



MATHS

JEE (MAIN AND ADVANCED) MATHEMATICS

MEASURES OF DISPERSION (STATISTICS)

Example

1. Find the mean deviation from the mean of observations $-1, 0, 4$?

[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find the mean deviation from the median of the observations 1, 2, 3, 4 ?



[Watch Video Solution](#)

Solved Example

1. Find the mean deviation of the set of numbers 3, 10, 9, 4, 7, 9, 14 from Mean and Median and show that mean deviation from Mean is greater than that from Median



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following data.

Marks obtained	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Number of students	2	3	8	14	8	3	2



Watch Video Solution

3. If S.D of x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is σ then the S.D of $-x_1, -x_2, \dots, -x_n$ is



Watch Video Solution

4. The standard deviation of 15 items is 6 and each item is decreased by 1. Then find the standard deviation of

new data.



Watch Video Solution

5. The sum of 10 items is 12 and sum of their squares is 18, then find the standard deviation ?



Watch Video Solution

6. If the coefficient of variation of 45% and the mean is 12 then find its s.d ?



Watch Video Solution

7. Find the variance and standard deviation for the following data :

x_i	4	8	11	17	20	24	32
f_i	3	5	9	5	4	3	1

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. The mean of 5 observations is 4.4 and their variance is 8.24. If three of the observations are 1, 2 and 6, then the other two observations are

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

1. Find the mean from the mean of the following discrete data 6,7, 10,12,13,4,12 ,16



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following data

38,70,48,40,42,55,63,46,54,44



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Find the mean deviation about the median for the following data

13,17,16,11,13,10,16,11,18,12,17

[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following distribution.

x_i	10	11	12	13
f_i	3	12	18	12

(i)

(ii) x_i : 10 30 50 70 90
 f_i : 4 24 28 16 8

[Watch Video Solution](#)

Exercise 4 1 Long Answer Questions

1. Find the mean deviation about the median for the following frequency distribution.

x_i	5	7	9	10	12	15
f_i	8	6	2	2	2	6



Watch Video Solution

Exercise 4 2 Very Short Answer Questions

1. Find the variance and standard deviation of the following data :

(i) 6,7,10,12,13,4,8,12

(ii) 5,12,3,18,6,8,2,10

(iii) 350,361, 370, 373, 376, 379, 385, 387, 394, 395

[View Text Solution](#)

2. The variance of 20 observations is 5. If each of the observations is multiplied by 2. Find the variance of the resulting observations.

[View Text Solution](#)

3. The coefficient of variation of two distribution are 60 and 70 and their standard deviations are 21 and 16 respectively. Find their arithmetic means.

[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. The arithmetic mean and standard deviation of a set of 9 items are 43 and 5 respectively. If an item of value 63 is added to that set, find the new mean and standard deviation of 10 item set given



[View Text Solution](#)

5. If each of the observations x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is increased by k , where k positive or negative number, then show that the variance remains unchanged.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

Exercise 4 2 Long Answer Questions

1. Find the variance and standard deviation of the following distribution

x_i	6	10	14	18	24	28	30
f_i	2	4	7	12	8	4	3

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

2. From the prices of shares X and Y given below, for 10 days of trading, find out which share is more stable ?

x_i	35	54	52	53	56	58	52	50	51	49
y_i	108	107	105	105	106	107	104	103	104	101

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3. The scores of two cricketers A and B in 10 innings are given below. Find who is a better run getter and who is a more consistent player

Scores of A : x_i	40	25	19	80	38	8	67	121	66	76
Scores of B : y_i	28	70	31	0	14	111	66	31	25	4



Watch Video Solution

Additional Exercise Very Short Answer Questions

1. Find the mean deviation from the mean for the set of observations 1,2,3.



View Text Solution

2. Find the mean deviation of the number 3,4,5,6 and 7 from their median.



Watch Video Solution

3. If the mean deviation from the median is 15 and median is 450, then find the coefficient of mean deviation.



Watch Video Solution

4. Find the mean deviation of the first three odd natural numbers from their mean.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Find the mean deviation of first 7 natural numbers from their mean.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Calculate the range and its coefficient for the following data 100, 80, 200, 150, 250, 300



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Find the M.D. from median of the following distribution : 3,9,2,8,1,7,7,3.



Watch Video Solution

8. Find the variance and S.D. of 3,5,7,9,11, 13 is



View Text Solution

9. Find the variance of first 10 multiples of 3



Watch Video Solution

10. If $n = 10$, $\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i = 60$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i^2 = 1000$ then find s.d.



View Text Solution

11. If the coefficient of variation of a distribution is 60 and its s.d. is 21, then find its arithmetic mean



Watch Video Solution

12. If the variance of 1,2,3,..., 10 is $99/12$, then find the standard deviation of 3,6,9,12,...,30



Watch Video Solution

13. If the s.d. of -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 is $\sqrt{10}$ then find the standard deviation of 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25



View Text Solution

14. If a variable x takes values $0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$ with frequencies proportional to binomial coefficients $n_{C_0}, n_{C_1}, n_{C_2}, \dots, n_{C_n}$ then show that the mean of x is $\frac{n}{2}$



Watch Video Solution

Additional Exercise Short Answer Questions

1. Suppose a population A has 100 observations $101, 102, \dots, 200$, and another population B has 100 observations $151, 152, \dots, 250$. If V_A and V_B represent the variances of the two populations respectively, then show that $\frac{V_A}{V_B} = 1$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. In a series of $2n$ observations, half of them equals to a and remaining half equals to $-a$. If the standard deviation of the observations is 2, then find $|a|$.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. The standard deviations of two sets containing 10 and 20 members are 2 and 3 respectively measured from their common mean 5. Find the S.D. for the whole set of 30 members.



