



# SOCIAL SCIENCE

## BOOKS - X BOARDS

### SOCIAL SCIENCE 2014-15 (OUTSIDE DELHI)

#### Questions

1. Explain any five reasons for bringing in large number of new readers among children

women and workers during the late 19<sup>th</sup> century.



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2. In what broad category do the soils of Maharashtra fall ?



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3. Why do political parties involve partisanship ?



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4. How can you say that democracies are based on political equality ?



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5. Which local body has a 'Mayor' as its head ?



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6. Suppose your parents want to purchase Gold jewellery along with you, then which logo will you look for on the jewellery ?



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7. ATM is an example of which sector ?



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8. Describe the main features of 'Poona Pact'.



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9. Describe the spread of Non-Cooperation Movement in the countryside.



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10. "The relocation of industry to low-wage countries stimulated world trade and capital flows." Justify the statement.



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**11.** Who were 'gomasthas' ? How did they become good partners of the British management system ?



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**12.** In which three ways did the printed books at first closely resemble the written manuscripts ?



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**13.** How can solar energy solve the energy problem to some extent in India ? Give your opinion.



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**14.** Explain the importance of railways as the principal mode of transportation for freight and passengers in India.



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15. "Dynastic succession is one of the most serious challenges before the political parties."

Analyse the statement.



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16. "A challenge is an opportunity for progress". Support the statement with your arguments.



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**17.** India comes under which type of federation and why ?



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**18.** On the basis of which three indicators of HDI 2004 Sri Lanka has better rank than India ?



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**19.** Explain with an example how you can use the right to seek redressal.



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**20.** Describe any five steps taken by the French Revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identify among the French people.



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**21.** What is the manufacturing sector ? Why is it considered the backbone of development ? Interpret the reason .



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**22.** Which is the most abundantly available fossil fuel in India ? Assess the importance of its different forms.



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**23.** Describe the vertical and horizontal forms of power sharing exercised in India.



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**24.** What is meant by a political party ?

Describe the three components of a political party.



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**25.** There has been a big change in the three sectors of economic activities, but a similar shift has not taken place in the share of employment'. Explain the above statement on the basis of facts.





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**26.** How are multinational corporations (MNCs) controlling and spreading their production across the world ?



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**27.** Locate and label the place on the given outline political map of India :

(a) The place associated with the Peasants' Satyagarha.

(b) The place, where the Indian National Congress Session was held in December 1920.



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**28.** The following features are to be located and labelled on the given India political outline map :

(a) Vishakhapatnam- Software Technology Park

(b) Korba-Thermal Pwer Plant

Identify the features marked on the same given India political map and write their names :

(c ) Iron Ore Mine

## (d) International Airport



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