

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - CENGAGE BIOLOGY

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

Mandatory Exercise Exercise Set I

- 1. What is the main purpose of the following?
- (a) Dairybreeds:_____.
- (b) Draughtbreeds:_____

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Mention the lactation period of the following

breeds:

- (a) Sahiwal:_____.
- (b) Ongole:_____.
- (c) Murrah:_____.
- (d) Holstein Friesian:____.



3. Give two example for each : -					
Breeds	Exotic	Indigenous			
Cow					
$\operatorname{Poultry}$		-			
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4. What is the basic difference between the

following sets of foods?

Set A: Green fodder, hay silage.

Set B: Maize, oats, barely, jowar.



5. Why are additives (in addition to roughage annd concetrates) important for the growth of dairy aimals?

Name two additives .



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6. Give three suggestion to impove the health and hygiene of cows and buffaloes .



7. Below are the list of fowls. Classify them according to the utility.

Ancona, Aseel , Brahma , Plymouth Rock, Leghorn, Minorca, Rhode Island Red.



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8. Explain why milk is considered a complete food.



9. Write the scientific name the following :				
(a) Ox.				
(b) Buffalo :				
(c) Domestic fowl :				
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10. (a) List two cross - breeds of cattle and				
poultry .				
Cattle :				
Poultry:				



11. What are the reasons for performing cross breeding programmes in polutry farming?



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Mandatory Exercise Exercise Set Ii

1. Define the following .

Mariculture



2. Define the following .

Apiculture



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3. Define the following .

Sericulture



4. Define the following.

Vermiculture



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5. Differentiate between the following .

Capture fishery and culture fishery.



6. Differentiate between the following .

Monoculture and polyculture fish farming .



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7. Differentiate between the following .

Stifling and reeling.



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8. Stage in culture fishery are .

A. adult $\, \to \,$ spawn $\, \to \,$ fingerling $\, \to \,$ fry .

B. fry $\,
ightarrow\,$ fingerling $\,
ightarrow\,$ spawn $\,
ightarrow\,$ adult

C. hatchling $\, o \,$ fingerling $\, o \,$ spawn

D. spawn ightarrow hatchling ightarrow fry ightarrow

fingerling $\,
ightarrow\,$ adult .

Answer: D



9. (a) Name four sea- food items other than fish.

(b) Name two varieties of Indian fish.

Freshwater:_____.

Marine water:____.



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10. How is aquaculture different from commercial fishing?



11. An Italian bee variety A. mellifera has been introduced in India for honey production. Write about its merits over other varieties.



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12. What is pasturage ? Mention its significance in apiculture .



13. What is pasturage? Mention its signficance in apiculture.



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14. Silk is a product of

A. cuticle of larva

B. cuticle of adult

C. salivary gland of larva

D. salivary gland of adult

Answer: C



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15. This question consists of two statements each assertion (A) and reason (R). To answer this question mark the correct alternative as directed below.

A. If both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

B. If both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation A.

C. If A is true but R is false.

D. If both A and R are false.

Answer: C



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16. In a certain techniques, the developing embryo from a superior breed is removed and

transferred into another female of inferior characters. Name this technique.



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17. What is royal jelly? How does it differ from bee bread?



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Give three advantages of artificail 18. insemination.



Consolidated Exercise

1. Give reasons for the following:

Why are wrestlers and sportsmen recommended to have eggs, meat, and fish as a part of their diet?



2. Give reasons for the following:

Cows A and B are of the same breed. Cow A is feed on grass and cow B is feed on maize, grass, barley, etc. Which do you expect to give a higher quantity of milk?



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3. Give reasons for the following:

Earthworms are called 'friends of farmers.



4. Give reasons for the following:

Chicken A is (all chicken in reference are of same variety egg laying) exposed to very bright sunlight, chicken B is kept inside a dark building, and chicken C is kept in a well-lighted building. Which chicken will have maximum laying output?