[View Text Solution](#)

4. If $\sum_{i=1}^{18} (x_i - 8) = 9$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{18} (x_i - 8)^2 = 45$ then find the standard deviation of x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{18}



View Text Solution

5. Mean of 40 terms is 25 and S.D. is 4, then find the sum of the squares of all terms



Watch Video Solution

Additional Exercise Long Answer Questions

1. Find the mean deviation about mean of first $2n+1$ natural numbers from mean.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. If the mean deviation of the numbers $1, 1+d, 1+2d, 1+3d, \dots, 1+100d$ from their mean is 255, then find the value of d



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. The marks obtained by 10 students are as follows. Find their mean, median and mode. Also find M.D. from mean median and mode 15,10,6,15,12,9,3,5,4,2



[View Text Solution](#)

4. Show that variance is independent of charge of origin but not the scale.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

5. The mean and standard deviation of 20 items is found to be 10 and 2 respectively. At the time of checking it was found that one item 8 was incorrect. If it is replaced by 12, then find the mean and variance



[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. For two data sets each of size 5 the variances are given by 4 and 5 and the corresponding means are given to be 2 and 4 respectively. Then find the variance of the combined data.



[View Text Solution](#)

7. The means and variance of n observations $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ are 0 and 5 respectively. If

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = 400, \text{ then find the value of } n$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

8. The standard deviation of n observations

$x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ is 2. If $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = 100$ and $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 20$

show the values of n are 5 or 20



Watch Video Solution

9. An analysis of monthly wages paid to the workers in two Firms. A and B belonging to the same industry gave the following results :

Particulars	Firm A	Firm B
Number of wage-earners	586	648
Average monthly wages	Rs.52.5	Rs.47.5
Variance of distribution of wages	100	121

(i) Which firm, A or B, pay out larger amount as monthly wages ?

(ii) In which firm A or B, is there greater variability in individual wages



Watch Video Solution

10. The mean and standard deviation of 10 items were found to be 17 and $\sqrt{33}$. Later it was detected that an item was taken wrongly as 26 in place of 12. Find the correct mean and standard deviation.



View Text Solution

11. Means and standard deviations of the scores of an intelligence test of two classes of different sizes of 25

and 75 are $M_1 = 80$ marks and $M_2 = 85$ marks and S.D. = 15 marks and S.D = 20 marks

Calculate the combined mean and the standard deviation of the two classes.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

Exercise I

1. If the average of the first n numbers in the sequence 148, 146, 144,, is 125, then $n =$

A. 18

B. 24

C. 30

D. 36

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

2. In a data the number l is repeated l times for $i=1, 2, \dots, n$.

Then the mean of the data is

A. $\frac{2n + 1}{6}$

B. $\frac{2n + 1}{4}$

C. $\frac{2n + 1}{3}$

D. $\frac{2n + 1}{2}$

Answer: C



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. The mean of 10 observations is 16.3. By an error one observations is registered as 32 instead of 23. Then the correct mean is

A. 15.6

B. 15.4

C. 15.7

D. 15.8

Answer: B



[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Mean of 100 items is 49. It was discovered that three items which should have been 60, 70, 80 were wrongly read as 40, 20, 50 respectively. The correct mean is

A. 48

B. $82\frac{1}{2}$

C. 50

D. 80

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

5. The mean weight of 9 items is 15. If one more items is added to the series now the mean becomes 16. The value of 10^{th} item is

A. 35

B. 30

C. 25

D. 20

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

6. Consider the frequency distribution of the given number

Value	1	2	3	4
Frequency	5	4	6	f

If the mean is known to be '3', then the value of f is

- A. 3
- B. 7
- C. 10
- D. 14

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

7. Mean of the numbers $1, 2, 3, \dots, n$ with respective weights

$1^2 + 1, 2^2 + 2, 3^2 + 3, \dots, n^2 + n$ is

A. $\frac{3n + 2}{2}$

B. $\frac{3n + 1}{4}$

C. $\frac{2n + 1}{3}$

D. $\frac{3n(n + 1)}{2(2n + 1)}$

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

8. The mean of n items is \bar{x} . If the first item is increased by 1, second by 2 and so on, then the new mean is

A. $\bar{x} + n$

B. $\bar{x} + \frac{n}{2}$

C. $\bar{x} + \frac{n + 1}{2}$

D. $\bar{x} + (n + 1)$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

9. The number of observation in a group is 40. If the average of first 10 is 4.5 and that of the remaining 30 is 3.5, then the average of the whole group is

A. $\frac{1}{5}$

B. $\frac{15}{4}$

C. 6

D. 8

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

10. Mean of a set of numbers is \bar{x} . If each number is increased by λ , then the mean of new set is

A. \bar{x}

B. $\bar{x} + \lambda$

C. $\lambda\bar{x}$

D. λ

Answer: B



View Text Solution

11. The median of 5,19,14,6,8,9,12,13,21 is

A. 9

B. 13

C. 14

D. 12

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

12. The median of a set of 9 distinct observations is 20.5.

If each of the largest 4 observations of the set is increased by 2, then the median of the new set

- A. is decreased by 2
- B. is two times the original median
- C. remains the same as that of the original set
- D. is increased by 2

Answer: C



[Watch Video Solution](#)

