

PHYSICS

BOOKS - MTG-WBJEE PHYSICS (HINGLISH)

MAGNETICS

Wb Jee Workout Category 1 Single Option Correct Type

1. At a certain place, the horizontal component of earth's magnetic field is $\sqrt{3}$ times the vertical component. The angle of dip at that place is

A. 30°

B. 60°

C. 45°

D. 90°

Answer: A



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2. The ratio of magnetic field and magnetic moment at the centre of a current carrying circular loop is x. When both the current and radius is doubled the ratio will be

$$\lambda \frac{x}{8}$$

A.
$$\frac{x}{8}$$
B. $\frac{x}{4}$

C.
$$\frac{x}{2}$$

D. 2x

Answer: A



- **3.** A ferromagnetic material is heated above its curie temperature. Which one is a correct statement?
 - A. Ferromagnetic domains are perfectly arranged.
 - B. Ferromagnetic domains become random.

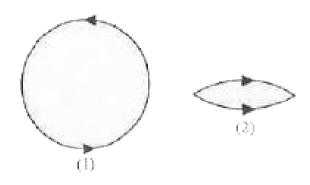
- C. Ferromagnetic domains are not influenced.
- D. Ferromagnetic material changes itself into diamagnetic.

Answer: A



4. Following figures (1) and (2) represent lines of foree, Which of the following is correct

statement?



A. figure (1) represents marnclic lines of force

B. figure (2) represents magnetic lines of force

C. figure (1) represents electric lines of force

D. both figure (1) and figure (2) represent magnetic lines of force.

Answer: C



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5. Soft iron is used to manufacture electromagnets because their

A. magnetic saturation mit is high while retentivity and coercive force are small

B. retentivity is high but coercive force is small

C. retentivity is small but coercive force is high

D. area of hysteresis loop is large.

Answer: B



6. If a diamagnetic substance is brought near North or South pole of a bar magnet, it is

A. repelled by North pole and attracted by the South pole

B. repelled by the poles

C. attracted by the poles

D. attracted by the North pole and repelled by the South pole.

Answer: A::B::C::D

7. Among which the magnetic susceptibility does not depend on the temperature?

A. diamagnetism

B. paramagnetism

C. ferromagnetism

D. ferrite

Answer: A::B::C::D



8. A charged particle (change q) is moving in a circle of radius R with uniform speed v. The associated magnetic moment μ is given by

A.
$$qvR^2$$

B.
$$qvR^2/2$$

C. qvR

D.
$$qvR^2/2$$

Answer: D



9. The value of angle of dip is zero at the magnetic equator because on it

A. V and H are equal

B. The values of V and H are zero

C. The value of V is zero

D. The value of His zero.

Answer: C



10. The relative permeability is represented by μ_r and the susceptibility is denoted by x for a magnetic substance. Then for a paramagnetic substance

A.
$$\mu_r < \text{ and } X < 0$$

B.
$$\mu_r < 1 \,\, {
m and} \,\, X > 1$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,m_r>1\,\,\mathrm{and}\,\,X<0$$

D.
$$\mu_r < 1 \text{ and } X < 0$$

Answer: A::B::C::D

11. The magnetism of magnet is due to

A. the spin motion of electrons

B. Earth

C. pressure of huge magnet inside the

earth

D. cosmic rays.

Answer: A::C

12. The true value of dip at a place is 60° . The apparent dip in a plane inclined at an angle of 30° with magnetic meridian is

A.
$$\tan^1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

B.
$$\tan^{-1}(2)$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\tan^{-1}\!\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$$

D. None of these

Answer: B

13. Magnetic meridian is a

A. Point

B. Horizontal plane

C. Vertical plane

D. Line along N - S.

Answer: A::C::D



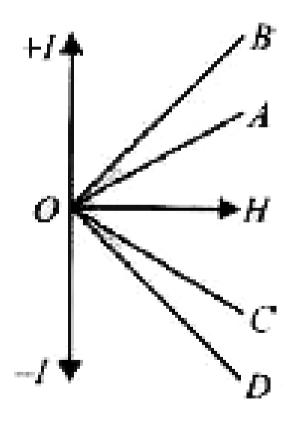
14. A superconductor exhibits perfect

- A. Ferrimagnetism
- B. Ferromagnetism
- C. Paramagnetism
- D. Diamagnetism.

