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India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - MTG IIT JEE FOUNDATION

## FOOTSTEPS TOWARDS (NEET)

## Questions

1. Which of the following would be described as impure?
A. Crystallized salt
B. Salt solution
C. Rock salt
D. All of these

Answer: C

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2. $H_{2}$ represents
A. 1 mole of hydrogen atoms
B. 1 g of hydrogen
C. both (a) and (b)
D. none of these

## Answer: D

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3. The charge on the atom having 15 protons,

18 electrons is
A. -3
B. -1
C. -2
D. zero

Answer: A

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4. As the solid melts to form liquid,
A. interparticle forces of attraction
decreases
B. the kinetic energy of the particles increases
C. compressiblity increases
D. all of these

## Answer: D

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5. How many total atoms are present in
$\mathrm{CoCl}_{3} .6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ?
A. 17
B. 22
C. 8
D. 18

Answer: B

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6. The total number of neutrons in dipositive zinc ions with mass number 65 is
A. 32
B. 35
C. 40
D. 38

Answer: B

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# 7. The physical state of water at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 

A. solid

## B. liquid

C. gas
D. may be solid or liquid

## Answer: B

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8. The average atomic mass of an element $A$ is
16.2 u . There are two isotopes ${ }_{8}^{16} A$ and ${ }_{8}^{18} A$ of an element. What will be the percentage of these two isotopes in element A ?
A. $90 \%, 10 \%$
B. $10 \%, 90 \%$
C. $20 \%, 80 \%$
D. $80 \%, 20 \%$

Answer: A

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9. Calculate the percentage of oxygen in sulphuric acid, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
A. $82.18 \%$
B. 3.69 \%
C. $65.31 \%$
D. $50 \%$

Answer: C

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10. A gas can be compressed to a fraction of its volume. The same volume of a gas can be
spread all over a room. The reason for this is that.
A. the volume occupied by molecules of a gas is negligible as compared to the total volume of the gas.
B. gases consist of molecules which are in a state of random motion.
C. gases consist of molecules having very
large intermolecular space which can be

# D. one mole of each gas occupies 22.4 L at 

STP.

## Answer: C

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11. The gram atomic mass of an element is 32 g. The number of moles in 48 g of element are
A. 0.5 mol
B. 2.5 mol
C. 1.5 mol
D. 0.75 mol .

Answer: C

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12. In an atom, an electron can jump from $L$
shell to N shell by
A. emitting energy
B. absorbing energy
C. increasing its velocity
D. none of these

Answer: B

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13. A solution that has dissolved as much solute as it is capable of dissolving at a given temperature is
A. supersaturated solution
B. unsaturated solution
C. saturated solution
D. concentrated solution.

## Answer: C

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14. When we put some crystals of potassium permanganate in a beaker containing water,
we observe that after some time whole water was turned pink. This is due to
A. boiling
B. melting of potassium permanganate
crystals
C. sublimation of crystals
D. diffusion

## Answer: D

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15. Match the column I with column II and choose the correct option.

|  | Column I <br> (Ion) |  | Column II <br> (Nature) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (A) | Chloride ion | (i) | Divalent, negative |
| (B) | Calcium ion | (ii) | Trivalent, positive |
| (C) | Aluminium ion | (iii) | Divalent, positive |
| (D) | Oxide ion | (iv) | Monovalent, negative |

A. A-IV,B-II,C-I,D-III
B. A-IV,B-III,C-II,D-I
C. A-III,B-II,C-I,D-IV
D. A-I,B-IV,C-III,D-II
16. Solvent used in crystallisation should
A. not dissolve the impurities
B. not react chemically with substance
C. do not crystallise on cooling
D. all of the above.

