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## MATHS

## BOOKS - SELINA MATHS (ENGLISH)

## REFLECTION

## Question

1. The triangle $A(1,2), B(4,4)$ and $C(3,7)$ is first
reflected in the line $y=0$ onto triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$
and then triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$ is reflected in the
origin onto triangle $A " B " C$ ". Write down the co-ordinates of :
$A^{\prime}, B^{\prime}$ and $C^{\prime}$

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2. The triangle $A(1,2), B(4,4)$ and $C(3,7)$ is first
reflected in the line $y=0$ onto triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$
and then triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$ is reflected in the origin onto triangle $A " B " C "$. Write down the co-ordinates of :
$A^{\prime \prime}, B^{\prime \prime}$ and C"

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3. A point $P$ is reflected in the $x$ - axis. Co ordinates of its image are (8,-6).

Find the co-ordinates of $P$.

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4. A point $P$ is reflected in the $x$ - axis. Co ordinates of its image are (8,-6).

Find the co - ordinates of the image of P under reflection in the y -axis.
5. Point $(-5,0)$ and (4,0) are invariant point under reflection in the line $L_{1}$, point $(0,-6)$ and $(0,5)$ are invariant on reflection in the line
$L_{2}$.
Name or write equation for the line
$L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$.

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6. Point $(-5,0)$ and (4,0) are invariant point under reflection in the line $L_{1}$, point $(0,-6)$
and $(0,5)$ are invariant on reflection in the line
$L_{2}$.
Write down the image of $\mathrm{P}(2,6)$ and $\mathrm{Q}(-8,-3)$ on
reflection in $L_{1}$. Name the images as $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{Q}^{\prime}$ respectively.
7. Point $(-5,0)$ and ( 4,0 ) are invariant point under reflection in the line $L_{1}$, point $(0,-6)$
and $(0,5)$ are invariant on reflection in the line
$L_{2}$.
Write down the image of $P$ and $Q$ on reflection
in $L_{2}$. Name the images as $\mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$ and $\mathrm{Q}^{\prime \prime}$ respectively.
8. Point $(-5,0)$ and $(4,0)$ are invariant point under reflection in the line $L_{1}$, point ( $0,-6$ ) and $(0,5)$ are invariant on reflection in the line $L_{2}$.

State or describe a single transformation that maps Q' onto Q".

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9. Find the reflection of the point $P(-1,3)$ in the
line $x=2$
10. Find the reflection of the point $Q(2,1)$ in the line $y+3=0$

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11. The point $P(5,1)$ and $Q(-2,-2)$ are reflected in
line $x=2$. Use graph paper to find the images $P^{\prime}$ and $Q^{\prime}$ of points $P$ and $Q$ respectively in line $x=2$. Take 2 cm equal to 2 units.
12. Use a graph paper for this question. (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $P(3,2)$ and $Q(-3,-2)$. From $P$ and
$Q$, draw perpendiculars $P M$ and $Q N$ on the $x$ axis.

Write the co-ordinates of points $M$ and $N$.
13. Use a graph paper for this question. (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $P(3,2)$ and $Q(-3,-2)$. From $P$ and
Q , draw perpendiculars PM and QN on the x axis.

Name the image of P on reflection in the origin.

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14. Use a graph paper for this question. (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $\mathrm{P}(3,2)$ and $\mathrm{Q}(-3,-2)$. From P and
Q , draw perpendiculars PM and QN on the x axis.

Assign the special name to geometrical figure PMQN and find its area.

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15. Use a graph paper for this question. (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $P(3,2)$ and $(-3,-2)$. From $P$ and $Q$
, draw perpendiculars PM and QN on the a axis.

Write the co-ordinates of the point to which $M$ is mapped on reflection in :
x - axis.

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16. Use a graph paper for this question. (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $\mathrm{P}(3,2)$ and $(-3,-2)$. From P and Q
, draw perpendiculars PM and QN on the a axis.

Write the co-ordinates of the point to which $M$ is mapped on reflection in :
$y$-axis.

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17. Use a graph paper for this question . (Take two divisions = 1 unit on both the axes.)

Plot the points $P(3,2)$ and $(-3,-2)$. From $P$ and $Q$
, draw perpendiculars PM and QN on the a axis.

