



# **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

## **BOOKS - X BOARDS**

### **SOCIAL SCIENCE SAMPLE QUESTION**

#### **PAPER -5**

#### **Section A**

**1. The inhabitants of the Balkan region which had great geographical and ethnic variations**

were broadly called ..... . (Bulgarians/Slavs)

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2. Name the caption of the picture:

*[Ans. Slavs*



A. The planting of tree of liberty.

B. Utopian vision

C. Dawn of the century

D. Germania

**Answer: C**



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**3. Who visualised and depicted the image of 'Bharat Mata' through a painting?**

A. Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay

B. Rabindranath Tagore

C. Natesa Sastri

D. Abanindranath Tagore

**Answer: D**



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4. Which of the following soils has self-aeration capacity?

A. Alluvial soil

B. Red soil

C. Black soil

D. Mountain soil

**Answer: C**



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**5.** Complete the following table with correct information with regard to the cultivation of

# Cotton.

Name of Crop	Annual rainfall required	Cropping season	Temperature
Cotton	55-100 cms	(A) .....?	(B) .....?



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6. Which of the following factor is not necessary to set up an iron and steel plant?

A. Proximity to iron-ore mines

B. Availability of coking coal

C. Good resources of limestone and manganese

D. Nearness to a water body to discharge wastes

**Answer: D**



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7. The Software Technology Parks are set up by the government to provide

A. Skilled software professionals

B. Capital to start a software company

C. Single window service and high speed data communication facility to software experts

D. None of the above

**Answer: C**

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8. Suggest any one challenge faced by Indian farmers.





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**9.** Give one reason why Indian farmers should switch over from cultivation of cereals to high value crops.



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**10.** Correct the following statement and rewrite.

Both India and Belgium do not share a common form of power sharing.



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**11.** Correct the following statement and rewrite.

In 1993, Belgium shifted from a federal to a unitary form of government.



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**12.** Different arguments are put forth in favour of and against democracy as a better form of

government when compared to dictatorship.

Identify those which are in favour of democracy.

A. Democracy simply promotes equality among citizens.

B. Democracy rule by majority opinion.

C. Democracies have higher rate of economic growth.

D. Democracy improves the quality of decision-making.

E. Democratic government suppresses internal social differences.

F. Democracy allows room to correct mistakes.

G. Democracy produces a government that is not accountable to the people hence no transparent.

A. A, B, D, F

B. D, E, F, G

C. D, E, F, G

D. A, B, C, D

**Answer: A**



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**13.** State whether the following statement is True or False.

Parties are focussed only on winning elections, they tend to use short cuts to win elections



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**14.** Globalisation has led to improvement in living conditions of:

A. people in every country

B. people in the developed countries

C. workers in the developing countries

D. None of the above

**Answer: A**



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**15.** "MNCs keep in mind certain factors before setting up production." Identify the incorrect option from the choices given below:

- A. Availability of cheap, skilled and unskilled labour
- B. Proximity to markets
- C. Presence of a large number of local competitors
- D. Favourable government policies

**Answer: C**



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**16.** Where will you find disguised unemployment most? Select the correct option from those given below:

A. Among agricultural workers working for small farm lands.

B. Among part-time industrial workers

C. In most of the government offices

D. In big private companies.

**Answer: A**







17. Both TISCO and Reliance Industries are owned by .....

A. The government

B. A cooperative society

C. A private company

D. ointly by private companies and the  
government

**Answer: C**



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**18.** Which organisation is devoted to promote social justice and internationally recognised human and labour laws?

A. NSSO-National Sample Survey

Organisation

B. NREGA 2005 --National Rural

Employment Guarantee Act, 2005

C. ILO-International Labour Organisation

D. Census of India

**Answer: C**



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**19.** Which organisation supports liberalisation of foreign trade and investments in India?

