



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - NCERT EXEMPLAR

COMBUSTION AND FLAME

Multiple Choice Questions

1. A substance which reacts with oxygen giving

heat is called a combustible substance. Which,

one of the following is a combustible

substance?

A. iron nail

B. glass

C. stone piece

D. wood

Answer: D

2. Which one of the following has the highest

calorific value?

A. kerosene

B. biogas

C. LPG

D. petrol

Answer: C

3. Magnesium ribbon on burning in air produces

A. magnesium oxide, water and light

B. magnesium oxide and heat

C. magnesium oxide, heat and light

D. magnesium oxide, water and heat

Answer: C

4. Which of the following is not a combustible

substance?

A. camphor

B. glass

C. straw

D. alcohol

Answer: B

5. The substance that does not burn with flame is

A. LPG

B. camphor

C. dry grass

D. charcoal

Answer: D

6. On placing an inverted tumbler over a burning candle, the flame extinguishes after some time. This is because of non availability of

A. oxygen

B. water vapours

C. carbon dioxide

D. wax

Answer: A





7. If a person's clothes catches fire, the best way to extinguish the fire is to:

A. throw water on the clothes.

B. use fire extinguisher.

C. cover the person with a woolen blanket.

D. cover the person with a polythene sheet.

Answer: C

8. The substance expected to have the highest ignition temperature out of the following is

A. kerosene

B. petrol

C. coal

D. alcohol

Answer: C

9. Choose the correct statement about inflammable substances from the following.
They have :

A. low ignition temperature and cannot catch fire easily.

B. high ignition temperature and can catch

fire easily.

C. low ignition temperature and can catch

fire easily.

D. high ignition temperature and cannot

catch fire easily.

Answer: C



10. Choose the incorrect statement from the

following.

Forest fires are usually due to:

A. carelessness of humans

B. heat of sun

C. cutting of trees

D. lightning strike

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

11. The calorific value of a fuel is expressed in a

unit called

A. kilojoule per litre

- B. kilogram per mililitre
- C. kilojoule per gram
- D. kilojoule per kilogram

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

12. In villages, people use wood as fuel because:

A. it is considered to be an ideal fuel.

B. of its easy availability and low cost.

C. it is environment friendly.

D. it catches fire easily.

Answer:

Watch Video Solution

13. Which among the following is considered

as the cleanest fuel?

A. cow dung cake

B. petrol

C. kerosene

D. hydrogen gas

Answer:

Watch Video Solution

14. Choose the incorrect statement from the

following.

A good fuel is one which:

A. is readily available.

B. produces a large amount of heat.

C. leaves behind many undesirable

substances.

D. burns easily in air at a moderate rate

Answer: C

15. Shyam was cooking potato curry on a chulha. To his surprise he observed that the copper vessel was getting blackened from outside. It may be due to:

A. proper combustion of fuel.

B. improper cooking of potato curry.

C. improper combustion of the fuel.

D. burning of copper vessel.

Answer: C

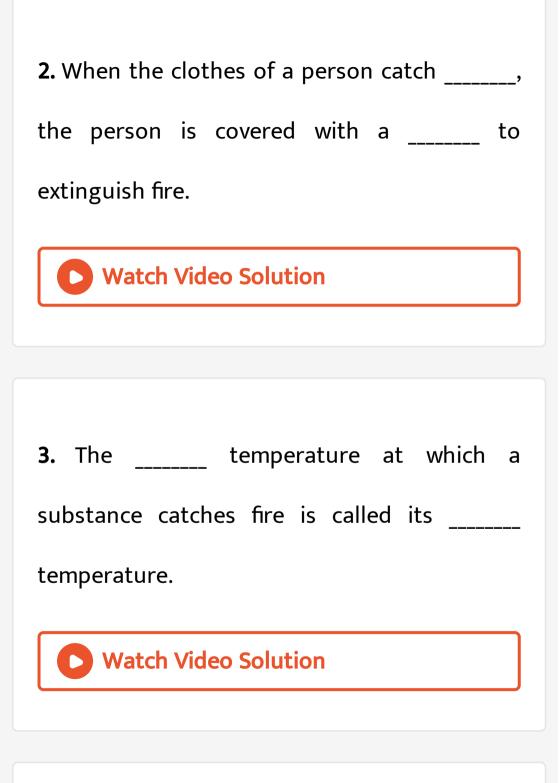


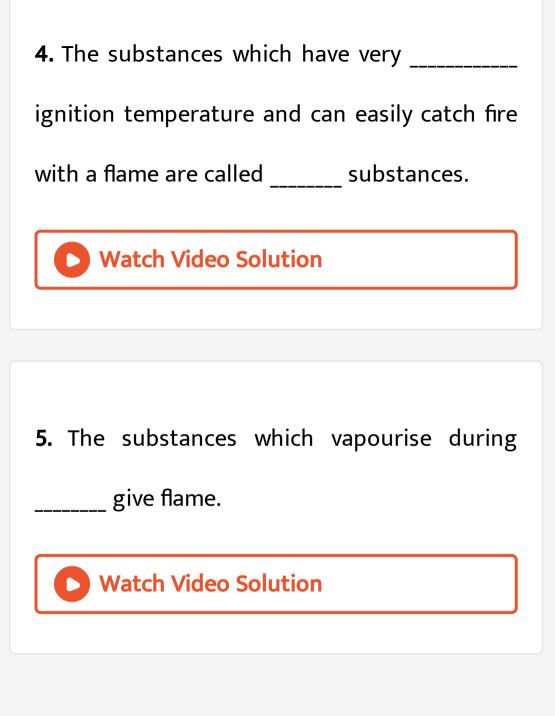


Very Short Answer Questions Fill In The Blanks In The Following Sentences

1. A _____ process in which a substance reacts with _____ to give off heat is called

combustion.





