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## MATHS

## BOOKS - BAL BHARTI

## TRIGONOMETRY

## Solved Examples

1. If $\sin \theta=\frac{5}{13}$, then find $\cos \theta$ if $\theta$ is in 1st quadrant.
2. If $\sec \theta=\frac{25}{7}$, then find the value of $\tan \theta$

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3. If $5 \sin \theta-12 \cos \theta=0$, find the values of $\sec \theta$ and $\operatorname{cosec} \theta$.

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4. If $\cos \theta=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, then find the value of $1-\sec \theta$
$\overline{1+\operatorname{cosec} \theta}$.

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5. $\int \tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin x}{1+\cos x}\right) d x=$

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6. Eliminate $\theta$ from the equations .
$x=a \sec \theta, y=b \tan \theta$

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7. A boy is at a distance of 60 m from a tree, makes an angle of elevation of $60^{\circ}$ with the top of the tree. What is the height of the tree?

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8. From the top of a lighthouse, an observer looking at a ship makes an angle of depression of $60^{\circ}$. If the height of the lighthouse is 90
metre, then find how far the ship is from the
lighthouse. ( $\sqrt{3}=1,73$ )

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9. A boy standing at a distance of 48 meters
from a building observes the top of the building and makes an angle of elevation of $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the building.

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10. A boy is at a distance of 60 m from a tree, makes an angle of elevation of $60^{\circ}$ with the top of the tree. What is the height of the tree?

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## Lets Recall

1. Prove that:
$\sin ^{2} \theta$
$\frac{\cos \theta}{\theta}+\cos \theta=\sec \theta$

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2. जर $\sin \theta=\frac{4}{5}$ तर $\cos \theta$ काढा.

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3. The centre and radius of a circle given by equation $x=2+3 \cos \theta, y=3 \sin \theta-3$ are

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4. If $\tan \theta=1$, then $\tan (90-\theta)=$ ?

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## 5. Prove that :

$\sin ^{2} \theta$
$\frac{\cos \theta}{\cos \theta=\sec \theta}$

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6. Write the truth values of the following: 4 is an odd or 1 is prime.
(D) Watch Video Solution

## 7. Find the square roots of the following: 18 i

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8. Find the square roots of the following: 18i

## D Watch Video Solution

## 9. Find the square roots of the following: 18 i

## - Watch Video Solution

10. Find the square roots of the following: 18i

## D Watch Video Solution

11. If $\tan \theta=2$ then find values of other trigonometric ratios.
(D) Watch Video Solution

Practice Set 61

1. If $\sin \theta=\frac{20}{29}$, then find the value of $\cos \theta$.

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2. If $\tan \theta=3 / 4$ then find the value of $\sec \theta$ and $\cos \theta$.

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3. If $\cot \theta=40 / 9$, find the value of $\cos e s \theta$ and sin theta.

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4. If $5 \sec \theta-12 \cos e c \theta=0$, find the values of $\sec \theta, \cos \theta$ and $\sin \theta$.

## - Watch Video Solution

5. If $\tan \theta=1$ then find the vlue of $\sin \theta+\cos \theta$
$\overline{\sec \theta+\operatorname{cosec} \theta}$

- Watch Video Solution

6. Prove that :
$\sin ^{2} \theta$
$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}+\cos \theta=\sec \theta$

## D Watch Video Solution

7. prove that $\cos ^{2} \theta\left(1+\tan ^{2} \theta\right)=1$

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8. prove that $\sqrt{(1-\sin \theta)} /(1+\sec \theta))=$ $\sec \theta-\tan \theta$
9. prove that $(\sec \theta-\cos \theta)(\cot \theta+\tan \theta)=$ $\tan \theta \cdot \sec \theta$

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10. prove that $\cot \theta+\tan \theta=\cos e c \theta \cdot \sec \theta$

- Watch Video Solution

11. prove that $\frac{1}{\sec \theta-\tan \theta}=\sec \theta+\tan \theta$

## D Watch Video Solution

12. Prove that:
$\sin ^{4} \theta+\cos ^{4} \theta=1-2 \cos ^{2} \theta+2 \cos ^{4} \theta$

## D Watch Video Solution

13. Prove that $\sec \theta+\tan \theta=\frac{\cos \theta}{1-\sin \theta}$
14. If $\tan \theta+\frac{1}{\tan \theta}=2$, then show that $\tan ^{2} \theta+\frac{1}{\tan ^{2} \theta}=2$.

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15. 

prove
that
$\frac{\tan A}{\left(1+\tan ^{2} A\right)^{2}}+\frac{\cot A}{\left(1+\cot ^{2} A\right)^{2}}=\sin \mathrm{A} \cos \mathrm{A}$.

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16. prove that $\sec ^{4} A\left(1-\sin ^{4} A\right)-2 \tan ^{2} A=$ 1.

