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## MATHS

## BOOKS - S CHAND IIT JEE <br> FOUNDATION

## DISTANCE, TIME AND SPEED

Solved Examples

1. A thief seeing a policeman from a distance
of 200 metres, starts running with a speed of
$8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The policeman gives chase immediately with a speed of $9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and the thief is caught. What is the distance run by the thief?

## D Watch Video Solution

2. In covering a distance of 30 km Abhay takes

2 hours more than Sameer. If Abhay doubles
his speed, then he would take 1 hour loess
than Sameer. Abhays speed is 5 kmph b .

6 kmph c .6 .25 kmph d. 7.5 kmph

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3. I started o my bicycle at 7 a.m. to reach a certain place . after going a certain distance, my bicycle went out of order consequently, I rested for 35 minutes and came back to my house walking all the way. I reached my hours eat 1 p.m. if my cycling speed is 10 kmph and my walking speed is 1 kmph then on my bicycle I covered a distance of $4 \frac{61}{66} \mathrm{~km}$ b. $13 \frac{4}{9} \mathrm{~km} \mathrm{c}$. $14 \frac{3}{8} \mathrm{~km}$ d. $1 \frac{10}{21} \mathrm{~km}$
4. In a race of $200 \mathrm{~m}, B$ can give a start of 10 m to $A$ and $C$ can give a start of 20 m to $B$. The start that $C$ can give to $A$ in the same race is
(a) 27 m (b) 29 m (c) 30 m (d) 25 m

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5. A cyclist moves non-stop from $A$ to $B, a$ distance of 14 km , at a certain average speed.

If his average speed reduces by 1 km per hour,
he takes 20 minutes more to cover the same distance. The original average speed of the cyclist is

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6. The ratio between the rates of walking of $A$ and $B$ is $2: 3$. If the time taken by $B$ to cover $a$ certain distance is 48 minutes, the time taken
(in minutes) by A to cover the distance is :

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7. A train $X$ starts from Meerut at 4 p.m. and reaches Ghaziabad at 5 p.m. while another train $Y$ starts from Ghaziabad at 4 p.m. and reaches Meerut at 5.30 p.m. The two trains will cross each other at 4.36 pm . b. 4.42 pm . c.
8. $48 \mathrm{pm} \cdot$ d. 4.50 pm .

## - Watch Video Solution

8. $A$ and $B$ walk from $X$ to $Y$, a distance of 27 km at $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively. $B$ reaches

Y and immediately turns back meeting A to Z . What is the distance from X to Z ?

## D View Text Solution

9. A man travels from $A$ to $B$ at a speed of $x$ $k m / h r$. He then rests at $B$ for $x$ hours. He then travels from $B$ to $C$ at a speed of $2 x \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and rests for $2 x$ hours. He moves further to $D$ at a speed twice as that between $B$ and $C$. He thus reaches $D$ in 16 hours. If the distance $A-B, B-C$
and C-D are all equal to 12 km , then what could be the time for which he rested at $B$ ?

## D View Text Solution

10. A man travels three-fifths of a distance $A B$ at a speed of 3 a , and the remaining at a speed of $2 b$. If he goes from $B$ to $A$ and returns at $a$ speed of 5 c in the same time, then

$$
\text { A. } \frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}=\frac{1}{c}
$$

$$
\text { B. } a+b=c
$$

C. $3 a+2 b=5 c$

$$
\text { D. } \frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{b}=\frac{2}{c}
$$

Answer: A::B::C
(D) Watch Video Solution
11. If a train, with a speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, crosses
a pole in 30 seconds, the length of the train
(in metres) is :

- Watch Video Solution

12. Two trains 140 m and 160 m long run at the speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively in opposite directions on parallel tracks What is the time (in seconds) which they take to cross each other?

## D Watch Video Solution

13. Two trains travel in the same direction at
$50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $32 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively. A man in
the slower train observes that the faster train
passes him completely in 15 seconds. What is the length of the faster train in metres?

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A train 110 m long passes a man running at a speed of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the direction opposite to
the train in 6 seconds. What is the speed of the train?
15. A train with $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ crosses a bridge in,

36 seconds. Another train 100 metres shorter
crosses the same bridge at $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. What is
the time taken by the second train to cross
the bridge? 61 seconds b. 62 seconds c. 63 seconds d. 64 seconds

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16. A train 108 m long moving at a speed of 50
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ crosses a train 112 m long coming from
opposite direction in 6 seconds. The speed of the second train in $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{b} .54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{c}$. $66 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d. $82 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D Watch Video Solution

17. A train overtakes two persons walking along a railway track. The first one walks at 4.5
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The other one walks at $5.4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The train needs 8.4 and 8.5 seconds respectively to overtake them. What is the speed of the train
if both the persons are walking in the same direction as the train?

