

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - BEYOND PUBLICATION

CHEMICAL EQUATIONS

Example

1. What changes do you notice generally?



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2. "Coal is burnt", "crackers are burnt" Changes

Are they physical (or) chemical changes?



3. Are they (coal, crackers) temporary changes or permanent changes?



4. What information is provided by a blanced equation?



5. Balance the following chemical equations.

b)
$$Hg(NO_3)_2 + KI
ightarrow HgI_2 + KNO_3$$



6. Balance the following chemical equations including the physical states.

1)
$$C_6H_{12}O_6
ightarrow C_2H_5OH+CO_2$$



- 7. Balance the following chemical equations including the physical states.
- 3) $NH_3+Cl_2
 ightarrow N_2H_4+NH_4Cl$
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 - 8. Balance the following chemical equations including the physical states.

9. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following and identify

 $\operatorname{Calcium} \operatorname{hydroxide}_{(aq)} + \operatorname{Nitric} \operatorname{acid}_{(aq)} \to \operatorname{water}_{(I)} + \operatorname{Calcium} \operatorname{nitrate}_{(Aq)}$

4) $Na + H_2O
ightarrow NaOH + H_2$

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the type of reaction in each case.

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- 10. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following and identify the type of reaction in each case.

 $\operatorname{Magnesium}_{(s)} + \operatorname{Iodine}_{(g)} \to \operatorname{Magnesium} \operatorname{Iodide}_{(s)}$



11. Balance the chemical equation by including the physical states of the substances for the following reactions.

b) Sodium hydroxide reacts with hydrochloric acid to produce sodium chloride and water.



12. Balance the chemical equation by including the physical states of the substances for the following reactions.

a) Barium chloride and sodium sulphate aqueous solutions react to give insoluble barium sulphate and aqueous solution of sodium chloride.



13. Potassium nitrate and sodium nitrate reacts separately with copper sulphate solution. Write balanced chemical equations for the above reactions.



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14. 2 moles of Zinc reacts with a cupric chloride solution containing 6.023×10^{22} formula units of $CuCl_2$. Calculate the moles of copper obtained. $Zn_{(s)} + CuCl_{2(aq)} \to ZnCl_{2(aq)} + Cu_{(s)}$



15. 1 Mole of propane (C_3H_8) on combustion at STP gives 'A' kilo joules of heat energy. Calculate the heat liberated when 2.4 ltrs of propane on combustion at STP.



16. Calculate the mass and volume of oxygen required at STP to convert 2.4 kg of graphite into carbon dioxide.



17. How do we know a chemical reaction has taken place?



number of atoms of each element on both sides equal ?



19. $Na_2SO_4+BaCl_2 o BaSO_4+$ NaCl. Do the atoms of each element on left side equal to the atoms of the element on the right side of the equation?

18. $CaO + H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH_2)$. From this chemical equation, is the



20. $2C_3H_8 + 10O_2 \rightarrow 6CO_2 + 8H_2O$

Is it a balanced equation as per rules? How do you say?



21. Write an activity when calcium oxide reacts with water.



22. How do you test the nature of the solution formed by dissolving CaO

in water? what is the nature of the solution?



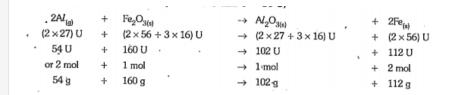
23. Explain the reaction between sodium sulphate and Barium chloride.



24. Explain the reaction between sodium sulphate and Barium chloride.
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25. Formation of a H_2 gas by the action of dil. HCl and Zn pieces.
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26. What are the steps involved in white washing of walls?
Watch Video Solution
27. Write the balanced chemical reactions using the appropriate symbols.
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28. $Al_s + Fe_2O_3(s) o Al_2O_3(s) + Fe_s$ (atomic masses of Al = 27 U Fe =

56 U and O = 16 U). Suppose that you are asked to calculate the amount of aluminium, required to get 1120 kg of iron by the above equation.



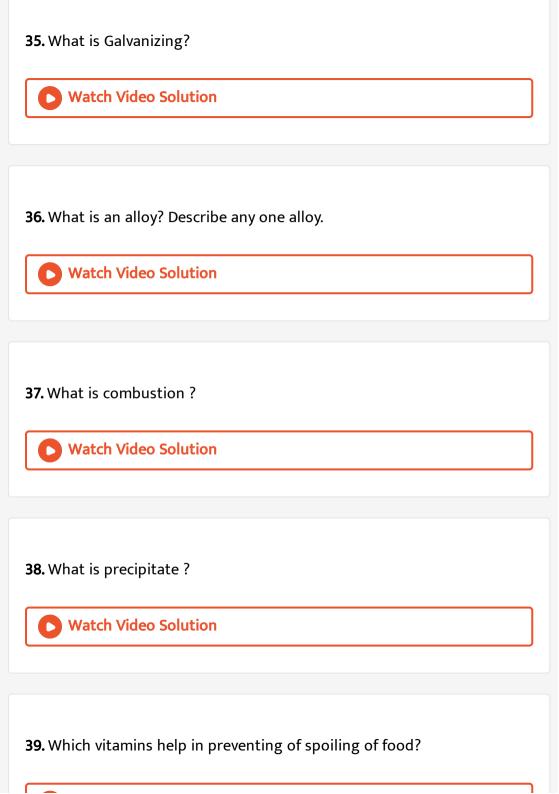


29. Calculate the volume and the number of molecules of CO_2 liberated at STP if 50 grams of $CaCO_3$ is treated with dilute hydrochloric acid which contains 7.3 grams of dissolved HCl gas.