13. Median of $\frac{x}{5}, x, \frac{x}{4}, \frac{x}{2}, \frac{x}{3}$ is 8. If $x > 0$ then value of x is

A. 24

B. 18

C. 27

D. 51

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

14. The mean and median of 100 items are 50 and 52 respectively. The value of the largest item is 100. It was

later found that it is actually 110. Then the true mean and median are

A. 50.1, 52

B. 51, 52

C. 50, 52

D. 50, 51

Answer: A



View Text Solution

15. Mode of the data 3,2,5,2,3,6,6,5,3,5, 2, 5 is

A. 3

B. 4

C. 5

D. 6

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

16. Mode of the following distribution is

Marks	4	5	6	7	8
No. of students	3	5	10	6	1

A. Option 1: 5

B. Option 2: 5.28

C. Option 3: 6

D. Option 4: 6.28

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

17. If the difference between mean and mode is 63, then difference between mean and median is

A. 21

B. 31.5

C. 48.5

D. 189

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

18. If the mode of the data
25,15,20,25,18,14,15,18,16,20,25,20,x,18 is 25 then x is

A. 20

B. 25

C. 15

D. 5

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

19. A data consists of two 2's, four 4's, six 6's three 8's, and 10. Then the mode of data is

A. 2

B. 4

C. 6

D. 8

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

20. The average value of the median of 2,8,3,7,4,6,7 and the mode of 2,9,3,4,9,6,9 is

A. 6

B. 7.5

C. 8

D. 9m

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

21. Geometric mean of $2, 2^2, 2^3, \dots, 2^n$ is

A. 2

B. $2^{\frac{n}{2}}$

C. $2^{\frac{n+1}{2}}$

D. $2^{\frac{n(n+1)}{2}}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

22. If the Geometrical mean of x , 16, 50 is 20, then the value of x is

A. 40

B. 20

C. 10

D. 4

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

23. The reciprocal of the mean of the reciprocals of n observations is

A. A.M.

B. G.M.

C. H.M.

D. Median

Answer: C



View Text Solution

24. The Harmonic mean of the numbers 2,3,4 is

A. $3\sqrt{24}$

B. 3

C. $\frac{13}{36}$

D. $\frac{36}{13}$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

25. If A.M. = 24.5, G.M. 24.375 then H.M. =

A. 24

B. 24.125

C. 24.5

D. 24.25

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

26. In problems on speed of a body, the average used is

A. A.M.

B. G.M.

C. H.M.

D. Median

Answer: C



View Text Solution

27. The H.M. of the numbers $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, $\frac{1}{15}$, $\frac{1}{20}$, $\frac{1}{25}$, $\frac{1}{30}$, $\frac{1}{35}$ is

A. $\frac{1}{20}$

B. $\frac{1}{16}$

C. $\frac{1}{15}$

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

28. A man travels at a speed of 20 Km/hr. and then returns at a speed of 30 Km/hr. His average speed of whole journey is

- A. 25 km/hr
- B. 24.5 km/hr
- C. 24 km/hr
- D. 25.5 km/hr

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

29. The mean deviation from the mean for the set of observation -1, 0, 4 is

A. $\frac{2}{3}$

B. 1

C. 2

D. $\sqrt{\frac{14}{3}}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

30. Mean deviation from the mean for data 6, 7 10, 12, 13, 4, 8, 12 is

A. 2.35

B. 2.75

C. 3.35

D. 3.75

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

31. The mean deviation of the number 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 from median is

- A. 0
- B. 1.2
- C. 5
- D. 25

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

32. If mean deviation through median is 15 and median is 450, then coefficient of mean deviation is

A. $1/30$

B. 30

C. 15

D. 45

Answer: A



View Text Solution

33. In a moderated asymmetrical distribution S.D. is 20 then the mean deviation is

A. $20/3$

B. 16

C. 40

D. 20

Answer: B



View Text Solution

34. The mean and S.D. of 1,2,3,4,5,6 is

A. $\frac{7}{2}, \sqrt{\frac{35}{12}}$

B. 3,3

C. $\frac{7}{2}, \sqrt{3}$

D. $3, \frac{35}{12}$

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

35. For a series the information available is $n = 10$, $\sum x = 60$, $\sum x^2 = 1000$. The standard deviation is

A. 8

B. 64

C. 24

D. 128

Answer: A





[Watch Video Solution](#)

36. Coefficient of variation of a distribution is 60 and its standard deviation is 21, then its arithmetic mean is



[Watch Video Solution](#)

37. If the mean of 10 observations is 50 and the sum of the squares of the deviations of the observations from the mean is 250, then the coefficient of variation of those observations is

A. 25

B. 50

C. 10

D. 5

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

38. Standard deviation of first 'n' natural numbers is

A. $\frac{n + 1}{2}$

B. $\sqrt{\frac{n(n + 1)}{2}}$

C. $\sqrt{\frac{n^2 - 1}{12}}$

D. n

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

39. The variance of the first 50 even natural numbers is

A. $833/4$

B. 833

C. 437

D. $437/4$

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

40. The median and S.D. of a distribution are 20 and 4 respectively. If each item is increased by 2, the new median and S.D. are

