



MATHS

BOOKS - S CHAND IIT JEE

FOUNDATION

CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY

Solved Examples

1. Find the distance between the points $(a \cos 60^\circ, 0)$ and $(0, a \sin 60^\circ)$.



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2. Find the value of x if the distance between the points $(2, -11)$ and $(x, -3)$ is 10 units.



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3. Show that the points $(1, -1)$, $(5, 2)$ and $(9, 5)$ are collinear.



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4. If $P(2, -1)$, $Q(3, 4)$, $R(-2, 3)$ and $S(-3, -2)$ are four points in a plane, show that PQRS is a rhombus but not a square. Also find its area.



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5. Find a point on the x-axis, which is equidistant from the points $(7, 6)$ and $(-3, 4)$.



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6. If $A(-1, 3)$, $B(1, -1)$ and $C(5, 1)$ are the vertices of triangle ABC , find the length of the median passing through the vertex through A .



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7. If the points $A(a, -10)$, $B(6, b)$, $C(3, 16)$, $D(2, -1)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram $ABCD$, find the values of a and b .



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8. Two vertices of a triangle are $A(1, 1)$, $B(2, -3)$.

If its centroid is $(2, 1)$ find the third vertex.



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Question Bank

1. The distance between the points $(\cos \theta, \sin \theta)$ and $(\sin \theta, -\cos \theta)$ is

A. $\sqrt{3}$

B. $\sqrt{2}$

C. 1

D. 0

Answer: B



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2. If y is a positive integer such that the distance between the points $(-6, -1)$ and $(-6, y)$ is 12 units, then $y =$

A. 5

B. 8

C. 11

D. 1

Answer: C



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3. If A (x, y) is equidistant from P $(-3, 2)$ and Q $(2,-3)$, then

A. $2x = y$

B. $x = -y$

C. $x = 2y$

D. $x = y$

Answer: D



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4. The nearest point from the origin is

A. (2, -3)

B. (6,0)

C. (-2,-1)

D. (3,5)

Answer: C



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5. The vertices of a triangle are A (3,-2), B (-2, 1) and C (5,2). Then the length of the median through B is

A. $\sqrt{67}$ units

B. $\sqrt{37}$ units

C. $\sqrt{35}$ units

D. 6 units

Answer: B



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6. The points (a, a) , $(-a, -a)$ and $(-\sqrt{3}a, \sqrt{3}a)$ are the vertices of

A. right triangle

B. scalene triangle

C. equilateral triangle

D. isosceles triangle

Answer: C



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7. The co-ordinates of the vertices of a side of square are (4, -3) and (-1,-5). Its area is

A. $2\sqrt{29}$ sq. units

B. $\frac{\sqrt{89}}{2}$ sq. units

C. 89 sq. units

D. 29 sq. units

Answer: D



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8. The quadrilateral with vertices P(-3, 2),

Q(-5,-5), R(2, -3) and S (4,4) is a

A. rectangle

B. square

C. rhombus

D. kite

Answer: C



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9. The value of p for which the points $(-1, 3)$, $(2, p)$ and $(5, -1)$ are collinear is

A. -1

B. 2

C. $\frac{1}{3}$

D. 1

Answer: D



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10. The centre of a circle is $(x - 2, x+1)$ and it passes through the points $(4,4)$. Find the value (or values) of x , if the diameter of the circle is of length $2\sqrt{5}$ units.

A. 1 or 3

B. -1 or 4

C. 5 or 4

D. 3 or -2

Answer: C



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11. Find the area of a rectangle whose vertices are A(-2, 6), B (5,3), C (-1,-11) and D(-8,-8)

A. $4\sqrt{29}$ sq. units

B. 116 sq. units

C. $29\sqrt{5}$ sq. units

D. $58\sqrt{2}$ sq. units

Answer: B



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12. If the points P (12,8), Q (-2, a) and R (6,0) are the vertices of a right angled triangle PQR, where $\angle R = 90^\circ$, the value of a is

A. 6

B. -2

C. -4

D. -6

Answer: A



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13.

Of

$A(-2, -1)$, $B(a, 0)$, $C(4, b)$ and $D(1, 2)$

are the vertices of a parallelogram, find the values of a and b .

