

India's Number 1 Education App

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - ICSE

NUTRITION [NUTRITION IN GENERAL]

Progress Check

1. Define malnutrition.

2. Categorise the following into carbohydrates

and proteins :

Cellulose, Starch, Egg albumen, milk, Pea,

Glycogen, Cane -sugar

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3. Write the approximate requirement of

calories for the following :

(i) An adult physical labourer.

(ii) A teenager.

(iii) A pregnant woman.



Review Questions Multiple Choice Type

1. Which one of the following pairs of nutrients includes both as simple sugars (monosaccharides) ?

A. Sucrose and glucose

- B. Glucose and maltose
- C. Fructose and glucose
- D. Maltose and lactose

Answer:

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2. Which one of the following is the correct matching of a nutrient mineral element and its one rich source

- A. Calcium Potato
- B. Sodium Citruis fruits
- C. lodine Dairy milk
- D. Potassium Banana

Answer:

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3. Marasmus is due to deficiency of :

A. Vitamin C`

B. Carbohydrates, fats and proteins

C. Fat

D. Food

Answer:

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4. Fat soluble vitamins are :

A. A, D and E

B. B, C and D

C. B, D and E

D. A, B and C

Answer:



5. Which of the following is the best source of

Vitamin A:

A. Apple

B. Honey

C. Carrot

D. Peanuts

Answer:



6. Ascorbic acid is Vitamin :

A. C

B. D

С. В

D. A

Answer:

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Review Questions Very Short Answer Type

1. Mention whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)

Cellulose in our food passes out undigested.

(T/F)





2. Mention whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)
Kwashiorkor is a severe vitamin deficiency disease (T/F).

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3. Mention whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)



4. Mention whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)

Foods protect us from disease and therefore

antibiotics which protect us from disease are

also foods. (T/F)

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

5. Mention whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F)
Mineral salts contribute in regulating body processes. (T/F)
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6. Name the mineral element that is needed

for the following respectively :

Strong teeth

7. Name the mineral element that is needed

for the following respectively :

Proper working of thyroid



8. Name the mineral element that is needed

for the following respectively :

Synthesis of haemoglobin

9. Name the nutrients whose deficiencies
cause the following diseases in humans:
Pernicious anemia
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10. Name the nutrients whose deficiencies cause the following diseases in humans:

Pellagra

11. Name the nutrients whose deficiencies cause the following diseases in humans:
Night blindness
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cause the following diseases in humans:

12. Name the nutrients whose deficiencies

Goitre

13. Name the nutrients whose deficiencies cause the following diseases in humans: kwashiorkor



14. Mark the odd one out in each of the following cases and name the category to which the others belong

Xerophthalmia, Marasmus, Pellagra, Scurvy.



15. Mark the odd one out in each of the following cases and name the category to which the others belong

Riboflavin, Thiamine, Folic acid, lodine.

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Review Questions Short Answer Type

1. Give two examples each of the following and

their usefulness, if any, in our body.



2. Give two examples each of the following and their usefulness, if any, in our body.

Disaccharides

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3. Give two examples each of the following and

their usefulness, if any, in our body.



5. A doctor advises a bone patient to include more of milk and milk products in his everyday food. Why so ?



2. Why are proteins necessary in our food ?

Name one protein deficiency disease of young



3. Taking the examples of whole grain atta, fruit and green leafy vegetables, describe how roughage in our diet is useful.

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Review Questions Structured Application Skill Type **1.** Given below is an incomplete table of vitamins, their rich sources and the related deficiency diseases. Fill in the blanks [(i)-(viii)]

with only one suitable word for each.

Vitamin	Rich Source	Deficiency disease
(i)	Whole grain	Beri-beri
Niacin	Milk	(ii)
(iii)	(iv)	Scurvy
Calciferol	(v)	(vi)
(vii)	Carrot, yellow fruit	(viii)

2. Complete the following table by filling the

blanks

Function	Rich Source
Formation of	
Haemoglobin	
	Formation of Haemoglobin