



### **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

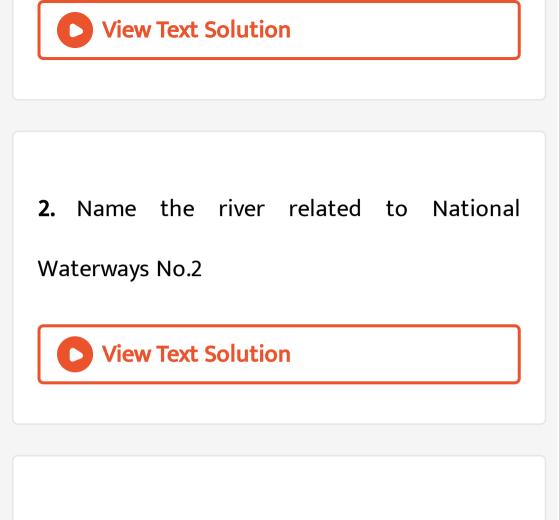
### **BOOKS - X BOARDS**

## SOCIAL SCIENCE 2016-17 (OUTSIDE DELHI)

### Questions

1. Why is charles metacalfe called the liberator

of the press in india



**3.** Explain the meaning of democracy

4. Name any one political party of India which

grew out of a movement

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5. How does the use of money make it easier

to exchange things? Give an example

6. How is the maximum retail price printed on

packets beneficial for you

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7. Name the sector in which the government owns most of the assets and provides all the services

8. The new crops could make the difference between life and death. Explain the above statement in context of Irish Potato Famine



9. How did many Indian Enrepreneurs survive

despit of tight economic controls imposed by

the British Government

**10.** Describe any three economics hardships

faced by Europe in the 1830s



**11.** Why did Gandhiji decide to withdraw the Non cooperation movement in february 1922? Explain any three reasons



**12.** Why did the atttitude of the colonial Government towards the freedom of the press change after the revolt of 1857. What repressive measures were adopted by them to control the freedom of press

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**13.** Explain the three problems faced by local communities due to the construction of large dams





**14.** Examine with examples the role of means of transport and communication in maldng

one life prosperous and comfortable.

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15. On the basis of which values will it be a fair

expectation that democracy should produce a

harmonious social life?

**16.** What are the three main factors that determine the outcome of social divisions politics? Explain.

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**17.** What penalty was imposed on Carlos ,Smith and Norman for their action at the 1967 Mexico Olympics

18. How do Multi national corporation (MNCs)

interlink productio across countries?



**19.** Analyse the importance of the three-tier judicial machinery under Consumer Protection Act (COPRA), 1986 for redressal of consumer disputes

20. How did the Colonial Government repress

the 'Civil Disobedience Movement'?

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**21.** Why is it necessary to conserve mineral resources? Explain any four ways to conserve mineral resources.

**22.** What is the next major source of energy after coal in India ? Describe any three advantages of it? Explain its occurrence also



# **23.** IT is very difficult to reform politics through legal ways". Evaluate the statement.



24. How is federal power sharing more effective today than in the early years? Explain.

25. How can employment be increased in both

rural and urban areas? Explain.



**26.** There are several things needed by the society as a whole. In the light of this statement explain as to who can provide them at a reasonable cost, the private or the public sector and why

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**27.** Locate and label the place on the given outline political map of India' :

(a) The place associated with the Jallianwala

bagh incident

(b) The place, where the Civil Disobedience Movement was started.

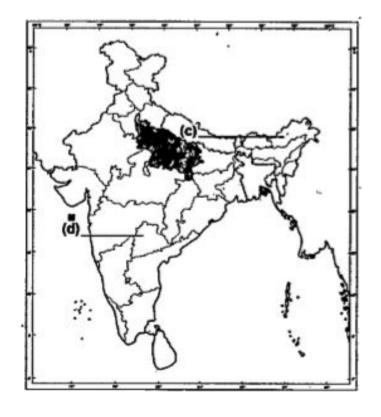


**28.** The following features are to be located are labelled on the given India political outline map:

(a) Ramagundam- Thermal power plant Mohali -Software technology park Identify the features marked on the same given India political map amd write their names:

Major producer state of sugarcane

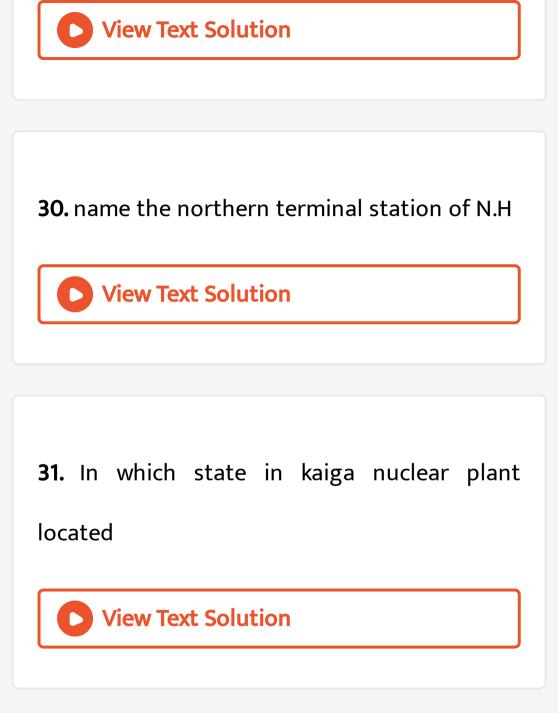
### (d) An oil field



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29. Name the city related to Jallianwala Bagh

incident



32. Name the state in which Durgapur Iron and

steel plant is located