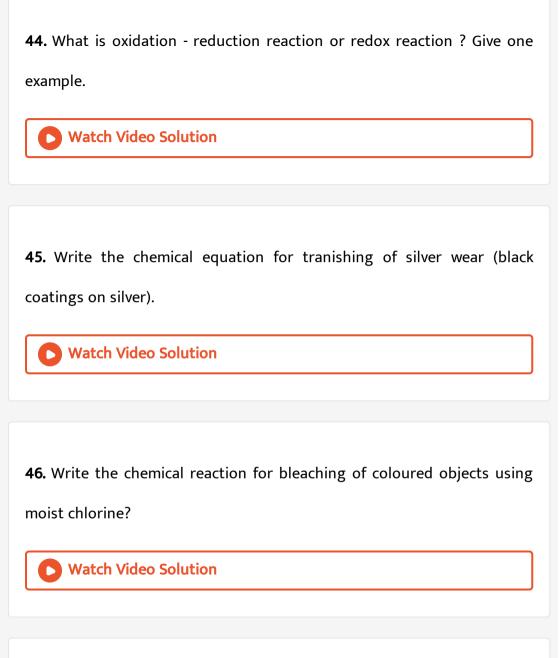


30. Calculate the volume, mass and number of molecules of hydrogen liberated when 230 g of sodium reacts with excess of water at STP (atomic masses of Na = 23U, O = 16 U and H = 1U).

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31. What is a chemical equation?
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32. What are the reactants and products in a chemical reaction?
Watch Video Solution
22 What is a balanced drawind a westing 2 Give account.
33. What is a balanced chemical equation ? Give example. Watch Video Solution
34. What is a chemical change ? What are its properties ? Watch Video Solution



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40. Why the smell and taste of food items change?
Watch Video Solution
41. What do you meant by skeleton equation ? Give one example.
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42. What is a thermal decomposition reaction ? Give an example. Watch Video Solution
Watch video Soldtion
43. What is a photochemical reaction? Give one example.
Watch Video Solution





47. How can you prevent the spoiling of food?

48. Why the white washig gives shiny finish to the walls?



49. "Freshly cut apple turning brown, the iron articles shiny when new, but gradually become reddish brown when left for sometime.". How do these changes occur?



50. Balance the following equations.

1) $Na+O_2
ightarrow Na_2O$



51. Balance the following equations.

2) $H_2O_2
ightarrow H_2O+O_2$

52. Balance the following equations.

- 3) $Mg(OH)_2 + HCl
 ightarrow MgCl_2 + H_2O$
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53. Balance the following equations.

- 4) $Fe+O_2
 ightarrow Fe_2O_3$
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54. $MnO_2+4HCl
ightarrow MnCl_2+2H_2O+Cl_2$

In the above equation, name the compound which is oxidized and which is reduced.



55. Why do we apply paint of iron articles?



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56. Balance the follwowing equations.

- 1) $Al(OH)_3
 ightarrow Al_2O_3 + H_2O$
 - Watch Video Solution

57. Balance the follwowing equations.

- 2) $NH_3 + CuO
 ightarrow Cu + N_2 + H_2O$
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58. Balance the followwing equations.

- 3) $Al_2(SO_4)_3 + NaOH
 ightarrow Al(OH)_3 + Na_2SO_4$
 - Watch Video Solution

59. Balance the follwowing equations.

- 4) $HNO_3 + Ca(OH)_2
 ightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + H_2O$
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- **60.** Balance the follwowing equations.
- 5) $NaOH + H_2SO_4
 ightarrow Na_2SO_4 + H_2O$
 - Watch Video Solution

- **61.** Balance the follwowing equations.
- 6) $BaCl_2 + H_2SO_4
 ightarrow BaSO_4 + HCl$
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62. What happens if iron articles are exposed to moist air? Write the chemical equation to represent that reaction.

63. On adding dilute hydrochloric acid to copper oxide powder, the solution formed is blue green. Write the new compound formed.



64. Write the products of given reactions, if any. Give reason.

$$FeCl_2 + Zn
ightarrow$$

$$ZnCl_2 + Fe
ightarrow$$



65. Write the products of given reactions, if any. Give reason.

$$FeCl_2 + Zn
ightarrow$$

$$ZnCl_2 + Fe
ightarrow$$



- **66.** a) What is a balancing equation?
- b) Write the steps involved in the balancing a chemical reaction.
- c) Balance the equation $C_3H_8+O_2
 ightarrow CO_2+H_2O$ step by step.



