



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - EVERGREEN CHEMISTRY (ENGLISH)

SAMPLE PAPER 1

Questions

1. Modern periodic table is based on which of the following property of elements ?

- A. Atomic number
- B. Atomic mass
- C. Electronegativity
- D. Electron affinity

Answer: A



- 2. Which of the following is a mineral acid?
 - A. Oxalic acid

- B. Sulphuric acid
- C. Malic acid
- D. Acetic acid

Answer: B



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3. Which type of bond is formed between a metal and a non-metal ?

A. Covalent bond

- B. Coordinate covalent bond
- C. Ionic or electrovalent bond
- D. No bonding

Answer: C



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4. What is the colour of ppt. formed when sodium hydroxide solution is added to calcium salt?

A. Green
B. White
C. Brown
D. Red
Answer: B Watch Video Solution
5. The correct relationship of molecular
formula and empirical formula is

A. Empirical formula = n imes molecular formula

B. Molecular formula = n imes empirical formula

C. n=Molecular formula imes empirical formula

D. Molecular formula = n/empirical formula

Answer: B



- **6.** Which of the following is true for electrolysis of copper sulphate solution?
 - A. Cathode acts as electron acceptor
 - B. Anode acts as electron donor
 - C. Copper is deposited at cathode
 - D. Sulphate ions migrate towards anode

Answer: C



7. How many periods and groups are there in

Modern Periodic Table?

- A. 8 groups and 7 periods
- B. 7 periods and 18 groups
- C. 7 groups and 18 periods
- D. 7 groups and 15 periods

Answer: B



8. Which of the following statement is not true regarding ionic or electrovalent bond?

A. These are hard and brittle solids

B. They have high density

C. They are insoluble in water

D. They have high melting and boiling points

Answer: C



9. Which type of bonding is present in ammonium ion ?

A. Covalent bond

B. Coordinate bond

C. Ionic or electrovalent bond

D. No bonding

Answer: B



10. What is the colour of the ppt. formed when sodium hydroxide solution is added to ferric salt?

A. Dirty green

B. White

C. Brown

D. Reddish brown

Answer: D



11. What happens when ammonium hydroxide solution is added to calcium salt?

- A. A white ppt is formed
- B. Ppt formed is soluble in excess of alkali.
- C. A colourless solution is formed
- D. No ppt is formed.

Answer: D



12. Which formula denotes the actual number of different elements present in one molecule of compound?

- A. Molecular formula
- B. Empirical formula
- C. Empirical formula mass
- D. Percentage

Answer: A



13. Which of the following anion can be discharged with maximum ease?

- A. Sulphate ion
- B. lodide ion
- C. Hydroxyl ion
- D. Nitrate ion

Answer: C



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14. What is the correct order of atomic size?

A. Mg < CI < Na < S

 $\mathrm{B.}\,CI < S < Mg < Na$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,S < CI < Mg < Na$

 $\mathrm{D.}\, Mg < Na < S < CI$

Answer: B



15. How the ionisation energy of the elements changes on moving top to bottom in the group?

A. Increases

B. decreases

C. remains same

D. zero

Answer: B



16. Which of the following elements has highest ionisation energy?

- A. Li
- B. Na
- C. K
- D. Cs

Answer: D



17. Which of the ions can be discharged with maximum difficulty?

A.
$$Cu^{2+}$$

B.
$$Ag^+$$

C.
$$Pb^{2+}$$

D.
$$K^+$$

Answer: D



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18. What is the correct relationship between vapour density and molecular mass ?

A. Relative molecular mass = Vapour density /2

B. Vapour density = $2 \times Relative\ molecular$ mass

C. Relative molecular mass = 2 × Vapour density

D. Vapour density = Relative molecular mass

Answer: C



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19. Which type of bond is present in chlorine molecule?

