



CHEMISTRY

JEE (MAIN AND ADVANCED) CHEMISTRY

NITROGEN CONTAINING COMPOUNDS

Problem

1. Aromatic rings containing $-NH_2$ $-NHR$ or $-NR_2$ groups do not undergo Friedel-Crafts reaction. Why?

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2. Which of the following is used in Friedel-Craft acylation reaction

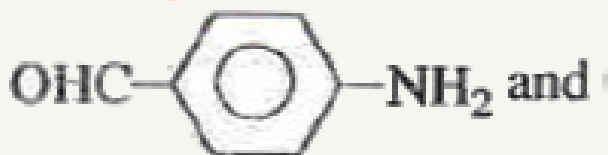
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3. Write the structure of eight isomeric amines with the formula $C_{14}H_{11}N$.

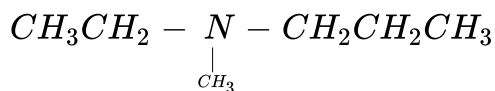


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4. Write the IUPAC names of



(b)



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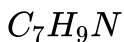
5. Classification of aliphatic amines and alcohols is different.

Comment



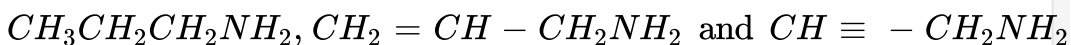
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6. Give the structures and names of various amines with the formula



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7. Arrange the following in the decreasing order of basic strength:



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8. $H_2N - \overset{NH(y)}{\underset{(X)}{C}} - NH_2$ has 3 amino groups x,y and z. Which amino group is more basic?

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9. Arrange the following in the decreasing order of basic strength:

(a) $C_2H_5NH_2$, $C_6H_5NHCH_3$, $(C_2H_5)_2NH$ and $C_6H_5NH_2$

(b) $C_2H_5NH_2$, $(C_2H_5)_2NH$ and $(C_2H_5)_3N$

(c) $(C_2H_5)_2NH$, $C_6H_5NH_2$, $C_2H_5NH_2$ and NH_3

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10. Arrange the following in the decreasing order of their basic strength:

(i) Aniline, ortho, meta and para toluidines

(ii) Benzyl amine and aniline

(iii) Aniline and cyclohexylamine and (iv) Aniline, N-methylaniline and N, N-dimethylaniline



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11. How is aliphatic primary amine distinguished from aromatic primary amine?



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12. Mixture of nitrobenzene and aniline can be separated by



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13. How is toluene converted to phenyl ethanamine?



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14. Arrange the following in the order of boiling points: (A) n-Butyl amine, (B) Secondary butyl amine, (C) Isobutyl amine and (D) Tertiary butyl amine

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15. How is benzoic acid converted to aniline and benzylamine?

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16. How is benzoic acid converted to aniline and benzylamine?

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17. How is aniline converted to benzene? Discuss the reactions

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18. Amino group in anilines is ortho and para directing. But on nitration, aniline gives an appreciable amount of m-nitroaniline also. Explain.



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19. How do you convert aniline to parabromo aniline.



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20. Why aniline does not undergo Friedel - Crafts reaction ?



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21. What is the product of the reaction: $C_6H_5N = NCl \xrightarrow{\text{Phenol}}$?



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22. Write chemical equations for the following reactions :

Ammonolysis of benzyl chloride and reaction of amine so formed with two moles of CH_3Cl .

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23. How benzyl chloride can be converted to 2-phenylethanamine?

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24. Write structures and IUPAC names of

the amide which gives propanamine by Hoffmann bromamide reaction.

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25. How will you convert 4 nitrotoluene to 2 - bromobenzoic acid ?



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26. $C_6H_5N_2Cl \xrightarrow[KCN]{CuCN} A \xrightarrow[H^+]{H_2O} B \xrightarrow[\Delta]{NH_3} C \xrightarrow[NaOH]{Br_2} D$. Identify the final product, D.



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27. Aniline to benzyl alcohol



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28. How is nitrobenzene converted to benzoic acid?



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29. How is methyl cyanide converted to ethanol?



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30. How cyanides are identified from isocyanides?



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Exercise 5 1 1

1. Write any two methods of preparation of nitrobenzene



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2. Discuss various reduction properties of nitrobenzene in different media



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3. What happens when nitrobenzene is heated with solid potassium hydroxide?



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4. How is aniline prepared from nitrobenzene? Discuss the properties of aniline



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Exercise 5 1 2

1. How are (a) C_6H_5COOH (b) C_6H_5OH and (c) C_6H_5Cl converted to aniline?



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2. What happens when aniline is treated with $NaNO_2$ and HCl at $0^\circ C$?