67. Why dough rises swells, when it is treated with yeast?

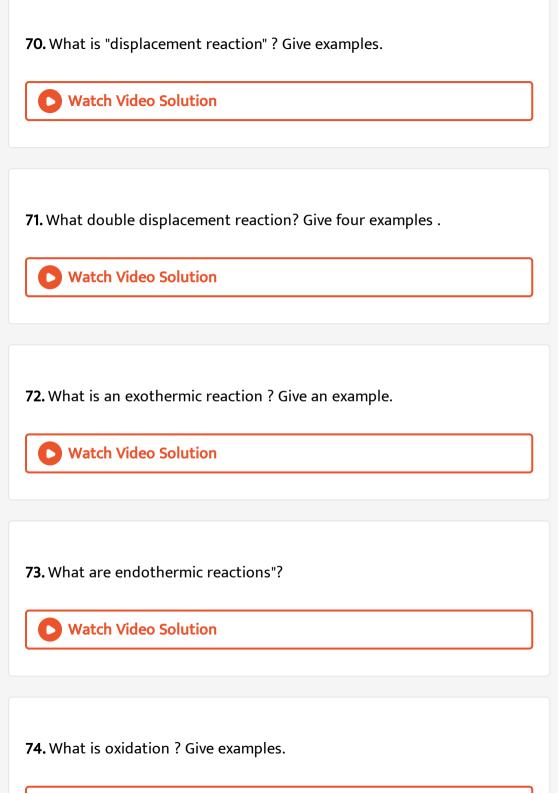


68. Define chemical combination and give an example.

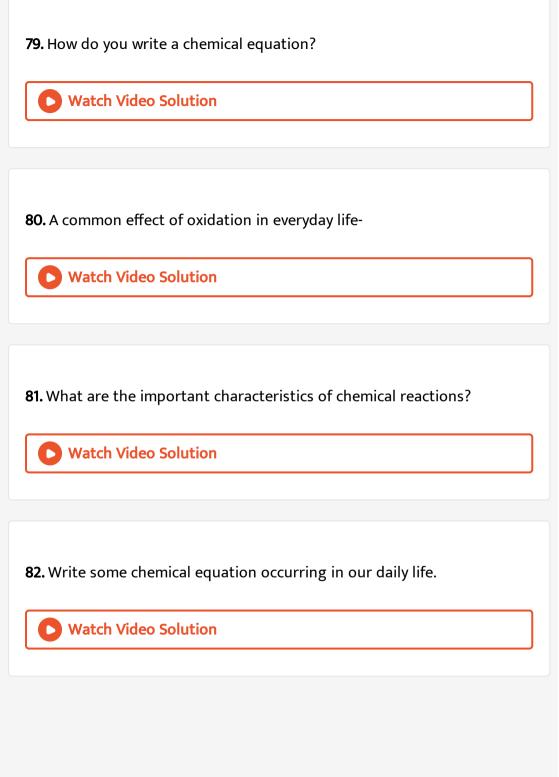


69. What is "decomposition reaction"? Give examples.





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75. What is a reducing agent ? Give examples.
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76. What is corrosion ? Discuss the methods for preventing corrosion .
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77. What do you mean by "rancidity"?
Watch Video Solution
78. What do you observe during chemical change ?
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83. What symbols do we use to indicate the physical state of reactants and products in an equation ?



84. $C_{(s)} + O_{2(g)} \to CO_{2(g)} + Q$ is



85. Comment on $N_2(g) + O_2(g) + Heat
ightarrow 2NO(g)$ ' equation.



86. $2Cu+O_2
ightarrow 2CuO$ what information do you get from this equation?



87. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 $Zinc+Silver\ nitrate \rightarrow Zinc\ nitrate + Silver$



88. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 $Aluminium \ + Copper \ chloride \rightarrow Aluminium \ chloride + Copper$



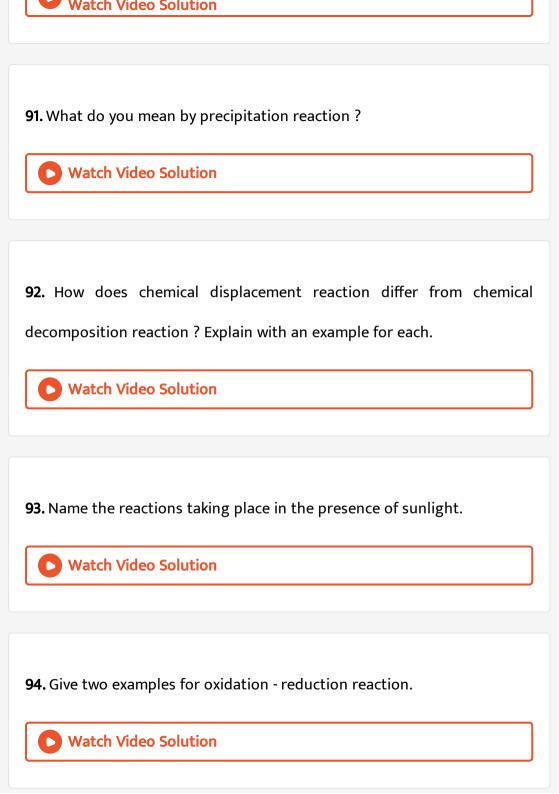
89. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 ${\rm Hydrogen} + {\rm Chlorine} \, \to \, {\rm Hydrogen} \; {\rm chloride}$



90. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 $Ammonium\ nitrate \rightarrow Nitrous\ oxide + Water$



95. In the refining of silver, the recovery of silver from silver nitrate solution involved displacement by copper metal. Write the reaction involved.



96. What do you mean by corrosion? How can you prevent it?



97. Explain rancidity.



98. What is the use of keeping food in air tight containers?



99. Balance the following chemical equation and follow the steps involved in balancing a chemical equation. $Cu_2S+O_2 o Cu_2O+SO_2$



100. Balance the following chemical equations.

c)
$$H_2 + O_2
ightarrow H_2 O$$



101. Balance the following chemical equation.

$$C_2H_6+O_2
ightarrow CO_2+H_2O$$



102. Balance the chemical equation by including the physical states of the substances for the following reactions.

c) Zinc pieces react with dilute hydrochloric acid to liberate hydrogen gas and forms zinc chloride.