Answer: A::B::C::D



15. The variation of intensity of magnetization (I) with respect to the magnetising field (H) in a diamagnetic substance is described by the graph



B. OC

C. OB

D. OA

Answer: A::B::C::D



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16. The magnetic lines of force inside a bar magnet

A. are from south pole to north pole of the magnet

B. are from north pole to south pole of the magnet

C. do not exist

D. depend upon area of cross-section of the bar magnet.

Answer: A::B::C::D



17. Isogonic lines on magnetic map will have

- A. Zero angle of dip
- B. Zero angle of declination
- C. Same angle of declination
- D. Same angle of dip.

Answer: A::C::D



18. At which place, Earth's magnetism becomes horizontal.

- A. Magnetic pole
- B. Geographical pole
- C. Magnetic meridian
- D. Magnetic equator

Answer: A::B::C::D



19. Relative permeability of iron is 5500. Its magnetic susceptibility is

A.
$$5500 imes 10^7$$

B. 5499

C. 5501

D. $5500 imes 10^{-7}$

Answer: A::B::D



20. Acertain amount of current when flowing in a properly set tangent galvanometer, produces a deflection of 45° . If the current is reduced by a factor of $\sqrt{3}$, the deflection would

- A. decrease by 30°
- B. increase by 30°
- C. decrease by 15°
- D. increase by 15°

Answer: C

21. The angle of dip at place is δ . If dip is measured in a plane making an angle θ with the magnetic meridian, the apparent angle of dip δ_1 will be equal to

A.
$$tan_{-1}(tan \delta \sec \theta)$$

$$B. \tan^{-1}(\tan\delta\sin\theta)$$

C.
$$\tan^{-1}(\tan\theta\cos\theta)$$

D.
$$\tan^{-1}(\tan\delta\cos ec\theta)$$

Answer: A



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22. A thin magnetic wire of length and moment is bent at its midpoint at an angle of 60° . The new magnetic inoment after bending will be

A.
$$\frac{M}{2}$$

B.
$$\frac{M}{4}$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,\sqrt{2}M$$

D. 2M

Answer: A::B::C::D



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23. The magnetic moment of paramagnetic material is

A. infinity

B. constant but now

C. unity

D. zero

Answer: A::B::C



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24. The pole strength of a bar magnet is 100 units. It is cut into two pieces along a line parallel to its equator in such a way that the length of one piece is half the length of the other. What will be the ratio of the pole strengths of the two pieces?

- A. 1:1
- B. 1:2
- C. 1:3
- D. 5:2

Answer: A



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25. A charge q is circulating with a constant speed v in a semicircular loop of wire of radius

R. The magnetic moment of this loop is

B.
$$\dfrac{\pi Rqv}{2(\pi+2)}$$

$$\operatorname{C.}\frac{qvR}{3}$$

D.
$$\dfrac{qv\pi R}{\pi+2}$$

Answer: B



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26. If the angular momentum of an electron is

 $\stackrel{
ightarrow}{j}$ then the magnitude of the magnetic

moment will be

B.
$$\frac{2m}{eJ}$$

C.
$$\frac{eJ}{2m}$$

D.
$$\frac{eJ}{m}$$

Answer: C



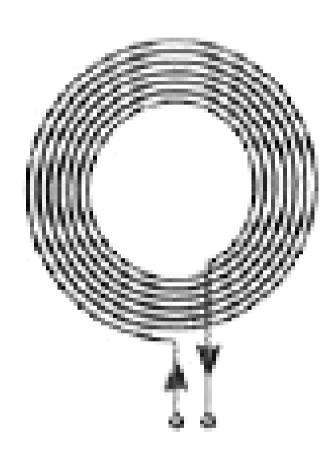
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27. A thin insulated wire forms a plane spiral of

N = 100 tight turns carrying a current I = 8 mA.