## D Watch Video Solution

18. As man sitting in a which is travelling at 0 kmph observes that a goods train, travelling in opposite direction, takes 9 seconds to pass
him. If the goods train is 280 m long find the its speed.
19. A man rows upstream 13 km and downstream 28 km talking 5 hrs each time. What is the velocity in ( $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) of the current?

## - Watch Video Solution

20. In one hour, a boat goes 11 km along the stream and 5 km against the stream. The speed of the boat in still water (in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) is a. 8 b. 3 c. 9 d. 5
21. The speed of a boat in still water is 15
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. It can go 30 km upstream and return downstream to the original point in 4 hours 30 minutes. Find the speed of the stream.

## D Watch Video Solution

22. A boat takes 4 hours for travelling downstream from point $A$ to point $B$ and coming back to point $A$ upstream. If the velocity of the stream is $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and the
speed of the boat in still water is $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, what is the distance between $A$ and $B$ ?

## D Watch Video Solution

23. A boat goes 20 km downstream in one hour and the same distance upstream in two
hours. What is the speed of the boat in still water?
24. A man rows to a place 48 km distant and back in 14 hours. He finds that he can row 4 km with the stream in the same time as 3 km against the stream. The rate of the stream is : $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $1.8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ c. $1.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{d}$. $3.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

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25. A boat goes 6 km in an hour in still water. It takes thrice as much time in covering the
same distance against the stream. What is the

## speed of the stream?

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## Section A Question Bank 21 A

1. A person wants to travel a distance of 50 km by his bicycle. He travels with a speed of 12.5
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. After every 12.5 km , he takes a rest of 20
minutes. How much time will he take to complete the whole distance?
A. 4 hrs 20 min
B. 5 hrs 20 min
C. 5 hrs
D. 6 hrs

Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

2. Two cars start at the same time from one point and move along two roads at right angles to each other. Their speeds are 36
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively. After 15 seconds, the distance between them will be
A. 400 m
B. 150 m
C. 300 m
D. 250 m

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
3. In a race of $800 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~A}$ can beat B by 40 m . In a race of $500 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{~B}$ can beat C by 5 m . In a race of 200 m, A will beat C by
A. 11.9 m
B. 1.19 m
C. 12.7 m
D. 1.27 m

Answer: A

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4. A constable follows a thief who is 200 m ahead of the constable. If the constable and
the thief runs at the speeds of $8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and 7 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively, the constable would catch the thief in
A. 10 min
B. 12 min
C. 15 min
D. 20 min

Answer: B
5. Two buses travel to a place at $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively. If the second bus takes
$5 \frac{1}{2}$ hrs less than the first for the journey, the length of the journey is
A. 900 km
B. 945 km
C. 990 km
D. 1350 km

## D Watch Video Solution

6. A cyclist covering a distance of 40 km would
have reached 1 hour earlier, if he had run at an
increased speed of $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. His speed in
(km/hr) was
A. 6
B. 8
C. 10

## D. 12

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

7. Ram travels from $P$ to $Q$ at $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and returns at $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Shyam travels from P to Q and returns at $12.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. If he takes 12 minutes less than Ram, then what is the distance between $P$ and $Q$ ?
A. 60 km
B. 45 km
C. 36 km
D. 30 km

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

8. A student reached his school late by 20 minutes by travelling at a speed of $9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.

Had he travelled at the speed of $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, he would have reached his school 20 minutes
early. Find the distance between his house and
the school?
A. 12 km
B. 6 km
C. 3 km
D. 24 km

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
9. An aircraft was to take off from a certain airport at 8 a.m., but it was delayed by 30 min .

To make up for the lost time, it was to increase its speed by $250 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour from the normal speed to reach its destination 1500 km on time. What was the normal speed of the aircraft?
A. $650 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $750 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $850 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D. $1000 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

10. Robert is travelling on his cycle and has calculate to reach point A at 2 P.M. if he travels at 10 kmph ; he will reach there at 12 noon if he travels at 15 kmph . At what speed must he travel to reach A at 1 P.M.? 8 kmph b. 11 kmph
c. 12 kmph d. 14 kmph
A. $8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $11 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

11. $A$ is faster than B. A and B each walk 24 km .
the sum of their speeds is $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and the sum of times taken by them is 14 hours. Then

As speed is equal to $3 k m / h r$ b. $4 k m / h r$ c.
$5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d. $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $7 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

12. A car travels the first one third of a certain distant with a speed of $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the next one third distant with a speed of $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and the last one third distance with a speed of 60 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The average speed of the car for the whole journey is $18 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{c}$.
$30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d. $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $18 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D. $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

13. A motor car starts with a speed of $70 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
with its speed increasing every two hours by
$10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. In how many hours will it cover 345 kms?
A. $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{hrs}$
B. 4 hrs 5 min
C. $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{hrs}$
D. 3 hrs