A. Single covalent bond

B. Double covalent bond

- C. Triple covalent bond
- D. Ionic bond

Answer: A



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20. Identify the odd one:

- A. Methane
- B. HCI
- C. NaCl

D. Nitrogen

Answer: C



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21. The amount of energy released when an electron is added to the outermost shell of an isolated gaseous neutral atom is called its:

A. Atomic size

B. Ionisation potential

- C. Electron affinity
- D. Electronegativity

Answer: C



- **22.** An element 'E' loses electron and becomes an ion. Name the process and ion :
 - A. Oxidation, cation
 - B. Oxidation, anion

- C. Reduction, cation
- D. Reduction, anion

Answer: A



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23. Which of the following is a not a strong acid?

- A. Hydrochloric acid
- B. Sulphuric acid

C. Nitric acid

D. Acetic acid

Answer: D



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24. Bases fumishions in solutions.

A. $H^{\,+}$

B. OH^-

C. Both (1) and (2)

D. None of these

Answer: B



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25. Choose the hydroxide which is insoluble in excess of ammonium hydroxide ?

- A. Calcium hydroxide
- B. Ferric hydroxide
- C. Copper hydroxide

D. Zinc hydroxide

Answer: B



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26. Which formula denotes the simplest positive integer ratio of atoms present in a compound?

A. Molecular formula

B. Empirical formula

- C. Empirical formula mass
- D. Percentage

Answer: B



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27. The kind of particles present in carbonic acid are __.

- A. lons
- B. Molecules

- C. Both (1) and (2)
- D. None of these

Answer: C



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28. Which of the following contains molecules only?

- A. Sugar
- B. NaOH

C. HCI

D. Carbonic acid

Answer: A



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29. Which of the following is not an oxyacid?

A. Hydrochloric acid

B. Sulphuric acid

C. Nitric acid

D. Acetic acid

Answer: A



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30. An example of hydracid is _____ .

- A. Hydrochloric acid
- B. Sulphuric acid
- C. Nitric acid
- D. Acetic acid

Answer: A



- **31.** Which of the following statement is not true regarding acids?
 - A. They have a sour taste.
 - B. They are good conductors of electricity
 - C. They turn red litmus to blue.
 - D. They are corrosive in nature.

Answer: C



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32. Which of the following is a coloured ion?

A. Nickel

B. Lead

C. Zinc

D. Chloride

Answer: A

33. Four solutions are taken. A copper strip is added to these? The colour of which of the following will turn blue?

A. KNO_3

B. $AgNO_3$

C. $Zn(NO_3)_2$

D. $Ca(NO_3)_2$

Answer: B

34. What happens when ammonia solution is added first drop-wise and then in excess to zinc sulphate?

- A. A reddish brown ppt is formed which is insoluble in excess of alkali.
- B. Dirty green ppt is formed which is insoluble in excess of alkali.

- C. A gelatinous white ppt is formed which is soluble in excess of alkali.
- D. No ppt will be formed even in excess of alkali.

Answer: C



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35. If the vapour density of a gas is 15, its relative molecular mass will be _____

B. 7.5
C. zero
D. can't be determined
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
36. The salt which on hydrolysis forms acid is

A. 30

- A. Iron chloride
- B. Aluminium acetate
- C. Sodium chloride
- D. All of the above

Answer: A



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37. Some elements are given below in the form of a table : The elements are mentioned with their own symbol.

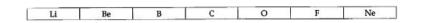
To which period these elements belong?

- A. First
- B. Second
- C. Third
- D. Fourth

Answer: B



38. Some elements are given below in the form of a table: The elements are mentioned with their own symbol.



Which element is missing in given series?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Phosphorous
- D. Sulphur

Answer: B

39. Some elements are given below in the form of a table : The elements are mentioned with their own symbol.

Be	i Be	В	С	0	F	Ne
		В	C	0	F	Ne

To which group does missing elements belongs?

A. 15

B. 16

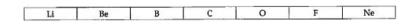
C. 17

Answer: A



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40. Some elements are given below in the form of a table : The elements are mentioned with their own symbol.



Which element belongs to group 18 and what is that group elements called?

- A. O, chalcogens
- B. Li, alkali metals
- C. F, halogens
- D. Ne, Inert gases

Answer: D



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41. Some elements are given below in the form of a table : The elements are mentioned with their own symbol.

What is valency of group 18 clements?

- A. Zero
- B. One
- C. Two
- D. Three

Answer: A

