



MATHS

BOOKS - MAXIMUM PUBLICATION

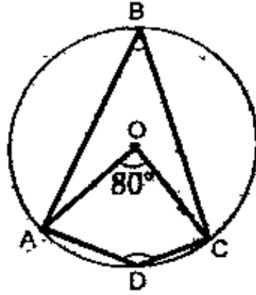
QUESTION PAPER MARCH 2019

Example

1. In the figure O is the centre of circle.

$\angle AOC = 80^\circ$

What is the measure of $\square ABC$?

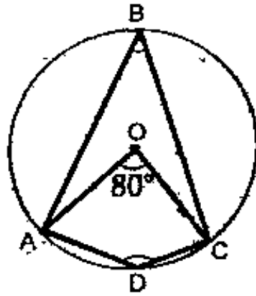


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2. In the figure O is the centre of circle.

$$\square AOC = 80^\circ$$

What is the measure of $\angle ADC$?



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3. Write the first integer term of the arithmetic

sequence $\frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \dots$



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4. Arithmetic sequence is $\frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{7} \dots$. What is the sum of the first 7 terms of this sequence?



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5. If $C(-1, k)$ is a point on the line passing through the points $A(2, 4)$ and $B(4, 8)$. Which numbers is k ?



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6. If $C(-1, k)$ is a point on the line passing through the points $A(2, 4)$ and $B(4, 8)$. What is the relation between the x coordinate and the y coordinate of any point on this line?



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7. Find $P(1)$ if $P(x) = x^2 + 2x + 5$



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8. If $(x - 1)$ is a factor of $x^2 + 2x + k$, What number is k ?



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9. What is the remainder on dividing the terms of the arithmetic sequence 100,107,114.... by 7?



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10. Write the sequence of all three digit numbers. Which leaves remainder 3 on division by 7? Which is the last term of this sequence?



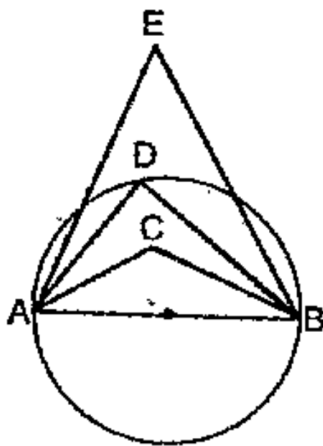
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11. AB is the diameter of the circle. D is a point on the circle

$$\square ACB + \square ADB + \square AEB = 270^\circ$$

.Measure of one among

$\angle ACB$, $\angle ADB$, $\angle AEB$ is 110° . Write the measures of $\angle ADB$, $\angle ACB$ and $\angle AEB$.



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12. If x is a natural number What number is to be added to $x^2 + 6x$ to get a perfect square?

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13. If x is a natural number. If $x^2 + ax + 16$ is a perfect square which number is 'a'?



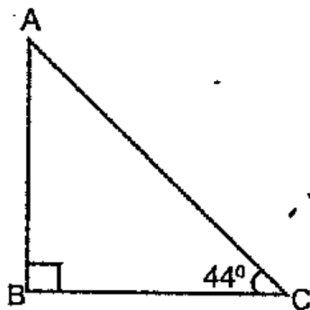
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14. If x is a natural number. If $x^2 + ax + b$ is a perfect square prove that $a^2 = 4b$.



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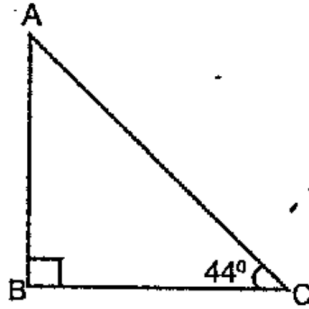
15. In the figure $\angle B = 90^\circ, \angle C = 44^\circ$ What is the measure of $\angle A$?