A. 20, 6

B. 22, 6

C. 18, 6

D. 22, 4

Answer: D



View Text Solution

41. The standard deviation of 26, 27, 31, 32, 35 is

A. 0

B. $\sqrt{\frac{16}{5}}$

C. $\sqrt{\frac{274}{25}}$

D. $\sqrt{\frac{58}{5}}$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

42. The standard deviation of $a, a+d, a + 2d, \dots, a + 2nd$ is

A. nd

B. n^2d

C. $\sqrt{\frac{n(n+1)}{3}}d$

D. $\sqrt{\frac{n(n+3)}{3}}d$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

43. The variance of first 10 multiples of 3 is

A. 64.25

B. 54.25

C. 70.25

D. 74.25

Answer: D



View Text Solution

44. For a group of 50 male workers, the mean and S.D. of their daily wages are Rs. 630 and Rs. 90 respectively. For a group of 40 female workers, these are Rs. 540 and Rs. 60 respectively. The S.D. of these 90 workers is

A. 60

B. 70

C. 80

D. 90

Answer: D

[View Text Solution](#)

45. If standard deviation of 1,2,3,4,...,10 is σ then standard deviation of 11, 12, ...20 is

A. $\sigma + 10$

B. 10σ

C. σ

D. 5σ

Answer: C



View Text Solution

46. The standard deviation of a variable x is σ . The standard deviation of the variable $\frac{ax + b}{c}$ where a, b, c

are constants is

A. $\left(\frac{a}{c}\right)\sigma$

B. $\left|\frac{a}{c}\right|\sigma$

C. $\left|\frac{a^2}{c^2}\right|\sigma$

D. σ

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

47. The variance of observation $x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n$ is σ^2

then the variance of

$\alpha x_1, \alpha x_2, \alpha x_3, \dots, \alpha x_n, (\alpha \neq 0)$ is

A. σ^2

B. $\alpha\sigma^2$

C. $\alpha^2\sigma^2$

D. $\frac{\sigma^2}{\alpha^2}$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

48. The standard deviations of two sets containing 10 and 20 members are 2 and 3 respectively measured from their common means 5. The S.D. for the whole set of 30 members is

A. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

B. $\sqrt{6}$

C. $\sqrt{\left(\frac{22}{3}\right)}$

D. $\sqrt{3}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

49. The standard deviation of the observations 22, 26, 28, 20, 24, 30 is

A. 2

B. 2.4

C. 3

D. 3.42

Answer: D



View Text Solution

50. The mean of five observations is 4 and their variance is 5.2. If three of these observations are 1, 2 and 6. Then the other two are

A. 2 & 9

B. 3 & 9

C. 4 & 7

D. 5 & 6

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

51. Which of the following is correct relations a symmetrical distribution is

A. $A. M. - M_o = 3(A. M. - M_d)$

B. $A. M. - M_o = 2(A. M. - M_d)$

C. $M_d = 2A. M. - 3M_o$

D. $A. M. + M_o = 3(A. M. - M_d)$

Answer: A



[Watch Video Solution](#)

52. One of the methods of determining mode is

- A. $\text{mode} = 2 \text{ median} - 3 \text{ mean}$
- B. $\text{mode} = 2 \text{ median} + 3 \text{ mean}$
- C. $\text{mode} = 2 \text{ median} - 2 \text{ mean}$
- D. $\text{mode} = 3 \text{ median} + 3 \text{ mean}$

Answer: C



[View Text Solution](#)

53. Which of the following is correct for data -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11

A. mean = mode = median

B. mean = 5

C. mean = mode

D. mode = median

Answer: D



[View Text Solution](#)

54. If m is mean of distribution, then $\sum (x_i - m)$ is equal to

- A. mean deviation
- B. standard deviation
- C. 0
- D. -2

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

55. Consider the following statements :

- (i) Mode can be computed from histogram.
- (ii) Median is not independent of change of scale.
- (iii) Variance is independence of change of origin and

scale.

Which of these is/are correct :

A. only (i)

B. only (ii)

C. only (i) and (ii)

D. (i), (ii) and (iii)

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

56. Match the correct parts to make a valid statement

List - I	List - II
A) Arithmetic Mean	1) $l + [f_2 / (f_1 + f_2)] \times i$
B) Geometric Mean	2) $(x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot \dots \cdot x_n)^{1/n}$
C) Harmonic Mean	3) $\sum fX / \sum f$
D) Median	4) $l + \frac{N/2 - c \cdot f}{f} \times i$
E) Mode	5) $\left[\frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{1}{x_1} + \frac{1}{x_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n} \right) \right]^{-1}$
	6) $l + \frac{f_1 - f_0}{2f_1 - f_0 - f_2} \times i$

The correct match from List - I from List - II

A. A-3,B-5,C-4,D-1,E-2

B. A-2,B-4,C-1,D-5,E-3

C. A-3,B-2,C-5,D-4,E-6

D. A-1,B-3,C-2,D-4,E-6

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

57. i. Mean = a (3 median - mode)

II. Mean - Mode = b (Mean - Median)

(iii) Median = Mode + c (Mean - mode)

A. $a < c < b$

B. $a < b < c$

C. $b < c < a$

D. $c < a < b$

Answer: A





58. Observe the following statements :

(A) : The median of 100 items is 52. The value of the largest item is 100. It was later found that it actually 110.

Therefore the true median is 52.

(R) : The median is not effected by the extreme observations.