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17. prove that $\frac{\tan \theta}{\sec \theta-1}=\frac{\tan \theta+\sec \theta+1}{\tan \theta+\sec \theta-1}$

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Practice Set 62

1. A person is standing at a distance of 80 m
from a church looking at its top. The angle of elevation is of $45^{\circ}$. Find the height of the church.

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2. From the top of a lighthouse, an observer
looking at a ship makes an angle of depression of $60^{\circ}$. If the height of the lighthouse is 90
metre, then find how far the ship is from the
lighthouse. ( $\sqrt{3}=1,73$ )

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3. Two buildings are facing each other on either side of a road of width 12 m . From the top of the first building, which is 10 m high, the angle of elevation of the top of the second is $60^{\circ}$. What is the height of the second building?
4. Two poles of heights 18 metre and 7 metere are erected on a ground. The length of the wire fastened at their tops in 22 meters. Find the angle made by the wire with the horizontal.

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5. A storm broke a tree and the treetop rested

20 m from the base of the tree, making an
angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the horizontal. Find the height of the tree.

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6. A kite is flying at a height 80 m above the ground . The string of the kite which is temporarily attached to the ground makes an angle $45^{\circ}$ with the ground. If there is no slack in the string, then the length of the string is

# 1. The $\sin \theta+\operatorname{cosec} \theta=2$, <br> $\sin ^{2} \theta+\operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta=\ldots \ldots . \ldots .$. A) 1 B) 3 C) 2 D) 4 

 then:A. 1
B. 0
C. $\frac{1}{2}$
D. $\sqrt{2}$

Answer: A
2. (2) $\cos e c 45^{\circ}=$ ?
A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
B. $\sqrt{2}$
C. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
D. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

Answer: B
3. (3) $1+\tan ^{2} \theta=$ ?
A. $\cot ^{2} \theta$
B. $\operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta$
C. $\sec ^{2} \theta$
D. $\tan ^{2} \theta$

Answer: C
4. What we see at a higher level from the horizontal line, angle formed is
A. angle of elevation
B. angle of depression.
C. 0
D. straight angle.

Answer: A
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1. If $\sin \theta=11 / 61$ find the values of $\cos \theta$ using trigonometric identity.

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2. (1) If $\tan \theta=2$, find the values of other trigonometric ratios using the identities.

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3. If $\sec \theta=13 / 12$, find values of other trigonometric ratios.

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4. Prove the following : (i) $\sec \theta(1-\sin \theta)($
$\sec \theta+\tan \theta)=1$

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5. Prove the following : $\sec \theta+\tan$ theta) (1-sin
$\theta)=\cos \theta$
6. Prove the following : $\sec ^{2} \theta+\operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta=$ $\sec ^{2} \theta \times \operatorname{cosec}{ }^{\theta}$

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7. Prove the following : $\cot ^{2} \theta-\tan ^{2} \theta=$ $\operatorname{cosec}{ }^{2} \theta-\sec ^{2} \theta$
8. Prove the following $: \tan ^{4} \theta+\tan ^{2} \theta=$ $\sec ^{4} \theta-\sec ^{2} \theta$

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$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 9. Prove that } \\
& \frac{1}{1+\sin \theta}+\frac{1}{1-\sin \theta}=2 \sec ^{2} \theta
\end{aligned}
$$

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10. Prove the following : $\sec ^{6} x-\tan ^{6} x=$ $1+3 \sec ^{2} x \times \tan ^{2} x$

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11. Prove the following : $\frac{\tan \theta}{\sec \theta+1}=\frac{\sec \theta-1}{\tan \theta}$

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12. Prove the following : $\frac{\tan ^{3} \theta-1}{\tan \theta-1}=$ $\sec ^{2} \theta+\tan \theta$

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13. Prove the following : $\frac{\sin \theta-\cos \theta+1}{\sin \theta+\cos \theta-1}=$ (1)/ (sec theta - tan theta)

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14. A boy standing at a distance of 48 meters
from a building observes the top of the building and makes an angle of elevation of $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the building.
15. From the top of a lighthouse, an observer looks at a ship and finds the angle of depression to be $30^{\circ}$. If the height of the lighthouse is 100 m , then find how far is that ship from the lighthouse.

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16. Two buildings are in front of each other on
a road of width 15 meters. From the top of the
first building, having a height of 12 meters, the angle of elevation of the top of the second building is $30^{\circ}$. What is the height of the second building?

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17. A ladder on the platform of a fire brigade
van can be elevated at an angle of $70^{\circ}$ to the maximum. The length of the ladder can be extended upto 20 m . If the platform is 2 m
above the ground upto which the ladder can
reach. $\left(\sin 70^{\circ}=0.94\right)$

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18. From the top of a lighthouse, an observer looking at a ship makes an angle of depression of $60^{\circ}$. If the height of the lighthouse is 90 metre, then find how far the ship is from the lighthouse. ( $\sqrt{3}=1,73$ )

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