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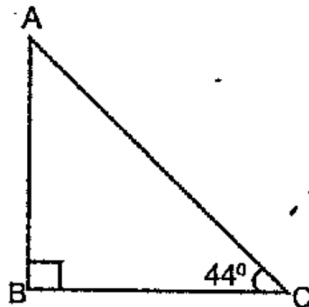
16. In the figure $\angle B = 90^\circ, \angle C = 44^\circ$ Which among the following is $\tan 44^\circ$?

$$\left(\frac{AB}{BC}, \frac{AB}{AC}, \frac{BC}{AB}, \frac{BC}{AC} \right),$$



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17. In the figure $\angle B = 90^\circ, \angle C = 44^\circ$ Prove that $\tan 44^\circ \times \tan 46^\circ = 1$





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18. Draw a circle of radius 3 centimetres. Mark a point P at a distance 6 centimetres from the centre of the circle. Draw tangents from P to the circle.



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19. Find the coordinates of the point on x axis at a distance 4 units from (3,4).



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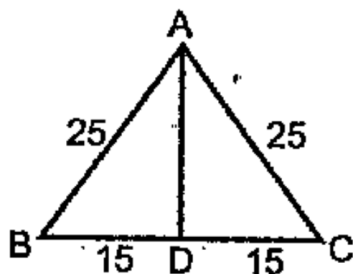
20. Find the coordinates of the points on x axis at a distance 5 units from $(3,4)$.



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21. The given figure is the lateral face of a square pyramid. $AB = AC = 25$ centimetres and $BD = DC = 15$ centimetres. What is the

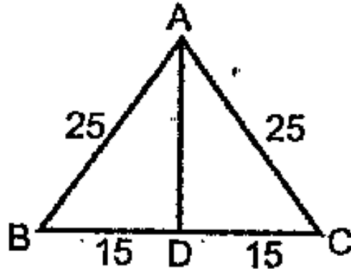
length of its base edge?



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22. The given figure is the lateral face of a square pyramid. $AB = AC = 25$ centimetres and $BD = DC = 15$ centimetres. Find the

lateral surface area of the pyramid.



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23. In triangle ABC , $\angle A = 30^\circ$, $\angle B = 80^\circ$, circumradius of the triangle is 4 centimeters. draw the triangle. Measure and write the length of its smallest side.



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24. Find the following sum:

$$1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 100$$



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25. Find the following sum:

$$1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + 99$$



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26. Find the following sum:

$$2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + 100$$



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27. Find the following sum:

$$3 + 7 + 11 + \dots + 199$$



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28. A box contains some green and blue balls. 7 red balls are put into it. Now the probability of getting a red ball from the box is $\frac{7}{24}$ and that of a blue ball is $\frac{1}{6}$. How many balls are there in the box?



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29. A box contains some green and blue balls. 7 red balls are put into it. Now the probability of getting a red ball from the box is $\frac{7}{24}$ and

that of a blue ball is $\frac{1}{6}$. How many of them are blue?



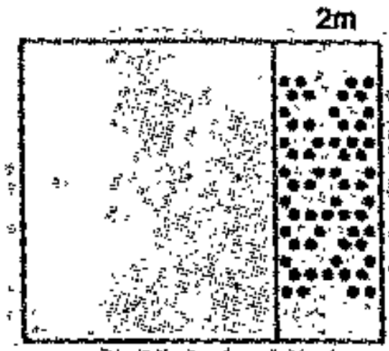
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30. A box contains some green and blue balls. 7 red balls are put into it. Now the probability of getting a red ball from the box is $\frac{7}{24}$ and that of a blue ball is $\frac{1}{6}$. What is the probability of getting a green ball from the box?



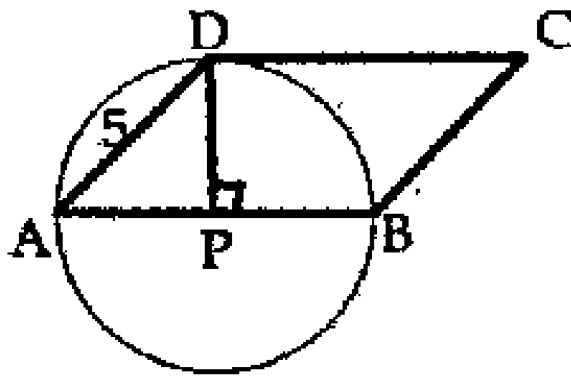
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31. Land is acquired for road widening from a square ground, as shown in the figure. The width of the acquired land is 2 metres. Area of the remaining ground is 440 square metres. What is the shape of the remaining ground?