The radii of inside and outside turns are equal

to a = 50 mm and b = 100 mm. Find the magnetic moment of the spiral with a given current



A. $15Am^2$

B. $10Am^2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,30Am^2$

D. $5Am^2$

Answer: A



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28. Consider a solid sphere of radius r and mass m which has a charge q distributed uniformly over its volume. The sphere is rotated about a diameter with an angular

speed ω . The magnetic moment of the sphere

is

A.
$$rac{1}{3}q\omega r^2$$

B.
$$rac{1}{5}q\omega r^2$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{7}q\omega r^2$$

D.
$$rac{1}{9}q\omega r^2$$

Answer: B



29. A rod of length I having uniformly distributed charge Q is rotated about one end with constant frequency 'f'. Its magnetic moment is $\frac{\pi f Q l^2}{n}$ Then the value of n is

- A. 7
- B. 5
- C. 9
- D. 3

Answer: D



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30. A bar magnet having a magnetic moment of $2.0 \times 10^{-4} J/T$ is free to rotate in a horizontal plane. A horizontal magnetic field $B=5 \times 10^{-5} T$ exists in the space. Then the work done in rotating the magnet slowls from a direction parallel to the field to a direction 60° from the field is

A. 0.1 J

B. 0.3 J

C. 0.5 J

D. 0.7 J

Answer: C



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Wb Jee Workout Category 2 Single Option Correct Type

1. A magnetic needle is placed in a uniform magnetic field and is aligned with the field.

The needle is now rotated by an angle of 60° and the work done is W. The torque on the magnetic needle at this position is

A.
$$2\sqrt{3}W$$

B.
$$\sqrt{3}W$$

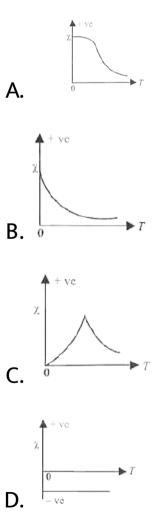
c.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}W$$

D.
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}W$$

Answer: B



2. The variation of magnetic susceptibility (x) with absolute temperature for antiferromagnetic material is given by

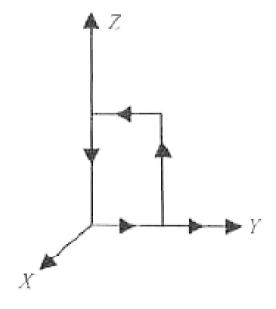


Answer: C



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3. A rectangular coil of area of cross-section is placed as shown. A magnetic field B is applied along Z-axis. The torque on the coil is



- A. ABI along + Y-axis
- B. ABI along Y-axis
- C. ABI along + X-axis
- D. ABI along X-axis

Answer: A



View Text Solution

4. If the magnetic dipole moment of an atom of diamagnetic material paramagnetic

material and ferromagnetic material are denoted by $m_d,\,m_p\,\,{
m and}\,\,m_f$ respectively then

A.
$$m_d=0$$
 and $m_p\pm 0$

B.
$$m_d
eq ext{ and } m_p = 0$$

C.
$$m_p=0$$
 and $m_f
eq 0$

D.
$$m_d
eq ext{ and } m_f
eq 0$$

Answer: A



5. The time period of a thin bar magnet in Earth's magnetic field is T. If the magnet is cut into two equal parts perpendicular to its length, the time period of each part in the same field will be

A.
$$T/2$$

B. T

C. $\sqrt{2}T$

D. 2T

Answer: D

6. The value of workdone for rotating a magnet of magnetic moment M by an angle θ in external magnetic field H is given by

A.
$$MH\cos\theta$$

B.
$$2Mh\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$$

C.
$$MH\sin\theta$$

D.
$$MH(-1\sin^2\theta)$$

Answer: A::B::C::D

7. At magnetic equator, total intensity of Earth's magnetic field is I_E and at poles it is I_p . They are related as

A.
$$2I_P=I_E$$

B.
$$I_P=2I_E$$

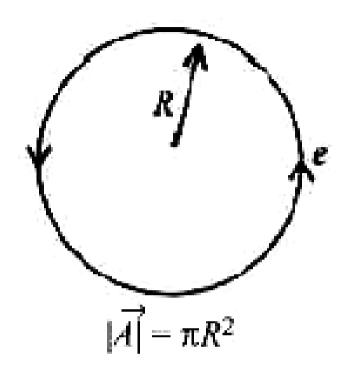
C.
$$\sqrt{3}I_P=I_E$$

D.
$$I_P=2I_E$$

8. An electron is moving in an orbit of radius R with a time period T as shown in the figure. The magnetic moment produced may be given by

|e| represents the magnitude of the election

charge.