103. Mohan was working in a factory. He purchased a new cycle but kept it in the open even after duty hours. After two months he found that the cycle chain and even the handles got rusted. His friend advised him to apply a coating of rust proof paint to the cycle and not to keep it in the open in future.

Why was the cycle rusted?



104. Mohan was working in a factory. He purchased a new cycle but kept it in the open even after duty hours. After two months he found that the cycle chain and even the handles got rusted. His friend advised him to apply a coating of rust proof paint to the cycle and not to keep it in the

open in future.

Why was the cycle rusted?



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105. i) $CaCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(q)}$

ii) $2AgBr_{\,(\,s\,)}\,
ightarrow\,2Ag_{\,(\,s\,)}\,+Br_{2\,(\,g\,)}$

Mention the types of reaction of which the above equations belong. Also mention which of them is a photochemical reaction.



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106. i) $CaCO_{3(s)} \to CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(q)}$

ii) $2AgBr_{\,(\,s\,)}\,
ightarrow\,2Ag_{\,(\,s\,)}\,+Br_{2\,(\,g\,)}$

Mention the types of reaction of which the above equations belong. Also mention which of them is a photochemical reaction.



107. Write the steps involved in the balancing a chemical reaction. Give an examples balancing the chemical equation.



108. How to make a chemical equation more informative?



109. What is balanced chemical equation? Why should chemical equations be balanced?



110. Write an equation for decomposition reaction where energy is supplied in the form of heat/light/electricity.



111. Why does respiration considered as an exothermic reaction? Explain.



112. What is the difference between displacement and double displacement reactions? Write equations for these reactions.



113. Observe the following equation which shows the action of heat on Calcium Nitrate : $2Ca(NO_3)_2 \to 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ How many moles of NO_2 are formed when 2 moles of $Ca(NO_3)_2$ is decomposed?



114. Observe the following equation which shows the action of heat on Calcium Nitrate : $2Ca(NO_3)_2 o 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ What is the

volume of NO_2 produced when 164 gm of $Ca(NO_3)_2$ is heated at constant temperature and pressure ?



115. Observe the following equation which shows the action of heat on Calcium Nitrate : $2Ca(NO_3)_2 \to 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ Calculate the mass of Calcium Oxide formed when 82 gm of $Ca(NO_3)_2$ is heated.



116. Observe the following equation which shows the action of heat on Calcium Nitrate : $2Ca(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ What is the quantity of $Ca(NO_3)_2$, is required to produce 5 moles of gaseous products?



117. We write symbol of water as H_2O . State why should not we write it

HO₂

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Balance the following chemical equations: 118.



 $Na_2SO_4 + BaCI_2
ightarrow BaSO_4 + NaCI$

balance the following chemical equations: 119.

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 $Al_4C_3 + H_2O \rightarrow CH_4 + Al(OH)_3$

120. balance the chemical equations: $Pb(NO_3)_2 o PbO + NO_2 + O_2$



121. Balance the chemical equation $Fe_2O_3+Al o Fe+Al_2O_3.$ Write the steps of balancing.



122. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

Zinc+Silver nitrate \rightarrow Zinc nitrate + Silver



123. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 ${\bf Aluminium} \ + {\bf Copper} \ {\bf chloride} \rightarrow {\bf Aluminium} \ {\bf chloride} + {\bf Copper}$



124. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

 $\mathbf{Hydrogen} + \mathbf{Chlorine} \, \to \, \mathbf{Hydrogen} \, \mathbf{chloride}$



125. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.

126. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following and identify

 $Magnesium_{(s)} + Hydrochloric acid_{(aq)} \rightarrow Magnesium chloride_{(aq)} + Hydrochloric acid_{(aq)}$

 ${\bf Ammonium\ nitrate} \to {\bf Nitrous\ oxide} + {\bf Water}$



the type of reaction in each case

the type of reaction in each case.

127. Write the balanced chemical equations for the following and identify the type of reaction in each case.

 $\operatorname{Zinc}_{(s)} + \operatorname{Calcium} \operatorname{chloride}_{(aq)} \to \operatorname{Zinc} \operatorname{Chloride}_{(aq)} + \operatorname{Calcium}_{(s)}$



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128. How do you appreciate the role of oxygen in combustion process?



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132. Observe the following equation which shows the action of heat on Calcium Nitrate : $2Ca(NO_3)_2 \to 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$ What is the quantity of $Ca(NO_3)_2$, is required to produce 5 moles of gaseous products?



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133. Why should we balance a chemical equation? Take any one chemical equation and explain the procedure of balancing it.



134.
$$N_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,+O_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,+{
m Heat}\,
ightarrow\,2NO_{\,(\,g\,)}$$

What information do you get from the above equation? Comment.



135. Write an activity about how you conduct an experiment to show that more reactive metals metals replace less reactive metals from their compounds.



136. Balance the following chemical equations.

- i) $Zn_{(s)} + AgNO_{3(aq)}
 ightarrow Zn(NO_3)_{2(aq)} + Ag_{(s)}$
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137. Balance the following chemical equations.

- ii) $Fe_2O_{3\hspace{0.05cm}(\hspace{0.05cm}s\hspace{0.05cm})}+C_{\hspace{0.05cm}(\hspace{0.05cm}s\hspace{0.05cm})}
 ightarrow Fe_{\hspace{0.05cm}(\hspace{0.05cm}s\hspace{0.05cm})}+CO_{2\hspace{0.05cm}(\hspace{0.05cm}g\hspace{0.05cm})}$
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138. Balance the following chemical equations.