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32. In the figure P is the centre of the circle A,B and D are points on the circle. $\angle P = 90^\circ$, $AD = 5$ centimetres What is the measure of



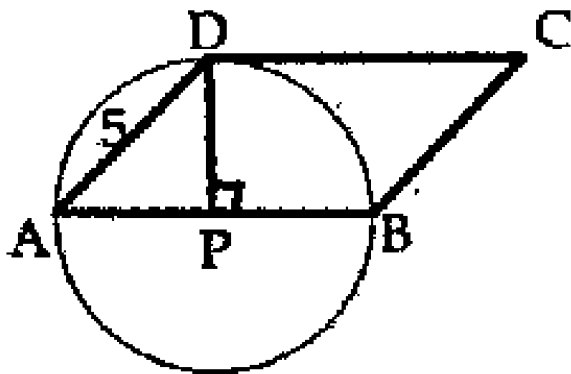
$\angle A$?



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33. In the figure P is the centre of the circle A,B and D are points on the circle. $\angle P = 90^\circ$,

$AD = 5$ centimetres What is the area of triangle APD ?

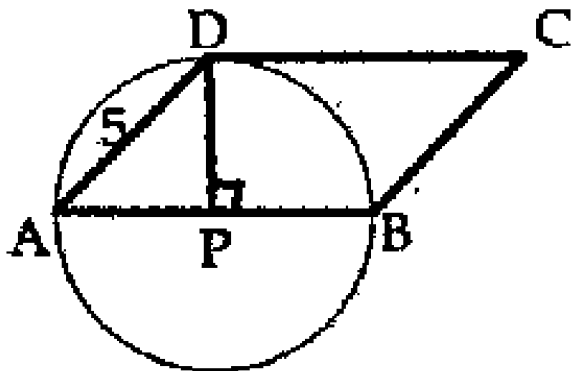


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34. In the figure P is the centre of the circle A,B and D are points on the circle. $\angle P = 90^\circ$, $AD = 5$ centimetres Find the area of the

parallelogram

$ABCD$.



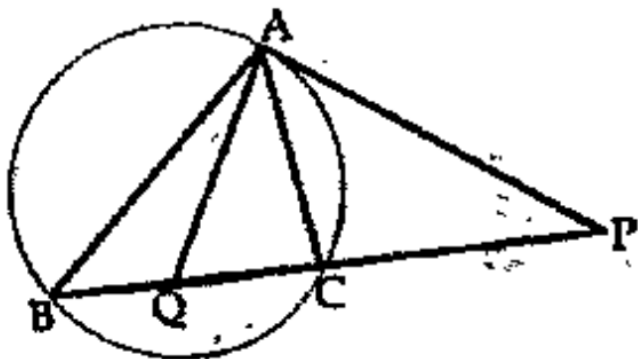
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35. Draw the coordinate axes and mark the points $A(1, 1), B(7, 1)$.

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36. In the figure chord BC is extended to P . Tangent from P to the circle is PA . AQ is the bisector of $\angle BAC$

Write one pair of equal angles from that figure.



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37. If $x - 1$ is a factor of the second degree polynomial $P(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $P(0) = -5$ What is the value of c ?



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38. If $x - 1$ is a factor of the second degree polynomial $P(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $P(0) = -5$ Prove that $a + b = 5$.



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39. If $x - 1$ is a factor of the second degree polynomial $P(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ and $P(0) = -5$ Write a second degree polynomial whose one factor is $x = 1$.



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40. A circular sheet of paper is divided into two sectors. Central angle of one of them is 160° . What is the central angle of the remaining sector?



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41. A circular sheet of paper is divided into two sectors. Central angle of one of them is 160° .

These sectors are bent into cones of maximum volume. If the radius of the small cone is 8 centimetres, what is the radius of the other?