A. 3, 1

B. $-3, 1$

C. 1, 3

D. $-1, -3$

Answer: C



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14. The co-ordinates of one end-point of a circle are $(-3, 1)$ and the co-ordinates of the centre of the circle are $(2, 4)$. The co-ordinates of the other end-point of the diameter are

A. $\left(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-3}{2}\right)$

B. $(-7, 9)$

C. $(7, 9)$

D. $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$

Answer: C



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15. If three consecutive vertices of a parallelogram are $(1, -2)$, $(3, 6)$ and $(5, 10)$, find its fourth vertex.

A. $(2,-3)$

B. $(-2,-3)$

C. $(3,2)$

D. $(3,-2)$

Answer: C





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16. The point on the x-axis which is equidistant from the points $(7,6)$ and $(-3, 4)$ is

A. $(0, 3)$

B. $(3, 0)$

C. $(-3, 0)$

D. $(0, -3)$

Answer: B



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17. What is the perimeter of the parallelogram JKLM, whose co-ordinates are J(-5,2), K (-2, 6), L (5,6), M(2, 2).

A. 30 units

B. 24 units

C. 28 units

D. 21 units

Answer: B



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18. Find the area of the right angled triangle whose vertices are $(2,-2)$, $(-2, 1)$ and $(5,2)$.

A. $5\sqrt{2}$ sq. units

B. $\frac{25}{2}$ sq. units

C. $15\sqrt{2}$ sq. units

D. 10 sq. units

Answer: B



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19. The points $(3,4)$, $(11, 10)$ and $(5, 11/2)$ are

A. collinear

B. vertices of an equilateral triangle

C. vertices of isosceles triangle

D. vertices of scalene triangle.

Answer: A



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20. The co-ordinates of vertices P and Q of an equilateral ΔPQR are $(1, \sqrt{3})$ and $(0, 0)$. Which of the following could be co-ordinates of R ?

A. $(1, 2)$

B. $(2, 0)$

C. $\left(1, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$

D. $(\sqrt{3}, 1)$

Answer: B



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Self Assessment Sheet

1. The distance between the points (a, b) and $(-a, -b)$

A. 0

B. 1

C. \sqrt{ab}

D. $2\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$

Answer: D



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2. Show that the points $(a, 0)$, $(0, b)$ and $(1, 1)$

are collinear, if $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = 1$

A. -1

B. 1

C. 0

D. 2

Answer: B



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3. If $Q (0, 1)$ is equidistant from $P (5,-3)$ and $R (x, 6)$, then positive value of x is

A. 5

B. 4

C. 2

D. 8

Answer: B



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4. The quadrilateral formed by the points $(-1, -2)$, $(1,0)$, $(-1, 2)$ and $(-3,0)$ is a

A. rectangle

B. square

C. rhombus

D. none of these

Answer: B



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5. The third vertex of a triangle, whose two vertices are $(-4,1)$ and $(0, -3)$ and centroid is at the origin is

A. $(3, 1)$

B. $(-4,1)$

C. $(4,2)$

D. $(-1,2)$

Answer: C



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6. $(3, 2)$, $(-3, 2)$ and $(0, 2\sqrt{3})$ are, the vertices of
.....triangle of area

A. isosceles, 81 sq. units

B. scalene, $9\sqrt{3}$ sq. units

C. equilateral, $9\sqrt{3}$ sq. units

D. right angled, 81 sq. units

Answer: C



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7. The mid-point of the line segment joining $(2a, 4)$ and $(-2, 2b)$ is $(1, 2a + 1)$. The values of a and b are

A. $a = 3, b = -1$

B. $a = 2, b = -3$

C. $a = 3, b = -2$

D. $a = 2, b = 3$

Answer: D



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8. If A (1,0), B (5,3), C(2,7) and D (x, y) are vertices of a parallelogram ABCD, the coordinates of D are

A. (-2, -3)

B. (-2, 4)

C. (2, -3)

D. (3, 5)

Answer: B



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9. If the point (x, y) is equidistant from the points $(a+b, b-a)$ and $(a-b, a+b)$, then prove that $bx=ay$.

A. $bx + ay = 0$

B. $bx - ay = 0$

C. $ax + by = 0$

D. $ax - by = 0$

Answer: B



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10. The centre of the circle is at the origin and its radius is 10. Which of the following points lies inside the circle?

A. (6,8)

B. (0, 11)

C. (-10,0)

D. (7,7)

Answer: D



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