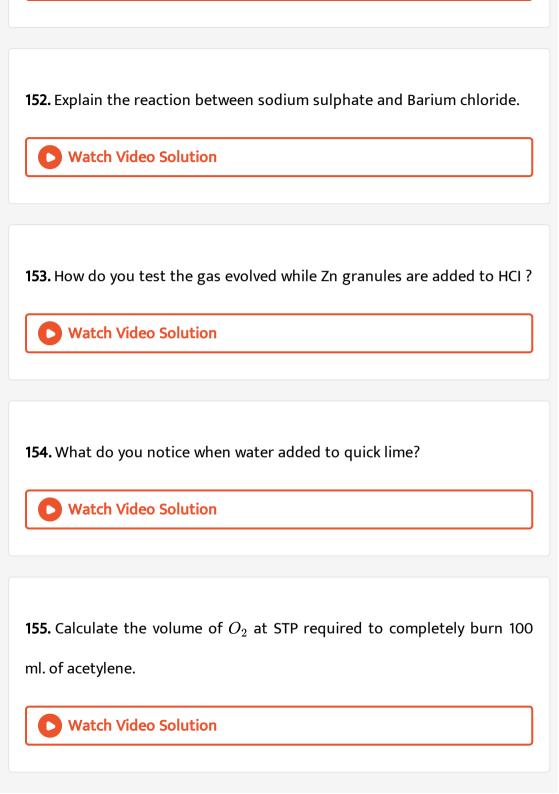
- iii) $Ag_{(s)} + H_2S_{(g)}
 ightarrow Ag_2S_{(s)} + H_2O_{(l)}$
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- 139. Balance the following chemical equations.
- iv) $Cu_{\,(\,s\,)}\,+O_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,
 ightarrow\,CuO_{\,(\,s\,)}$

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140. What is a skeleton equation ?
Watch Video Solution
141. Write the reactants and products in the following reaction. Calcium
oxide + Water $ ightarrow$ Calcium hydroxide.
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142. What is a chemical equation?
Watch Video Solution
143. What is a limiting reagent?
Watch Video Solution

144. What are the changes observed in a chemical reaction? **Watch Video Solution** 145. What is a balanced chemical equation? Give example. **Watch Video Solution** 146. What are your observations after adding Zinc granules to HCI? **Watch Video Solution** 147. Write the balanced chemical reaction for the following and identify the type of reaction in each case. B) $\operatorname{Zinc}_{(s)} \, + \, \operatorname{Hydrochloric} \operatorname{acid}_{(\mathit{aq})} \, \to \, \operatorname{Zinc} \operatorname{chloride}_{(\mathit{aq})} \, + \, \operatorname{Hydrogen}_{(\mathit{g})}$

148. What are the precautions to be observed while mixing Zn and HCI? **Watch Video Solution** 149. How do you test the nature of the solution formed by dissolving CaO in water? what is the nature of the solution? **Watch Video Solution** 150. Water is added to quick lime in a beaker and you touch the bottom of the beaker what do you notice? What is the reason? **Watch Video Solution** 151. How do you test the gas evolved while Zn granules are added to HCI? **Watch Video Solution**



156. How much minimum volume of CO at STP is needed to react completely with 0.112 L of O_2 at 1.5 atm. Pressure and $127^{\circ}C$ to give CO_2 .



157. Calculate the volume and the number of molecules of CO_2 liberated at STP if 50 grams of $CaCO_3$ is treated with dilute hydrochloric acid which contains 7.3 grams of dissolved HCl gas.



158. How much of lime (CaO) can be obtained by the calcinations of 300 g of lime stone?



159. What volume of H_2 at STP is required to reduce 0.795 g of CuO to give Cu and H_2O .



160. Where do we write reactants in a chemical equation?



161. Why all the chemical equations must balance?



162. Why should we balance a chemical equation?



163. $N_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,+O_{2\,(\,g\,)}\,+{
m Heat}\,
ightarrow\,2NO_{\,(\,g\,)}$

What information do you get from the above equation? Comment.



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164. Calculate the mass and volume of oxygen required at STP to convert

2.4 kg of graphite into carbon dioxide.



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Exercise

1. Which of the following is correct?

A.
$$Zn + HCl
ightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2$$

B.
$$2Zn + HCl
ightarrow 2ZnCl_2 + H - 2$$

C.
$$Zn+2Hcl
ightarrow ZnCl_2+H_2$$

D.
$$Zn + 2HCl
ightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2$$

Answer:



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- 2. Downward arrow in chemical equation indicates-
 - A. Direction
 - B. Gas
 - C. Precipitate
 - D. No reaction

Answer:



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3. The colour of the precipitate of lead iodide is-

A. blue

B. black

C. green

D. yellow

Answer:

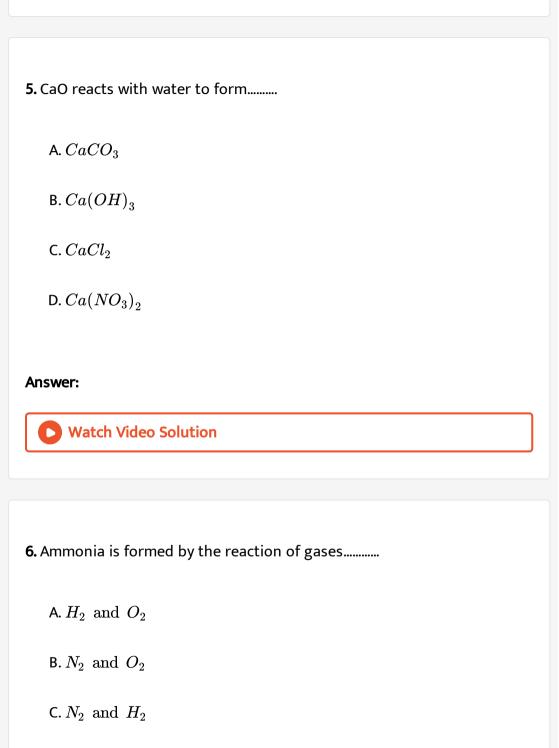


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- 4. which of the following is a skeleton reaction?
- A. $C_3H_8+O-2
 ightarrow CO_2+H_2O$
 - B. $Fe_2O_3 + 2Al \rightarrow 2Fe + Al_2O_3$
 - C. $AqNO_3 + NaCl \rightarrow AqCl + NaNO_3$
 - D. $Ca(OH)_2 + CO_2
 ightarrow CaCO_3 + H_2O$

Answer:





D. H_2 and He
Answer:
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7. A solution of potassium iodide reacts with lead nitrate to give
A. KNO_3
B. PbI_2
C. A and B

D. PbO

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Answer:

8. When a smal piece of zinc metal is added to a solution of Copper sulphate and onheating the products formed are......

A. CuO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,ZnSO_4 + Cu$

C. ZnO

D. $H_2\uparrow$

Answer:



9. The chemical reaction in which energy is absorbed to form a new compound is called.

A. exothermic reaction

B. endothermic reaction

C. thermal reaction

D. photochemical reaction
Answer:
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10. The substances that are present on left side of a chemical equation are called
A. reactants
B. products
C. precipitates

D. gases

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Answer:

11. A chemical equation should be balanced because the law...... Should be verified.

A. constant proportions

B. conservation of mass

C. law of equality

D. law of balance

Answer:



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12. C+ $O_2 o CO_2 + Q$. This is reaction.

A. endothermic

B. chemical

C. exothermic

D. photochemical

Answer:



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13. $Ca(OH)_2 + CO_2 o CaCO_3 + H_2O$. In this reaction shiny finish to walls is due to ____

- A. $Ca(OH)_2$
- B. $CaCO_3$
- $\mathsf{C}.\,CO_2$
- D. H_2O

Answer:



A. Al B. $2AlO_3$ $\mathsf{C}.\,Al_2O_3$

D. $Al(O_3)_2$

Answer:



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15. Fill in the blanks: $C_6H_{12}O_6+6O_2
ightarrow+6H_2O+Q$

A. CO_2

 $B.6CO_2$

 $C.3CO_2$

D. $4CO_2$

Answer:



16.
$$Pb(NO_3)_2 + \dots = PbI_2 + 2KNO_3$$

A. KI

B. 2KI

C. Kl_2

D. K_2l

Answer:

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17. $NaCl + AgNO_3 \rightarrow \dots + NaNO_3$

A. $AgCl_2$

B. 2 AgCl

C. AgCl

D.	$AgNO_3$	3
D.	$AgNO_3$	3

Answer:



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- **18.** Fill in the blanks: $Na_2SO_4+..... o BaSO_4+2NaCl$
 - A. $BaCl_2$
 - B. 2 BaCl
 - C. Ba_2Cl
 - D. BaCl

Answer:



19. Balance the following chemical equations.

i)
$$Zn_{(s)} + AgNO_{3(aq)}
ightarrow Zn(NO_3)_{2(aq)} + Ag_{(s)}$$

A.
$$2Zn + AgNO_3
ightarrow Zn(NO_3)_2 + 2Ag$$

B.
$$Zn + 2AgNO_3
ightarrow Zn(NO_3)_2 + 2Ag$$

C.
$$Zn + 2AgNO_3
ightarrow ZnNO_3 + 2Ag$$

D.
$$2Zn + 2AgNO_3
ightarrow Zn(NO_3)_2 + Ag$$

Answer:



20. If some amount of energy is released in a chemical reaction, then it is called reaction.

A. exothermic

B. endothermic

C. oxidation

D. reduction
Answer:
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21. Colour of silvr bromide is
A. red
B. silver
C. light yellow
D. brown
D. DIOWII
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
22. $Cl_2 + H_2O ightarrow \ldots \ldots + HCl$

A. H_2O
B. HOCI
C. HCl
D. OH^{-}
Answer:
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23. Precipitate in a reaction is indicated by which arrow mark?
23. Precipitate in a reaction is indicated by which arrow mark ? A. \rightarrow
$A. \; o$
$A. \; o$
A. \rightarrow B. \uparrow
A. \rightarrow B. \uparrow C. \downarrow
A. \rightarrow B. \uparrow C. \downarrow

24. What happens when dil. Hydrochloric acid is added to iron filing?

Choose the correct answer.

