famous example. The chemistry of the brain adapts to the presence of the opiate in such a way that the person taking the drug feels an uncontrollable need to take more of it. Owing to their ability to induce an artificial feeling of well being, the person taking heroin (or) cocaine quickly becomes addicted to them once this happens the craving for the drug often causes the person.

- (i) Neglect ordinary rules of hygiene
- (ii) Enter into a life of crime

As a result of drug addict becomes thin and susceptible illness.

Cocaine is

- A. Vitamin
- B. Hormone
- C. Medicine
- D. Anti pyritic

Answer: C

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3. The opiates are drugs that cause addition Heroin and cocaine are among the most famous example. The chemistry of the brain adapts to the presence of the opiate in such a way that the person taking the drug feels an uncontrollable need to take more of it. Owing to their ability to induce an artificial feeling of well being, the person taking heroin (or) cocaine quickly becomes addicted to them once this happens the craving for the drug

often causes the person. (i) Neglect ordinary rules of hygiene (ii) Enter into a life of crime As a result of drug addict becomes thin and susceptible illness. Morphine on Alkylation and acetylation gives respectively A. Codeine, heroine B. Heroin, codeine C. Heroin, meperidine D. Meperidine, heroin



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4. Match the following questions

 Ranitdine A) Analgesic II) Sodium benzoate B) Anti bistamine III) Asiprine C) A sweetening agent IV) Alitame D) Birth Controlling agent E) Preservative IV - C $\Pi - B$ III -- A a) I – B II – E III – C IV – D b) I – D III - D IV - B c) I - B II - E III - A IV - C d) I - C II - A

List - II



List - I

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Practice Sheet 1 Linked Comprehension Type Questions Passage Ii 1. Tranquilizers are medicines or the chemical substances used for the treatment of stress and mild to severe mental diseases. They induce a sense of fitness and relieve stress anxiety and fatigue tranquilizers are also called psychotherapeutic drugs. They acts on central nervous system. They include hypnotics and sedatives

Which of the following is a hypnotic drug

A. Luminal

B. Saconal

C. A & B

D. Butyric acid

Answer: C



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2. Tranquilizers are medicines or the chemical substances used for the treatment of stress and mild to severe mental diseases. They induce a sense of fitness and relieve stress anxiety and fatigue tranquilizers are also

called psychotherapeutic drugs. They acts on central nervous system. They include hypnotics and sedatives

Which of the following is a hallucinogenic drug?

A. LSD

B. Methedrine

C. Calmpose

D. Seconal

Answer: A



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3. Tranquilizers are medicines or the chemical substances used for the treatment of stress and mild to severe mental diseases. They induce a sense of fitness and relieve stress anxiety and fatigue tranquilizers are also called psychotherapeutic drugs. They acts on central nervous system. They include hypnotics and sedatives

Veronal a barbiturate drug is used as

A. an aesthetic

- B. sedative
- C. anti septic
- D. none of these

Answer: B



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Practice Sheet 1 Match The Following Questions

1. Match the following questions

```
List - II
   List - I

    Iodo form

A) Anaesthetic
                                        II) Methyl Salicylate
B) Antiseptic
                                        III) Diethyl ether
C) Insecticide
                                        IV) Hexachloro cyclohexane
D) Detergent
E) Pain balm
                                                    II - B III - A IV - C
a) L - B
          II ~ E
                  III - C IV - D b) I - D
c) I - B II - E III - A IV - C d) I - C
                                                  II - A III - D IV - B
```



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Practice Sheet 1 Integer Answer Type Question

1. Morphine, Methadone, Aspirin, Heroin, Codeine among them how many drugs are pain killer.

2. Number of Methyl groups in Ibu profen



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3. 1% solution of phenol 40% aqueous solution or methanal, SO_2 solution Cl_2 solution H_2O_2 solution among them how many chemicals are disinfections.



4. Sodium benzoate, sodium propionate calcium propitiate, sodium metal bisulphite, sodium thiosulphate Among them how many chemicals are not food preservatives



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5. Number of chlorine atoms in sucrolose



6. Number of chlorine atoms in D.D.T



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7. Number of acidic hydrogen in Aspirin



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Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 Single Answer Questions

1. Hydrazine as a drug is also used in the treatment of

A. Tuberculosis

B. Cholera

C. Typhoid

D. Malaria

Answer: A



2. The insecticide containing 99% of 7 isomer of Benzene hexachloride is known as

A. PDT

B. TNT

C. lindane

D. Methoxychlor

Answer: C



3. The poisonous gas evolved in Bhopal tragedy from the pesticide plant of union carbide was

A.
$$CH_3NCO$$

B.
$$CH_3CNO$$

C.
$$CH_3CN$$

D.
$$CH_3NC$$

Answer: A



4. Arsenic drugs are mainly used in the treatment of

A. Syphilis

B. Jaundice

C. Typhoid

D. Cholera

Answer: A



5. Which of the following is considered to be an anti cancer species.

- A. cis-ptatin
- B. trans platin
- $\mathsf{C}.\left[ptCl_{4}
 ight]$
- D. $\left[pt(NH_3)_4 \right]$

Answer: A



_		•	
6.	Which	one is	communicable disease?

