



## MATHS

### BOOKS - NAGEEN PRAKASHAN ENGLISH

#### POLYNOMIALS

#### Solved Examples

1. Which of the following are polynomials :

(i)

$$3x^2 - 7x + 6 \quad (ii) x^2 - \sqrt{3}x + 4 \quad (iii) 3\sqrt{x} + 5 \quad (iv) 13 \quad (v) a +$$



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2. Find the degree of each of the following polynomials :

$$(i) 5x^2 - 2x + 1 \quad (ii) 1 - 5t + t^4 \quad (iii) 7 \quad (iv) x^4 - 3x^6 + 2$$

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3. Write : (i) a binomial of degree 50, (ii) a monomial of degree 10, (iii) a trinomial of degree 5, (iv) a constant polynomial.

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4. Write the degree of following polynomials :

(i)  $4x + 7$     (ii)  $4x^2 - 3x + 5$     (iii)  $2x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x + 6$

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5. Classify the following as linear, quadratic and cubic polynomials :

(i)  $5x^3 + 3x^2 + 1$     (ii)  $3x^2 + x$     (iii)  $x + 1$

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6. Find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the polynomial :

$$2x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x\left(1 - \frac{x}{2}\right) + 2x^2(x + 7) - 13$$



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7. Find the value of each of the following :

(i)  $p(x) = 3x + 7$  at  $x = 1$

(ii)  $q(y) = y^3 - 3y^2 + \sqrt{3}$  at  $y = 1$

(iii)  $p(a) = a^4 + 6a^2 - 6a + 3$  at  $a = m$



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8. Find a zero of the polynomial :

(i)  $p(x) = 4x - 3$

(ii)  $p(x) = 2x - 2$



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9. Check whether 2 and 0 are zeros of polynomial  $x^3 - 4x$ .

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10. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$ .

$$p(x) = x^4 + 2x^2 + 3, g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

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11. If  $p(x) = x^5 + 4x^4 - 3x^2 + 1$  and  $g(x) = x^2 + 2$ , then divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  and find quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$ .

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12. If  $g(x)=x+2$  and  $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 5x - 1$ , then divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$ .

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13. Check whether  $x+2$  is a factor polynomial  $x^3 + 8x^2 + 9x - 6$  ?



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14. Find the remainder when the polynomial  $p(x) = x^4 - 3x^2 + 5x + 1$  is divided by  $(x-2)$ .



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15. Find the remainder when the polynomial  $p(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x + 50$  is divided by  $(x+3)$ .

A.  $-13$

B.  $-14$

C.  $-15$

D.  $-16$

**Answer: D**

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**16.** Find the remainder when the polynomial  $4x^4 + 3x^2 - 5x + 1$  is divided by  $(2x-1)$ .

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**17.** If the polynomial  $ax^3 + 3x^2 - 3$  leaves the remainder 6 when divided by  $x-4$ , then find the value of  $a$ .

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**18.** Show that  $(x-3)$  is a factor of the polynomial  $x^3 + x^2 - 17x + 15$ .

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19. Check whether  $(2x-3)$  is a factor of the polynomial

$$2x^4 + 9x^2 - 11x - 30?$$



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20. Find the value of 'k' if  $x+3$ , is a factor of the polynomial

$$x^4 - x^3 - 11x^2 - x + k.$$

A.  $k = -13$

B.  $k = -12$

C.  $k = -14$

D.  $k = -15$

Answer: B



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21. Factorise  $x^3 - 7x + 6$ .



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22.  $x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6$



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23. Factorise :  $x^5 + y^5$



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24. Find the values of a and b so that  $2x^3 + ax^2 + bx - 14$  has (x-1) and (x+2) are its factors.



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25. What must be added to  $x^4 + 2x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1$  so that the resulting polynomial is exactly divisible by  $x^2 + 2x - 3$ .





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26. If  $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 + 3x^2 - ax + b$  is a polynomial such that when it is divided by  $x - 1$  and  $x + 1$ , the remainders are respectively 5 and 19. Determine the remainder when  $f(x)$  is divided by  $(x - 2)$ .

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27. If  $x^2 + 2x - 5$  is a factor of  $x^4 - 2x^3 + px^2 + qx - 35$ , then find the value of  $p^2 - q$ .