A.
$$\overrightarrow{m}=rac{2\pi|e|\overrightarrow{A}}{T}$$

B.
$$\overrightarrow{m} = \ - \ \dfrac{2\pi |e|\overrightarrow{A}}{T}$$

C.
$$\overrightarrow{m}= \ - \ \dfrac{|e|\overrightarrow{A}}{T}$$

D.
$$\overrightarrow{m}= \,-\,rac{|e|A^{'}}{T}$$

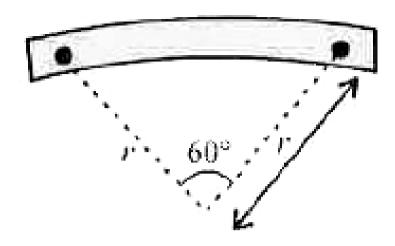
Answer: B



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9. A bar magnet of I length and magnetic dipole moment M is bent in the form of an arc as shown in the figure. The new magnetic

dipole moment will be



A. M

$$\mathrm{B.}\ \frac{3}{\pi}M$$

C.
$$\frac{2}{\pi}M$$

D.
$$\frac{M}{2}$$

Answer: B

10. A bar magnet has a pole strength of 15 A m and magnetic length 20 cm. What is the magnetic induction produced by it at a point at a distance of 30 cm from either pole? $\left(\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}=10^{-7}Wb/Am\right)$

A.
$$1.11 imes10^{-5}Wb/m^2$$

B.
$$0.8 imes10^{-4}Wb/m^2$$

C.
$$1.5 imes10^{-5}Wb/m^2$$

D.
$$2.75 imes10^{-5}Wb/m^2$$

Answer: A



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11. The magnetic induction at a point P on the axis is equal to the magnetic induction at a point on the equator of a short magnetic dipole. What is the ratio of the distances of P and Q from the centre of the dipole?

A. $2^{2/3}$

B. $3^{1/2}$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2^{2\,/\,3}$

D. $4^{1/3}$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

12. Two short bar magnets A and B of dipole moments $0.15Am^2$ and $1.2Am^2$ respectively are placed with their axes along the same line with their centres 0.15 m apart. The dipole moments due to A and B point in opposite

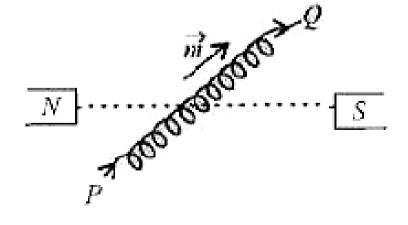
directions. What is the position of the point, between the two magnets, where the resultant induction is zero?

- A. 10 cm from the centre of A
- B. 12 cm from the centre of A
- C. 5 cm from the centre of A
- D. 8 cm from the centre of A

Answer: C



13. A closely wound solenoid of 1000 tuins and area of Cross-section $2.0 imes 10^{-4}$ in- carries a current of 2.0 A. It is placed with its horizontal axis al 30° with the direction of a uniform horizontal magnetie field of 0.16 T as shown in the figure. What is the magnitude of the restoring torque produced by the lield on the solenoid!



- A. 0.016 Nm
- B. 0.024 Nm
- C. 0.032 Nm
- D. 0.05 Nm

Answer: C



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14. A dip circle shows an apparent dip of 60° at a place Where the true dip is 45° . If the dip

eirele is rotated through 90° , what apparent dip will it show?

