



# MATHS

## BOOKS - BAL BHARTI

### CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY

#### Solved Examples

1. Find the distance between the given points.

(ii)  $P(10,-8)$ ,  $Q(-3,-2)$



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2. Show that the points  $(3, -2)$ ,  $(1, 0)$ ,  $(-1, -2)$  and  $(1, -4)$  are concyclic.



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3. Find the value of  $k$  for which points  $P(k, -1)$ ,  $Q(2, 1)$  and  $R(4, 5)$  are collinear.



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4. Show that points  $A(1,-5), B(-4,-8), C(-1,-13)$  and  $D(4,-10)$  are the vertices of a rhombus.



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5. Find the coordinates of the point on Y-axis which is equidistant from the points  $M(6,5)$  and point  $N(-4,3)$ .



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6.  $A(-3, -4)$ ,  $B(-5, 0)$ ,  $C(3, 0)$  are the vertices of  $\triangle ABC$ . Find the co-ordinates of the circumcenter of  $\triangle ABC$ .



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7. Show that the point  $(5, 11)$  is equidistant from the points  $(-5, 13)$  and  $(3, 1)$



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8. If  $P(5,-3)$  and  $Q(3,y)$  are the points of trisection of the line segment joining the points  $A(7,-2)$  and  $B(1,-5)$ . then  $y$  equals?



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9. If  $A-P-Q-B$ , point  $P$  and  $Q$  trisect seg  $AB$  and  $A(3,1)$ ,  $Q(-1,3)$ , then find coordinates of points  $B$  and  $P$ .



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**10.** Find the co-ordinates of points of trisection of the line segment AB with A(2,7) and B(-4,-8).



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**11.** Find the co-ordinates of point P if P divides the line segment joining the points A(-1,7) and B(4,-3) in the ratio 2:3.



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**12.** Find the co-ordinates of point P if P divides the line segment joining the points A(-1,7) and B(4,-3) in the ratio 2:3.



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**13.** If P-T-Q and P(-3,10), Q(6,-8) and T(-1,6), then find the ratio in which point T divides seg PQ.



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**14.** Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the segment joining the points  $(22,20)$  and  $(0,16)$ .



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**15.** Find the slope of the line passing through the points.(i)  $(-1,4)$ ,  $(3,-7)$



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**16.** The equation of the line joining the points  $(-2,4,2)$  and  $(7,-2,5)$  is



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**17.** Show that  $A(4,-1)$ ,  $B(6,0)$ ,  $C(7,-2)$  and  $D(5,-3)$  are vertices of a square.



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1. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points: A(2,3), B(4,1)



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2. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points:(ii) P(-5,-7), Q(-1,3)



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3. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points. (iii)  $R(0,-3)$ ,  $S(0,5/2)$



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4. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points. (iv)  $L(5,-8)$ ,  $M(-7,-3)$



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5. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points.(v)  $T(-3,6)$ ,  $R(9,-10)$



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6. Find the distance between each of the following pairs of the points.(vi)  $W(-7/2,4)$ ,  
 $X(11,4)$



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7. Determine whether the points are collinear.

(i)  $A(1,-3)$ ,  $B(2,-5)$  and  $C(-4,7)$



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8. Determine whether the points are collinear.

(ii)  $L(-2,3)$ ,  $M(1,-3)$ ,  $N(5,4)$



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**9.** Determine whether the points are collinear.

(iii)  $R(0,3), D(2,1)$  and  $S(3,-1)$



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**10.** Determine whether the points are collinear.

(iv)  $P(-2,3), Q(1,2), R(4,1)$



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**11.** Find the point on X-axis which is equidistant from A(-3,4) and B(1,-4)



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**12.** Verify that points P(-2,2), Q(2,2) and R(2,7) are vertices of a right angled triangle.



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**13.** Show that points  $P(2,-2)$ ,  $Q(7,3)$ ,  $R(11,-1)$  and  $S(6,-6)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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**14.**  $A(-4,-7)$ ,  $B(-1,2)$ ,  $C(8,5)$  and  $D(5,-4)$  are the vertices of rhombus ABCD.



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**15.** Find  $x$ , if distance between points  $L(x,7)$  and  $M(1,15)$  is 10.



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**16.** Show that the points  $A(1,2)$ ,  $B(1,6)$  and  $C(1+2\sqrt{3},4)$  are the vertices of an equilateral triangle.



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1. Find the co-ordinates of point P if P divides the line segment joining the points A(-1,7) and B(4,-3) in the ratio 2:3.