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42. A circular sheet of paper is divided into two sectors. Central angle of one of them is 160° . If

the radius of the small cone is 8 centimetres

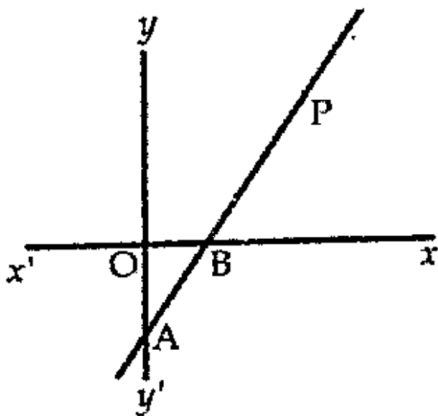
What is the slant height of the cones?



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43. Equation of the line AB is $3x - 2y = 6$. P is a point on the line. The line intersects the y-axis at A and the x-axis at B.

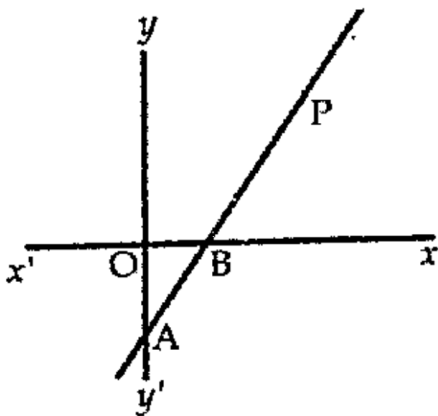
What is the length of OA?



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44. Equation of the line AB is $3x - 2y = 6$. P is a point on the line. The line intersects the y-axis at A and the x-axis at B.

What is the length of OB?

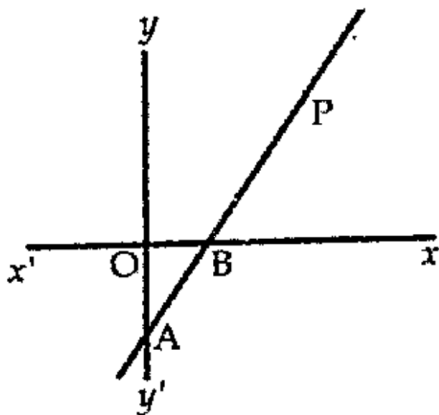


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45. Equation of the line AB is $3x - 2y = 6$. P is a point on the line. The line intersects the y -axis at A and the x -axis at B .

The x coordinate the y coordinate of P are

same. Find the coordinates of P .



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46. If the terms of the arithmetic sequence

$\frac{2}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{9}, \dots$ are represented as

x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots then $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = \dots$

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47. If the terms of the arithmetic sequence

$\frac{2}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{9} \dots$ are represented as

$x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots$ then $x_4 + x_5 + x_6 = \dots$



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48. If the terms of the arithmetic sequence

$\frac{2}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{9} \dots$ are represented as

$x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots$ then .Find the sum of first 9 terms.



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49. If the terms of the arithmetic sequence $\frac{2}{9}, \frac{3}{9}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{9} \dots$ are represented as $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots$ then What is the sum of first 200 terms?



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50. A boy standing at one bank of a river sees the top of a tree on the other bank directly opposite to the boy at an elevation of 60° .

Stepping 40 metres back, he sees the top at an elevation of 30° . Draw a rough figure and find the height of the tree.



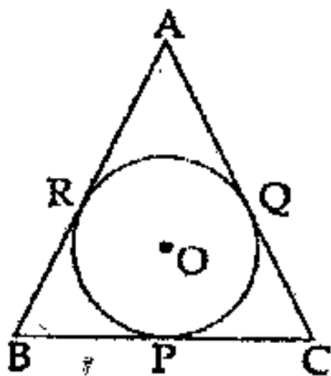
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51. A boy standing at one bank of a river sees the top of a tree on the other bank directly opposite to the boy at an elevation of 60° . Stepping 40 meters back, he sees the top at an elevation of 30° . What is the width of the river?