- A. $40^{\,\circ}$
- B. 45°
- C. 51°
- D. 57°

Answer: C



15. The coercivity of a small magnet where the ferromagnet gets demagnetised is $3\times 10^3 A/m$. The current required to be passed in a solenoid of length 10 cm and number of turns 100, so that the magnet gets demagnetised when placed inside the solenoid is

A. 30 mA

B. 60 mA

 $\mathsf{C.}\ 3A$

Answer: C



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16. The distance between the two ends of the wings of a metallic aeroplane is 5 m. It is moving horizontally with a velocity of 360km/hr. The carth's magnetic field all around its mouon is 4×10^{-4} tesla and the angle of dip is 30° Them,

field is
$$2 imes 10^{-4} T$$

B. vertical componentor canth's magnetic field is $2 imes 10^{-2} T$

A. vertical component of cerths magnetic

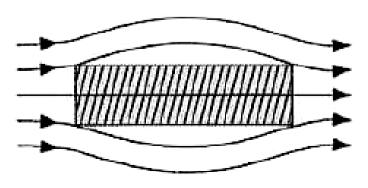
C. horizontal component of earth's ${\sf magnetic\ field\ is\ } 2\times 10^3 T$

D. The aeroplane will cut the horizontal component of Earth is mugnene field only.

Answer: A

Wb Jee Workout Category 3 One Or More Than One Option

1. Consider the given statement with respect to the figure showing a bar of material placed in an external magnetic filed and choose the correct Statemnet(s).



- A. The filed lines are repelled or expelled and the field inside the material is reduced.
- B. When placed in a non-uniform magnetic field, the bar magnet will tend to move from low to high field.
- C. When placed in a non-uniform magnetic field, the bar will tend to move from high to low field.

D. Reduction in the field inside the material is slight being one part in 10^5 .

Answer: A::C::D



View Text Solution

2. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true about the magnetic susceptibility X_m of paramagnetic substance?

A. Value of X_m inversely proportional to the absolute temperature of the substance.

- B. X_m is positive at all temperature.
- C. X_m is negative at all temperature.
- D. X_m does not depend on the temperature of the substance.

Answer: A



- **3.** Pick the correct options.
 - A. All electrons have magnetic moment.
 - B. All protons have magnetic moment.
 - C. All nuclei have magnetic moment.
 - D. All atoms have magnetic moment.

Answer: A::B



4. When a ferromagnetic material goes through a hysteresis loop, the magnetic susceptibility

A. has a fixed value

B. may be zero

C. may be infinity

D. may be negative.

Answer: B::D



- 5. Mark out the correct options.
 - A. Diamagnetism occurs an all materials.
 - B. Diamagnetism result from the partial alignment of permanent magnetic moment.
 - C. The magnetising field intensity H is always zero in free space.
 - D. The magnetic field of induced magnetic moment is opposite to the applied field.

Answer: A::D



View Text Solution

6. A toroid has a mean radius R equal to $20/\pi cm$, and a total of 400 turns of wire carrying a current of 2.0 A. An aluminium ring at temperature 280 K inside the toroid provides the core. If the magnetisation I is $4.8 \times 10^{-2} Am^{-1}$, then, choose the correct option(s).

A. Magnetic intensity in the core is

 $1000Am^{\,-\,1}$

B. Susceptibility of the aluminium at ${\sf temperature} \; 280 Kis 2.4 \times 10^{-5}.$

C. If the temperature of the aluminium ring

is raised 10 320 K, then the

magnetization will be $4.2 \times 10^{-2} Am^{-1}$.

D. Susceptibility of aluminium at

temperature 320 K is $2.1 imes 10^{-5}$

Answer: B::C::D

7. A bar magnet has a pole strength of 3.6 A m and magnetie length 8 in. Then, choose the correct option(s).

- A. Magnetic field at a point on the axis at a distance of 6 cm from the centre towards the north pole is $8.6 imes 10^{-4}$ T.
- B. Direction of flield at an axial point towards the north pole will be towards

the magnet.

C. Magnetic field at a point on the broadside-on position will be $7.7 imes 10^{-5} T$

D. The magnetic field at a point in the broadside-on position will be parallel to the magnet.

Answer: A::C::D



8. The earth's magnetic field at geomagnetic poles has a magnitude $6.2 \times 10^{-5} T$. The radius makes an angle of 135° with the axis of the carth's assumed magnetic dipole. Then, which of the following statement(s) is/are correct?