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2. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment PQ in the ratio a:b. (i) P(-3,7), Q(1,-4), a:b=2:1.



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3. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment PQ in the ratio a:b.(ii)P(-2,-5), Q(4,3), a:b=3:4.



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4. In each of the following examples find the co-ordinates of point A which divides segment PQ in the ratio a:b.(iii)P(2,6), Q(-4,1), a:b=1:2.



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5. Find the ratio in which point  $T(-1,6)$  divides the line segment joining the points  $P(-3,10)$  and  $Q(6,-8)$ .



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6. Point  $P$  is the centre of the circle and  $AB$  is a diameter. Find the co-ordinates of point  $B$  if co-ordinates of point  $A$  and  $P$  are  $(2,-3)$  and  $(-2,0)$  respectively.



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7. Find the ratio in which point  $P(k,7)$  divides the segment joining  $A(8,9)$  and  $B(1,2)$ . Also find  $k$ .



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8. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the segment joining the points  $(22,20)$  and  $(0,16)$ .



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**9.** Find the co-ordinates of the circumcenter of the triangle whose vertices are  $A(-2, 3)$ ,  $B(6, -1)$ ,  $C(4, 3)$



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**10.** Find the coordinates of centroid of a triangle whose vertices are  $(3, -5)$ ,  $(4, 3)$ ,  $(11, -4)$ ,



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11. Find the coordinates of centroid of a triangle whose vertices are  $(3, -5)$ ,  $(4,3)$ ,  $(11-4)$ ,



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12. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $G(-4,7)$  is the centroid of  $\triangle ABC$ . If  $A(-14,-19)$  and  $B(3,5)$ , then find coordinates of  $C$ .



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**13.**  $A(h,-6), B(2,3)$  and  $C(-6,k)$  are the co-ordinates of vertices of a triangle whose centroid is  $G(1,5)$ . Find  $h$  and  $k$ .



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**14.** Find the co-ordinates of points of trisection of the line segment  $AB$  with  $A(2,7)$  and  $B(-4,-8)$ .



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**15.** If  $A(-14,-10), B(6,-2)$  is given, find the coordinates of the points which divide segment AB into four equal parts.



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**16.** If  $A(-14,-10), B(6,-2)$  is given, find the coordinates of the points which divide segment AB into four equal parts.



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## Practice Set 5 3

1. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given. Find the slope of these lines (i)  $45^\circ$



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2. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given. Find the slope of these lines (i)  $45^\circ$



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3. Angles made by the line with the positive direction of X-axis are given. Find the slope of these lines(iii)  $90^\circ$



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4. Find the slope of line passing through the given points. (i) A(2,3) and B(4,7)



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5. Find the slope of line passing through the given points. (ii)  $P(-3,1)$  and  $Q(5,-2)$



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6. Find the slope of line passing through the given points.(iii)  $C(5,-2)$  and  $D(7,3)$



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7. Find the slope of line passing through the given points.(iv) L(-2,-3) and M(-6,-8).



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8. Find the slope of line passing through the given points.(v) E(-4,-2) and F(6,3).



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9. Find the slope of line passing through the given points.(vi) T(0,-3) and S(0,4).



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10. Determine whether following points are collinear.(i) A(-1,-1),B(0,1),C(1,3)



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**11.** Determine whether following points are collinear.(ii)  $D(-2,-3), E(1,0), F(2,1)$



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**12.** Determine whether following points are collinear.(iii)  $L(2,5), M(3,3), N(5,1)$



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**13.** Determine whether following points are collinear.(iv)  $P(2,-5), Q(1,-3), R(-2,3)$



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**14.** Determine whether following points are collinear.(v)  $R(1,-4), S(-2,2), T(-3,4)$ .



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**15.** Determine whether following points are collinear.(vi)  $A(-4,4), K(-2,5/2), N(4,-2)$ .



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**16.** If  $A(1,-1), B(0,4), C(-5,3)$  are vertices of a triangle, then find the slope of each side.



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**17.** Show that  $A(-4,-7)$ ,  $B(-1,2)$ ,  $C(8,5)$  and  $D(5,-4)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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**18.** Find  $k$ , if  $R(1,-1)$ ,  $S(-2,k)$  and slope of line  $RS$  is  $-2$ .



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19. Find  $k$ , if  $B(k,-5), C(1,2)$  and slope of the line is 7.