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28. If the polynomial  $x^4 - 6x^3 + 16x^2 - 25x + 10$  is divided by another polynomial  $x^2 - 2x + k$ , the remainder comes out to be  $(x-a)$ . Find  $k$  and  $a$ .

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29. When  $x^5 - 5x^4 + 9x^3 - 6x^2 - 16x + 13$  is divided by  $x^2 - 3x + a$ , then quotient and remainders are  $x^3 - 2x^2 + x + 1$  and  $-15x+11$  respectively. Find the value of a.



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30. Factorise  $x^3 + 2x^2 + x$ .



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31. Factorise  $a(x-y)-b(x-y)$ .



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32.  $p^2x^2 + c^2x^2 - ac^2 - ap^2$



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33. Factorise  $ax + ay + az + bx + by + bz$ .



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34. Factorise  $x^2 - \left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)x + 1$ .



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35. Factorise  $a^2 - 9b^2$ .

A.  $(a+3b)(a+3b)$

B.  $(a+3b)(a-3b)$

C.  $(a-3b)(a-3b)$

D.  $(a+5b)(a-3b)$

Answer: B



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36. Factorise  $x^2 - (y - z)^2$ .

A.  $(x + y - z)(x + y + z)$

B.  $(x + y - z)(x - y - z)$

C.  $(x - y - z)(x - y + z)$

D.  $(x + y - z)(x - y + z)$

**Answer: D**



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37. Factorise  $x^2 - 6x - y^2 + 9$ .



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38. Factorise  $16x^4 - 81y^4$ .



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39. Factorise :

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 3$$



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40. Factorise  $x^2 + 9x + 20$ .

A.  $(x + 4)(x + 4)$

B.  $(x + 5)(x + 4)$

C.  $(x + 5)(x - 4)$

D.  $(x - 5)(x + 4)$

Answer: B



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41. Factorise  $x^2 - 21x + 108$ .



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42. Factorise  $x^2 + 5x - 24$ .



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43. Factorise  $(2x + 3y)^2 + 14(2x + 3y)(3x - y) - 32(3x - y)^2$ .



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44. Factorise  $4x^2 + 12x + 5$ .

A.  $(2x + 5)(2x - 1)$

B.  $(2x + 5)(2x + 1)$

C.  $(x + 5)(2x + 1)$

D.  $(2x + 5)(x + 1)$

**Answer: B**



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**45.** Factorise  $99x^2 - 202xy + 99y^2$ .



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**46.** Factorise  $18x^3 - 27x^2 - 35x$ .



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**47.** Factorise  $\sqrt{3}x^2 + 10x + 3\sqrt{3}$

A.  $(x + 3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}x - 1)$

B.  $(x - 3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}x - 1)$

C.  $(x + 3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}x + 1)$

D.  $(x - 3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}x + 1)$

**Answer: C**



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48. Factorise  $x^2 + 6\sqrt{6}x + 48$ .



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49. Factorise :  $(2x^2 + 5x)(2x^2 + 5x - 19) + 84$



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50. Factorise :  $x^4 + 3x^2 - 28$



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51. Evaluate : (i)  $(a + 6b)^2$       (ii)  $(3x - 4y)^2$       (iii)  $(2a - b + c)^2$

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52. Using identities find the values of the following :

(a)  $102^2$       (b)  $48^2$

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53. Find the product using appropriate identities

(i)  $(x+5)(x+5)$  (ii)  $(x+4)(x-4)$  (iii)  $(x+5)(x+3)$  (iv)  $(x-5)(x+3)$

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54. Factorise : (i)  $36x^2 + 60xy + 25y^2$  (ii)  $\frac{49}{9}x^2 - \frac{35}{6}xy + \frac{25}{16}y^2$

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55. Expand : (i)  $(4a - 5b)^3$       (ii)  $(a + 2b)^3$

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56. Evaluate :  $15^3 + 10^3 - 25^3$

A.  $-11350$

B.  $-11550$

C.  $-11250$

D.  $-11200$

**Answer: C**

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57. Find the product

$$(2a - 3b - 2c)(4a^2 + 9b^2 + 4c^2 + 6ab - 6bc + 4ca).$$

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58. Factorise : (a)  $x^4 + 4x^2 + 16$       (ii)  $x^4 + 4$

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59. Factorise : (a)  $x^6 + y^6$       (b)  $x^6 - y^6$

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60. Factorise :  $27x^3 + 8y^3 + 8z^3 - 36xyz$

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61. Factorise : (i)  $125a^3 + \frac{1}{8}$       (ii)  $8a^3 - 27b^3$

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62. If  $a+b+c=2$ ,  $ab+bc+ca=-1$  and  $abc=-2$ , find the value of  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3$ .

