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## MATHS

## BOOKS - SWAN PUBLICATION

## CIRCLES

## Exercise 101 Fill In The Blanks

1. The centre of a circle lies in ............. of the circle.
2. A point, whose distance from the centre of a circle is greater than its radius lies in Of the circle.

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3. The longest chord of a circle is a ........... of the circle.
4. An arc is a ........... When its ends are the ends of a diameter.

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5. Segment of a circle is the region between an arc and ........... of the circle.

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1. A circle divides the plane, on which it lies, in parts.

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2. (True/ False) Line segment joining the centre to any point on the circle is a radius of the circle.
3. (True/ False) A circle has only finite number of equal chords.

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4. (True/ False) If a circle is divided into three equal arcs each is a major arc.

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5. (True/ False) A chord, which is twice as long as its radius is a diameter of the circle.

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6. (True/ False) Sector is the region between the chord and its corresponding arc.

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7. (True/ False) A circle is a plane figure.

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Exercise 102

1. Recall that two circles are congruent if they have the same radii. Prove that equal chords of congruent circles subtend equal angles at their centres.
2. Prove that if chords of congruent circlessubtend equal angles at their centres, then the chords are equal.

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Exercise 103

1. Draw different pairs of circles. How many
points does each pair have in common ? What
is the maximum number of common points ?

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2. Suppose you are given a circle. Give a construction to find its centre.

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3. If two circles intersect at two points, prove that their centres lie on the perpendicular bisector of the common chord.
4. Two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect at two points and the distance between their centres is 4 cm . Find the length of the common chord.

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2. If two equal chords of a circle intersect
within the circle, prove that the segments of
one chord are equal to corresponding segments of the other chord.

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3. If two equal chords of a circle intersect within the circle, prove that the line joining
the point of intersection to the centre makes equal angles with the chord.

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4. If a line intersects two concentric circles
(circles with the same centre) with centre O at
$A, B, C$ and $D$, prove that $A B=C D$

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5. Three girls Reshma, Salma and Mandip are standing on a circle of radius 5 m drawn in a park. Reshma throws a ball to Salma, Salma to Mandip, Mandip to Reshma. If the distance between Reshma and Salma and between Salma and Mandip is 6 m each, what is the distance between Reshma and Mandip ?

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6. A circular park of radius 20 m is situated in a colony. Three boys Ankur, Syed and David are sitting at equal distance on its boundary each having a toy telephone in his hands to talk each other. Find the length of the string of each phone.

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## Exercise 105

1. $A, B$ and $C$ are three points on a circle with
centre $\quad$ AO such that
$\angle B O C=30^{\circ}, \angle A O B=60^{\circ}$. If D is a point
on the circle other than the are $A B C$, find
$\angle A D C$


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2. A chord of a circle is equal to the radius of the circle. Find the angle subtended by the chord on a point on the minor arc and also at a point on the major arc.

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3. In the given figure, $\angle P Q R=100^{\circ}$, where P ,
$Q$ and $R$ are points on a circle with centre $O$.

Find $\angle O P R$.
4.

In
Fig.,
$\angle A B C=69^{\circ}, \angle A C B=31^{\circ}$ and $\angle B D C$.


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## 5. In fig.


$D$ are four points on a circle. $A C$ and $B D$ intersect at a point $E$ such that
$\angle B E C=130^{\circ}$ and $\angle E C D=20^{\circ}$. Find
$\angle B A C$.
6. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral whose diagonals intersect at a points E. If
$\angle D B C=70^{\circ}, \angle B A C$ is $30^{\circ}$, find $\angle B C D$.

Further, if $A B=B C$, find $\angle E C D$.

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7. If diagonals of a cyclic quadrilateral are diameters of the circle through the vertices of the quadrilateral, prove that it is a rectangle.
8. If the non-parallel sides of a trapezium are equal, prove that it is cyclic.

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9. Two circles intersect at two points $B$ and $C$.

Through B, two line segments ABD and PBQ are drawn to intersect the circles at $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{D}$ and P ,

Q respectively (see Fig.). Prove that
$\angle A C P=\angle Q C D$.