A. both A, R are true and $R \Rightarrow A$

B. both A, R are true and $R \not\Rightarrow A$

C. A is true, R is false

D. A is false, R is true

Answer: A

[Watch Video Solution](#)

59. Two teams A and B have the same mean and their coefficients of variance are 4, 2 respectively. If σ_A , σ_B are the standard deviations of teams A, B respectively then the relation between them is

A. $\sigma_A = \sigma_B$

B. $\sigma_B = \sigma_{2A}$

C. $\sigma_A = 2\sigma_B$

D. $\sigma_B = 4\sigma_A$

Answer: C

[Watch Video Solution](#)

Exercise II

1. If a variable takes the values $0, 1, 2, \dots, n$ with frequencies proportional to binomial coefficient $n_{C_0}, n_{C_1}, n_{C_2}, \dots, n_{C_n}$, then mean of distribution is

A. $\frac{2^n}{n+1}$

B. $\frac{2^{n+1}}{n(n+1)}$

C. $\frac{n+1}{2}$

D. $\frac{n}{2}$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

2. If a variable takes values 0, 1, 2,...,n with frequencies

$$q^n, \frac{n}{1} q^{n-1} p, \frac{n(n-1)}{1.2} q^{n-2} p^2, \dots, p^n \text{ where } p+q = 1,$$

then the mean is

A. pq

B. np

C. nq

D. np^2

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

3. In a class of 100 students there are 70 boys whose average marks in a subject are 75. If the average marks of the complete class is 72, then the average of the girls is

A. 73

B. 65

C. 68

D. 74

Answer: B



View Text Solution

4. The average marks of boys in a class is 52 and that of girls is 42. The average marks of boys and girls combined is 50. The percentage of boys in the class is

A. 40

B. 20

C. 80

D. 60

Answer: C



View Text Solution

5. A student has obtained 75%, 80% and 85 in three subjects. If the marks of another subject are added then his average can not be less than

- A. 0.6
- B. 0.65
- C. 0.8
- D. 0.9

Answer: A



View Text Solution

6. If \bar{x}_1 and \bar{x}_2 are the means of two distribution such that $\bar{x}_1 < \bar{x}_2$, \bar{x} is mean of the combined distribution then

A. $\bar{x} < \bar{x}_1$

B. $\bar{x} > \bar{x}_2$

C. $\bar{x} = \frac{\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2}{2}$

D. $\bar{x}_1 < \bar{x} < \bar{x}_2$

Answer: D



View Text Solution

7. A distribution consists of three components with frequencies 300, 200 and 600 having their means 16, 8 and 4 respectively, then the mean of combined distribution is

A. 11

B. 10

C. 9

D. 8

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

8. The mean marks got by 300 students in the subject of statistics was 45. The mean of the top 100 of them was found to be 70 and the mean of the last 100 was known to be 20, then the mean of the remaining 100 students is

A. 45

B. 58

C. 68

D. 88

Answer: A



View Text Solution

9. The minimum value

$$(x - 6)^2 + (x + 3)^2 + (x - 8)^2 + (x + 4)^2 + (x - 3)^2$$

is

A. 114

B. 141

C. 104

D. 2

Answer: A



View Text Solution

10. If a variable takes the discrete values $\alpha + 4, \alpha - \frac{7}{2}, \alpha - \frac{5}{2}, \alpha - 3, \alpha - 2, \alpha + \frac{1}{2}, \alpha - \frac{1}{2}, \alpha + 5$ where ($\alpha > 0$) then the Median is

A. $\alpha - \frac{1}{2}$

B. $\alpha - 2$

C. $\alpha - \frac{5}{4}$

D. $\alpha + \frac{1}{2}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

11. The minimum value

$$|x - 6| + |x + 3| + |x - 8| + |x - 4| + |x - 3| \text{ is}$$

A. 11

B. 21

C. 31

D. 42

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

12. If in a frequency distribution, the mean and median are 21 and 22 respectively, then its mode is approximately

A. 24.0

B. 25.5

C. 20.5

D. 22.0

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

13. The starting value of the model class of a distribution is 20. The frequency of the model class is 18. The frequencies of the classes preceeding and succeeding are 8,10 and the width of the model class is 5, then mode is

A. 18.5

B. 20.5

C. 21.4

D. 22.78

Answer: D



View Text Solution

14. If $M_{g,x}$ is the geometric mean of N x 's and $M_{g,y}$ is the geometric mean of N y 's, then the geometric mean M_g of the $2N$ values is

A. $N\sqrt{M_{g,x}M_{g,y}}$

B. $\sqrt{M_{g,x}M_{g,y}}$

C. $(M_{g,x}M_{g,y})$

D. $(M_{g,x}M_{g,y})^2$

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

15. If the Arithmetic mean and Geometrical mean of three numbers are equal to x , then the each number is equal to

A. x

B. $2x$

C. \sqrt{x}

D. $3\sqrt{x}$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

16. A car completes the first half of its journey with a velocity V_1 and the remaining half with a velocity V_2 . Then the average velocity of the car for the whole journey is

A. $\frac{V_1 + V_2}{2}$

B. $\sqrt{V_1 + V_2}$

C. $\frac{2V_1 V_2}{V_1 + V_2}$

D. $\frac{1}{V_1} + \frac{1}{V_2}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

17. An automobile driver travels from plane to a hill station 120 Km distant at an average speed of 30 km per hour. He then makes the return trip at an average speed of 25 km per hour. He covers another 120 km distance on plane at an average speed of 50 km per hour. His average speed over the distance of 360 km will be

A. $\frac{30 + 25 + 50}{3}$ km/hr

B. $(30.35.50)^{1/3}$ km/hr

C. $\frac{3}{\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{50}}$ km/hr

D. 105 km/hr

Answer: C



View Text Solution

18. A cyclist covers his first three miles at an average speed of 8 m.p.h. Another two miles at 3m.p.h. and the last two miles at 2m.p.h. The average speed for the entire journey is : (in m.p.h)