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63. If  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 154$  and  $ab + bc + ca = -5$ , find  $a+b+c$ .

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64. If  $abx^2 = (a - b)^2(x + 1)$ , then find the value of  $1 + \frac{4}{x} + \frac{4}{x^2}$  in terms of  $a$  and  $b$ .

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65. Find the square root of  $(2x^2 - 7x - 15)(2x^2 - 24x + 70)(2x^2 - 11x - 21)$ .

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66. Differentiate  $\sin x^2 + \sin^2 x + \sin^2(x^2)$



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## Problems From Ncert Exemplar

1. Find the value of the polynomial  $5x - 4x^2 + 3$  at :

(i)  $x = 0$

(ii)  $x = -1$

(iii)  $x = 2$



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2. Find the remainder when  $x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$  is divided by :

(i)  $x + 1$

(ii)  $x - \frac{1}{2}$

(iii)  $x$

(iv)  $x + \pi$

(v)  $5 + 2x$



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3. Find the remainder when  $x^3 - ax^2 + 6x - a$  is divided by  $x - a$ .

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4. Find the value of  $k$ , if  $x-1$  is a factor of  $p(x)$  in each of the following cases

:

(i)  $p(x) = x^2 + x + k$

(ii)  $p(x) = 2x^2 + kx + \sqrt{2}$

(iii)  $p(x) = kx^2 - \sqrt{2}x + 1$

(iv)  $p(x) = kx^2 - 3x + k$

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5. Factorise the following using appropriate identities :

(i)  $9x^2 + 6xy + y^2$

(ii)  $4y^2 - 4y + 1$

(iii)  $x^2 - \frac{y^2}{100}$

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6. Give possible expressions for the length and breadth of each of the following rectangles, in which their areas are given :

(i) area =  $25a^2 - 35a + 12$

(ii) area =  $35y^2 - 13y - 12$

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7. What are the possible expressions for the dimensions of the cuboids whose volumes are given below? (i) Volume:  $3x^2 - 12x$  (ii) Volume:  $12ky^2 + 8kx - 20k$



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8. Factorise the following :

(i)  $4x^2 + 20x + 25$

(ii)  $9y^2 - 66yz + 121z^2$

(iii)  $\left(2x + \frac{1}{3}\right)$



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9. Factorize :  $(x - 2y)^3 + (2y - 3z)^3 + (3z - x)^3$



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10. Find the value of :

(i)  $x^3 + y^3 - 12xy + 64$ , when  $x+y=-4$

(ii)  $x^3 - 8y^3 - 36xy - 216$ , when  $x=2y+6$



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11. Factorise the following

(i)  $9x^2 + 4y^2 + 16z^2 + 12xy - 16yz - 24xz$

(ii)  $25x^2 + 16y^2 + 4z^2 - 40xy + 16yz - 20xz$

(iii)  $16x^2 + 4y^2 + 9z^2 - 16xy - 12yz + 24xz$



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12. Without actual division, prove that  $2x^4 - 5x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 2$  is divisible by  $x^2 - 3x + 2$ .



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13. Simplify  $(2x - 5y)^3 - (2x + 5y)^3$ .

A.  $120x^2y - 250y^3$

B.  $120x^2y + 250y^3$

C.  $-120x^2y - 250y^3$

D. can not determine its value

**Answer: C**



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14. Multiply  $x^2 + 4y^2 + z^2 + 2xy + xz - 2yz$  by  $(-z+x-2y)$



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15. If  $a, b, c$  are all non-zero and  $a + b + c = 0$ , then  $\frac{a^2}{bc} + \frac{b^2}{ca} + \frac{c^2}{ab} = ?$

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

**Answer: C**

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16. Prove that  $(a + b + c)^3 - a^3 - b^3 - c^3 = 3(a + b)(b + c)(c + a)$ .

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17. If  $a+b+c=5$  and  $ab+bc+ca=10$ , then prove that

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = -25.$$

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18. The polynomial  $p(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 - ax + 3a - 7$  when divided by  $x+1$  leaves remainder 19. Also, find the remainder when  $p(x)$  is divided by  $x+2$ .

