

### **MATHS**

## **BOOKS - SWAN PUBLICATION**

## **CIRCLES**

**Exercise 101** 

1. How many tangents can a circle have?



2. A tangent PQ at a point P of a circle of radius 5 cm meets a line through the centre O at a point Q so that OQ = 12 cm. Length PQ is:

- A. 12 cm
- B. 13 cm
- $\mathsf{C.8} \cdot \mathsf{5} \, \mathsf{cm}$
- D.  $\sqrt{119}$  cm

#### **Answer: D**



**3.** Draw a circle and two lines parallel to a given line such that one is a tangent and other a secant to the circle



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## **Exercise 10 1 Fill In The Blanks**

**1.** Fill in the blanks: A tangent to a circle intersects it in ...... point(s).



**2.** Fill in the blanks : A line intersecting a circle in two points is called a...



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**3.** Fill in the blanks: A circle can have....... parallel tangents at the most.



**4.** Fill in the blanks : The common point of a tangent to a circle and the circle is called.....



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### Exercise 10 2

**1.** From a point Q, the length of the tangent to a circle is 24 cm and the distance of Q from the centre is 25 cm. The radius of the circle is

A. 7 cm

B. 12 cm

C. 15 cm

D.  $24 \cdot 5$  cm

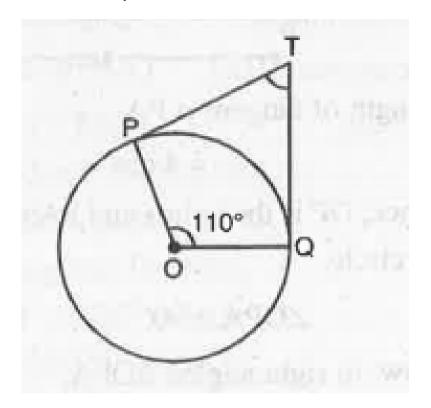
#### **Answer: A**



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**2.** In Fig., if TP and TQ and two tangents to a circle with centre O so that ZPOQ =  $110^{\circ}$ , then

# ZPTQ is equal to



A.  $60^{\circ}$ 

B.  $70^{\circ}$ 

C.  $80^{\circ}$ 

D.  $90^{\circ}$ 

#### **Answer: B**



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**3.** If tangents PA and PB from a point P to a circle with centre O are inclined to each other at angle of  $80^{\circ}$ , then  $\angle$ POA is equal to

A.  $50^{\circ}$ 

B.  $60^{\circ}$ 

C.  $70^{\circ}$ 

D.  $80^{\circ}$ 

#### **Answer: A**



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**4.** Prove that the tangents drawn at the ends of a diameter of a circle are parallel.



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**5.** Prove that the perpendicular at the point of contact to the tangent to a circle passes through the centre.

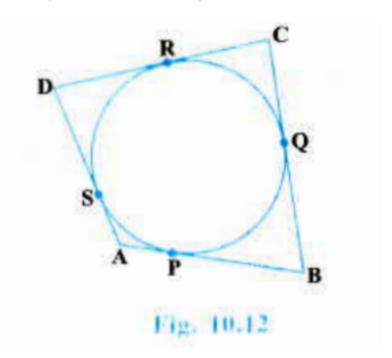
**6.** The length of a tangent from a point A at distance 5 cm from the centre of the circle is 4 cm. Find the radius of the circle.



**7.** Two concentric circles are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle.

**8.** A quadrilateral ABCD is drawn to circumscribe a circle(seeFig).Prove that

$$AB + CD = AD + BC$$



**9.** Prove that the angle between the two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is supplementary to the angle subtended by the line segment joining the points of contact at the centre.

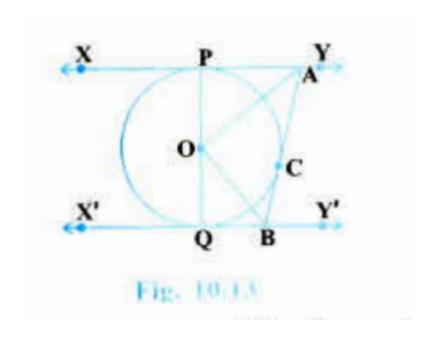


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**10.** In Fig, 10.13, XY and X'Y' are two parallel tangents to a circle with centre O and another tangent AR with point of contact C

intersecting XY at A and X'Y' at B. Prove that

$$\angle AOB = 90^{\circ}$$
.

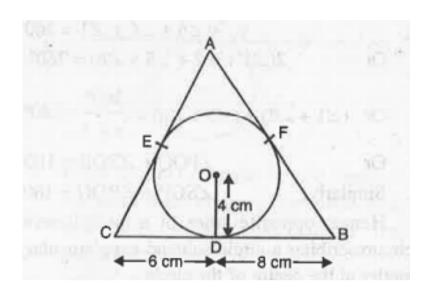




**11.** Prove that the parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.

12. A triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 4 cm such that the segments BD and DC into which BC is divided by the point of contact Dare of lengths 8 cm and 6 cm respectively (see Fig). Find the sides AB and

AC.





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**13.** Prove that opposite sides of a quadrilateral circumscribing a circle subtend supplementary angles at the centre of the circle.