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A train can travel $0 \%$ faster than a car,. Both start from point $A$ at the same time and reach point B 75 kms away from $A$ at the same time. One the way, however, the train lost
about 12.5 minutes while stopping at the stations. The speed of the car is 100 kmph b . 120 kmph c .110 kmph d. 130 kmph
A. $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $110 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $120 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $130 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
15. Shyam went from Delhi to Shimla via

Chandigarh by car. The distance from Delhi to Chandigarh is $\frac{3}{4}$ times the distance from

Chandigarh to Shimla. The average speed from
Delhi to Chandigarh was one and a half times
that from Chandigarh to Shimla. If the average
speed for the entire journey was $49 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$,
what was the average speed from Chandigarh to Shimla?
A. $39.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $63 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## C. $42 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

D. $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

16. $A$ and $B$ walk around a circular track. They
start at 8 a.m. from the same point in the opposite directions. $A$ and $B$ walk at a speed of

2 rounds per hour and 3 rounds per hour
respectively. How many times shall they cross each other before 9.30 am.? 5 b. 6 c. 7 d. 8
A. 5
B. 6
C. 7
D. 8

Answer: C
( Watch Video Solution
17. A man covered a certain distance at some
speed Had he moved 3 kmph faster, he would
have taken 40 minutes less. If he had moved 2
kmph slower; he would have taken 40 minutes
more. The distance (in km) is $35 \mathrm{~b} .40 \mathrm{c} .36 \frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~d}$.
$37 \frac{1}{2}$
A. 35
B. $36 \frac{2}{3}$
C. $37 \frac{1}{2}$
D. 40

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

18. $A$ and $B$ are 25 km apart. If they travel in opposite directions, they meet after one hour.

If they travel in the same direction, they meet after 5 hours. If $A$ travels faster than $B$, then the speed of $A$ is
A. $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $12.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## C. $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

D. $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

19. A small aeroplane can travel at $320 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
in still air. The wind is blowing at a constant speed of $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The total time for a journey against the wind is 135 minutes. What will be the time, in minutes for the return journey
with the wind? (Ignore take off and landing
times for the aeroplane.)
A. 94.5
B. 105
C. 108.125
D. 120

Answer: B
( Watch Video Solution
20. A man reduces his speed to two-third to
walk a distance and consequently becomes
late by 1 hour. With his usual speed, he covers
the same distance in
A. $\frac{1}{4}$ hour
B. $\frac{1}{2}$ hour
C. 2 hours
D. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours

## Answer: C

21. If I walk at $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, I miss a train by 2 minutes. If, however, I walk at $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, then I reach the station 2 minutes before the arrival of the train. How far do I walk to reach the station?
A. $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~km}$
B. $\frac{4}{5} \mathrm{~km}$
C. $\frac{5}{4} \mathrm{~km}$
D. 1 km

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

22. A car driver, driving in a fog, passes a pedestrian who was walking at the rate of 2 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the same direction. The pedestrian could see the car for 6 minutes and it was visible to him upto a distance of 0.6 km . What was the speed of the car?
A. $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

23. A train increases Its normal speed by $12.5 \%$ and reaches its destination 20 minutes earlier.

What is the actual time taken by the train in
the journey? $145 m \in \quad$ b. $180 m \in \quad$ c.
$160 m \in \mathrm{~d} .220 m \in$
A. 220 min
B. 180 min
C. 145 min
D. 160 min

Answer: B
( Watch Video Solution
24. A bike travels a distance of 200 km at a constant speed, If the speed of the bike is increased by $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the journey would have taken 2 hours less. What is the speed of the bike?
A. $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $25 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $15 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

25. Two persons $P$ and $Q$ start at the same time from city A to city B, 60 km away. P travels
$4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ slower than Q. Q reaches city B and at once turns back meeting $\mathrm{P}, 12 \mathrm{~km}$ from city B . What is the speed of P ?
A. $8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $16 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D. $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

26. A starts from a place $P$ to go to a place $Q$.

At the same time B starts from Q to P. If after meeting each other $A$ and $B$ took 4 and 9 hours more respectively to reach their destinations, the ratio of their speeds is
A. $3: 2$
B. 5:2
C. $9: 4$
D. 9:13

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

27. In covering a certain distance, the speeds
of $A$ and $B$ are in the ratio of $3: 4$. $A$ takes 30 minutes more than $B$ to reach the destination.