Write the co-ordinates of the point to which M is mapped on reflection in :
origin

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18. Use graph paper for this question.

The points $A(2,3), B(4,5)$ and $C(7,2)$ are the vertices of $\triangle A B C$

Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}, \mathrm{B}^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ if $\Delta \mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ $\mathrm{B}^{\prime} \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ is the image of $\triangle A B C$, when reflected in the origin.

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19. Use graph paper for this question.

The points $A(2,3), B(4,5)$ and $C(7,2)$ are the
vertices of $\triangle A B C$

Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{A}^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{B}^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime \prime}$ if $\Delta$

A" B " C " is the image of $\triangle A B C$, when reflected in the $x$-axis.

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20. Use graph paper for this question.

The points $A(2,3), B(4,5)$ and $C(7,2)$ are the vertices of $\triangle A B C$

Mention the special name of the quadrilateral BCC"B" and find its area.

## Exercise 12 A

1. Fill in the blanks :
Point Transformation
Image
(5, - 7) $(-5,7)$

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## 2. Fill in the blanks :

Point Transformation
Image
$(4,2)$ Reflection in x - axis
3. Fill in the blanks :

Point<br>Transformation<br>Image Reflection in y-axis (0,6)

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4. Complete the table :

Point Transformation Image
$(6,-6)$.................... $(-6,6)$

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5. Complete the table :
Point
Transformation
Image
$(4,-8)$
$(-4,-8)$

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6. $A$ point $P$ is its own image under the reflection in a line $I$. Describe the position of the point $P$ with respect to the line $l$.
7. State the co-ordinates of the following points under reflection in x-axis :
(i) $(3,-2)($ ii $)(-5,4)(i i i)(0,0)$

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8. State the co-ordinates of the following points under reflection in $y$-axis :
(i) $(6,-3)$ (ii) $(-1,0)$ (iii) $(-8,-2)$

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9. State the co-ordinates of the following points under reflection in origin:
(i) $(-2,-4)$ (ii) $(-2,7)$ (iii) $(0,0)$

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10. State the co-ordinates of the following points under reflection in the line $x=0$ :
(i) $(-6,4)$ (ii) $(0,5)$ (iii) $(3,-4)$

- Watch Video Solution

11. State the co-ordinates of the following points under reflection in the line $y=0$,
(i) $(-3,0)$ (ii) $(8,-5)(i i i)(-1,-3)$

D Watch Video Solution
12. A point $P$ is reflected in the $x$-axis. Coordinates of its image are $(-4,5)$.

Find the co-ordinates of P .

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13. A point $P$ is reflected in the $x$-axis. Coordinates of its image are $(-4,5)$.

Find the co-ordinates of the image of $P$ under reflection in the $y$-axis.

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14. A point $P$ is reflected in the origin. Coordinates of its image are (-2, 7).

Find the co-ordinate of $P$.
15. A point $P$ is reflected in the origin. Coordinates of its image are (-2, 7).

Find the co-ordinates of the image of $P$ under reflection in the $x$-axis.

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16. The point $P(a, b)$ is first reflected in the origin and then reflected in the $y$-axis to $P^{\prime}$. If $P^{\prime}$ has co-ordinates $(4,6)$, evaluate $a$ and $b$.
17. The point $P(x, y)$ is first reflected in the $x-$ axis and then reflected in the origin to $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$. If $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ has co-ordinates $(-8,5)$, evaluate $x$ and $y$.

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18. The point $A(-3,2)$ is reflected in the $x$-axis to
the point $A^{\prime}$. Point $A^{\prime}$ is then reflected in the origin to point A".

Write down the co-ordinates of A".

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19. The point $A(-3,2)$ is reflected in the $x$-axis to the point $A^{\prime}$. Point $A^{\prime}$ is then reflected in the origin to point A".

Write down a single transformation that maps
A onto A".

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20. The point $A(4,6)$ is first reflected in the origin to point $A^{\prime}$. Point $A^{\prime}$ is then reflected in
the $y$-axis to point $A^{\prime \prime}$.

Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{A}^{\prime \prime}$

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21. The point $A(4,6)$ is first reflected in the origin to point $A^{\prime}$. Point $A^{\prime}$ is then reflected in the $y$-axis to point $A^{\prime \prime}$.

