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## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - SELINA PHYSICS (ENGLISH)

## SAMPLE PAPER -4

## Questions

1. Wavelength range of yellow light is
A. $4000 \AA$ A $-4460 \AA$
B. $4640 \AA ̊-5000 \AA ̊$
C. $5780 \AA-5920 \AA$
D. ${ }^{`} 6200 \AA \AA-8000 \AA$

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

## 2. Choose the incorrect statement

A. Dispersion of white light occurs at the
first surface of prism
B. Deviation of light occurs at both the surface of prism
C. The prism produce colours
D. The prism splits the various colours present in the light incident on it.

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

3. If frequency of a yellow light is $6 \times 10^{10} \mathrm{~Hz}$.

Then Wavelength of light in m

A. $6 \times 10^{-10} m$<br>B. $2 \times 10^{-2} m$<br>C. $0.5 \times 10^{-2} m$<br>D. 0.5 m

Answer: C

- View Text Solution


## 4. Chosee the correct statement

A. EM waves requires a material medium
for propagation
B. EM waves are transverse wave
C. EM waves reflects by Electric \& Magnetic
field
D. The velocity of EM waves not changes
when medium changes

Answer: B

D View Text Solution
5. Choose the correct statement with respect to lateral displacement
A. It occurs in case of a rectangular glass
slab
B. It occurs when ray passes through two
optical media
C. It is directly proportional to thickness of
glass slab
D. Both 1 and 3

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

6. Use this figure to answer the following question:


Emergent ray is
A. $A B$
B. BC
C. CD
D. none of these

Answer: C

- View Text Solution

7. Use this figure to answer the following question:


## Angle of prism will be

A. $\theta$
B. $\alpha$
C. $\gamma$
D. none of these
8. Use this figure to answer the following question:


Angle of deviation will be
A. $\alpha$
B. $\beta$
C. $\gamma$
D. $\theta$

## Answer: C

## - View Text Solution

9. Use this figure to answer the following question:


Angle of deviation does not depend on
A. $\theta$
B. $P$
C. $\mu$
D. Q

Answer: D

D View Text Solution
10. Choose incorrect statement about concave
lens
A. The image is always virtual
B. The image is always real
C. The image is always diminished
D. The image is always erect

Answer: B
11. Choose the correct formula for magnifying power of lens

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } m=1+\frac{D}{f} \\
& \text { В. } m=\frac{D}{f} \\
& \text { C. } m=1+\frac{f}{D} \\
& \text { D. } m=\frac{D}{f}+2
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: A

D View Text Solution
12. The correct relation between the speed of
longitudinal waves ( u ), density of medium (a)
and pressure ( p ) is

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } v=\sqrt{\frac{p}{f}} \\
& \text { B. } v=\sqrt{\frac{d}{p}} \\
& \text { C. } \sqrt{\frac{\gamma p}{d}} \\
& \text { D. } v=\sqrt{\frac{\gamma d}{p}}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: C

13. Choose the incorrect statement
A. An echo is heard only if the distance of person producing sound is long enough
to allow the reflected sound to reach a
person at least 0.1 sec after original
sound is heard
B. time taken to hear echo is $\frac{2 d}{v}$
C. To hear the echo distinctly the reflecting
distance.
D. The size of reflector should be small enough as compared to wavelength of the sound.

## Answer: D

D View Text Solution
14. Choose incorrect statement
A. Sound wave require medium to propagate
B. Range of audibility is 20 Hz to $20,000 \mathrm{~Hz}$
C. the sound of frequency greater than
audibility range is called ultrasonic
D. Infrasonic waves are audible for human
ears

## Answer: D

15. Answer the following for convex lens using
the diagram given:


If the position of object is beyond 2 F , the position of image will be:
A. at $F_{2}$
B. between $F_{2} \& 2 F_{2}$
C. at $2 F_{2}$
D. beyond $2 F_{2}$

Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

16. Answer the following for convex lens using
the diagram given:


If the position of object is at Fy, the position of image will be
A. Beyond $2 F_{2}$
B. at $2 F_{2}$
C. at infinity
D. on the same side, behing the object

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

17. Answer the following for convex lens using
the diagram given:


The image formed will be on the same side, behind the object if the object is at:
A. At Infinity
B. Between lens and $F_{1}$
C. Between $F_{1} \& 2 F_{1}$
D. at $2 F_{1}$

Answer: B

D View Text Solution
18. Answer the following for convex lens using
the diagram given:


If the object is at $F_{1}$ the size of image will be
A. highly magnified
B. highly diminished
C. magnified