The time taken by A to reach the destination is
1 hour b. 2 hours c. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours d. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ hours
A. 1 hour
B. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hours
C. 2 hours
D. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ hours

Answer: C
( Watch Video Solution
28. $A$ and $B$ run a kilometre and $A$ wins by 25
sec. $A$ and $C$ run a kilometre and $A$ wins by

275m. When $B$ and $C$ run the same distance, $B$
wins by 30 sec . The time taken by A to run a
kilometre is
A. $2 \min 25 \mathrm{sec}$
B. 2 min 50 sec
C. 3 min 20 sec
D. 3 min 30 sec

## - Watch Video Solution

29. A hare sees a dog 200 m away from her and scuds off in the opposite direction at a speed of $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Two minutes later, the dog perceives her and gives chase at a speed of 32 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. How soon will the dog overtake the hare and what is the distance from the spot from where the hare took flight?
A. 8 min 2 km
B. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~min}, 2 \mathrm{~km}$
C. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~min}, 3 \mathrm{~km}$
D. $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~min}, 1 \mathrm{~km}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

30. A, B and C start from the same place and travel the same directions at speeds of 30,40 and $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively. B starts two hours after A. If B and C overtake $A$ at the same instant, how many hours after A did C start.
A. 3
B. 3.5
C. 4
D. 4.5

Answer: C

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## Section B Question Bank 21 B

1. In what time will a train 100 metres long with a speed of $50 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour cross a pillar?
A. 7 seconds
B. 72 seconds
C. 7.2 seconds
D. 70 seconds

Answer: C
(D) Watch Video Solution
2. Two trains 160 m and 140 m long are running in opposite directions on parallel rails, the first at $77 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and the other at 67 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. How long will they take to cross each other?
A. 7 seconds
B. $7 \frac{1}{2}$ seconds
C. 6 seconds
D. 10 seconds

Answer: B
3. How much time does a train 50 m long moving at $68 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ take to pass another train 75 m long moving at $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the same direction?
A. 5 seconds
B. 10 seconds
C. 20 seconds
D. 25 seconds

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

4. A person standing on a railway platform noticed that a train took 21 seconds to completely pass through the platform which was 84 m long and it took 9 seconds in passing him. Find the speed of the train in km/hr.
A. $25.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $32.4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $50.4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $75.6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

5. A moving train 66 metres long overtakes
another train of 88 metres long, moving in the
same direction in 0.168 minutes. If the second
train is moving at $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, at what speed is
the first train moving?
A. $85 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $55 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $25 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
6. A train of length 150 m takes 10 sec to pass
over another train 100 m long coming from
opposite direction. If the speed of the first train be $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the speed of the second train is
A. $54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B
7. A train is running at a speed of $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and a man is walking at a speed of $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the opposite direction. If the train crosses the man in 18 seconds, then its length is
A. 200 m
B. 220 m
C. 180 m
D. 250 m

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

8. Two trains of equal length stake 10 seconds
and 15 seconds respectively to cross a telegraph post. If the length of each train be

120 metres, in what time (in seconds) will they
cross each other travelling in opposite direction? 10 b. 12 c. 15 d. 20
A. 16
B. 15
C. 12
D. 10

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

9. A train passes two bridges of lengths 800 m
and 400 m in 100 seconds and 60 seconds
respectively. The length of the train is:
A. 80 m
B. 90 m
C. 200 m
D. 150 m

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

10. A man standing on a platform finds that a train takes 3 seconds to pass him and another train of the same length moving in the
opposite direction takes 4 seconds. The time
taken by the trains to pass each other will be
$2 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds b. $3 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds c. $4 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds d. $5 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds
A. $2 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds
B. $3 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds
C. $4 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds
D. $5 \frac{3}{7}$ seconds

Answer: B
11. Two trains travel in the same direction at 60
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $96 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. If the faster train passes a
man in the slower train in 20 seconds, then
the length of the faster train is
A. 100 m
B. 125 m
C. 150 m
D. 200 m

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12. Two trains each 100 m long, moving in opposite directions, cross each other in 8 seconds. If one is moving twice as fast the other, then the speed of the faster train is $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ c. $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{d}$.
$75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $45 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $60 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$

D. $75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

13. If a train takes 1.5 seconds to cross atelegraph post and 1.75 seconds to overtake a cyclist racing along a road parallel to the track at $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, then the length of the train is
A. 135 metres
B. 125 metres
C. 115 metres
D. 105 metres

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A train passes two persons walking in the same direction at a speed of $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$ and $5 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour respectively in 10 seconds and 11 seconds respectively. The speed of the train is
A. $28 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $27 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $25 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

15. Two trains are running at $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and 20
$\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively in the same direction. Fast
train completely passes a man sitting in the
slower train in 5 seconds. What is the length of the fast train?
A. 23 m
B. $23 \frac{2}{9} m$
C. 27 m
D. $27 \frac{7}{9} m$

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
16. Two trains running in opposite directions
cross a man standing on the platform in 27
seconds and 17 seconds respectively and they
cross each other in 23 seconds. The ratio of
their speeds is: $1: 3 \mathrm{~b} .3: 2 \mathrm{c} .3: 4 \mathrm{~d}$. none of these
A. $1: 3$
B. $3: 2$
C. $3: 4$
D. 1:2