A. International Labour Organisation (ILO)

B. World Bank

C. World Trade Organisation (WTO)

## D. International Monetary Fund (IMF)

**Answer: C**



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### Section C

**1.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

From the very beginning, the French revolutionaries introduced various measures

and practices that could create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people. The ideas of *la patrie* (the fatherland) and *le citoyen* (the citizen) emphasised the notion of a united community enjoying equal rights under a constitution. A new French flag, the tricolour, was chosen to replace the former royal standard. The Estates General was elected by the body of active citizens and renamed the National Assembly. New hymns were composed, oaths taken and martyrs commemorated, all in the name of the nation. A centralised administrative system was put in

place and it formulated uniform laws for all citizens within its territory. Internal customs duties and dues were abolished and a uniform system of weights and measures was adopted. Regional dialects were discouraged and French, as it was spoken and written in Paris, became the common language of the nation. The revolutionaries further declared that it was the mission and the destiny of the French nation to liberate the peoples of Europe from despotism, in other words to help other peoples of Europe to become nations. When the news of the events in France reached the

different cities of Europe, students and other members of educated middle classes 'began setting up Jacobin clubs. Their activities and campaigns prepared the way for the French armies which moved into Holland, Belgium, Switzerland and much of Italy in the 1790s. With the outbreak of the revolutionary wars, the French armies began to carry the idea of nationalism abroad.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Various practices introduced by French

revolutionaries created a sense of .....  
amongst French people

- A. 'New French Flag
- B. Centralised Administrative system
- C. Common language
- D. Collective identity

**Answer: D**



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2. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

From the very beginning, the French revolutionaries introduced various measures and practices that could create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people. The ideas of la patrie (the fatherland) and le citoyen (the citizen) emphasised the notion of a united community enjoying equal rights under a constitution. A new French flag, the tricolour, was chosen to replace the former royal standard. The Estates General was

elected by the body of active citizens and renamed the National Assembly. New hymns were composed, oaths taken and martyrs commemorated, all in the name of the nation.

A centralised administrative system was put in place and it formulated uniform laws for all citizens within its territory. Internal customs duties and dues were abolished and a uniform system of weights and measures was adopted.

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was the mission and the destiny of the French nation to liberate the peoples of Europe from despotism, in other words to help other peoples of Europe to become nations. When the news of the events in France reached the different cities of Europe, students and other members of educated middle classes 'began setting up Jacobin clubs. Their activities and campaigns prepared the way for the French armies which moved into Holland, Belgium, Switzerland and much of Italy in the 1790s. With the outbreak of the revolutionary wars, the French armies began to carry the idea of

nationalism abroad.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Activities and campaigns ..... prepared the way for the French armies to invade Holland.

- A. French revolutionaries
- B. Members of Jacobin clubs
- C. French liberals
- D. All of these

**Answer: B**



3. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

From the very beginning, the French revolutionaries introduced various measures and practices that could create a sense of collective identity amongst the French people.

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With the outbreak of the revolutionary wars, the French armies began to carry the idea of nationalism abroad.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

. The idea of la patrie meant .....

A. Motherland

B. Fatherland

C. Citizens

D. Revolutionaries

**Answer: B**





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4. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Roads can also be classified on the basis of the type of material used for their construction such as metalled and unmetalled roads.

Metalled roads may be made of cement, concrete or even bitumen of coal, therefore, these are all weather roads. Unmetalled roads go out of use in the rainy season.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the

most appropriate answers:

Roads can be classified on the basis of

A. Seasons

B. Temperature

C. Type of material used

D. Kind of infrastructure

**Answer: C**



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5. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Roads can also be classified on the basis of the type of material used for their construction such as metalled and unmetalled roads. Metalled roads may be made of cement, concrete or even bitumen or coal, therefore, these are all weather roads. Unmetalled roads go out of use in the rainy season.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

..... roads are not suitable in rainy season

A. Melalled

B. Zigzag

C. Unmelalled

D. All of these

**Answer: C**



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**6. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:**

Parties put forward different policies and

programmes and the voters choose from them. Each of us may have different opinions and views on what policies are suitable for the society. But no government can handle such a large variety of views. In a democracy, a large number of similar opinions have to be grouped together to provide a direction in which policies can be formulated by the governments. This is what the parties do. A party reduces a vast multitude of opinions into a few basic positions which it supports. A government is expected to base its policies on the line taken by the RULING PARTY.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Policies and programmes put forward by political parties keep in mind the opinion of .....

