



## **BIOLOGY**

## BOOKS - LAKHMIR SINGH & MANJIT KAUR

MICRO - ORGANISMS : FRIEND AND FOE.



**1.** Name the instrument (or device) which is needed to see the micro - organisms.



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**2.** What is the name of micro- organisms which reproduce only inside the living cells of other organisms?



**3.** What are the major groups of micro - organisms?



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**4.** Name any two human diseases caused by bacteria.



**5.** Name atleast two diseases caused by viruses.



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**6.** Name any two human diseases caused by protozoa.



**7.** Name any two human diseases caused by fungi.



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**8.** Which micro - organism is utilised in making curd from milk?

A. Staphylococcus

**B.** Bacillus

C. Streptococcus

D. Lactobacillus

## **Answer: D**



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**9.** Name the micro - organisms which is used for the large scale production of alcohol.



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**10.** Name any two antibiotics.



**11.** Name an antibiotic extracted from fungus (mould). Name the fungus.



**12.** Name any four diseases which can be prevented by vaccination.



**13.** Name the scientist who discovered the vaccine for smallpox.



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**14.** Name the scientist who discovered 'penicillin'.



**15.** State an important function performed by blue - green algae.



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16. Name one 'biological nitrogen-fixer'.



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**17.** Name two common insects which act as carries of disease - causing micro- organisms (

or disease - causing microbes).



18. Name any two diseases spread by housefly.



**19.** Name the insect which is the carrier of parasite of malaria.



**20.** Name the insect which carries dengue virus.

- A. Anopheles mosquito
- B. Aedes Mosquito
- C. Culex mosquito
- D. None of the above

**Answer: B** 



**21.** Which of the two spreads dengue : mosquito or housefly?



22. Name two diseases spread by mosquitoes.



**23.** Name the microbe which causes malaria disease.



**24.** Name one disease which spreads by breathing in air containing micro- organisms.



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**25.** Name one disease which spreads through insect bites.



**26.** Name one disease which spreads through infected food or water.



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**27.** Name the causative micro - organisms of the following animal diseases:

a) Foot and mouth disease



**28.** Name the causative micro - organisms of the following animal diseases:

b) Anthrax



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**29.** Name two food materials which are preserved by sun - drying method in our homes.



**30.** Name two food materials which are preserved by using common salt.



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**31.** Name two food materials which can be preserved by using sugar.



**32.** Name two food materials which are usually preserved by deep freezing.



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**33.** Name some of the preservatives which are used in the preservation of fruits as jams and jellies.



**34.** Name some of the preservatives which are used in the preservation of fruits and vegetables as pickles.



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**35.** Name two food materials which can be preserved by using oil or vinegar.



**36.** Name any two special chemicals which are used as food preservatives.



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**37.** Name the microorganisms which can fix atmospheric nitrogen in the soil.



**38.** What type of plants can fix nitrogen gas of the air into compounds of nitrogen ?



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**39.** Name the micro - organisms present in the soil and in the root nodules of leguminous plants which can fix atmospheric nitrogen.



**40.** Name two leguminous plants which can fix nitrogen.



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- 41. Fill in the blanks with suitable words:
- a) Alcohol is produced with the help of .......



42. Fill in the blanks:

Blue green algae fix \_\_\_\_\_ directly from air to enhance fertility of soil.



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- 43. Fill in the blanks with suitable words:
- c) Micro organisms can be seen with the help

of a ......



- **44.** Fill in the blanks with suitable words :
- d) Cholera is caused by .......



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- 45. Fill in the blanks with suitable words:
- e) Common salt has been used to preserve

...... And ...... For ages.



- 46. Fill in the blanks with suitable words:
- f) The food material which is preserved by pasteurisation is ........



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- **47.** Fill in the blanks with suitable words:
- g) As a result of nitrogen cycle, the percentage of nitrogen in the atmoshphere remains more
- or less ......



**48.** How do viruses differ from other micro - organisms such as bacteria ?



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**49.** What are micro - organisms? Give any two examples of micro organisms.



**50.** Can microorganisms be seen with the naked eyes? If not, how can they be seen?



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**51.** How do houseflies carry disease - causing microbes ( or pathogens) ?