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

17. Two trains 130 m and 110 m long are going
in the same direction. The faster train takes
one minute to pass the other completely. If
they are moving in opposite directions, they
pass each other completely in 3 seconds. Find
the speed of each train?
A. $38 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}, 36 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $42 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}, 38 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $36 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}, 42 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}, 36 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

18. A train 75 m long overtook a person who was walking at the rate of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in the same direction and passed him in $7 \frac{1}{2}$ seconds. Subsequently, it overtook a second person and
passed him in $6 \frac{3}{4}$ seconds. At what rate vas the second person travelling? $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{b}$.
$2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hrc} .5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{d} .4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

19. A train travelling at $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ passes in 12 seconds another train half its length, travelling in the opposite direction at 54 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$. If it also passes a railway platform in $1 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes, what is the length of the platform?
A. 800 m
B. 700 m
C. 900 m
D. 1000 m

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Train A leaves Ludhiana for Delhi at 11 a.m.
running at the speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Train B
leaves Ludhiana for Delhi by the same route at

2 p.m. on the same day, running at the speed
of $72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At what time will the two trains
meet each other? 2 a.m. on the next day 5 a.m.
on the next day 5 p.m. on the next day None of
these
A. 5 am on the next day
B. 2 am on the next day
C. 5 pm on the next day
D. 2 pm on the next day

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

21. Two men are running in the same direction
with a speed of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. A train
running in the same direction crosses them in

5 sec and $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{sec}$ respectively. The length and the speed of the train are
A. 22.92 m (approx) and $22 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. 22 m (approx) and $22.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. 22.90 m (approx) and $20.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. 22.92 m (approx) and $22.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: D

- Watch Video Solution

22. Paschini Express left Delhi for Mumbai at
14.30 hrs travelling at a speed of 60 kmph and

August Kranti Express left Delhi for Mumbai
on the same day at 16.30 hrs travelling at a
speed of 80 kmph . How far away from Delhi
will the two trains meet (excluding
stoppages)? 120 km b. 360 km c. 480 km d.
500 km
A. 200 km
B. 220 km
C. 240 km

D. 280 km

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

23. A train passes two persons walking in the same directions at a speed $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and 7 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ respectively in 10 sec and 11 sec respectively. Find the speed of the train.
A. $22 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $33 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

D. $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

24. Two trains are 2 km apart and their lengths are 200 m and 300 m . They are approaching towards each other with a speed of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
and $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ respectively. After how much time will they cross each other.
A. 50 seconds
B. 100 seconds
C. $\frac{25}{3}$ seconds
D. 150 seconds

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
25. Two trains pass each other on parallel
lines. Each train is 100 m long. When they are going in the same direction, the faster one takes 60 seconds to pass the other completely.

If they are going in opposite directions, they pass each other completely in 10 seconds. Find the speed of the slower train in km/hr.
A. $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $42 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D. $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

## Section C Question Bank 21 C

1. A boat moves downstream at the rate of 1
km in 6 min and upstream at the rate of 1 km
in 10 min . The speed of the current (in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ )
A. 1
B. 1.5
C. 2
D. 2.5

## Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
2. A boat goes 40 km upstream in 8 hours and

36 km downstream in 6 hours. The speed of
the boat in still water is
A. $6.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $5.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

3. A man can row at 5 kmph in still water. If the
velocity of current is 1 kmph and it takes him 1
hour to row to a place and come back, how far
is the place? 2.4 km b. 2.5 km c. 3 km d .
3.6 km
A. 2.5 km
B. 3 km
C. 2.4 km
D. 3.6 km

Answer: C
( Watch Video Solution
4. A boat covers a distance of 14 km in 4 hours
along the flow. What is the speed of the boat
in still water, if the speed of the flow of water is $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ ?
A. $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

D. $1.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: D

# 5. A river is running at $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. It took a man 

 twice as long to row up as to row down the river. The rate (in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) of the man in still water isA. 8
B. 10
C. 4
D. 6

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

6. If a man goes $18 / \mathrm{km}$ downstream in 4 hours
and returns against the stream in 12 hours
then the speed of the stream is $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ is a .1 b .
3 c. 1.5 d. 1.75
A. 1
B. 1.5
C. 2

## D. 1.75

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

7. A boat covers a certain distance downstream in 8 hours and comes back upstream in 10 hours. If the speed of the current be $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the distance (in km ) of the one way journey is
B. 70
C. 80
D. 90

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

8. A motorboat in still water travels at a speed of $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. It goes 56 km upstream in 1 hour

45 minutes. The time taken by it to cover the same distance down the stream will be

1 hour $24 m \in$ utes b .2 hour $21 m \in$ utes c .