Write down a single transformation that maps

A onto A"
22. The triangle $A B C$, where $A$ is $(2,6), B$ is $(-3$,
5) and $C$ is (4, 7), is reflected in the $y$-axis to triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$. Triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$ is then reflected in the origin to triangle $A^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{B}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C}^{\prime \prime}$.

Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{A}^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{B}$ " and $\mathrm{C}^{\prime \prime}$.

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23. The triangle $A B C$, where $A$ is $(2,6), B$ is $(-3$,
5) and $C$ is (4,7), is reflected in the $y$-axis to
triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$. Triangle $A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$ is then reflected in the origin to triangle $A^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{B}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C}^{\prime \prime}$.

Write down a single transformation that maps triangle $A B C$ onto triangle $A " B " C "$.

## D Watch Video Solution

24. $P$ and $Q$ have co-ordinates $(-2,3)$ and $(5,4)$
respectively. Reflect $P$ in the $x$-axis to $P^{\prime}$ and $Q$
in the $y$-axis to $Q^{\prime}$. State the co-ordinates of $P^{\prime}$ and 'Q.
25. On a graph paper, plot the triangle ABC, whose vertices are at the points $\mathrm{A}(3,1), \mathrm{B}(5,0)$ and $C(7,4)$.

On the same diagram , draw the image of the triangle $A B C$ under reflection in the origin $O$ $(0,0)$

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26. Point $A(4,-1)$ is reflected as $A^{\prime}$ in the $y$ - axis .

Point B on reflection in the x - axis is mapped
as $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}(-2,5)$. Write the co- ordinates of $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}$ and B .

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27. The point $(-5,0)$ on reflection in a line is mappped as $(5,0)$ and the point $(-2,-6)$ on reflection in the same line is mapped as $(2,-6)$

Name the line of reflection.

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28. The point $(-5,0)$ on reflection in a line is
mappped as $(5,0)$ and the point $(-2,-6)$ on reflection in the same line is mapped as $(2,-6)$
(a) Name the line of reflection. (b) Write the co-ordinates of the image of $(5,-8)$ in the line obtained in (a).

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## Exercise 12 B

1. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Plot A $(3,2)$ and B $(5,4)$ on graph paper. Take 2 $\mathrm{cm}=1$ unit on both the axes.

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2. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Reflect $A$ and $B$ in the $x$-axis to $A^{\prime}$ and $B^{\prime}$
respectively. Plot these points also on the same graph paper.
3. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Write down :
the geometrical name of the figure $A B B^{\prime} A^{\prime}$

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4. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Write down :
the measure of angle $A B B^{\prime}$
5. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Write down :
the image $A$ " of $A$. When $A$ is reflected in the origin.

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6. Attempt this question on graph paper.

Write down :
the single transformation that maps $A^{\prime}$ to $A^{\prime \prime}$.

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7. Points ( 3,0 ) and ( $-1,0$ ) are invariant points under reflection in the line $L_{1}$ points ( $0,-3$ ) and $(0,1)$ are invariant points on reflection in line $L_{2}$

Name or write equations for the lines $L_{1}$ and
$L_{2}$

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8. Points ( 3,0 ) and ( $-1,0$ ) are invariant points
under reflection in the line $L_{1}$ points ( $0,-3$ )
and $(0,1)$ are invariant points on reflection in
line $L_{2}$

Write down the images of points $P(3,4)$ and $Q$
$(-5,-2)$ on reflection in $L_{1}$ Name the images as $P^{\prime}$ and $Q^{\prime}$ respectively.

## D Watch Video Solution

9. Points $(3,0)$ and $(-1,0)$ are invariant points under reflection in the line $L_{1}$ points ( $0,-3$ )
and $(0,1)$ are invariant points on reflection in
line $L_{2}$

Write down the images of $P(3,4)$ and $Q(-5,-2)$
on reflection in $L_{2}$ Name the images as P" and
Q" respectively.

## D Watch Video Solution

10. Points $(3,0)$ and $(-1,0)$ are invariant points
under reflection in the line $L_{1}$ points ( $0,-3$ )
and $(0,1)$ are invariant points on reflection in
line $L_{2}$
State or describe a single transformation that maps P' onto P".