**52.** State any two ways of preventing diseases spread by houseflies.



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**53.** How do mosquitoes carry disease - causing micro - organisms and spread diseases ?



**54.** Mention any three ways of preventing diseases spread by mosquitoes.



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**55.** What is meant by fermentation? Name the scientist who discovered fermentation.



**56.** Which micro - organism converts sugar into alcohol during fermentation?



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**57.** How do micro - organisms help in increasing soil fertility?



**58.** How do micro - organisms help in cleaning the environment ?



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**59.** What are antibiotics? What precautions must be taken while taking antibiotics?



**60.** Why are antibiotics not effective against 'common cold' and 'flu' ?



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**61.** What is the full form of HIV ? Name the disease caused by HIV.



**62.** Discribe how, curd is made from milk. Name the bacterium which converts milk into curd.



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**63.** Name the micro - organism used in bread - making which makes the bread - dough rise. How does it make the dough rise ?



**64.** What is food poisoning? How is food poisoning caused?



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**65.** What is meant by food preservation? Name any five methods of preserving food.



**66.** How do you preserve cooked food at home ?



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**67.** Why should we not let water collect anywhere in the neighbourhood?



**68.** Name one animal disease each caused by virus .



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**69.** Name one animal disease each caused by bacteria.



**70.** Name one animal disease each caused by fungus.



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**71.** Where do Rhizobium bacteria live? What is their function?



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**72.** Name any two bacteria.



**73.** Name any two viruses .



**74.** Name any two protozoa .



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**75.** Name any two algae.



76. Name any two fungi.



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**77.** State the beneficial effects ( or usefulness )

of micro - organisms in our lives.



**78.** Desribe the method of pasteurisation for the preservation of milk.



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**79.** Name one plant disease each caused by fungi.



**80.** Name one animal disease each caused by virus .



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**81.** Name one animal disease each caused by bacteria.



**82.** Which disease is spread by female Anopheles mosquito?



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**83.** Which disease is spread by female Aedes mosquito?



**84.** Name two fruits which are preserved in the form of pickles.



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**85.** Name two fruits which are preserved in the form of jams.



**86.** What is the mode of transmisson of the following diseases ?

a) Rust of wheat



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**87.** What is the mode of transmisson of the following diseases ?

b) Citrus canker



**88.** What is the mode of transmisson of the following diseases ?

c) Yellow vein mosaic of bhindi (Okra)



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**89.** Name any two animal diseases and two plant diseases caused by micro - organism.



**90.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases :

i) Tuberculosis.



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**91.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : ii) Measles



**92.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : iii) Chickenpox



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**93.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : iv) Polio



**94.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : v) Cholera.



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**95.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : vi) Typhoid



**96.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : vii) Hepatitis B



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**97.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : viii) Malaria



**98.** State the causative micro - organisms and modes of transmission of the following human diseases : ix) Dengue.



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**99.** What is meant by communicable diseases?

Name any two communicable diseases.



**100.** What are the the various ways in which communicable diseases can occur and spread ?



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**101.** Name any five human diseases caused by micro - organisms. Also name the causative micro - organisms and mode of transmission for each of these diseases.



**102.** State the various ways of preventing the occurrence and spreading of communicable diseases.



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**103.** What is a vaccine ? How does a vaccine work?



**104.** Why are children given vaccination?



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105. What is meant by 'nitrogen fixation'?

State two ways in which nitrogen gas of the atmosphere can be 'fixed' in nature to get nitrogen compounds in the soil.



**106.** Draw a neat ,labelled diagram of nitrogen cycle in nature. Which natural phenomenon occuring in the sky is responsible for nitrogen fixation.



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**107.** The bread dough rises because of :

A. heat

B. grinding

- C. growth of yeast cells
- D. kneading

**Answer: C** 



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**108.** Yeast is used in the production of:

- A. sugar
- B. alcohol
- C. hydrochloric acid

D. oxygen

## **Answer: B**



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**109.** The process of conversion of sugar into alcohol is called \_\_\_\_\_.

A. nitrogen fixation

B. moulding

C. fermentation

D. infection

## **Answer: C**



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**110.** Which of the following is an antibiotic?