2 hour $2 m \in$ utes d. 3 hours
A. 2 hours 25 min
B. 3 hours
C. 1 hour 24 min
D. 2 hours 21 min

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

9. A steamer goes downstream from one port
to another in 4 hours. It covers the same distance upstream in 5 hours. If the speed of stream is $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, the distance between the two ports is
A. 50 km
B. 60 km
C. 70 km
D. 80 km

Answer: D
10. The speed of a motor-boat is that of the
current of water as $36: 5$. The boat goes along
with the current in 5 hours 10 minutes. It will come back in
A. 5 hrs 50 min
B. 6 hrs
C. 6 hrs 50 min
D. 12 hrs 10 min

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

11. A man can row at $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in still water. If
the river is running at $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ it takes him 75
minutes to row to a place and back How far is
the place?
A. 2.5 km
B. 3 km
C. 4 km

## D. 5 km

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

12. A man can row $\frac{3}{4}$ if a km against the stream in $11 \frac{1}{4}$ minutes and returns in $7 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes. Find the speed of the man in still water. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ c. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{d}$.
$6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

13. Twice the speed of a boat downstream is equal to thrice the speed upstream. The ratio of its speed in still water to its speed in current is
A. $1: 5$
B. 1:3
C. 5:1
D. $2: 3$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A boat man goes 2 km against eh current of the stream in 1 hour and goes 1 km along
the current in 10 minutes. How long will it take
to go 5 km in stationary water? a. 40 minutes
b. 1 hour $\mathrm{c} .1 \mathrm{hr} 15 \mathrm{~min} \mathrm{d}$.
A. 1 hour
B. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hour
C. 1 hour 15 min
D. 40 min

Answer: C
( Watch Video Solution
15. A boat running upstream takes 8 hours 48 minutes to cover a certain distance, while it takes 4 hours to cover the same distance running downstream. What is the ratio between the speed of the boat and speed of the water current respectively ? 2:1 b. $3: 2 \mathrm{c}$.

8:3d. cannot be determined e. none of these
A. $2: 1$
B. $3: 1$
C. $8: 3$

## D. $4: 3$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

16. A boatman row to a place 45 km distant and back in 20 hours. He finds that he can row

12 km with the stream in the same time as 4 km against the stream. Find the speed of the stream.
A. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $3.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

17. A boat takes 90 minutes less to travel 36 miles downstream than to travel the same distance upstream. If the speed of the boat in
still water is 10 mph ; the speed of the stream
is : $2 m p h$ b. $3 m p h$ c. $4 m p h$ d. $2.5 m p h$
A. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
18. A boat goes 24 km upstream and 28 km downstream in 6 hours. It goes 30 km upstream and 21 km down-stream in 6 hours and 30 minutes. The speed of the boat in still water is
A. $10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

19. At his usual rowing rate, Rahul can travel 12 miles downstream in a certain river in 6 hours less than it takes him to travel the same distance upstream. But if he could double his usual rowing rate for his 24 -mile round trip, the downstream 12 miles would then take only one hour less than the upstream 12 miles. What is the speed of the current in miles per hours? $1 \frac{1}{3}$ b. $1 \frac{2}{3}$ c. $2 \frac{1}{3}$ d. $2 \frac{2}{3}$
A. $1 \frac{1}{3}$
B. $1 \frac{2}{3}$
C. $2 \frac{1}{3}$
D. $2 \frac{2}{3}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

20. A boat takes 11 hours for travelling downstream from point $A$ to point $B$ and coming back to point $C$ midway between $A$ and
B. If the velocity of the stream be $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and
the speed of the boat in still water be 12 $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$, what is the distance between A and B ?
A. 100 km
B. 90 km
C. 110 km
D. 120 km

Answer: B

D Watch Video Solution

Self Assessment Sheet 21

1. A student walks from his house at a speed of
$2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km}$ per hour and reaches his school 6 minutes late. The next day he increases his
speed by 1 km per hour and reaches 6 minutes
before school time. How far is the school from
his house? $1 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~km}$ b. $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~km}$ c. $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~km}$ d. $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{~km}$
A. 2.5 km
B. 3 km
C. 1.75 km
D. 1 km

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

2. Distance between two points $A$ and $B$ is 110
km. A motor-cycle rider starts from A towards
B at 7 am at a speed of $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Another motor-cycle rider starts from $B$ towards $A$ at 8
am at a speed of $25 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Find when will they

## cross each other.

A. 11 am
B. 9:30 am
C. $8: 30 \mathrm{am}$
D. 10 am

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
3. A train leaves the station 1 hour before the scheduled time. The driver decreases its speed by $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. At the next station 300 km away, the train reached on time. Find the original speed of the train.
A. $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $150 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $125 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $200 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
4. A train of length 150 m takes 10 s to cross another train 100 m long coming from opposite direction. If the speed of the first train is $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, what is the speed of the second train?
A. $72 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