A. 3

B. 2.4

C. 3.8

D. 3.43

Answer: D



View Text Solution

19. If the mean deviation of the number 1, $1+d$, $1+2d$, ..., $1+100d$ from their means is 255, then the d is equal to

A. 20.0

B. 10.1

C. 20.2

D. 10.0

Answer: B



View Text Solution

20. The sum of 10 items is 12 and sum of their squares is 18, then standard deviation is

A. $\frac{1}{5}$

B. $\frac{2}{5}$

C. $\frac{3}{5}$

D. $\frac{4}{5}$

Answer: C

[Watch Video Solution](#)

21. In a series of $2n$ observations, half of them equal to a and remaining half equals to $-a$. If the standard deviation of the observations is 2, then $|a|$ equals to

A. $\frac{1}{n}$

B. $\sqrt{2}$

C. 2

D. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{n}$

Answer: C

[View Text Solution](#)

22. If $\sum_{i=1}^{18} (x_i - 8) = 9$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{18} (x_i - 8)^2 = 45$ then the standard deviation of x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{18} is

A. $\frac{4}{9}$

B. $\frac{9}{4}$

C. $\frac{3}{2}$

D. $\frac{1}{2}$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

23. Mean of 40 terms is 25 and S.D. is 4, then find the sum of the squares of all terms

A. 25640

B. 25000

C. 25645

D. 35645

Answer: A



View Text Solution

24. Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be n observations such that $\sum x_i^2 = 400$ and $\sum x_i = 80$. Then a possible value of n among the following is

A. 15

B. 18

C. 9

D. 12

Answer: B



View Text Solution

25. In an experiment with 15 observations on a, the following results were available

$\sum x^2 = 2830$, $\sum x = 170$. One observation that was

20 was found to be wrong and was replaced by the correct value 30. Then the corrected variance is

A. 8.33

B. 78.00

C. 188.66

D. 177.33

Answer: B



View Text Solution

26. If a variable takes the values 0, 1, 2,...,n with frequencies proportional to binomial coefficient $n_{C_0}, n_{C_1}, n_{C_2}, \dots, n_{C_n}$, then mean of distribution is

A. $\frac{n^2 - 1}{12}$

B. $\frac{n}{2}$

C. $\frac{n}{4}$

D. $\frac{n}{3}$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

27. Suppose a population A has 100 observations 101, 102,... 20, and another population B has 100 observations 151, 152,...250. If V_A and V_B represent the variances of the two populations respectively, then show that $\frac{V_A}{V_B} = 1$

A. $\frac{9}{4}$

B. $\frac{4}{9}$

C. $\frac{2}{3}$

D. 1

Answer: D



View Text Solution

28. The marks of some students were listed out of 75. The S.D. marks was found to be 9. Subsequently the marks were raised to a maximum of 100 and variance of new marks was calculated. The new variance is

A. 144

B. 122

C. 81

D. 75

Answer: A



View Text Solution

29. Statement - I : The variance of first n even natural numbers is $\frac{n^2 - 1}{4}$

Statement - II : The sum of first n natural numbers is $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ and the sum of the squares of first n natural numbers is $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

A. Statement-I is true, Statement-II is true, Statement -

II is not a correct explanation for statement - I

B. Statement-I is true, Statement-II is false

C. Statement-I is false, Statement-II is true

D. Statement-I is true, Statement-II is true, Statement -

II is a correct explanation for statement - I

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

30. All the students of a class performed poorly in Mathematics. The teacher decided to give grace marks of 10 to each of the students. Which of the following statistical measures will not change even after the grace marks were given ?

A. mean

B. median

C. mode

D. variance

Answer: D



View Text Solution

31. The arithmetic mean of the observation 10,8,5,a,b is 6 and their variance is 6.8. Then $ab =$

A. 6

B. 4

C. 3

D. 12

Answer: D



View Text Solution

32. If the median of the data 6,7,x-2,18,21 written in ascending order is 16, then the variance of that data is

A. $30\frac{1}{5}$

B. $31\frac{1}{3}$

C. $32\frac{1}{2}$

D. $33\frac{1}{3}$

Answer: B



View Text Solution

Practice Exercise

1. The mean of marks obtained in an examination by a group of 100 students was found to be 49.96. The mean of the marks obtained in the same examination by another group of 200 students was 52.32, then the mean of the marks obtained by both the groups of students taken together is

A. 51.5

B. 52

C. 52.5

D. 53

Answer: A



View Text Solution

2. If 5 is added to each and every item of a data, then the A.M. is

A. 5 times to the first A.M.

B. increased by 5 to the first A.M.

C. equal to the first A.M.

D. decreased by 5 to the first A.M.

Answer: B



View Text Solution

3. If 6,5,8 and 3 occur with frequencies 4,2,5 and 1 respectively, then the arithmetic mean is

A. 6.15

B. 6.35

C. 6.25

D. 6.45

Answer: C



[Watch Video Solution](#)

4. The mean of 20 observations is 15. On Checking it was found that two observations were wrongly copied as 3 3 and 6. If wrong observations are replaced by correct values 8 and 4, then the correct means is

A. 15

B. 15.15

C. 16.15

D. 17

Answer: B



[View Text Solution](#)

5. Mean of 100 observation is 45. It was later found that two observations 19 and 31 were incorrectly recorded as 91 and 13. Then the correct means is

A. 44.0

B. 44.46

C. 45.00

D. 45.54

Answer: B



View Text Solution

6. Mean of 10 numbers is 6. It was later observed that one number was misread as 9. When the correct means was 7, then the correct value of that number is