## Answer: D

17. Which one of the following has unit positive charge and 1 amu mass

A. A neutron

B. A proton
C. An electron

## D. A helium nucleus

## Answer: B

18. Which of the following is not a chemical change?
A. Electrolysis of water
B. Boiling of water
C. Digestion of food
D. Burning of magnesium

Answer: B

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19. Which of the following electronic configurations is wrong?
A. $\operatorname{Be}(3)=2,1$
B. $O(8)=2,6$
C. $S(16)=2,6,8$
D. $P(15)=2,8,5$

## Answer: C

20. Some elements along with their symbols
are enlisted in the given table :

| Elements |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Argon-Ar | (iv) | Lead-Pb | (vii) | Potassium-P |  |
| (ii) | Iron-I | (v) | Gold-Au | (viii) | Sodium-S |  |
| (iii) | Chlorine- <br> Cl | (vi) | Magnesium- <br> Ma | (ix) | Zinc-Zn |  |

Identify the incorrect representation of symbols.
A. III,IV,V and IX
B. I,III,IV , V and IX
C. II,VI,VII and VIII
D. All of these

Answer: C

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21. Which of the following has the same number of electrons as an oxide ion $\left(\mathrm{O}^{2-}\right)$ ?
A. $K^{+}$
B. $M g^{2+}$
C. $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
D. $S^{2-}$

## D Watch Video Solution

## 22. Dry ice on heating produces

A. liquid $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$

B. liquid water
C. gaseous $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. water vapour
23. Simple distillation can be best used to separate
A. a mixture of benzene ( boiling point $80^{\circ}$

C ) and toluene (boiling point $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
B. a mixture of acetone ( boiling point
$56^{\circ} C$ ) and methyl alcohol ( boiling
point $64^{\circ} C$ )
C. a mixture of ethanol ( boiling point $78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and water (boiling point $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
)
D. none of these

Answer: A

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24. Which of the following weighs most?
A. 2 g atoms of nitrogen
B. 25 g iron
C. $2 \times 10^{23}$ atoms of carbon

D. 22.4 L of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at STP

## Answer: D

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25. The diagram given below shows the subatomic particles present in the nucleus of atom X .

## - neutron O proton



Which is the symbol for atom X ?
A. ${ }_{4}^{5} X$
B. ${ }_{4}^{9} X$
C. ${ }_{5}^{4} X$
D. ${ }_{5}^{9} X$

Answer: B

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26. Which of the following process involves fractional distillation?
X. Separation of components of a liquid air.
Y. Separation of crude petroleium into useful
fractions like gasoline, kerosene oil, diesel etc.
Z. Separation of kerosene oil and water.
A. $X, Y, Z$
B. $X, Y$
C. X,Z
D. $Y, Z$

Answer: B

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27. Information about two atoms, $X$ and $Y$ are
shown below :
Atom Nucleon number Proton number
$\begin{array}{lll}X & 14 & 7\end{array}$
$Y \quad 15$
7

Which of the following is correct about these two atoms?
A. Electronic configuration

Atom X Atom Y
$2,8,4 \quad 2,8,5$
B. Number
of
neutrons

Atom X Atom Y
$7 \quad 7$
C. Number of valence electrons

Atom X Atom Y
5
5
D. Number of electron shells

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Atom X } & \text { Atom Y } \\
2 & 3
\end{array}
$$

## Answer: C

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28. Which of the following properties is different for solids, liquids and gases?
A. Movement of molecules
B. Particle size of the substance
C. Mass of the substance
D. Energy exchanges

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29. What mass of carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$ will contain $3.011 \times 10^{23}$ molecules?
A. 11.0 g
B. 22.0 g
C. 4.4 g
D. 44.0 g

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30. Butter is a colloid formed when
A. fat is dispersed in fat
B. fat is dispersed in water
C. water is dispersed in fat
D. proteins dispersed in water.
31. $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temeprature is equal to
A. 163K
B. 15 K
C. 183 K
D. 288 K