B. $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

C. $54 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## D. $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

5. Two trains of equal length are running on parallel line's in the same direction at $46 \mathrm{~km} /$ hr and $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The faster train passes the slower train in 36 seconds. The length of each train is $50 m$ b. $72 m \mathrm{c} .80 m \mathrm{~d} .82 m$
B. 72 m
C. 80 m
D. 82 m

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
6. Two men are running in the same direction with a speed of $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and $7 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. A train running in the same direction crosses them in

5 sec and $5 \frac{1}{2}$ sec respectively. The length and the speed of the train are

A. $33 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

B. $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $22 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: A
( Watch Video Solution
7. A man can row $\frac{3}{4}$ if a km against the stream
in $11 \frac{1}{4}$ minutes and returns in $7 \frac{1}{2}$ minutes.
Find the speed of the man in still water.
$3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ c. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d. $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: D
8. A boat running upstream takes 8 hours 48 minutes to cover a certain distance, while it takes 4 hours to cover the same distance running downstream. What is the ratio between the speed of the boat and speed of the water current respectively ? 2:1 b. $3: 2 \mathrm{c}$.

8:3 d. cannot be determined e. none of these
A. $2: 1$
B. $3: 1$

## C. $8: 3$

## D. Cannot be determined

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

9. A boat covers 24 km upstream and 36 km
downstream in 6 hours while it covers 36 km upstream and 24 km downstream in $6 \frac{1}{2}$ hours.

The velocity of the current is $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{b}$.

1. $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr} \mathrm{c} .2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d.2. $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $1 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $1.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $2.5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

10. The average speed of a tram is $20 \%$ less on
the return journey than on the onward
journey. The train halts for half an hour at the
destination station before starting on the return journey. If the total time taken for the to and fro journey is 23 hours, covering a distance of 1000 km , the speed of the train on
the return journey is $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ b. $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
c. $55 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ d. $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
A. $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
B. $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
C. $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
D. $55 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

## Unit Test 3

1. If an amount of Rs. $1,50,000$ is shared among
$A, B$ and $C$ in the ratio of $2: 3: 5$, then $A$
receives the same amount as he would receive
if another sum of money is shared between $A$,
$B$ and $C$ in the ratio of $5: 3: 2$. The ratio of $Z$
$1,50,000$ to the second The amount of money
is $2: 3 \mathrm{~b} .3: 2 \mathrm{c} .5: 2 \mathrm{~d} .5: 3$
A. $2: 3$
B. 3: 2
C. $5: 3$
D. 5:2

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

2. Two vessels contain mixture of milk and water in the ratio of $1: 3$ and $3: 5$ to be mixed to get a new mixture in which the ratio of milk
to water is $1: 2$. In what ratio should quantities of mixtures be taken from vessels.
A. $2: 1$
B. $10: 7$
C. 20:7
D. 1:2

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

3. A man's income is increased by Rs. 1200 and
at from the same time, the rate of tax to be paid is reduced $12 \%$ to $10 \%$. He now pays the same amount of tax as before. What is his increased income if $20 \%$ of his income is exempted from tax in both cases? Rs. 4500 b .

Rs. 6300 c. Rs. 6500 d. Rs. 7200
A. Rs. 6300
B. Rs. 7200
C. Rs. 4500

D. Rs. 6500

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

4. In an institute $60 \%$ of the students are boys and the rest are girls. Further $15 \%$ of the boys and $7.5 \%$ of the girls are getting a fee waiver. If the number of those getting a fee waiver is 90 , find the total number of students getting $50 \%$ concessions if it is given that
$50 \%$ of those not getting a fee waiver are eligible to get half fee concession?
A. 360
B. 280
C. 320
D. 330

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
5. Jai sells a shirt at a profit of 25 per cent. Had
he bought it at 25 per cent less and sold it for

Rs. 25 less, he still would have gained 25 per cent. The cost price of the shirt is:
A. Rs. 50
B. Rs. 75
C. Rs. 80
D. Rs. 100

Answer: C
6. A person buys two watches for Rs. 1,000. He sells one at a loss of $5 \%$ and the other at $20 \%$ gain and on the whole he gains Rs. 50. Find the cost price of each watch.
A. Rs. 150
B. Rs. 90
C. Rs. 75
D. Rs. 100

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

7. A dealer buys an article listed at Rs. 100 and gets successive discounts of $10 \%$ and $20 \%$. He
spends $10 \%$ of the cost price on transportation. At what price should he sell the article to earn a profit of $15 \%$ ?
A. Rs. 910.80
B. Rs. 900.50