A. Sodium bicarbonate

B. streptomycein

C. alcohol

D. yeast



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111. Tick the correct answer:

The most common carrier of communicable diseases is

A. ant

B. housefly

C. dragonfly

D. spider



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**112.** The carrier of malaria - causing protozoan

is:

A. female Anopheles mosquito

B. cockroach

C. housefly

D. female Aedes mosquito

## **Answer: A**



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**113.** The vaccine for smallpox was discovered by:

- A. Alexander Fleming
- B. Edward Jenner
- C. Louis Pasteur
- D. Robert Koch



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**114.** Alcohol can be converted into vinegar by the action of micro - organisms called :

- A. viruses
- B. yeast
- C. protozoa
- D. bacteria

#### **Answer: D**



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**115.** The first antibiotic called penicillin was extracted from:

- A. a bacterium
- B. a protozoan
- C. a fungus
- D. an alga

#### **Answer: C**



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**116.** Which of the following is not a commounicable disease?

- A. cholera
- B. cancer
- C. chickenpox
- D. malaria



- **117.** Which of the following increase the fertillity of soil ?
- A) Lactobacillus bacteria B)Rhizobium bacteria
- C)Spirogyra algae D) Blue green algae
  - A. A and B
  - B. B and C
  - C. A and D

D. B and D

### **Answer: D**



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**118.** Which of the following cannot be used as a food preservative?

- A. Sodium metabisulphite
- B. Sodium hydroxide
- C. Sodium benzoate

D. Citric acid

**Answer: B** 



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**119.** Which of the following disease is not caused by bacteria?

A. Chlorea

B. typhoid

C. tuberculosis

D. measles

**Answer: D** 



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**120.** The micro - organisms which can reproduce and multiply only inside the cells of other organisms are :

A. Protozoa

B. fungi

- C. bacteria
- D. viruses

## **Answer: D**



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**121.** The dengue disease spread by Aedes mosquito is caused by :

- A. Bacteria
- B. virus

- C. protozoan
- D. fungus

# **Answer: C**



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**122.** Which of the following diseases is not caused by viruses?

- A. measles
- B. smallpox

C. cholera

D. Polio

**Answer: C** 



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**123.** The micro - organisms which is capable of converting sugar into alcohol and carbon and carbon dioxide is :

A. Bacterium

- B. fungus
- C. alga
- D. protozoan



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**124.** Which of the following is not a use of micro-organisms?

A. Preparation of medicines ( or drugs)

- B. preparation of food by photosynthesis
- C. Recycling of materials in nature
- D. increasing the fertility of soil.



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125. The malaria disease is caused by a:

- A. virus
- B. Protozoan

- C. bacterium
- D. fungus



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**126.** The parasite called Plasmodium causes a diseases known as :

- A. measles
- B. polio

C. malaria

D. dengue

# **Answer: C**



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127. After consuming a dish of mutton, a person complained of nausea, vomitting, diarrhoea, and pain in the abdomena) What type of disease is he suffering from?



128. After consuming a dish of mutton, aperson complained of nausea , vomitting ,diarrhoea, and pain in the abdomenb) What causes this disease ?



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**129.** To which category of micro - organisms do the following belong ?

Amoeba, Lactobacillus, Chlamydomonas,

Penicillium, Yeast, HIV.



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**130.** Name the causative micro - organisms of the following plant diseases :

Rust of wheat



**131.** Name the causative micro - organisms of the following plant diseases :

Citrus canker



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**132.** Name the causative micro - organisms of the following plant diseases :

Yellow vein mosaic of bhindi (Okra)



**133.** The mosquito P is a carrier of virus and spreads a disease Q. Another mosquito R is the carrier fo protozoan S and spreads a disease called T.

a) Name (i) mosquito P and ii) disease Q.



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**134.** The mosquito P is a carrier of virus and spreads a disease Q. Another mosquito R is the carrier fo protozoan S and spreads a disease called T.

b) Name (i) mosquito R (ii) protozoan S, and iii) disease T.



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**135.** The mosquito P is a carrier of virus and spreads a disease Q. Another mosquito R is the carrier fo protozoan S and spreads a disease called T.

c) What is the sex of mosquito P?



**136.** The mosquito P is a carrier of virus and spreads a disease Q. Another mosquito R is the carrier fo protozoan S and spreads a disease called T.

d) What is the sex of mosquito R?