6. Some words (underlined) in the following sentences are jumbled up. Write them in their correct form.

(a) $\underline{\text{Seldie}}$ is a combustible substance.

(b) Slags is a non-combustible material.

(c) <u>Chittsmack</u> does not burn by itself.

(d) Some substances on combustion produce

thea and mafel.

(e) The amount of heat energy produced on complete combustion of 1 kg of a fuel is called its ficalroic value.



7. Two glass jars A and B are filled with carbon dioxide and oxygen gases, respectively. In each jar a lighted candle is placed simultaneously. In which jar will the candle remain lighted for a longer time and why?



8. Anu wants to boil water quickly in a test tube. On observing the different zones of the

flame, she is not able to decide which zone of

the flame will be best for boiling water quickly.

Help her in this activity.

Watch Video Solution

9. Why is the use of diesel and petrol as fuels

in automobiles being replaced by Compressed

Natural Gas (CNG) in big cities?

 Boojho wants to separate the following materials as combustible and noncombustible. Can you help him?
 Charcoal, chalk, stone, iron rod, copper coin, straw,

cardboard, glass, paper, candle, wood.



2. Indicate whether the following statements are True or False. Also write the false statements in their correct form. (a) Air is necessary for combustion. (b) Magnesium is a non-combustible metal. (c) Carbon dioxide is an excellent fire extinguisher.

(d) Calorific value of wood is higher than that of coal.



3. If you hold a piece of iron wire with a pair of tongs inside a candle flame or a Bunsen burner flame, what will you observe? Will it produce a flame?



4. Fill in the blanks using the words given in the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value,

combustible, inflammable

A chemical process in which a substance

reacts with oxygen to give off heat is called



5. Fill in the blanks using the words given in the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value,

combustible, inflammable

Wood, paper, CNG are _____ substances.

6. Fill in the blanks using the words given in the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value,

combustible, inflammable

The lowest temperature at which a substance

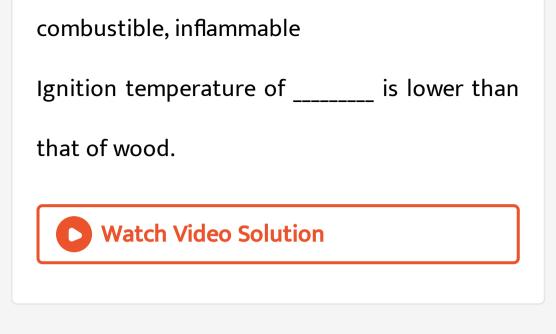
catches fire is called its _____ temperature.

Watch Video Solution

7. Fill in the blanks using the words given in

the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value,



8. Fill in the blanks using the words given in the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value,

combustible, inflammable

The substances which have very low _____

temperature and can easily catch fire with a

flame are called _____ substances.



9. Fill in the blanks using the words given in the box.

ignition, petrol, combustion, calorific value, combustible, inflammable

The amount of heat energy produced on complete combustion of 1kg of a fuel is called

its _____.





10. People usually keep Angethi/burning coal in their closed rooms during winter season. Why is it advised to keep the door open?

Watch Video Solution

11. Cracker on ignition produces sound. Why?

12. What do you understand by fuel efficiency?



Short Answer Questions Write True False Against The Following Statements And Also Correct The False Statement

1. A physical process in which a substance reacts with oxygen to give off heat is called combustion.

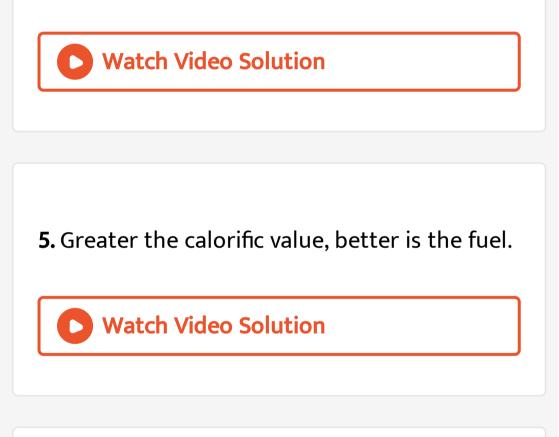
2. Water is the best extinguisher for fires involving electrical equipment.
Watch Video Solution

3. Alcohol, CNG and LPG are inflammable substances.



4. Increased concentration of nitrogen in air is

believed to cause global warming.



6. Middle zone is the hottest zone of a flame.

7. The substances which vapourise during

burning, give



Long Answer Questions

1. You are provided with three watch glasses containing milk, petrol and mustard oil, respectively. Suppose you bring a burning candle near these materials one by one, which

material(s) will catch fire instantly and why?



2. Manu was heating oil to fry potato chips. The cooking oil all of a sudden caught fire, he poured water to extinguish the fire. Do you think this action was suitable. If yes, why? If not, why not? In such a condition what should Manu have done? 3. What are the three essential requirements

to produce fire? How fire extinguisher is useful

for controlling the fire.

Watch Video Solution

4. Give two examples each for a solid, liquid and gaseous fuel along with some important uses.

5. The calorific values of petrol and CNG are 45000 kJ/kg and 50,000 kJ/kg, respectively. If you have vehicle which can run on petrol as well as CNG, which fuel will you prefer and why?

Watch Video Solution

6. Although wood has a very high calorific value, we still discourage its use as a fuel. Explain.





7. Forest fire produces a lot of air pollution.

Write in brief about the reasons of forest fires.