



## **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

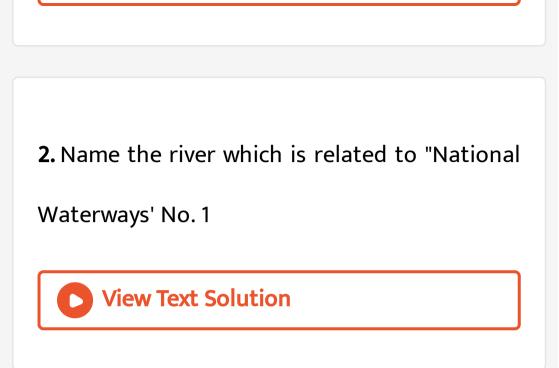
# **BOOKS - X BOARDS**

# **SOCIAL SCIENCE PAPER 2016-17**

Questions

 Who was the first printing press was developed by?





**3.** Explain the meaning of "challenge"



**4.** Name the subject list from which both the Union and the State governments can make laws?



**5.** Highlight the inherent problem in double coincidence of wants.



6. Give any one example of consumer's 'right

to choose.'

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7. Literacy rate measures the proportion of

literate population in which age group?

**8.** Describe the effect of the Great Depression on the world? Who were the worst affected by

this depression?



**9.** Describe the achievements of any three early industrialists in British India.



**10.** Describe any three steps taken by the French revolutionaries to create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people.



11. Evaluate the contribution of folklore, songs,

popular prints etc., in shaping the nationalism

during freedom struggle.

12. Evaluate the impact of print technology on

the poor people in India.



**13.** Why do the movement of goods and services form one place to another require fast and efficient means of transport? Explain with examples.

**14.** 'Agriculture has been the backbone of the Indian economy'': Explain the statement by giving three reasons.

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15. Analyse any three reasons that make

#### democracy a better form of government

16. Explain the two bases of Social differences

with examples.

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**17.** Explain any three consequences of the majoritarian policies adopted by the Sri Lankan government.

18. Examine any three conditions which should

be taken care of by multinational companies

to set up their production units



**19.** Analyse any three reasons for the beginning of the consumer movement in India.



**20.** Plantation workers had their own understanding of Mahatma Gandhi's ideas and the notion of 'Swaraj. Support the statement.



#### 21. Energy saved energy produced.' assess the

statement.



22. Write the features of the 'tankas' built in

the housed of Bikaner, Phalodi and Barmer 5

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23. Describe any five efforts made to reform

political parties in India.



**24.** What was the Ferminist Movement ? Explain the political demands of the Ferminist Movement in India.



# **25.** Explain the importance of the service sector.



**26.** Explain with reasons why state of Punjab with a very high per capita income has a low literacy rate.



**27.** Two features 'a' and 'b' are marked on the given political outline map of India.

Identify these features with the help of the

following information and write their correct

names on the lines marked near them:

(a) The place where Indian National Congress

Session was held in 1920

(b) The place where the Peasants' Satyagraha

was started



**28.** The following fratures are to be located and labelled on the given India political outline map :

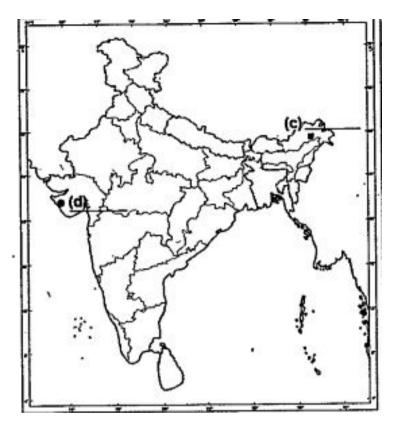
(a) Meenam Bakkam - International Airport

(b) Salal Dam

Identify the features marked on the sma egiven India poltical map and write their names :

(c ) An Oil Field

### (d) Terminal Station of East- West Corridor



29. Which is the place where the peasants

started 'Satuagraha' in Gujarat?

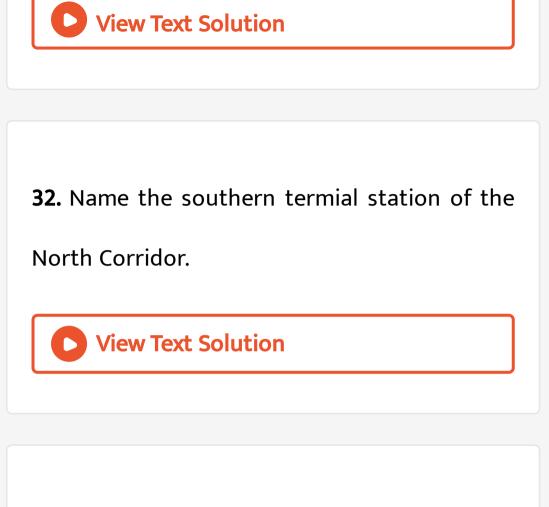
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30. Name the place where Indian National

Congres session was held in 1927.



31. What type of soil is found in Bihar?



**33.** In which Sate is Sala dam located ?