C. Rs. 910.50

D. Rs. 980.50

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

8. A manufacturer marks his goods at $40 \%$ above the cost price. He allows a discount of
$10 \%$ for cash customers and $5 \%$ to credit customers. $\frac{3}{5}$ of the goods are sold for cash and the rest on credit. What is the percentage
of profit when all the goods are sold and amount realised?
A. Rs. 350
B. Rs. 720
C. Rs. 360
D. Rs. 460

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

9. The average of four consecutive even numbers is one-fourth of the sum of these numbers. What is the difference between the first and last number?
A. 4
B. 6
C. 2
D. 8

Answer: B
10. The average weight of 3 men $A, B$ and $C$
is 84 kg . Another man $D$ joins the group and the average now becomes 80 kg . If another man $E$, whose weight is 3 kg more than that of $D$, replaces $A$, then the average weight of
$B, C, D$ and $E$ becomes 79 kg . The weight of
$A$ is (a) 70 kg (b) 72 kg (c) 75 kg (d) 80 kg
A. 65 kg
B. 70 kg
C. 75 kg

D. 80 kg

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

11. A person invested some amount at the rate of $12 \%$ simple interest and a certain amount at the rate of $10 \%$ simple interest. He received yearly interest of Rs 130. But if he had interchanged the amounts invested, he would
have received Rs 4 more as interest. How much
did he invest at $12 \%$ simple interest? (a) Rs
400 (b) Rs 500 (c) Rs 700 (d) Rs 800
A. Rs. 500 @ $12 \%$, Rs. 700 @ $10 \%$
B. Rs. $700 \%$ @ $12 \%$, Rs. $500 @ 10 \%$
C.Rs. 700 @ $12 \%$, Rs. 700 @ $10 \%$
D. Rs. 500 @ $12 \%$, Rs. 500 @ $10 \%$

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
12. Shubhaiaxmi took a loan of Rs 18000 from

Surya Finance to purchase a TV set. If the company charges compound interest at $12 \%$ per annum during the first year and $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$ per annum during the second year, how much will she have to pay after 2 years?
A. Rs. 7830
B. Rs. 4410
C. Rs. 1210
D. Rs. 6620

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

13. Sanju puts equal amount of money one at

10\% per annum compound interest payable
half yearly and the second at a certain rate per cent per annum compound interest payable
yearly. If he gets equal amounts after 3 years, what is the value of the second rate per cent?

$$
\text { A. } 10 \frac{1}{4} \%
$$

B. $10 \%$
C. $9 \frac{1}{2} \%$
D. $8 \frac{1}{4} \%$

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A machine depreciates in value each year at the rate of $10 \%$ of its previous value. However, every second year there is some maintenance work so that in that particular year,
depreciation is only $5 \%$ of its previous value. If
at the end of the fourth year, the value of the machine stands at Rs. $1,46,205$, then find the value of the machine at the start at the first year?
A. Rs. 1,90,000
B. Rs. 2,00,000
C. Rs. 1,95,000
D. Rs. 2,10,000

Answer: B
15. A, B and C can do a piece of work in 36,54
and days respectively. They started the work but A left days before the completion of the work while B 12 days before the completion.

The number of days for which C worked is 4 b .

8 c. 12 d. 24
A. 4
B. 8
C. 12
D. 24

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

16. A certain number of men, twice as many
women and thrice as many boys earn in 6 days

Rs. 5100. A woman earns one and a half times
as a boy and a man as much as a woman and a
boy together per day. How many women were there, if a boy earned Rs. 25 daily.
A. 4
B. 7
C. 12
D. 36

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

17. Two taps $P$ and $Q$ can fill an empty tank in

15 hours and 30 hours respectively. Both taps were opened at 4 a.m. and after some time,
tap $Q$ was closed. It was found that the tank
was full at 4 p.m. At what time was the $\operatorname{tap}$
shut?
A. 12 min
B. 15 min
C. 30 min
D. 20 min

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
18. From a light-house an observer two ships
$A$ and $B$. Ship $A$ proceeding towards north at a speed $20 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and ship $B$ proceeding towards north-east at a speed of $20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.

Find in which direction and at what speed the
ship $B$ would appear to move to an observer standing on the deck of the ship $A$.
A. 4 pm
B. 4.30 pm
C. 3 pm
D. 2.30 pm

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

19. Two trains of equal length are running on parallel lines in the same direction at $46 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ respectively. The faster train passes the slower train in 36 seconds. The length of each train is
A. 3 seconds
B. $4 \frac{4}{5}$ seconds
C. $5 \frac{3}{5}$ seconds
D. 6 seconds

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

20. A man rows a boat upstream a certain distance and then returns back to the same place. If the time taken by him in going upstream is twice the time taken in rowing downstream, find the ratio of the speed of the
boat in still water and the speed of the
stream.
A. 2: 1
B. $3: 2$
C. $5: 3$
D. $3: 1$

Answer: D

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