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20. Find  $k$ , if  $PQ \parallel \parallel RS$  and  $P(2,4), Q(3,6), R(3,1)$  and  $S(5,k)$ .



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Problem Set 5 Fill In The Blanks

1. Seg AB is parallel to Y-axis and co-ordinates of point A are (1,3), then co-ordinates of point B can be.....a) (3,1) b) (5,3) c) (3,0) d) (1,-3)

A. (3,1)

B. (5,3)

C. (3,0)

D. (1,-3)

**Answer: D**



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2. Out of the following, point.....lies to the right of the origin on X-axis. a) (-2,0) b) (0,2) c) (2,3) d) (2,0)

A. (-2,0)

B. (0,2)

C. (2,3)

D. (2,0)

**Answer: D**



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3. Distance of point  $(-3,4)$  from the origin is.....a) 7 b) 1 c) 5 d) -5

A. 7

B. 1

C. 5

D.  $-5$

**Answer: C**



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4. A line makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the positive direction of X-axis. so the slope of the line is..... a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  b)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$  d)  $\sqrt{3}$

A.  $\frac{1}{2}$

B.  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

C.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

D.  $\sqrt{3}$

**Answer: C**



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## Problem Set 5

1. Determine whether the given points are collinear.(i)  $A(0,2), B(1,-0.5), C(2,-3)$



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2. Determine whether the given points are collinear.(ii)  $P(1,2), Q(2,8/5), R(3,6/5)$ .



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3. Determine whether the given points are collinear.(iii)  $L(1,2), M(5,3), N(8,6)$ .



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4. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line segment joining  $P(0,6)$  and  $Q(12,20)$ .



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5. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points  $A(3,8)$  and  $B(-9,3)$  is divided

by the Y-axis.



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6. Find a point on X-axis which is equidistant from  $P(2,-5)$  and  $Q(-2,9)$ .



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7. Find the distance between the following pairs of points (i)  $A(a,0), B(0,a)$ .



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8. Find the distance between the following pairs of points (ii)  $P(-6,-3), Q(-1,9)$



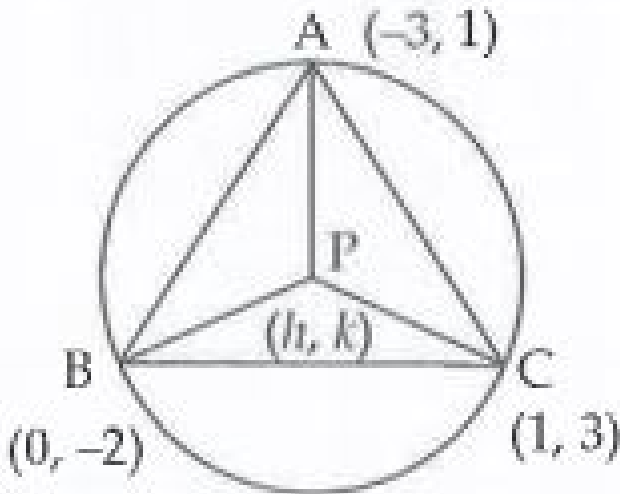
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9. Find the distance between the following pairs of points (iii)  $R(-3a,a), S(a,-2a)$



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10. Find the coordinates of circumcentre of a triangle whose vertices are  $(-3,1)$ ,  $(0,-2)$  and  $(1,3)$ .



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11. In the following example, can the segment joining the given points form a triangle? If

triangle is formed, state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

$L(6,4), M(-5,-3), N(-6,8)$ .



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**12.** In the following examples, can the segment joining the given points form a triangle? If triangle is formed, state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.

(ii)  $P(-2,-6), Q(-4,-2), R(-5,0)$ .



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**13.** In the following example, can the segment joining the given points form a triangle? If triangle is formed, state the type of the triangle considering sides of the triangle.  
L(6,4),M(-5,-3),N(-6,8).



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**14.** Find  $k$ , if the line passing through points P(-12,-3) and Q(4, $k$ ) has slope  $\frac{1}{2}$ .



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**15.** Show that the line joining the points  $A(4,8)$  and  $B(5,5)$  is parallel to the line joining the points  $C(2,4)$  and  $D(1,7)$ .



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**16.** Show that the points  $P(1,-2)$ ,  $Q(5,2)$ ,  $R(3,-1)$ ,  $S(-1,-5)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram.



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17. Show that the  $\square PQRS$  formed by  $P(2,1), Q(-1,3), R(-5,-3), S(-2,-5)$  is a rectangle.