A. hydrogen gas and iron chloride are produced

B. chlorine gas and iron hydorxide are produced

C. no reactioin takes place

D. iron salt and water are produced

Answer:



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25. In the chemical reaction $Fe_2O_3+2AI \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 2Fe+AI_2O_3$ the symbol represents

A. compressing

B. heating

C. cooling

D. smelting

Answer:



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26. Identify the exothermic reaction among the following-

A.
$$C+O_2 o CO_2$$

B.
$$N_2 + O_2
ightarrow 2NO$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,\mathit{CaO} + \mathit{H}_2\mathit{O}
ightarrow \mathit{Ca}(\mathit{OH})_2$$

D. all the above

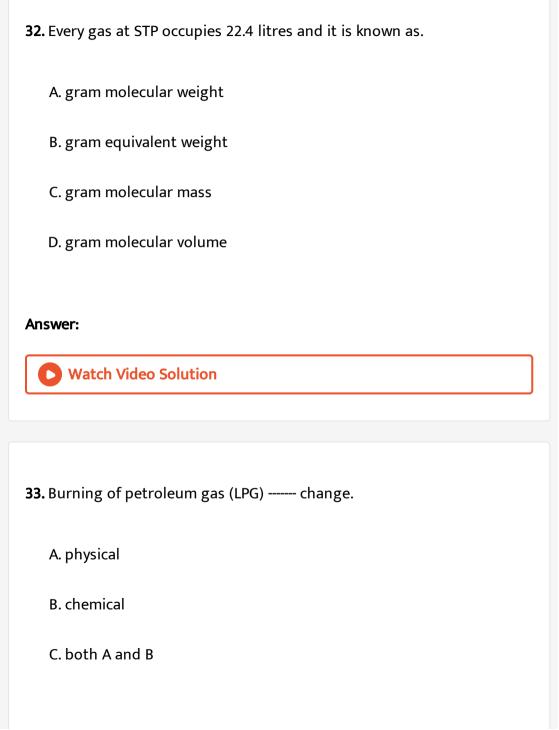
Answer:



27. Atomic mass of oxygen-
A. 8U
B. 23U
C. 27U
D. 16U
Answer:
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28. Chemical reaction occurs with the of chemical bonds-
A. formation
B. breaking
C. both A and B
D. none

Answer:
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29. The metal formed when zinc react with $AgNO_3$ is-
A. Au
B. Ag
C. Al
D. Cu
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
30. The substances that are present on left side of a chemical equation are called

A. reactants
B. oxidants
C. reductants
D. products
Answer:
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31. The formula of hypochlorous acid is-
A. HCl
B. H_2SO_4
C. HOCI
D. H_2Cl_3
Answer:
Watch Video Solution



D. neither physical nor chemical

Answer:



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34. Identify the balance equations among.

A.
$$H_2 + O_2
ightarrow 2 H_2 O$$

B.
$$H_2+O_2
ightarrow 2H_2O$$

C.
$$2H_2+O_2
ightarrow 2H_2O$$

D.
$$H_2 + 2O_2
ightarrow H_2O_4$$

Answer:



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35. In exothermic reaction heat energy is-

A. absorbed
B. created
C. released
D. none of these
Answer:
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36. The process of preparing slaked lime by adding water to quicklime is
this type of chemical reaction.
A. Decomposition reaction
B. Exothermic reaction
C. Endothermic reaction
D. Displacement reaction
Answer:

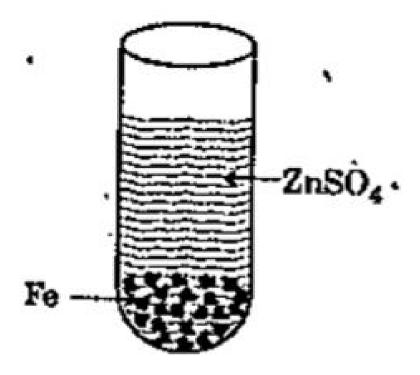
37. $Zn+2HCl ightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2$ is an example for

- A. Chemical combination
- B. Chemical decomposition
- C. Chemical displacement
- D. Chemical double displacement

Answer:



38. The correct observation made by the student after putting clean pieces of Iron in the test-tube containing Zine sulphate phate are as



A. solution becomes colourless and Zinc gets deposited or Iron.

- B. solution becomes green and Zinc gets deposited on Iron.
- C. iron pieces get dissolved in the solution making it green.
- D. no reaction is observed.

Answer:



39. Burning of magnesium crackers is a reaction of
A. reduction
B. cracking
C. oxidation
D. galvnizing
Answer:
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40. If the gas liberated in an experiment allows the burning splinter to continue burning more brightly in its presence, the gas is
A. oxygen
B. nitrogen
C. hydrogen

D. carbon dioxide
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
41. Why should we write the arrow tat pointing towards products while?
Watch Video Solution
42. What should we do, if two or more reactants are there writing a
chemical equation ?
Watch Video Solution
43. Why should we balance a chemical equation?
Watch Video Solution

44. What is a chemical equation?
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45. By a balanced chemical equation, what do we know about atoms ?
Watch Video Solution
46. How many steps are there in balancing the equation ?
Watch Video Solution
47. Is there any impOrtance of molecular formulae in writing the equation ?
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48. How do the co-efficients of the substances would be, while balancing the equation ?



49. Can we change the ratio of atoms in the molecules of the substances while balancing the equation ?



50. Sitara told that a chemical reaction occurs in ripening of grapes. Is it true or not ? Explain.



51. $X-Y\leftarrow Z$. Raja wrote a chemical equation like so ? What are the defects in it ? Correct them.

52. $Zn+HCl o ZnCl_2+H_2.$ Is it a balanced equation ? Give the reason.