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## Exercise 2 A

1. Which of the following are polynomials ?

(i)  $x^2 - 3x + 1$     (ii)  $x^2 + 5x + 2$     (iii)  $x - \frac{1}{y}$     (iv)  $x^7 + 8$     (v)  $x^5$

(vi)  $\sqrt{2}x^2 + x - 1$     (vii)  $(3x - 1)(x + 5)$     (viii)  $\left(x - \frac{3}{x}\right)(x + 2)$     (i.

(x)  $x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2$

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2. Separate monomial, binomial and trinomial from the following :

(i)  $2x - 3$     (ii)  $3x^2$     (iii)  $5x^2 - 8x + 1$     (iv)  $(2x + 3)^2$     (v)  $-5x +$

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3. Find the degree of each of the following polynomials :

(i)  $3x^4 - x^2 + 8$     (ii)  $y^2 - 5y + 7$     (iii)  $3x + 4$     (iv)  $3$

(v)  $x - 2x^2 + 5x^7$     (vi)  $2y^2 - 5y^6 + 1$     (vii)  $x^3 - 1$     (viii)  $3x + 5x^5$



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4. Write the coefficients of :

(i)  $x^2$  in  $3x^3 - 5x^2 - 5x + 6$     (ii)  $x^3$  in  $7x^4 + 5x^3 + 3x + 7$     (iii)  $x^2$  in



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5. Give an example of :

(i) monomial of degree 19    (ii) binomial of degree 16    (iii) trinomial of degree 5



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6. Classify the following as linear quadratic and cubic polynomial :

(i)  $x^3 + x^2 + 3$    (ii)  $x^2 + 5$    (iii)  $x^3 - x$    (iv)  $3x$    (v)  $x + 3$

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7. Give an example of a polynomial which is neither monomial, nor binomial nor trinomial and nor any multinomial.

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8. If the degree of a polynomial AB is 15 and the degree of polynomial A is 5, then find the degree of polynomial B.

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1. If  $p(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 + x$  find :

(i)  $p(0)$  (ii)  $p(2)$



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2. If  $p(y) = y^3 + y^2 + y + 1$  find :

(i)  $y(1)$  (ii)  $y(-1)$



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3. If  $p(x) = 4x^2 - 3x + 6$  find :

(i)  $p(4)$  (ii)  $p(-5)$



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4. Find the zero of the polynomial :

(i)  $p(x) = x - 3$     (ii)  $q(x) = 3x - 4$     (iii)  $p(x) = 4x - 7$     (iv)  $q(x) =$

$$(v)p(x) = 4x \quad (vi)p(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - 1$$



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5. Verify that

(i) 3 is a zero of the polynomial  $x-5$ .

(ii) -2 is a zero of the polynomial  $x+2$ .

(iii)  $\frac{7}{3}$  is a zero of the polynomial  $3x-7$ .

(iv) 2 and 3 are zeros of the polynomial  $(x-2)(x-3)$ .

(v)  $\frac{13}{2}$  and -3 are zeros of the polynomial  $2x^2 - 7x - 39$ .



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## Exercise 2 C

1. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^4 + 1, \quad g(x) = x - 1$$



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2. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 1, \quad g(x) = x + 2$$

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3. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^4 + 4x^2 + 2, \quad g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

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4. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^3 - 7x^2 - 6x + 1, \quad g(x) = x - 3$$

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5. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^4 + 6x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x + 1, \quad g(x) = x^2 + 3x - 1$$

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6. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 2x + 5, \quad g(x) = x + 3$$

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7. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 - 1, \quad g(x) = x^2 + 2$$

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8. Divide  $p(x)$  by  $g(x)$  in each of the following questions and find the quotient  $q(x)$  and remainder  $r(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^6 - 1, \quad g(x) = x^2 + 1$$

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9. In each of the following cases (Q.9-12), find whether  $g(x)$  is a factor of  $p(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^2 - 5x + 6, \quad g(x) = x - 2$$

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10. In each of the following cases (Q.9-12), find whether  $g(x)$  is a factor of  $p(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^3 - x^2 + x - 1, \quad g(x) = x - 1$$

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11. In each of the following cases (Q.9-12), find whether  $g(x)$  is a factor of