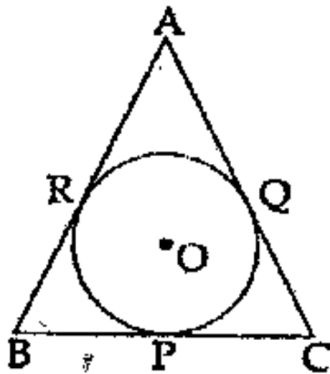
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52. Circle with centre O touches the sides of the triangle at P , Q and R , $AB = AC$, $AQ = 4$ centimetres and $CQ = 6$ centimetres. What is the length of CP ?



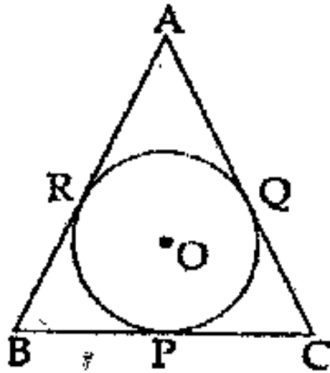
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53. Circle with centre O touches the sides of the triangle at P, Q and R, $AB = AC$, $AQ = 4$ centimetres and $CQ = 6$ centimetres. Find the perimeter and the area of the triangle.



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54. Circle with centre O touches the sides of the triangle at P, Q and R, $AB = AC$, $AQ = 4$ centimetres and $CQ = 6$ centimetres. What is the radius of the circle?



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55. Radius of a cylinder is equal to its height. If the radius is taken as r , volume of the cylinder is $\pi r^2 \times r = \pi r^3$. Like this find the volume of the solids, with the following measures. What is the ratio of the volume of cone, hemisphere, cylinder and the sphere?

Solids	Measures	Volume
Cone	Radius = height = r	
Hemisphere	Radius = r	
Sphere	Radius = r	



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56. A solid metal sphere of radius 6 centimetres is melted and recast into solid cones of radius 6 centimetres and height 6 centimetres. Find the number of cones.

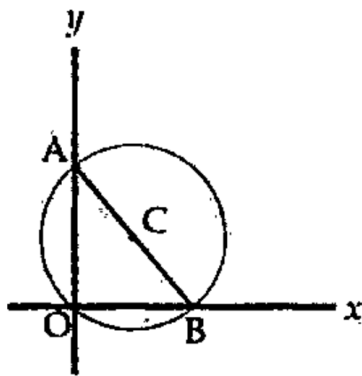
Solids	Measures	Volume
Cone	Radius = height = r	
Hemisphere	Radius = r	
Sphere	Radius = r	



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57. C is the centre of the circle passing through the origin. Circle cuts the y -axis at

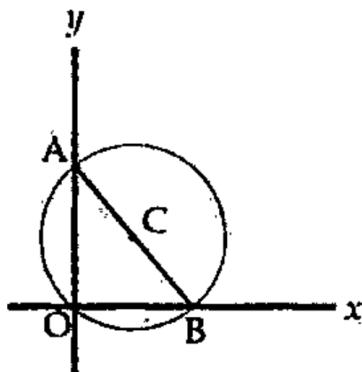
$A(0, 4)$ and the x -axis at $B(4, 0)$. Write coordinates of C .



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58. C is the centre of the circle passing through the origin. Circle cuts the y -axis at $A(0, 4)$ and the x -axis at $B(4, 0)$. Write the

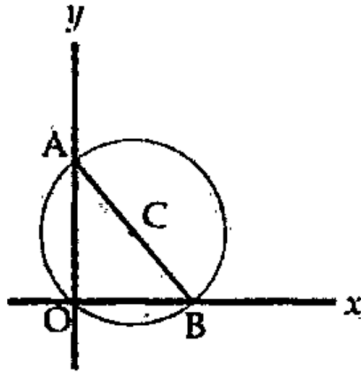
equation of the circle.



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59. C is the centre of the circle passing through the origin. Circle cuts the y-axis at $A(0, 4)$ and the x-axis at $B(4, 0)$. $(0, 0)$ is the point on the circle. There is one more point on the circle with x and y coordinates equal.

Which is that point?



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60. The table below shows the number of children in a class, sorted according to their heights.

If the students are directed to stand in a line according to the order of their heights

starting from the smallest, then

Find the median height.

Height (Centimetres)	Number of Children
130-140.	7
140-150	9
150-160	10
160-170	10
170-180	9



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