## D. diminished

## Answer: A

## D View Text Solution

19. In block and tackle system the mechanical advantage is:
A. number of pulley
B. One less than number of pulley
C. (Total number of pulley)

## D. load /effort

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

20. Choose incorrect statement
A. If effort arm = load arm, M.A=1
B. If effort > load arm,M.A > 1
C. If effort arm $<$ load arm, M.A $<1$
D. If effort arm =load arm , M.A $\leq 1$

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

21. Work done by effort is
A. Effort $\times$ load
B. load $\times$ distance moved by effort
C. Effort $\times$ distance moved by effort
D. none of these
22. If the work done by a heart is 2 J per beat
.The power of the heart if it beat 70 times in 1 minute (approx)
A. $2 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{sec}$
B. $4 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{sec}$
C. $5 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{sec}$
D. $6 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{sec}$
23. The relationship to evaluate the efficiency is
A. power input/power output
B. power input $\times$ power output
C. powe output/power input
D. power output $\times$ power input

Answer: C
24. For the figure given answer the following:


A boy lift a load of 600 N through a height of
10 m in 10 sec . The effort applied by boy on other end is 700 N .

Velocity ratio of the pulley
A. 0
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3

Answer: A

D View Text Solution
25. For the figure given answer the following:


A boy lift a load of 600 N through a height of
10 m in 10 sec . The effort applied by boy on other end is 700 N .

Efficiency of pulley
A. $70 \%$
B. $76 \%$
C. $80 \%$
D. $86 \%$

Answer: D

- View Text Solution

26. For the figure given answer the following:


A boy lift a load of 600 N through a height of
10 m in 10 sec . The effort applied by boy on other end is 700 N .

Energy gained by load in a height of 10 min 10 sec.
A. 5000 J
B. 6000 J
C. 7000 J
D. 8000 J

Answer: B

D View Text Solution

## 27. For the figure given answer the following:



A boy lift a load of 600 N through a height of

10 m in 10 sec . The effort applied by boy on other end is 700N.

Power developed by boy in raising load:
A. 600 W

# B. 700 W 

C. 800 W
D. 900 W

Answer: B

D View Text Solution
28. In linear motion the acceleration is
A. Positive
B. Negative
C. Zero
D. Constant

## Answer: C

D View Text Solution
29. The force which is not a real force
A. Force of tension
B. Centripetal force
C. Centrifugal force

## D. Gravitational force

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

30. An oscillating, simple pendulum of mass

100 g maximum height of 10 cm from rest, at
its extreme one side. Answer the following.
Total energy of pendulum:
A. 0.1 J
B. 0.01 J
C. 0.001 J
D. 1 J

## Answer: A

## D View Text Solution

31. An oscillating, simple pendulum of mass

100 g maximum height of 10 cm from rest, at
its extreme one side. Answer the following.

Velocity of bob at mean position
A. $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
B. $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
C. $1.414 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
D. none of these

Answer: C

D View Text Solution
32. In uniform circular motion the velocity and speed are respectively:
A. Constant, variable
B. Variable, constant
C. Zero, variable
D. Undefined

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

33. A ball of mass 20 kg is thrown in upward direction. It reach, till the height 20 m from the ground and comes back to the earth, if the
value of $\mathrm{g}=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\sec ^{2}}$, answer the following question.

Kinetic energy when at the maximum height
A. $m g h$
B. $\frac{1}{2} m v^{2}$
C. 0
D. none

Answer: C

D View Text Solution
34. A ball of mass 20 kg is thrown in upward direction. It reach, till the height 20 m from
the ground and comes back to the earth, if the value of $\mathrm{g}=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}^{2}}$, answer the following question.

Kinetic energy at height 10 m
A. 500 J
B. 1000 J
C. 2000 J
D. 3000 J

## Answer: C

## D View Text Solution

35. A ball of mass 20 kg is thrown in upward
direction. It reach, till the height 20 m from
the ground and comes back to the earth, if the
value of $\mathrm{g}=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}^{2}}$, answer the following question.

Potential energy at maximum height
A. 1000 J

## B. 2000 J

C. 3000 J
D. 4000 J

## Answer: D

## D View Text Solution

36. A ball of mass 20 kg is thrown in upward direction. It reach, till the height 20 m from the ground and comes back to the earth, if the value of $\mathrm{g}=10 \frac{m}{\sec ^{2}}$, answer the following

## question.

## Potential energy of ground

A. 4000 J
B. 400 J
C. 0
D. none

Answer: C