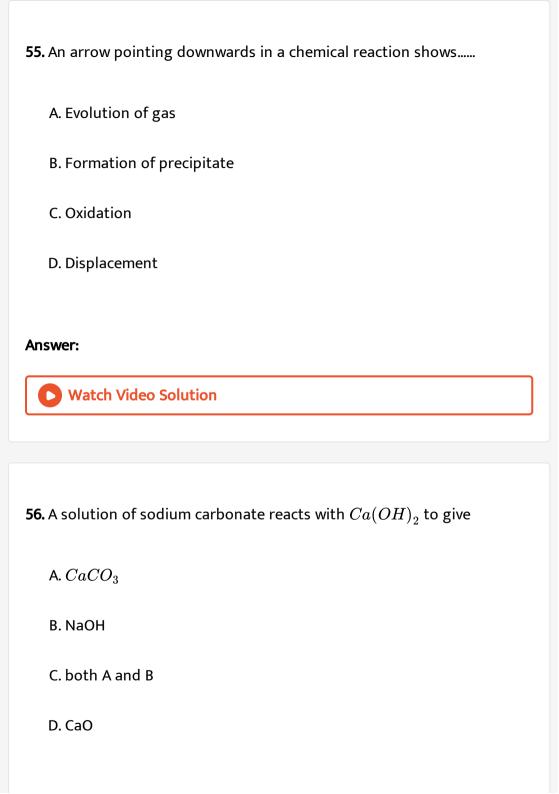


53. Rupa says "xx+ y \rightarrow xxy +Q` indicates an endothermic reaction". Can you support it ? Why ?



54. $4Agcl
ightarrow 4Ag + 2Cl_2.$ Is it a balanced equation ? Yet it is not in a proper way how ?





Answer:



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57. Which reaction is a reversible reaction?

A.
$$S+O_2 o SO_2$$

B.
$$PCl_5
ightarrow PCl_3 + Cl_2$$

C.
$$2Na+Cl_2
ightarrow 2NaCl$$

D.
$$CaCO_3
ightarrow CaO + CO_2$$

Answer:



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58. Which of the following precipitate is formed, on mixing lead nitrate $Pb(NO_3)_2$ with potassium iodide.

A. Brown coloured PbI_2 B. $Green coloured PbI_2$ C. $BluecolouredPbI_2$ D. $YellowcolouredPbI_2$ **Answer: Watch Video Solution 59.** Which of the following is formed, when magnesium burns in air? A. White coloured magnesium oxide B. Black coloured magnesium oxide C. Yellow coloured magnesium oxide D. Red coloured magnesium oxide **Answer:**

Watch Video Solution

60. Which of the following precipitate is formed on mixing sodium with barium chloride solution ?

A. White precipitate of barium sulphate

B. Black precipitate of barium sulphate

C. Yellow precipitate of barium sulphate

D. Red precipitate of barium sulphate

Answer:



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61. Which of the following is, when the black coating that appears when corrosion of silver occurs ?

A. silver sulphate

B. silver oxide

C. silver sulphide
D. silver chloride
Answer:
Allower.
Watch Video Solution
62. By using which of the following one, we can calculate tha number of
molecules and atoms of different substances from the equation ?
A. Molar mass and Unified
B. Avogadro's number
C. both A and B
D. A only
Anguror
Answer:
Watch Video Solution

63. Which of the following is the colour of copper sulphate $(CuSO_4)$?
A. Red
B. White
C. Yellow
D. Blue
Amouvou.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution
64. The process of preparing slaked lime by adding water to quicklime is
64. The process of preparing slaked lime by adding water to quicklime is this type of chemical reaction.
this type of chemical reaction.
this type of chemical reaction. A. Decomposition

Answer:



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65. A balanced equation contains

- A. Equal number of moles of reactants and products
- B. Equal number of molecules of reactants and products
- C. Equal number of atoms of different elements on reactant side and product side
- D. all the above

Answer:



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66. Unbalanced equation is called

A. Basic equation

B. Skeleton equation

C. Stoichiometric equation

D. Fundamental equation

Answer:



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67. $xH_2+yO_2 o zH_2O$. The values of x, y, z are

A.
$$xx = 1$$
, $y = 1$, $z = 1$

B.
$$xx = 2$$
, $y = 1$, $z = 2$

C.
$$xx = 2$$
, $y = 2$, $z = 2$

D.
$$xx = 2$$
, $y = 1$, $z = 1$

Answer:



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- **68.** Which of the following statement is wrong?
 - A. Conversion of milk intro curd is a chemical change
 - B. Addition of water to quick lime liberates heat energy
 - C. Addition of aqueous Na_2SO_4 to aquewous $BaCl_2$ form clear solution
 - D. Calcium oxide produce colourless solution when dissolved in water

Answer:



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- **69.** Which of the following statement is / are true?
 - A. Molecular mass is expressed unified mass (U)
 - B. 22, 4 l of any gas at STP contain 6.023×10^{23} molecules.

C. $28gofN_2$ at STP occupies 22.4 litr of volume D. All are correct **Answer: Watch Video Solution** 70. HCl is reacting with zinc granules. How can you say that it is an exothermic reaction? **Watch Video Solution** 71. When HCl reacts with zinc. Which gas will evolved? How can you prove it? Watch Video Solution 72. Where does the arrow head point face in a chemical equation? Why?



73. Where do you indicate hate energy in exo thermic reactions in a chemical equation reactions ? Why ?