5. Match the following with one or more than one correct answer:

Column A	Column B
(i) Ongole	(a) Developed by crossing brown Swiss and Sahiwal
(ii) Karan Swiss	(b) Developed by crossing Holstein- Friesian and Tharparkar
(iii) Karan Fries	(c) Good for draught purpose
(iv) Diseases in fishes	(d) Rinderpest
(v) Diseases in cattle	(e) Infectious pancreatic necrosis
(vi) Philosamia ricini	(f) Muga silk
(vii) Antheraea assama	(g) Good milk yielder
	(h) Eri silk
	(i) Haemorrhagic septicaemia
Commence of the same	(j) Developed at NDRI
	(k) Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia



6. Match the following:

Column A	Column B
(i) Nosema apis	(a) New castle disease
(ii) Aspergillus fumigatus	(b) Nosema disease
(iii) Borerelina virus	(c) Pebrine
(iv) Nosema bombycis	(d) Grasserie
(v) Paramyxovirus	(e) Stonebrood



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7. Maximum milk yielding buffalo is

A. Nagpuri

B. Surti

- C. Mehsana
- D. Murrah

Answer: D



- **8.** Lactation periood is maximum in which breed
 - A. Frieswal
 - B. Sahiwal

- C. Holstein-Friesian
- D. Karan Swiss

Answer: C



- **9.** The largest land animal is:
 - A. Camel
 - B. Elephant
 - C. Rhino

D. Python

Answer: B



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10. The fungus disease causing maximum death of poultry bird is

- A. Coryza
- B. Pollorum
- C. Rickets

D. Aspergillosis

Answer: D



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11. The method maximum used in cattle breeding is

A. Random mating

B. Artificial insemination

C. Controlled breeding

D. Super ovulation and embryo transfer

Answer: B



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12. Which of the following is the high milk yielding variety of cow?

A. Holstein-Friesian

B. Dorset

C. Sahiwal

D. Red Sindhi

Answer: A



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13. Wax glands of honey bee are present in :

A. Queen

B. Drones

C. Workers

D. Both A and C

Answer: C



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14. Elephants are sought after for

A. skin

B. hair

C. meat

D. ivory

Answer: D

15. Several embryos can be produced at a time in a single cow by the process of

A. Hybridization

B. Artificial insemination

C. Embryo transfer

D. Random mating

Answer: C



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16. Rinderpest disease is found in

A. Fishes

B. Poultry

C. Cattle

D. Bee

Answer: B



17. The jersey bull used for cross breeding is an exotic variety from

- A. England
- B. Scotland
- C. Switzerland
- D. Holland

Answer: A



18. Layers continue to produce eggs upto

A. 350 days

B. 425 days

C. 500 days

D. 600 days

Answer: C



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19. Bhutia is a breed of

- A. Chicken
- B. Goat
- C. Sheep
- D. Horse

Answer: D



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20. Animal husbandry is the scientific management of

- A. Animal breeding
- B. Animal livestock
- C. Rearing of animals
- D. All of the above

Answer: D



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21. Poultry fowl are susceptible to the following pathogens

B. Bacteria C. Fungi D. All of the above **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 22. Animal husbandry is not done for the A. Milk production

A. Virus

- B. Agricultural work
- C. Meat production
- D. Egg production

Answer: B



- 23. Ship of desert is
 - A. Elephant
 - B. Camel

- C. Sheep
- D. Goat

Answer: B



- **24.** Zoological name of honey bee is
 - A. Apis indica
 - B. Panthera tigris
 - C. Homo sapiens

D. Canis familiaris

Answer: A



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25. What is the pulse rate of buffalo per minute?

