

PHYSICS

BOOKS - ICSE

FORCE

Questions Observe The Figures And Answer The Questions







1. (a)

What effects of force are illustrated in the figures shown above?



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2. (



(b)



(c)

If 30 g of dough is taken will its mass change after applying force?



Questions

1. Why does a football come to a stop after rolling for some time?



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2. Would you prefer to slide or roll a log of wood along the road? Why?



Exercises Section I Name The Following

1. A push or a pull



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2. The force that resists the motion of a body on a surface



3. The friction that is the maximum value of frictional force between two surfaces which can prevent one surface from sliding over the other



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4. The friction that results from two surfaces being pressed against each other while sliding



5. Friction that acts when one object rolls across the other



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Exercises Section I Choose The Correct Option

1. Which of the following is not an effect of force on an object?

A. Make a stationary object move

B. Change the direction in which an object is moving

C. Change the shape of an object

D. Change the colour of an object

Answer:



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2. In cricket when a batsman hits a ball, this is an example of force:

- A. Making a stationary object move
- B. Changing the direction in which an object is moving
- C. Changing the shape of an object
- D. Changing the colour of an object

Answer:



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3. Friction is a type of

A. force
B. work
C. energy
D. pressure
Answer:
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4. Friction that acts when one object rolls across the other

- A. Static friction
- B. Sliding friction
- C. Rolling friction
- D. Hard friction

Answer:



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Exercises Section I Write T For True And F For False Correct The False Statements

1. Force can move an object at rest.



2. Force can change the shape of an object but cannot change the mass.



3. Friction helps to increase the speed of a moving object.



4. Static friction is more than sliding friction.



5. It is much easier to roll and object rather sliding it.



Exercises Section I Choose The Correct Option To Fill In The Blank

1. Force can change an object's(colour/shape).



2. A football being stopped by a goalkeeper is an example of force (stopping a moving object/making a stationary object move).

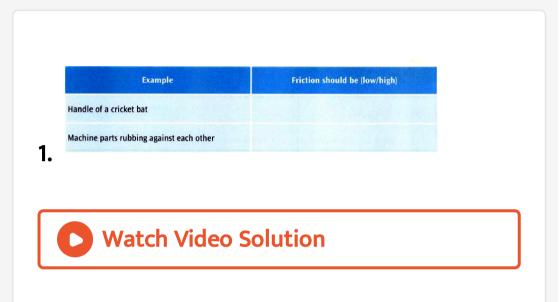
3. Friction always acts in (same direction as/opposite direction to) motion.



4. Rolling friction is always (more/less) than sliding friction.



Exercises Section I Complete The Table



Exercises Section Ii Give Reasons For The Following

1. We tend to slip on very smooth surfaces like wet bathroom floors.



2. It is easier to pull a suitcase that has wheels rather than a suitcase without wheels.



3. The soles of shoes get worn out after repeated use.



Exercises Section li

1. Explain the following term

Force



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2. Explain the following term

Friction



3. Explain the following term

Sliding friction



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Exercises Section Ii Distinguish Between The Following

1. Difference between Static friction and sliding friction



2. Difference between Sliding friction and rolling friction



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Exercises Section Ii Short Answer Questions

1. List the different effects of force.



2. What is static friction?



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Exercises Section Ii Long Answer Questions

1. Discuss the effects of force with examples.



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2. Why is friction generated?



3. List two disadvantages of friction.



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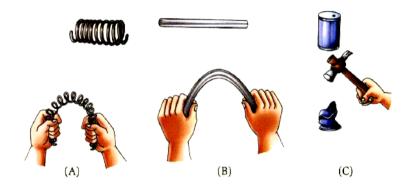
4. List two advantages of friction.



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Picture Based Questions

1. In the following pictures, figure out what are the effects of the forces on different objects.





2. Write down the type of friction for each of the following .

A. (object is not moving) ____

B.(object is moving)____

C.(objects is moving) ____