- A. People at large
- B. Members of political party
- C. Members belonging to ruling party
- D. All of the these

**Answer: A**



7. Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Parties put forward different policies and programmes and the voters choose from them. Each of us may have different opinions and views on what policies are suitable for the society. But no government can handle such a large variety of views. In a democracy, a large number of similar opinions have to be grouped together to provide a direction in

which policies can be formulated by the governments. This is what the parties do. A party reduces a vast multitude of opinions into a few basic positions which it supports. A government is expected to base its policies on the line taken by the RULING PARTY.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Policies of the government are based on the policies of which party?

A. Opposition party

B. Ruling party



C. Coalition party

D. A mix of all parties

**Answer: B**



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**8.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Parties put forward different policies and programmes and the voters choose from them. Each of us may have different opinions

and views on what policies are suitable for the society. But no government can handle such a large variety of views. In a democracy, a large number of similar opinions have to be grouped together to provide a direction in which policies can be formulated by the governments. This is what the parties do. A party reduces a vast multitude of opinions into a few basic positions which it supports. A government is expected to base its policies on the line taken by the RULING PARTY.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the

most appropriate answers:

Ruling party means .....

A. A Political party which can control the views of people.

B. A Political party which runs the government.

C. A Political party which believes in multitude of opinion.

D. All of these

**Answer: B**



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**9.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Parties put forward different policies and programmes and the voters choose from them. Each of us may have different opinions and views on what policies are suitable for the society. But no government can handle such a large variety of views. In a democracy, a large number of similar opinions have to be grouped together to provide a direction in

which policies can be formulated by the governments. This is what the parties do. A party reduces a vast multitude of opinions into a few basic positions which it supports. A government is expected to base its policies on the line taken by the RULING PARTY.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Which type of government is referred to in the given passage.

A. Dictatorship

B. Democratic

C. Tyranny

D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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**10.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Generally, it has been noted from the histories of many, now developed, countries that at initial stages of development, primary sector

was the most important sector of economic activity. As the methods of farming changed and agriculture sector began to prosper, it produced much more food than before. Many people could now take up other activities. There were increasing number of craftpersons and traders. Buying and selling activities increased many times. Besides, there were also transporters, administrators, army etc. However, at this stage, most of the goods produced were natural products from the primary sector and most people were also employed in this sector.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

..... is the main activity of Indian economy.

A. Crafts

B. Trading

C. Agriculture

D. Dairy farming

**Answer: C**



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**11.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Generally, it has been noted from the histories of many, now developed, countries that at initial stages of development, primary sector was the most important sector of economic activity. As the methods of farming changed and agriculture sector began to prosper, it produced much more food than before. Many people could now take up other activities. There were increasing number of craftpersons and traders. Buying and selling activities

increased many times. Besides, there were also transporters, administrators, army etc. However, at this stage, most of the goods produced were natural products from the primary sector and most people were also employed in this sector.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Many people are now engaged in craft and trading activities. This is possible because of prosperity of which sector.

A. Primary sector

B. Tertiary sector

C. Secondary sector Tertiary

D. Service sector

**Answer: A**



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**12.** Read the source given below and answer the following questions:

Generally, it has been noted from the histories of many, now developed, countries that at

initial stages of development, primary sector was the most important sector of economic activity. As the methods of farming changed and agriculture sector began to prosper, it produced much more food than before. Many people could now take up other activities. There were increasing number of craftpersons and traders. Buying and selling activities increased many times. Besides, there were also transporters, administrators, army etc. However, at this stage, most of the goods produced were natural products from the primary sector and most people were also

employed in this sector.

Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate answers:

Administration and army comes under ..... sector of the Indian economy.

- A. Primary sector
- B. Secondary sector
- C. Tertiary sector
- D. Service sector

**Answer: D**



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