A. 19

B. 20

C. 8

D. 10

Answer: A



View Text Solution

7. A group of 10 items has mean 6. If the mean of 4 of these items is 7.5, then the mean of the remaining items is

A. 6.5

B. 5.5

C. 4.5

D. 5.0

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

8. The mean weight of 150 students in a certain class is 60 kilograms. The mean weight of boys in the class is 70 kilograms and that of the girls is 55 kilograms, then the number of boys and girls are

A. 100,50

B. 50,100

C. 75,75

D. 60, 90

Answer: B



View Text Solution

9. The mean age of a combined group of men and women is 30 years. If the means of the age of men and women are respectively 32 and 27, then the percentage of women in the group is

A. 30

B. 40

C. 50

D. 60

Answer: B



View Text Solution

10. The mean of a set observations is \bar{x} . If each observation is divided by α ($\neq 0$) and it is increased by 10, then the mean of the new set is

A. $\frac{\bar{x}}{\alpha}$

B. $\frac{\bar{x} + 10}{\alpha}$

C. $\frac{\bar{x} + 10\alpha}{\alpha}$

D. $\alpha\bar{x} + 10$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

11. If the mean of a set of observations x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{10} is 20 then the mean of $x_1 + 4, x_2 + 8, x_3 + 12, \dots, x_{10} + 40$ is

A. 34

B. 42

C. 38

D. 40

Answer: B



View Text Solution

12. The A.M. of the series

${}^nC_0, {}^nC_1, {}^nC_2, \dots, {}^nC_n$ is

A. $\frac{2^n}{n+1}$

B. $\frac{2^n}{n}$

C. $\frac{2^{n-1}}{n+1}$

D. $\frac{1}{n+1}$

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

13. The mean of first three items is 14 and mean of next two items is 18. The mean of all the five terms is :

A. 14.5

B. 15.0

C. 15.2

D. 15.6

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

14. Six faces of a balanced die are numbered from integers 1 to 6. This die is tossed 60 times and the frequency distribution of the integers obtained is given below. Then the mean of the grouped data is

Integer	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	8	9	10	16	9	8

A. 3.25

B. 3.55

C. 3.45

D. 3.35

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

15. The A.M. of set of 50 numbers is 38. If two numbers of the set, namely 55 and 45 are discarded, the A.M. of the remaining set of number is

A. 38.5

B. 37.5

C. 36.5

D. 36.0

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

16. The simple and weighted arithmetic mean of the first n natural numbers, the weights being the corresponding numbers is

A. $\frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{2n+1}{2}$

B. $\frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{2n+1}{4}$

C. $\frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{2n+1}{3}$

D. n, n^2

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

17. The average salary of male employees in a firm was RS. 520 and that of females was Rs. 420. The mean salary of all the employees was Rs. 500. The percentage of male and female employees are

A. 30, 70

B. 80, 20

C. 40, 60

D. 50, 50

Answer: B



View Text Solution

18. The median of 25, 14, 11, 26, 18 , 17, 40, 29, 19, 20, 13 is

A. 17

B. 12

C. 29

D. 19

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

19. The median of 111, 129, 143, 118, 120, 125, 170, 162 is

A. 127

B. 118

C. 111

D. 135

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

20. The median of the following items 25,15,23,40,27,25,23,25 and 20 is

A. 27

B. 40

C. 25

D. 23

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

21. The test marks in statistic for a class are 20,24,27,38,18,42,35,21,44,18,31,36,41,26,29. The median

score of the class is

A. 8

B. 21

C. 29

D. 31

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

22. The mean of two samples of sizes 200 and 300 were found to be 25, 10 respectively. Their standard deviations were 3 and 4 respectively. The variance of combined sample of size 500 is

A. 64

B. 65.2

C. 67.2

D. 64.2

Answer: C



View Text Solution

23. The median of a series is 10. Two additional observations 7 and 20 are added to series. The median of new series is

A. 9

B. 20

C. 7

D. 10

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

24. The mean and standard deviation of 20 items is found to be 10 and 2 respectively. At the time of checking it was found that one item 8 was incorrect. If it is replaced by 12, then find the mean and variance

A. 10.2, 4.01

B. 10.1, 3.69

C. 10.2, 3.96

D. 10.2, 3.76

Answer: C



View Text Solution

25. If in a moderately skewed distribution, the values of mode and mean are 6λ and 9λ respectively, then value of median is

A. 8λ

B. 6λ

C. 7λ

D. 5λ

Answer: A



View Text Solution

26. The mode of a set of observation 7, 12, 8, 5, 6, 4, 9, 10, 8, 9, 7, 6, 5, 9 is

A. 7

B. 8

C. 9

D. 12

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

27. The mode of 3,3,7,4,5,3,5,6,8,9,5,3,5,3,6,9,7 ,4 is

A. 4

B. 7

C. 3

D. 5

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

28. For data 4,5,5,7,6,6,3,2,5,7,6,7 the number of modes is

A. 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. 12

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

29. Mode of 12,14,11,16,15,14,11,13,14 is

A. 14

B. 11

C. 15

D. 12

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

30. In a moderately skewed distribution, the values of mean and median are 5 and 6 respectively. The value of mode for such distribution is