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11. Point $P(a, b)$ is reflected in the $x$-axis to $P^{\prime}$
$(5,-2)$. Write down the values of $a$ and $b$.

## D Watch Video Solution

12. $P$ ' is the image of $P(3,-5)$ when reflected in the $y$-axis. Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$.
13. Name a single transformation that maps $P^{\prime}$ to P ".

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14. The point $(-2,0)$ on reflection in a line is mapped to $(2,0)$ and the point $(5,-6)$ on reflection in the same line is mapped to $(-5,-6)$.

State the name of the mirror line and write its equation.
15. The point $(-2,0)$ on reflection in a line is mapped to $(2,0)$ and the point $(5,-6)$ on reflection in the same line is mapped to $(-5,-6)$.

State the co-ordinates of the image of $(-8,-5)$ in the mirror line.

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16. The points $P(4,1)$ and $Q(-2,4)$ are reflected
in line $y=3$. Find the co-ordinates of $P$ ', the image of $P$ and $Q$ ', the image of $Q$.
17. A point $P(-2,3)$ is reflected in line $x=2$ to point $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$. Find the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.

## D Watch Video Solution

18. A point $P(a, b)$ is reflected in the $x$-axis to
$P^{\prime}(2,-3)$. Write down the values of $a$ and $b . P^{\prime \prime}$ is
the image of $P$, reflected in the $y$-axis. Write down the co-ordinates of P ". Find the co-
ordinates of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime \prime}$, when P is reflected in the line, parallel to $y$-axis, such that $x=4$.

## D Watch Video Solution

19. Points $A$ and $B$ have co-ordinates $(3,4)$ and
$(0,2)$ respectively. Find the image :
$A^{\prime}$ of $A$ under reflection in the $x$-axis.

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20. Points $A$ and $B$ have co-ordinates $(3,4)$ and $(0,2)$ respectively. Find the image : $B^{\prime}$ of $B$ under reflection in the line $A A^{\prime}$.

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21. Points $A$ and $B$ have co-ordinates $(3,4)$ and
$(0,2)$ respectively. Find the image :
$A$ " of $A$ under reflection in the $y$-axis.
22. Points $A$ and $B$ have co-ordinates $(3,4)$ and $(0,2)$ respectively. Find the image : $B$ " of $B$ under reflection in the $x$-axis ".
( Watch Video Solution
23. Plot the points $A(3,5)$ and $B(-2,-4)$ Use 1 cm
$=1$ unit on both the axes.

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24. $A^{\prime}$ is the image of $A(2,3)$ when reflected in
the $x$-axis. Write down the co-ordinates of A' .

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25. $B^{\prime}$ is the image of $B(3,2)$ when reflected in
the $y$-axis. Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}$.

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26. Write down the geometrical name of the figure $A A^{\prime} B^{\prime}$ '.

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27. Name two invariant points under reflection in the $x$-axis.

# 28. The point $P(5,3)$ was reflected in the origin 

 to get the image $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.Write down the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$

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29. The point $P(5,3)$ was reflected in the origin to get the image $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.

If $M$ is the foot of the perpendicular from $P$ to
the $x$-axis, find the co-ordinates of $M$.
30. The point $P(5,3)$ was reflected in the origin
to get the image P '.

If N is the foot of the perpendicular from $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ to the $x$-axis, find the co-ordinates of $N$.

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31. The point $P(5,3)$ was reflected in the origin to get the image $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.

Name the figure PMP'N.
32. The point $P(5,3)$ was reflected in the origin to get the image $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.

Find the area of the figure $P M P^{\prime} N$.

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33. The point $P(3,4)$ is reflected to $P^{\prime}$ in the $x$ axis, and $O^{\prime}$ is the image of $O$ (the origin) when reflected in the line $P^{\prime}$. Write :
the co-ordinates of $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$,

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34. The point $P(3,4)$ is reflected to $P^{\prime}$ in the $x$ axis, and $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ is the image of O (the origin) when reflected in the line PP'. Write :
the length of the segments PP' and $\mathrm{OO}^{\prime}$

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35. The point $P(3,4)$ is reflected to $P^{\prime}$ in the $x-$ axis, and $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ is the image of O (the origin) when
reflected in the line PP'. Write :
the perimeter of the quadrilateral POP'O'