A. 16-18

B. 40-45

C. 40-60

D. 70-72

Answer: B



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26. Bee keeping is known as

A. Pearl culture

B. Pisciculture

C. Sericulture

D. Apiculture

Answer: D



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27. Bombay duck is

A. Fish

B. Prawn

C. Shell fish

D. Aquatic bird

Answer: A

28. A milch breed of cow is

A. Hariana

B. Malvi

C. Kankrej

D. Sahiwal

Answer: D



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29. A draught breed of cattle is

- A. Red Sindhi
- B. Gir
- C. Malvi
- D. Hariana

Answer: C



30. An exotic breed of cow is

- A. Ongole
- B. Friesian
- C. Hallikar
- D. Deoni

Answer: B



31. Hybrid breed of cattle is

- A. Sunandini
- B. Holstein
- C. Brown Swiss
- D. Kankrej

Answer: A



32. Estuarine fishery is developed in

- A. Lagoons
- B. Mangroves
- C. Estuaries
- D. All of the above

Answer: D



33. Australorp is a poultry breed belonging to

- A. England
- B. America
- C. Australia
- D. Austria

Answer: C



34. Eggs of chicken are incubated at

- A. $10^{\circ}\,C$
- B. $24^{\circ}\,C$
- C. 37° C
- D. $45^{\circ}\,C$

Answer: C



35. Indigenous poultry breed which is also the best table bird is

- A. Ghagus
- B. Brahma
- C. Busra
- D. Aseel

Answer: D



36. Fish fry refers to.

A. Drying of fish

B. Frying of fish

C. Very young stage of fish

D. Fins of fish

Answer: C



37. Which of the following is the disease of poultry birds?

- A. Anthrax
- B. Ranikhet
- C. Candidiasis
- D. Rinderpest

Answer: B::C



Olympiad And Ntse Level Exercise

1. This question consists of two statements each: assertion and reason. To answer this question, mark the correct alternative as directed below: Assertion: Cattle breeds can be improved by superovulation and embryo transplantation. Reason: Superovulation in high milk-yielding cows is induced by hormonal injection.

A. Assertion is True, Reason is True, Reason is a correct explanation for Assertion.

B. Assertion is True, Reason is True, Reason is NOT a correct explanation for Assertion.

C. Assertion is True, Reason is False.

D. Assertion is False, Reason is True.

Answer: B



2. The secretion	from the	abdominal	glands	of
the worker bee is	S			

- A. honey
- B. nectar
- C. beeswax
- D. lac

Answer: C



3. Fishmeal is used as in

A. animal feed

B. manufacture lubricants

C. preparation of cakes

D. medicine

Answer: A



4. Which fo the following is / are not a draught breed(s)?

A. Kangayam

B. Sahiwal

C. Kankrej

D. Hallikar

Answer: B::C



- **5.** Choose the odd one out.
 - A. Anthrax bacterial diseases
 - B. Muscardine fungal disease
 - C. Flacherie viral disease
 - D. Aspergillosis bacterial disease

Answer: C::D



6. Which one of the following is/are an infectious disease(s) of the cattle?

A. Constipation

B. Cowpox

C. Foot and mouth disease

D. Diabetes

Answer: B::C



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- A. rohu
- B. oysters
- C. lobster
- D. Wallago

Answer: A::D



- **8.** Identify the incorrect statement from the following.
 - A. Marine fish capture is done by fishing nets guided by echosounders and satellites
 - B. Little Bee is Apis florae.
 - C. Frieswal breed of cow has been produced by crossing Holstein-Friesian and Tharparker varietes.

D. Rice weevil is a stored grain pest.

Answer: C



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9. Match the following and choose the correction options from the following.

Column I		Column II		
	(a)	Catla	(p)	Bottom feeders
	(b)	Rohu	(q)	Surface feeders
	(c)	Mrigal feeders	(r)	Middle-zone
	(d)	Fish farming	(s)	Culture fishers

A. (a)-r, (b)-s, (c)-q, (d)-p

B. (a)-r, (b)-p. (c)-s, (d)-q

C. (a)-s, (b)-p, (c)-s, (d)-r

D. (a)-q, (b)-r, (c)-p, (d)-s

Answer: D



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Challenging Exercise

1. Give one example of an Indian and foreign poultry breed which when crossed an improved variety. List any one desirable trait expected from such cross breeding.



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- 2. How does infectious disease differ from non
- infectious disease ? Describle any one of the
- non infectious diseases of cattle in detail?



3. Mariculture is the farming of aquatic plants and animals in salt water . Which are the major categories of mariculture species ?