$p(x)$  :

$$p(x) = 3x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x - 1, \quad g(x) = x - 1$$



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12. In each of the following cases (Q.9-12), find whether  $g(x)$  is a factor of

$p(x)$  :

$$p(x) = x^4 + 3x^2 - 4, \quad g(x) = x + 2$$



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13. Using remainder theorem, find the remainder when :

(i)  $x^3 + 5x^2 - 3$  is divided by  $(x - 1)$       (ii)  $x^4 - 3x^2 + 2$  is divided by

$(x-2)$

(iii)  $2x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x + 2$  is divided by

$(x + 3)$       (iv)  $x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 1$  is divided by  $(x+2)$

$(v)x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x + 4$  is divided by

$(2x - 1)$  (vi)  $3x^3 + 6x^2 - 15x + 2$  is divided by  $(3x-1)$

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14. Show that :

(i)  $x-5$ , is factor of  $x^2 - 11x + 30$  (ii)  $(x + 2)$ , is a factor of  $x^2 + 3x + 2$

(iii)  $x-3$ , is a factor of  $2x^3 + 7x^2 - 24x - 45$  (iv)  $3x - 2$ , is a factor of  $3x^3 + x^2 - 20x + 12$

(v)  $x-1$ , is a factor of  $x^3 - 10x^2 + 23x - 14$  (vi)  $x - 2$ , is a factor of  $x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 6$

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15. Polynomials  $ax^3 + 3x^2 - 3$  and  $2x^3 - 5x + a$  when divided by  $(x-4)$

leave the same remainder. Find the value of  $a$ .

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16. Find the value of 'k' if :

(i)  $x+5$ , is a factor of  $2x^3 + kx^2 - 11x - 30$       (ii)  $2x - 1$ , is a factor of  $2x^3 - 7x^2 + 11x - 7 + k$

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17. Using factor theorem, factorize the polynomial  $x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$ .

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18. if  $x^2 + 2x + 3$ , is the factor of  $x^4 + 3px^2 + 2q$  then find  $p + q$

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19. What should be subtracted from  $p(x) = 6x^4 + 7x^3 + 26x^2 - 25x + 25$  so that the resulting polynomial is exactly divisible by  $g(x) = 3x^2 - x + 4$ .



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20. When a polynomial  $f(x)$  is divisible by  $x-3$  and  $x+6$ , the respective remainders are 7 and 22. What is the remainder when  $f(x)$  is divided by  $(x-3)(x+6)$  ?



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21. Evaluate : 
$$\frac{(0.35)^3 + (0.41)^3 - (0.76)^3}{9(0.35)(0.41)(0.76)}$$



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22. Evaluate :  $(x^{1/3} + y^{1/3})(x^{2/3} - x^{1/3}y^{1/3} + y^{2/3})$ , when  $x = 4\frac{5}{7}$  and  $y = 5\frac{2}{7}$ .



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23. Evaluate :  $x^3 + 3x - 13$ , if  $x = \sqrt[3]{7 + 5\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{7 + 5\sqrt{2}}}$

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24. Find the greatest value of  $x$ , which satisfies the system of equations :

$$x^3 + y^3 = 35, x^2y + xy^2 = 30.$$

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## Exercise 2 D

1. Factorise the following polynomials :

(i)  $x^3 + x^2$     (ii)  $a^3bc + ab^3c - abc^3$     (iii)  $ab(x + y) + bx(x + y)$

(iv)  $32(x + y)^2 + 2(x + y)$     (v)  $x(x - y) - z(y - x)$     (vi)  $(1 - x) - (x$

(vii)  $7(x + y)^3 + 14(x + y)^2 + 28(x + y)$

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2. Factorise the following expressions :

(i)  $ax - ay + bx - by$     (ii)  $x^2 - x - ax + a$     (iii)  $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x$

(iv)  $16(a + b)^2 - 4a - 4b$     (v)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2 - 3x - \frac{3}{x}$     (vi)  $x^2 - \left(\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a}\right)x + 1$

(vii)  $x^2 + \left(a - \frac{1}{a}\right)x - 1$     (viii)  $ab(x^2 + y^2 + xy(a^2 + b^2))$     (ix)  $(ax + by)^2 - (bx - ay)^2$



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3. Factorise the following :