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10. If circles are drawn taking two sides of a triangle as diameters, prove that the point of intersection of these circles lie on the third side.
11. $A B C$ and $A D C$ are two right triangles with common hypotenuse AC. Prove that
$\angle C A D=/_{-} \mathrm{CBD}^{\prime}$.

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12. Prove that a cyclic parallelogram is a rectangle.

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## Exercise 106

1. Prove that the line of centres of two intersecting circles subtends equal angles at the two points of intersection.

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2. Two chords $A B$ and $C D$ of lengths 5 cm and

11 cm respectively of a circle are parallel to each other and are on opposite sides of its
centre. If the distance between $A B$ and $C D$ is 6 cm , find the radius of the circle.

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3. The lengths of two parallel chords of a circle are 6 cm and 8 cm . If the smaller chord is at a distance of 4 cm from the centre, what is the distance of the other chord from the centre?

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4. Let vertex of an angle $A B C$ be located outside a circle and let the sides of the angle intersect chords $A D$ and $C E$ with the circle.

Prove that $\angle A B C$ is equal to half the difference of the angles subtended by the chords AC and DE at the centre.

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5. Prove that the circle drawn with any side of
a rhombus as diameter, passes through the
point of intersection of its diagonals.

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6. $A B C D$ is a parallelogram. The circle through
$A, B$ and $C$ intersect $C D$ (produced if necessary) at $E$. Prove that $A E=A D$.

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7. $A C$ and $B D$ are chords of a circle which bisect each other. Prove that (i) $A C$ and $B D$ are
diameters, (ii) $A B C D$ is a rectangle.

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8. $A C$ and $B D$ are chords of a circle which bisect each other. Prove that (i) $A C$ and $B D$ are diameters, (ii) $A B C D$ is a rectangle.

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9. Bisectors of angles $A, B$ and $C$ of a triangle
$A B C$ intersect its circumcircle at $D, E$ and $F$
respectively. Prove that angles of the triangle
are $90^{\circ}-\frac{A}{2}, 90^{\circ}-\frac{B}{2} \quad$ and $\quad 90^{\circ}-\frac{C}{2}$ respectively.

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10. Two congruent circles intersect each other at points $A$ and $B$. Through $A$ any line segment PAQ is drawn so that $P, Q$ lie on the two circles. Prove that $\mathrm{BP}=\mathrm{BQ}$.
11. In any triangle $A B C$, if the angle bisector of
$\angle A$ and perpendicular bisector of $B C$ intersect, prove that they intersect on the circumcircle of the triangle $A B C$.

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Objective Type Questions State Whether The Following Statements Are True T Or False F

1. The perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord.
2. Equal chords of a circle (or of congruent circles) are equidistant from the centre (or corresponding centres).

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3. Chords of a circle (or of congruent circles),
which are equidistant from the centre (or from
the corresponding centres) are equal.

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4. Fill in the Blanks:

The line drawn through the centre of a circle to ____ a chord is perpendicular to the chord.

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5. There is one and only one circle passing through three non-collinear points.
6. Prove that the angles in same segment of a circle are equal.
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7. The sum of opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral is complementary (180).

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8. Congruent arcs (or equal arcs) of a circle subtend equal angles at the centre.

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9. An exterior angle of a triangle is equal to
the sum of the two interior opposite angles.

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10. A chord divides the circumference of a circle into two parts and each part is called an are.

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Objective Type Questions Fill In The Blanks

1. ............... is the longest chord of the circle.

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2. The angle in a semi-circle is a ........

## - Watch Video Solution

3. Angles in the same segment of a circle are

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Equal chords of a circle are .................... from
the centre.

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5. The angle which an arc of a circle subtends at the centre is ........... that which it subtends at any point on the remaining part of the circumference.

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6. If ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral then
$\angle A+\angle C=\ldots . . . .$.
7. If sum of a pair of opposite angles of a quadrilateral is $180^{\circ}$, the quadrilateral is......

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8. When a quadrilateral is inscribed in a circle
i.e. the vertices of the quadrilateral lie on the
circumference of a circle then the quadrilateral is called.
9. 

In
the
adjoining
figure
$\angle A O C=110^{\circ}, \quad$ then $\angle A D C=\ldots . . .$.


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10. In the adjoining figure
$\angle A C B=70^{\circ}$, then $\angle A D B=$


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