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3. Write short notes on carbylamine reaction

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4. How primary amines are distinguished from secondary and tertiary amines?

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5. Write short notes on (i) Hoffmann bromamide reaction (ii) Gabriel phthalimide synthesis and (iii) Ammonolysis

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6. Discuss the mechanism of acetylation of aniline

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7. How do you convert C_6H_5Cl and C_6H_5OH to aniline?

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8. Give equation for diazotisation reaction? Give the examples

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9. Write the important uses of aniline



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Exercise 5 1 3

1. How is benzene diazonium chloride prepared ? What are its properties?



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2. Write short notes on coupling reactions giving azo-dyes



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3. Explain the following name reactions :

Sandmeyer reaction

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4. How the following are obtained from benzene diazonium chloride?

(a) Iodobenzene, (b) Chlorobenzene, (c) Phenyl hydrazine and (d)

Nitrobenzene

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Exercise 5 1 4

1. How cyanides are distinguished from isocyanides?

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2. Write short notes on carbylamine reaction

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3. Explain why cyanides have higher boiling points and more solubility in water than isocyanides

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4. Write a note on the reduction of cyanides and isocyanides

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Exercise 5 2

1. Explain the basic nature of amines. What are the factors influencing basic nature?



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2. Write a note on coupling reactions of benzene diazonium chloride



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3. Write resonance structures to explain the nitration of nitrobenzene giving mainly m-dinitrobenzene.



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4. Why amines are basic. Explain



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5. Aliphatic amines are more basic than aromatic amines. Explain



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6. Write the effect of substituents on the basic nature of aniline



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7. Write the mechanism of Hoffmann bromamide reaction.



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8. Write the behaviour of aliphatic 1° , 2° and 3° amines towards reaction with nitrous acid



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9. How the three types of amines are distinguished?



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10. Write the reactions of aliphatic and aromatic primary amines with nitrous acid



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11. Aniline is insoluble in water, but ethyl amine is soluble. Explain



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12. Aniline is less basic than ammonia. Why?



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13. How is chlorobenzene prepared from aniline?



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14. What is Hinsberg's reagent? How it is useful to identify 1° , 2° , 3° amines?

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15. Write resonance structures of benzenediazonium ion

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16. Diazonium salts are useful for preparation of halobenzenes. Give reaction

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17. Aromatic amines can not be prepared by Gabriel phthalimide method. Justify

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18. Comment on the conversion of methyl chloride into acetaldehyde

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19. How ethyl cyanide is converted to diethyl ketone? What are the special features of the conversion?

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20. $X \xrightarrow{Sn, HCl} Y \xrightarrow{KNO_2, HCl} Z$. The compound 'Z' reacts with 'Y' at pH value 6 to give an yellow coloured dye. What is 'X'?

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21. How is aniline converted to benzene? Discuss the reactions

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22. $C_6H_5N_2Cl \xrightarrow[KCN]{CuCN} A \xrightarrow[H^+]{H_2O} B \xrightarrow[\Delta]{NH_3} C \xrightarrow[NaOH]{Br_2} D$. Identify the final product, D.

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23. $C_6H_5NH_2 \xrightarrow[H_2O]{Br_2} A \xrightarrow[0^\circ C]{NaNO_2, HCl} B \xrightarrow{H_3PO_2} C$. Identify the organic product 'C'. Write the reactions

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24. $X \xrightarrow{CHCl_3, KOH} Y \xrightarrow{H_3O^+} X$. If 'Y' is a compound with awful odour, identify the starting compound X ?

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25. How do you distinguish cyanides and isocyanides by hydrolysis and reduction.

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26. What happens upon heating an inorganic isocyanide?

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Conversions

1. Ethanamine to methanamine



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2. Methanamine to ethanamine



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3. Ethanoic acid to aminomethane



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4. Pentyl cyanide to 1-aminopentane



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5. Nitromethane to N-methylmethanamine



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6. Benzoic acid to aniline



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7. How do you convert aniline to parabromo aniline.



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8. Aniline to benzyl alcohol



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9. Benzamide to toluene



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10. Benzylchloride to 2-phenylethanamine



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11. Aniline to sym-tribromofluorobenzene



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12. Chlorobenzene to p-chloroaniline



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13. Ethylchloride to propanamine-1



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14. convert Methyl chloride to 2-phenylethanamine.



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15. How will you convert

benzene into N, N-dimethylaniline ?



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16. 1,4-Dichlorobutane to hexane-1,6- diamine



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17. Benzene to p-nitrobenzaldehyde



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18. Benzoic acid to m-nitrobenzylalcohol



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