## Answer: D

32. Which pair of atoms contains the same number of neutrons?
A. ${ }_{48}^{112} C d$ and ${ }_{50}^{119} S n$
B. ${ }_{27}^{59} \mathrm{Co}$ and ${ }_{26}^{56} \mathrm{Fe}$
C. ${ }_{55}^{133} \mathrm{Cs}$ and ${ }_{54}^{131} \mathrm{Xe}$
D. ${ }_{29}^{64} \mathrm{Cu}$ and ${ }_{30}^{65} \mathrm{Zn}$

## Answer: D

33. According to the given reaction :
$\mathrm{CaCO}_{3(s)} \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathrm{CaO}_{(s)}+\mathrm{CO}_{2(g)}$ 10.0 g
$5.6 g$
$x g$

What is the value of $x$ ?
A. 10.0
B. 5.6
C. 4.4
D. 11.1

Answer: C

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34. Which of the following are metalloids?
(i) Boron
(ii) Sodium
(iii) Silicon
(iv) Chlorine
(v) Germanium
A. II and IV
B. I and IV
C. III and V
D. I,III and V

## Answer: D

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35. Which of the most favourable condition for liquefaction of ammonia?
A. High pressure, high temperature
B. High pressure, low temperature
C. Low pressure, low temperature
D. Low pressure, high temperature

Answer: B

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36. A flask $X$ contains 0.5 mole of oxygen gas.

Another flask $Y$ contains 0.4 mole of ozone gas. Which of the two flasks contains greater number of oxygen atoms?
A. Flask X
B. Flask Y
C. Both have equal number of oxygen atoms.
D. Data is insufficient.

Answer: B

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37. Which of the following is not correct?
A. Solids have fixed shape and fixed volume.
B. We can easily compress a liquid but not a gas.
C. Solids have negligible kinetic energy of
the particles.
D. Property of diffusion is maximum in the gaseous state.

Answer: B
38. The mass number of an ion is 48 . It has 3
units of positive charge. The number of neutrons in the ion exceeds the number of electrons in it by 7. The atomic number of the element is
A. 21
B. 22
C. 24
D. 26
39. Which of the following is likely to be a pure substance?
A. A colourless liquid that boils over the range of temperature from $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $80^{\circ} C$
B. A green solid which starts to melt at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and is completely melted at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C. A white solid which produced a chromatogram consisting of only one
spot
D. A brown liquid that is completely miscible with water.

Answer: C

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40. Which of the following molecules are diatomic?
(i) Nitrogen (ii) Neon (iii) Oxygen
(iv) Sulphur (v) Phosphorus (vi) Ozone
(vii) Fluorine (viii) Hydrogen (ix) Fullerene
A. ii,iv,v and vi
B. iv,v and ix
C. ii and vi
D. I,iii,vii and viii

Answer: D

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## 41. The rate of diffusion of a gas is

A. directly proportional to its density
B. directly proportional to its molecular mass
C. directly proportional to the square root of its molecular mass
D. inversely proportional to the square root of its molecular mass.

## Answer: D

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42. Three students Nisha, David and Manu were given three unknown substances $A, B$ and

C respectively during the lab activity.

| Substance | Property |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Solubility in water | Boiling point $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| $\boldsymbol{A}$ | Soluble | 55 |
| $\boldsymbol{B}$ | Insoluble | 46 |
| $\boldsymbol{C}$ | Soluble | 90 |

On the basis of these properties, which students has chosen the correct separation
technique, to separate a substance from the substance-water mixture?
A. Nisha-Separating funnel
B. David- Distillation
C. Manu-Fractional distillation
D. All are correct

Answer: C

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43. Which of the following do not represent Bohr's model of atom correctly?

A. I and II
B. II and III
C. II and IV
D. I and IV

## Answer: C

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44. Which of the following statements are correct regarding liquid state?
(i) Particle are loosely packed in the liquid state.
(ii) Fluidity is maximum in the liquid state.
(iii) Liquids cannot be compressed much.
(iv) Liquids take up the shape of any container in which they are placed.
A. I, II and III
B. I, III and IV
C. I, II and IV
D. All statement are correct

Answer: B

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