A. At a point where $heta=135^\circ$, magnetic field0 $4.9 imes10^{-5}T$.

B. The tangent of the angle of the field with the vertical is given by tan

$$\alpha = -0.5$$
.

C. Inclination angle (dip angle) made by

Earth's magnetic field will be $63^{\circ}\,$ below

the horizontal.

D. None of these.

Answer: A::B::C



9. A magnetic needle of length 10 cm, suspended at its middle point through a thread, stays at an angle of 45° with the horizontal. The horizontal component of the earth's magnetic lield is $18\mu T$, Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct.

A. Vertical component of magnetie field,

$$B_V = 18\mu T$$
.

B. Without the applied force the needle will stay m the direction of the resultant

magnetic field of the earth.

C. When the force is applied the needle will stay in horizontal position.

D. A vertical Torce of $F=5.8 imes 10^{-5} N$, should be applied we end so as to keep it in horizontal position when the pole strength of the needle is 1.6Am.

Answer: A::B::C::D



Wb Jee Previous Years Questions Category 1 Single Option Correct Type

1. A bar magnet has a magnetic moment of $200Am^2$. The magnet is suspended in a magnetic field of $0.30NA^{-1}m^{-1}$ The torque required to rotate the magnet from its equilibrium position through an angle of 30° , will be

A. 30 N m

B. $30\sqrt{3}Nm$

C. 60 N m

D. $60\sqrt{3}Nm$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

2. At two different places the angles of dip are respectively 30° and 45° . At these two places the ratio of horizontal component of earth's magnetic field is

A.
$$\sqrt{3}$$
: $\sqrt{2}$

B. 1:
$$\sqrt{2}$$

D. 1:
$$\sqrt{3}$$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

3. An electron in a circular orbit of radius 0.05 mm performs 10^{16} revolutions per second. The

magnetic moment due to this rotation of electron is $\left({\ln {Am^2}} \right)$

A.
$$2.16\times10^{-23}$$

B.
$$3.21 imes 10^{-22}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,3.21\times10^{24}$$

D.
$$1.26 imes 10^{-23}$$

Answer: D



4. The intensity of magnetization of a bar magnet is $5.0 \times 10^4 Am^{-1}$ The magnetic length and the area of cross-section of the magnet are 12 cm and $1cm^2$ respectively. The magnitude of magnetic moment of this bar magnet is (in SI unit)

A. 0.6

B. 1.3

C. 1.24

D. 2.4

Answer: A



View Text Solution

Wb Jee Previous Years Questions Category 2 Single Option Correct Type

1. A magnetic field $B=2t+4t^2$ (where t = time) is applied perpendicular to the plane of a circular wire of radius and resistance R. If all the units are in SI the electric charge that

flows through the circular wire during t = 0 s

to t = 2 s is

$$\sim rac{6\pi r^2}{R}$$

B.
$$\frac{20\pi r^2}{R}$$

C.
$$\frac{48\pi r^2}{D}$$

D.
$$\frac{20\pi r^3}{R}$$

Answer: B



Wb Jee Previous Years Questions Category 3 One Or More Than One Option

1. An electron of charge e and mas m is moving in a circular path of radius r with a unifrom angular speed ω . Then which of the following statementa are correct?

A. The equivalent current flowing in the circular path is proprotional to r^2 .

B. The magnetic moment due to circular current loop is independent of m.

- C. The magnetic moment due to circular current loop is equal to 2e/m times the angular momentum of the electron:
- D. The angular momentum of the particle is proportional to the areal velocity of electron.

Answer: B::D



2. If X stands for the magnelic susceptibility of a substance. μ for its magnetic permeability and to μ_0 the perincability of free space, then

A. for a paramagnetic substance

$$X>0, \mu>0$$

B. for a paramagnetic substance :

$$X>0, \mu>\mu_0$$

C. for a diamagnetic substance

$$X<0,\mu<0$$

D. Tora ferromagnelic substance.

$$X < 1, \mu < \mu_0$$

Answer: B::D