(i)  $9a^2 - b^2$     (ii)  $81x^3 - x$     (iii)  $x^3 - 49xy^2$     (iv)  $a^2 - (b - c)^2$

(v)  $(x - y)^3 - x + y$     (vi)  $x^2y^2 + 1 - x^2 - y^2$     (vii)  $25(a + b)^2 - 49(a - b)^2$

(ix)  $x^8 - 256$     (x)  $x^8 - 81y^8$



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4. Factorise the following :

(i)  $x^2 + 7x + 12$     (ii)  $x^2 + 18x + 45$     (iii)  $x^2 - 7x + 12$     (iv)  $x^2 - 25$



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5. Factorise the following : (i)  $2x^2 + 9x + 9$  (ii)  $2x^2 + 9x - 5$

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## Exercise 2 E

1. Use direct method to evaluate the following product :

$$(i)(x + 8)(x + 3) \quad (ii)(x - 8)(x + 2) \quad (iii)(x - 3)(x - 5)$$

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2. Use direct method to evaluate :

$$(i)(x + y)(x - y) \quad (ii)(4 + x)(4 - x) \quad (iii)(2x - 1)(2x + 1) \quad (iv)$$

$$(v)\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{2}\right)\left(\frac{x}{2} + \frac{y}{3}\right) \quad (vi)(x + y)(x - y)(x^2 + y^2).$$

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3. Evaluate without multiplying directly :

(i)  $33 \times 27$     (ii)  $103 \times 97$     (iii)  $9.8 \times 10.2$ .

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4. Expand :

(i)  $(3a - 5b)^2$     (ii)  $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2$     (iii)  $\left(2x - \frac{1}{2x}\right)^2$ .

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5. Expand :

(i)  $(a + b - c)^2$     (ii)  $(a - 2b - 5c)^2$     (iii)  $(3a - 2b - 5c)^2$     (iv)  $\left(2x + \dots\right)^2$

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6. Evaluate using formula :

(i)  $(188)^2$       (ii)  $(9.4)^2$       (iii)  $(10.9)^2$

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7. (i) If  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 20$  and  $a + b + c = 0$ , find  $ab + bc + ac$ .

(ii) If  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 250$  and  $ab + bc + ca = 3$ , find  $a + b + c$ .

(iii) If  $a+b+c=11$  and  $ab+bc+ca=25$ , then find the value of  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ .

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8. Expand :

(i)  $(2x + 3y)^3$       (ii)  $(5y - 3x)^3$       (iii)  $(2a + 3b)^3$ .

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9. Evaluate  $(2x - 3y + 5)^3$ .

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10. If  $a+2b=5$ , then show that  $a^3 + 8b^3 + 30ab = 125$ .

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11. If  $2x - 3y = 10$  and  $xy = 16$ , find the value of  $8x^3 - 27y^3$ .

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12. Evaluate :

(i)  $(98)^3$     (ii)  $(598)^3$     (iii)  $(1003)^3$

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13. Factorise :

$$4a^2 + 9b^2 + 16c^2 + 12ab - 24bc - 16ca$$

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14. Verify : (i)  $x^3 + y^3 = (x + y)(x^2 - xy + y^2)$  (ii)

$$x^3 - y^3 = (x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)$$

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15. Factorise :

$$(i) 9a^3 - 27b^3 \quad (ii) a^3 - 343 \quad (iii) a^3 - \frac{27}{a^3} \quad (iv) 1 + 8a^3 \quad (v) (a + b)$$

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**16.** Find the product :

$$(i)(x + 3)(x^2 - 3x + 9) \quad (ii)(7 + 5b)(49 - 35b + 25b^2)$$

$$(iii)\left(5a + \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(25a^2 - \frac{5a}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right) .$$



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**17.** Factorise :

$$(i)a^3 + 27b^3 + 8c^3 - 18abc \quad (ii)2\sqrt{2}a^3 + 8b^3 - 27c^3 + 18\sqrt{2}abc$$

$$(iii)x^3 + y^3 - 12xy + 64 \quad (iv)125 - 8x^3 - 27y^3 = 90xy.$$



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**18.** Find the product :

$$(i)(a + 2b + 4c)(a^2 + 4b^2 + 16c^2 - 2ab - 8bc - 4ca)$$

$$(ii)(3x - 5y - 4)(9x^2 + 25y^2 + 15xy + 12x - 20y + 16)$$

$$(iii)(2 - 3b - 7c)(4 + 9b^2 + 49c^2 + 6b - 21bc + 14c)$$

$$(iv)(\sqrt{2}a + 2\sqrt{2}b + c)(2a^2 + 8b^2 + c^2 - 4ab - 2\sqrt{2}bc - \sqrt{2}ac)$$