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36. The point $P(3,4)$ is reflected to $P^{\prime}$ in the $x$ axis, and $O^{\prime}$ is the image of $O$ (the origin) when reflected in the line PP'. Write :
the geometrical name of the figure POP'O'

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37. $\mathrm{A}(1,1), \mathrm{B}(5,1), \mathrm{C}(4,2)$ and $\mathrm{D}(2,2)$ are vertices of a quadrilateral. Name the quadrilateral ABCD. A, B, C, and D are reflected in the origin on to $A^{\prime}, \mathrm{B}^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{D}^{\prime}$ respectively. Locate $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}, \mathrm{B}^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{D}^{\prime}$ on the graph sheet and write their co-ordinates. Are $D, A, A^{\prime}$ and $D^{\prime}$ collinear?
38. $P$ and $Q$ have co-ordinates $(0,5)$ and $(-2,4)$.
$P$ is invariant when reflected in an axis. Name the axis.

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39. $P$ and $Q$ have co-ordinates $(0,5)$ and $(-2,4)$.

Find the image of $Q$ on reflection in the axis
found in (a).

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40. Point $P(0, k)$ on reflection in the origin is invariant. Write the value of $k$.

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41. $P$ and $Q$ have co-ordinates $(0,5)$ and $(-2,4)$.

Write the co-ordinates of the image of $Q$,
obtained by reflecting it in the origin followed
by reflection in x-axis.

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42. The point $P(2,-4)$ is reflected about the line $x=0$ to get the image $Q$. Find the co-ordinates of Q .

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43. The pointP(2,-4) is reflected about the line $y$
$=0$ to get the image R. Find the co-ordinates
of $R$.

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44. Name the figure PQR.

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45. The point $P(2,-4)$ is reflected about the
line $x=0$ to get the image $Q$. The point $Q$ is reflected about the line $y=0$ to get the image R.

Find the area of figure $P Q R$.
46. Using a graph paper, plot the points $A$ (6, 4) and $B(0,4)$.

Reflect $A$ and $B$ in the origin to get the images
$A$ and $B^{\prime}$.

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47. Using a graph paper, plot the points $A$ (6,
4) and $B(0,4)$.

Write the co-ordinates of $A^{\prime}$ and $B^{\prime}$.
48. Using a graph paper, plot the points A (6, 4) and $\mathrm{B}(0,4)$.

State the geometrical name for the figure ABA' ${ }^{\prime}$ '.

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49. Using a graph paper, plot the points A (6,
4) and $B(0,4)$.

Find its perimeter.
50. Use graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit along both $x$-axis and $y$ axis.)

Plot the points $O(0,0), A(-4,4), B(-3,0)$ and $C(0$,
$-3)$

Reflect points $A$ and $B$ on the $y$-axis and name them $A^{\prime}$ and $B^{\prime}$ respectively. Write down their co-ordinates.

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51. Use graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit along both $x$-axis and $y$ axis.)

Plot the points $O(0,0), A(-4,4), B(-3,0)$ and $C(0$,
-3).

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52. Use graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit along both x -axis and y axis.)

Plot the points $O(0,0), A(-4,4), B(-3,0)$ and $C(0$, $-3)$

State the line of symmetry of this figure.

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53. Use a graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit on both $x$ and $y$ axes)

Plot the following points :
$A(0,4), B(2,3), C(1,1)$ and $D(2,0)$.

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54. Use a graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit on both x and y axes)

Reflect points $B(2,3), C(1,1), D(2,0)$ on the $y$-axis and write down their coordinates. Name the images as $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime}, \mathrm{D}^{\prime}$ respectively.

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55. Use a graph paper for this question.
(Take $2 \mathrm{~cm}=1$ unit on both x and y axes) where
$A(0,4), B(2,3), C(1,1)$ and $D(2,0)$ and reflect points $\mathrm{B}^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime}, \mathrm{D}^{\prime}$ on y -axis

Join the points $A, B, C, D, D^{\prime}, C^{\prime}, B^{\prime}$ and $A$ in order, so as to form a closed figure. Write down the equation of the line about which if this closed figure obtained is folded, the two parts of the figure exactly coincide.

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