A. T.B

B. Cholera

C. A & B

D. sugar

Answer: C



7. The chemical extracted from the plant

Rauwalfia serpentina is

- A. reserphine
- B. quinine
- C. aspirin
- D. paracetmal

Answer: A



Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 One Or More Than One Answer Questions

1. The drug which is used to check viral inflammation in AIDS is

A. Aspirin

B. Equanil

C. Oil of wintergreen

D. LSD

Answer: A::B::C

- 2. The antiseptic present in dettol is
 - A. Chloroxylenol
 - B. Bithional
 - C. Terpinol
 - D. H_2O_2

Answer: A::C



3. The preservative which is ultimately excreted in urine as hippuric acid is

- A. Sodium acetate
- B. Sodium benzoate
- C. Sodium sorbate
- D. Sodium propionate

Answer: B



- **4.** Nutra sugar is
 - A. Aspartame
 - B. Alitame
 - C. Sucralose
 - D. Dulcine



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5. Which of the following is/are a surfactant?

- A. Detergents
- B. Soaps
- C. Syndect
- D. Sodium propionate

Answer: A::B::C



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6. The preservative which is used to preserve bread and cakes is

- A. Sodium propionate
- B. Sodium sorbate
- C. Sodium benzoate
- D. Sodium acetate



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7. Which of the following is an artificial edible colour?

- A. Tetrazine
- B. Saffron
- C. Carotene
- D. Melamine



- 8. Placebo is often given to patients it is
 - A. A sugar pill

- B. Anti septic
- C. Anti pyretic
- D. Disinfectant



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Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 Linked Comprehension Type Questions Passage I

1. Walls of stomach secrets acids to make the stomach acidic and for the digestion of food, when the acid is secreted in excess it leads to indigestion, heart burn, (or) gastric ulcers. The chemicals which are used to neutralize the excess acid present in the gastric juice and to raise the pH of stomach upto an appropriate level are called antacids.

The acid secreted in stomach?

A. H_2SO_4

 $B.\,HCl$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,HNO_3$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,H_3PO_4$

Answer: B



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2. Walls of stomach secrets acids to make the stomach acidic and for the digestion of food, when the acid is secreted in excess it leads to indigestion, heart burn, (or) gastric ulcers. The chemicals which are used to neutralize the

excess acid present in the gastric juice and to raise the pH of stomach upto an appropriate level are called antacids.

Antacids does not contains

A. NaOH

B. $Mg(OH)_2$

C. $Al(OH)_3$

D. $NaHCO_3$

Answer: A



3. Walls of stomach secrets acids to make the stomach acidic and for the digestion of food, when the acid is secreted in excess it leads to indigestion, heart burn, (or) gastric ulcers. The chemicals which are used to neutralize the excess acid present in the gastric juice and to raise the pH of stomach upto an appropriate level are called antacids.

Which acts as natural antacid?

A. Milk

- B. Butter
- C. Honey
- D. Curd



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Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 Linked Comprehension Type Questions Passage Ii

1. Antibiotics are the chemicals secreted by the micro organisms which either inhibits the growth (or) destroy the pathogenic bacteria. Previously chloramycetin used to be a product of fermentation but at present synthetic method has replaced it

Streptomycin is effective in the treatment of

- A. Malaria
- B. Tuberculosis
- C. Typhoid

D. Cholera

Answer: B



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2. Antibiotics are the chemicals secreted by the micro organisms which either inhibits the growth (or) destroy the pathogenic bacteria. Previously chloramycetin used to be a product of fermentation but at present synthetic method has replaced it

A drug effective in the treatment of pneumonia, bronchitis etc is

A. Penicillin

B. Chloram phenicol

C. Streptomycin

D. Sulphasyanidine

Answer: A



3. Antibiotics are the chemicals secreted by the micro organisms which either inhibits the growth (or) destroy the pathogenic bacteria. Previously chloramycetin used to be a product of fermentation but at present synthetic method has replaced it

The first viral disease detected in human being?

A. Yellow fever

B. Cold

C. Small fox

D. Malaria

Answer: A



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Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 Match The Following Questions

1. Match the following questions

List - II List - 1 b) Butylated hydroxyl anisole A) B.H.A II) Butylated hydroxyl toluene B) B.H.C III) Benzene hexa chlorine C) LSD IV) Lysergic acid diethyl amide D) B.H.T IV - C A - 1 (a b) I - D III – A IV - CH - BIII - A IV - C $\Pi - D$ c) 1 - B III - D IV - B II - A d) I – C

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2. Match the following questions

List - I	LIST - II		
Name of	Drug		
A) Coca			I) Cocaine
B) Opium			II) Lupinine
C) Cinchor	na		III) Morphine
D) Lupins			IV) Quinine
A-1 (a	II ~ D	III - B	IV – C
b) I – D	II – B	$\Pi I - A$	IV – C
c) I – B	$\mathbf{H} - \mathbf{D}$	III – A	IV - C
d) I – C	$\Pi - A$	$\mathbf{III} - \mathbf{D}$	IV - B



Practice Sheet 2 Practice Sheet 2 Integer Answer
Type Questions

1. One mole Benzene in presence of light on reaction with 'x' moles of Cl_2 forms B.H.C. what is 'x' ?



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2. How many functional groups are present in Norethindrone.



3. Number of Amino acids present in Aspartame?



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4. Number of Nitrogen atoms in histidine?



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 $Mg(OH)_2, Al(OH)_3,$ omeprazole, **5.**

Lansoprazole , sodium benzoate , sodium

propionate among them number of antacids medicines?



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6. Testostrom, progesteron, norethindrone, ethynylestradial. Among them how many compounds contains steroid ring.



7. Number of fused six membered rings in sterol?

