



# **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

## **BOOKS - X BOARDS**

### **SOCIAL SCIENCE PAPER 2012-13**

#### **Questions**

1. Which was the first book written by Gutenberg?



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2. Which port in India is the biggest with a spacious natural and 'well sheltered harbour?



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3. Give a reason why a multi-party system has evolved in India?



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4. Apart from the Central and the State governments, which is the third type of government practised in Belgium?



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5. Classify the economy on the basis of ownership of enterprises.



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6. What is the main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying countries?

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7. Name an important barrier on foreign trade.

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8. What lessons were learnt from inter-war economic experiences by the economists and

politicians during the Second World War?

Describe.



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9. What problems were faced by the Indian cotton weavers in the 19th century? Describe.



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10. How was Rowlatt Act opposed by the people in India? Explain with examples.



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**11.** Why wa Martin Luther in favour of print ?

Explain there reasons.



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**12.** How had the First World War created a new economic situation in India? Explain with three examples,



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**13.** "Agriculture and industry move hand in hand." Analyze the statement with three examples.



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**14.** The future generation may not have sufficient resources as compared to the present generation. Justify the statement by giving suitable examples.



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15. Explain three factors that determine the outcome of politics of social divisions.



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16. "An ideal government would not only keep itself away from corruption but also make fighting corruption and black money a top priority".



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**17.** Legal constitutional changes by themselves cannot overcome challenges to democracy"  
Justify the statement with an example.



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**18.** Explain the objectives of National Rural Employment Guarantee Act 2005.



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**19.** How do Multinational Companies manage to keep the cost of production of their goods low? Explain with examples.



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**20.** How did culture play an important role in creating the idea of the 'nation' in Europe? Explain with examples.



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**21.** Mention two geographical conditions required for the growth of Maize crop in India. Describe three factors which have contributed to increase maize production.



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**22.** What is Road Density? Describe any four major problems faced by road transport in India.



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**23.** Which five provisions of the constitutional amendment of 1992 really strengthened the third tier of democracy in India? Explain.



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**24.** Democracy is seen to be good in principle but felt to be not so good in practice. Justify the statement.



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**25.** What are the various sources of credit in rural areas? Which one of them is the most dominant source of credit and why?



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**26.** Why are rules and regulations required for the protection of the consumers, in-the market place? Explain with examples.



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(B) The following features are to be located and labelled on the given India political outline map:

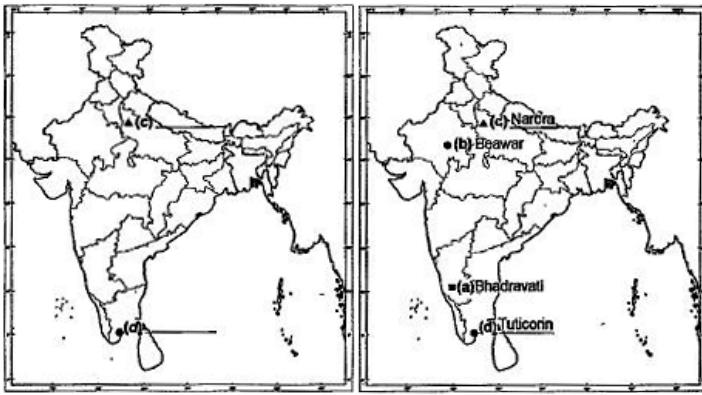
(a) Bhadrawati – Iron and Steel Plant

(b) Beawar-Mica Mine

Identify the features marked on the same given India political map and write their names:

(c) Nuclear Power Plant

(d) Major Sea Port



(a) Name the place where the Indian National Congress session was held in December, 1920.

(b) Name the place where 22 policemen were burnt forcing Gandhiji to call off the Non-cooperation Movement.

(c) Name the nuclear plant located in Uttar Pradesh. (d) Name the iron and steel plant located in Chhattisgarh. (e) Which is the southernmost sea port of India?





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