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18. Find the equations of the sides of a triangle whose vertices are  $A(-1, 8), B(4, -2)$  and  $C(-5, -3)$



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**19.** Find the coordinates of centroid of a triangle whose vertices are  $(3, -5)$ ,  $(4, 3)$ ,  $(11, -4)$ ,



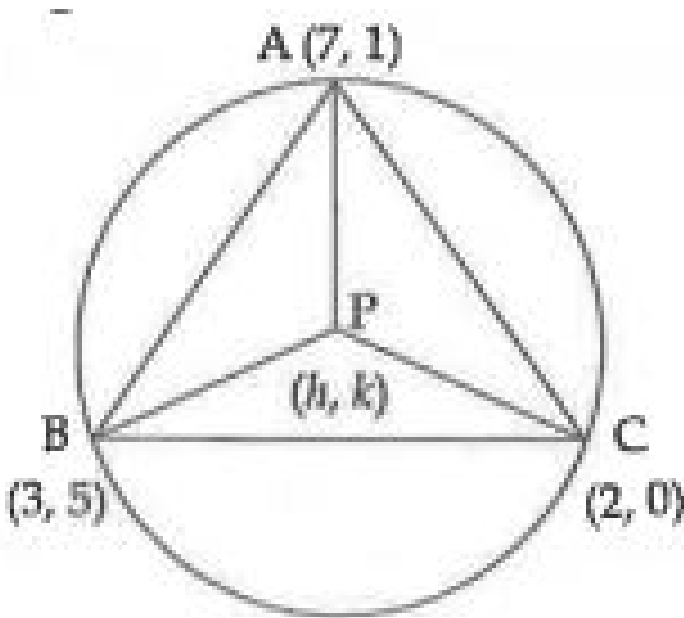
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**20.** Show that  $A(4, -1)$ ,  $B(6, 0)$ ,  $C(7, -2)$  and  $D(5, -3)$  are vertices of a square.



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21. Find the co-ordinates of circumcentre and radius of a circumcircle of  $\triangle ABC$ , if  $A(7,1)$ ,  $B(3,5)$  and  $C(2,0)$  are given.



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**22.** Given  $A(4,-3)$ ,  $B(8,5)$ . Find the co-ordinates of the point that divides segment  $AB$  in the ratio  $3:1$ .



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**23.** Find the area of quadrilateral whose vertices are:

$A(-3, 1)$ ,  $B(-2, -2)$ ,  $D(1, 4)$ ,  $C(3, -1)$



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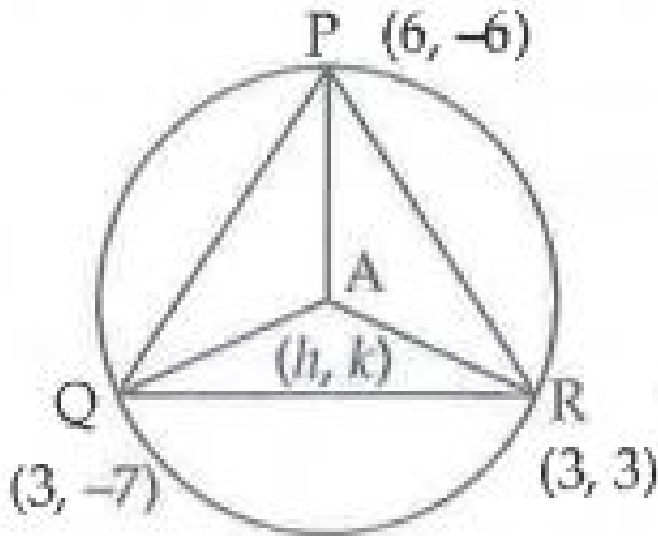
**24.** The line segment  $AB$  is divided into five congruent parts at  $P, Q, R$  and  $S$  such that  $A-P-Q-R-S-B$ . If point  $Q(12,14)$  and  $S(4,18)$  are given, find the co-ordinates of  $A, P, R, B$ .



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**25.** Find the co-ordinates of the center of the circle passing through the point.  $P(6,-6), Q(3,-7)$

and  $R(3,3)$ .



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**26.** Find the possible pairs of co-ordinates of the fourth vertex  $D$  of the parallelogram if

three of its vertices are A (5,6) , B (1,-2) and C (3,-2) .



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**27.** Find the slope of the diagonals of a quadrilateral with vertices A(1,7), B(6,3), C(0,-3) and D(-3,3).



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