A. 8

B. 11

C. 16

D. 12

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

31. The geometric mean of observation 2,4,16 and 32 is

A. 6

B. 7

C. 8

D. 9

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

32. The geometric mean of 5,8,10,15,20,25,30,35 is

A. 16.9

B. $10(9)^{1/7}$

C. 18

D. $10\left(\frac{63}{2}\right)^{1/8}$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

33. The mean deviation of first 7 natural numbers from mean is

A. $7/2$

B. $3/2$

C. $12/7$

D. $7/12$

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

34. Mean deviation of first three odd numbers from mean is

A. 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. $4/3$

Answer: D



View Text Solution

35. Mean deviation of 39,40,41,41,42,42,43,43,44,44, 45 through median is

A. 15

B. 1.5

C. 43

D. 35

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

36. Mean deviation from median of the data
90,100,125,115, 110 is

A. 10

B. 20

C. 30

D. 40

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

37. The mean deviation from mean of the data
90,100,125,115,110 is

A. 10

B. 10.4

C. 10.6

D. 10.8

Answer: B



View Text Solution

38. The standard deviation of 7 scores 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 is

A. 4

B. 2

C. $\sqrt{7}$

D. 3

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

39. The standard deviation of 15 items is 6 and each item is decreased by 1. Then the standard deviation of new

data is

A. 5

B. 7

C. $\frac{91}{15}$

D. 6

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

40. The standard deviation for the set of the numbers 1,4,5,7,8 is 2.45. If 10 is added to each number then new standard deviation is

A. 2.45

B. 24.5

C. 0.245

D. 12.45

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

41. Standard deviation of 5,8,11,9,11 is



Watch Video Solution

42. If the standard deviation of x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n is 3.5 then the standard deviation of $-2x_1 - 3, -2x_2 - 3, \dots, -2x_n - 3$ is

A. -7

B. -4

C. 7

D. 1.75

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

43. If the standard deviation of 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9 is K, then the standard deviation of 10,11,12,...,19 is

A. K

B. $K + 10$

C. $K + \sqrt{10}$

D. $10 K$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

44. The variance of first 20 - natural numbers is

A. $\frac{399}{4}$

B. $\frac{379}{12}$

C. $\frac{133}{2}$

D. $\frac{133}{4}$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

45. The variance of 6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,22,24 is

A. 33

B. 37

C. 45

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

46. Observe the following statements :

(A) : 10 is the mean of a set of 7 observations and 5 is the mean of a set of 3 observations. The mean of a combined set is 9.

(R) : If $\bar{x}_i (i = 1, 2, \dots, k)$ are the means of k - series $n_i (i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, k)$ respectively, then the combined or composite mean is

$$\bar{x} = \frac{n_1\bar{x}_1 + n_2\bar{x}_2 + \dots + n_k\bar{x}_k}{n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_k}$$

A. both A, R are true and $R \Rightarrow A$

B. both A, R are true and $R \not\Rightarrow A$

C. A is true, R is false

D. A is false, R is true

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

47. A man motors from A to B. A large part of the distance is uphill and he gets a mileage of only 10 miles per gallon of gasoline. ON the return trip, he makes 15 miles per gallon, then the average of his mileage (assuming that the distance from A to B is 60 miles) is

A. 12

B. 11

C. 10

D. 20

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

48. An aeroplane flies around a square, the sides of which measure 100 miles each. The aeroplane covers at a speed of 100 mph the first side, at 200 mph the second side, at 300 mph the third side and 400 mph the fourth side. The average speed of the aeroplane around the square is

A. 190 mph

B. 195 mph

C. 192 mph

D. 200 mph

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

49. The mean of a data set consisting of 20 observation is 40. If one observation 53 was wrongly recorded as 33, then the correct mean will be

A. $\left(\frac{(16.2)^9 \times 21.9}{12.9} \right)^{1/10}$

- B. $\left(\frac{(16.2)^{10} \times 21.9}{12.9} \right)^{1/10}$
- C. $\left(\frac{(16.2)^{10} \times 12.9}{21.9} \right)^{1/10}$
- D. $\left(\frac{(16.2)^{11} \times 21.9}{21.9} \right)^{1/11}$

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

50. Mean of 100 observations is 50 and S.D. is 10. If 5 subtracted from each observation and then it is divided by 4, then the new mean and S.D. are

A. 11.25, 6.25

B. 11.25, 2.5

C. 11.25, 10

D. 11.35, 3.5

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

51. Consider the following statements :

(i) Mean of 100 observations is 50 and standard deviation is 10. If 5 is added to each observation the new mean and standard deviation are 55, 10.

(ii) Mean of 100 observations is 50 and standard deviation is 10. If each observation is multiplied by 3 then the new mean and standard deviation are 50, $10/3$.

The true statements are :

A. only (i)

B. only (ii)

C. both (i), (ii)

D. neither (i) nor (ii)

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

52. I. The geometric mean of 2,4,16 and 32 is a

II. The strength of 7 colleges in a city are 385, 1748, 1343, 1935, 786, 2874 , 2108. Then the median strength is b.

II. The algebraic sum of the deviations of 20 observations

measured from 30 is 2. The mean of these observations is

c.

A. $a < b < c$

B. $b < c < a$

C. $c < a < b$

D. $a < c < b$

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

53. If the mean deviation of number $1, 1+d, \dots, 1+100d$ from their mean is 255, then a value of d is

A. 10.1

B. 5.05

C. 20.2

D. 10

Answer: A



View Text Solution

54. The mean of 5 observations is 5 and their variance is 124. If three of the observations are 1, 2 and 6, then the mean deviation from the mean of the data is

A. 2.5

B. 2.6

C. 2.8

D. 2.4

Answer: C



View Text Solution