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19. Factorise :

$$(i) (x - y)^3 + (y - z)^3 + (z - x)^3$$

$$(ii) (x - 2y)^3 + (2y - 4z)^3 + (4z - x)^3$$

$$(iv) (3\sqrt{2}a - 5\sqrt{3}b)^3 + (5\sqrt{3}b - 7\sqrt{5}c)^3 + (7\sqrt{5}c - 3\sqrt{2}a)^3.$$



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20. Without actually calculating the cube find the value of the following :

$$(i) (-9)^3 + (4)^3 + (5)^3 \quad (ii) (-18)^3 + (9)^3 + (9)^3 \quad (iii) (16)^3 + (1)^3$$

$$(iv) (8)^3 + (3)^3 + (-11)^3.$$



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21. Verify that

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz = \frac{1}{2}(x + y + z) \left[ (x - y)^2 + (y - z)^2 + (z - x)^2 \right]$$



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22. If  $x + y + z = 0$  show that  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$ .

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### Revision Exercise Very Short Answer Questions

1. Evaluate  $\left(\frac{5x}{3} - \frac{y}{2}\right)^2$ .

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2. Evaluate without calculating  $52^2$ .

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3. Using properties find  $(x+3)(x-4)$ .

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4. Evaluate  $(a + 2b)^3$ .

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5. Evaluate  $(14)^3 + (-8)^3 + (-6)^3$ .

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6. Expand  $\left(x - 3y + \frac{z}{2}\right)^2$ .

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7. Factorise  $a^3 - (b - c)^3$ .

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8. if  $a + b + c = 9$  and  $ab + bc + ca = 26$ , find  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ .

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9. Simplify:  $a^6 - b^6$

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10. Factorise :

$$(a + b)^3 - a - b$$

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## Revision Exercise Short Answer Questions

1. Evaluate  $\left(\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{3}{4}y + \frac{4}{5}z\right)^2$ .

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2. Evaluate :

$$(i) \left( \frac{a}{2b} + \frac{2b}{a} \right)^2 - \left( \frac{a}{2b} - \frac{2b}{a} \right)^2 - 4$$

$$(ii) (4a + 3b)^2 - (4a - 3b)^2 + 48ab$$

A. 3

B. 2

C. 1

D. 0

Answer: D



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3. If  $a+b+c=p$  and  $ab+bc+ac=q$ , find  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ .



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4. Expand :  $(2x - 3y + 5)^3$

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5. If  $a + b + c = 0$  then prove that  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$

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6. If  $a + \frac{1}{a} = p$  and  $a \neq 0$ , then show that:  $a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3} = p(p^2 - 3)$

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7. If  $x^3 + y^3 + z^3 = 3xyz$  and  $x+y+z=0$ , find the value of

$$\frac{(x + y)^2}{xy} = \frac{(y + z)^2}{yz} + \frac{(z + x)^2}{zx}$$

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8. If  $3x - \frac{4}{x} = 4$ , find  $27x^3 - \frac{64}{x^3}$

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9. Evaluate  $0.54 \times 0.54 \times 0.46 \times 0.46$  using identities.

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10. Simplify  $(4a + 2b)^3 + (4a - 2b)^3$ .

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11. Find the product  $(7a - 5b)(49a^2 + 35ab + 25b^2)$ .

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12. If  $a+b=7$  and  $ab=12$  find the value of  $a^2 - ab + b^2$ .



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13. If  $x=4$  and  $y=1$ , find the value of  $\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{y}{3}\right)\left(\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{xy}{6} + \frac{y^2}{9}\right)$ .



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14. Simplify  $\frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 + (b^2 - c^2)^3 + (c^2 - a^2)^3}{(a - b)^3 + (b - c)^3 + (c - a)^3}$



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15. If  $a+b+c=9$  and  $ab+bc+ca=35$ , find the value of  $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$ .



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16. Factorize:  $3\sqrt{3}a^3 - b^3 - 5\sqrt{5}c^3 - 3\sqrt{15}abc$



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