



MATHS

BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

Quadratic Surds

Exercise

1. If $a + b = \sqrt{5}$ and $a - b = \sqrt{3}$, then the value of $a^2 + b^2$ is

A. 5

B. 4

C. 3

D. 2

Answer:



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2. The simple value of $\sqrt{108} - \sqrt{75}$ is

A. $\sqrt{3}$

B. $3\sqrt{3}$

C. $\sqrt{33}$

D. none of these.

Answer:



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3. If $m = \sqrt{\frac{n}{n+1/2}}$ and $m = 1/2$, then $n =$

A. 3

B. $1/3$

C. 6

D. $1/6$

Answer:



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4. If $(5 + \sqrt{5})(5 - \sqrt{5}) = 25 - x^2$, then the value of x is

A. -5

B. 5

C. $\pm \sqrt{5}$

D. none of these.

Answer:



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5. If $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3} = a$, then $\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3} =$

A. - a

B. $1/a$

C. $2/a$

D. none of these.

Answer:



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6. If $x + 1/x = \sqrt{3}$ then the value of x^6 is

A. -1

B. 0

C. 1

D. none of these.

Answer:



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7. Which one of $\sqrt[3]{2}$, $\sqrt[4]{3}$, $\sqrt[6]{5}$ and $\sqrt[12]{26}$ is greatest?

A. $\sqrt[3]{2}$

B. $\sqrt[4]{3}$

C. $\sqrt[6]{5}$

D. $\sqrt[12]{26}$

Answer:



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8. If $2r = h + \sqrt{h^2 + r^2}$, then $r : h = (r \neq 0)$

A. $2 : \sqrt{3}$

B. $3 : 4$

C. $4 : 3$

D. $\sqrt{3}:2$.

Answer:



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9. $x + y = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}}$ and $x - y = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$, then the value of $4xy$ is

A. 4

B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

Answer:



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10. If $x + y : \sqrt{xy} = 4 : 1$, then the ratio $x : y =$

A. $(2 + \sqrt{3}) : (2 - \sqrt{3})$

B. $(2 - \sqrt{3}) : (2 + \sqrt{3})$

C. $\sqrt{3} : 1$

D. $(2 + \sqrt{5}) : (2 - \sqrt{5})$.

Answer:



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11. Which of the numbers below is a surd?

A. $\sqrt{625}$

B. $\sqrt[3]{216}$

C. $\sqrt[4]{216}$

D. $\sqrt{125}$

Answer:



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12. $\sqrt{507}$ in simplest form is equal to ___

A. $25\sqrt{7}$

B. $12\sqrt{7}$

C. $13\sqrt{7}$

D. $13\sqrt{3}$

Answer:



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13. $12\sqrt{48} + \sqrt{343} - 3\sqrt{112} - 4\sqrt{75}$ is equal to ___

A. $28\sqrt{3} - 5\sqrt{7}$

B. 56

C. $7\sqrt{3}$

D. $7\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{7}$

Answer:



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14. $2\sqrt{10} \times \sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{2}$ is equal to ___

A. $\sqrt{240}$

B. $8\sqrt{15}$

C. $16\sqrt{15}$

D. $4\sqrt{15}$

Answer:



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15. Rationalize denominator $\frac{1}{1 - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$

A. $\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6} - 2}{4}$

B. $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6} - 2}{4}$

C. $\frac{2 + \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$

D. N.O.T.

Answer:



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16. a and b are rational and

$$\sqrt{48} - \sqrt{75} + \sqrt{16} = a + b\sqrt{3},$$
 then a, b are equal

to ___

A. $a = 4, b = -1$

B. $a = -4, b = 1$

C. $a = 4, b = 1$

D. $a = -4, b = -1$

Answer:



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17. Find square root of

$$x + y + z + 2\sqrt{yz} + 2\sqrt{zx} + 2\sqrt{xy}$$

A. $\pm (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + z)$

B. $\pm (\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{x} + z)$

C. $\pm (\sqrt{z} + \sqrt{x} + y)$

D. $\pm (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z})$

Answer:



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18. Find the value of $(x^3 - 7x^2 + 13x + 17)$ when

$$x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

A. 20

B. 17

C. 0

D. none of these.

Answer:



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19. Given $x = 1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$, then find the value of $(2x^4 - 8x^3 - 5x^2 + 26x - 28)$

A. 0

B. $2\sqrt{6}$

C. $-6\sqrt{6}$

D. $6\sqrt{6}$

Answer:



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20. Solve for x, when

$$\sqrt{2x^2 + 9} + \sqrt{2x^2 - 9} = 9 + 3\sqrt{7}$$

A. 6

B. -6

C. ± 6

D. $\pm \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$

Answer:



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21. The value of $\sqrt{2\sqrt{3\sqrt{2\sqrt{3\cdots\infty}}}}$ is equal to ____

A. $(6)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

B. $(12)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

C. $(6)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

D. cannot be determined

Answer:



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22. The value of

$\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{+} \dots \infty$ is equal to ___

- A. 2, -1
- B. only -1
- C. only 2
- D. cannot be determined

Answer:

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23. Simplified value of

$$\sqrt{-} \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} + 8\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{3} \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D. 3

Answer:



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24. $x = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$ and $y = \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1}$. Then

$\frac{x^2 + xy + y^2}{x^2 - xy + y^2}$ is equal to :

A. $15/13$

B. $13/15$

C. 1

D. None of these

Answer:



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25. The square root of $(33 - 4\sqrt{35})$ is ____

A. $\pm (\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{5})$

B. $\pm (2\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5})$

C. $\pm (2\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{5})$

D. none of these.

Answer:



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26. The square root of root of

$5 + \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{10} - \sqrt{15}$ is ___

A. $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})$

B. $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})$

C. $\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3})$

D. N.O.T.

Answer:



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27.

If

$$x(3\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{2}) - \sqrt{2}(\sqrt{10} - 1)y = \sqrt{10}(2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})$$

then rational values of x and y are respectively___

A. 1, 2

B. 1, 1

C. 2, 1

D. 2, 2

Answer:



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28. When $x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, the value of

$$\left(\frac{1+x}{1+\sqrt{1}+x} + \frac{1-x}{1-\sqrt{1}-x} \right) \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 4

Answer:



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29.
$$\frac{3\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{7}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{5}}$$

equals_____

A. $2\sqrt{5}$

B. $2\sqrt{7}$

C. $2\sqrt{2}$

D. 0

Answer:



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30. The simplified value of

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{a} + x} - \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a} + x} \right)$$

is _____

A. \sqrt{a}

B. \sqrt{x}

C. $\sqrt{a} + x$

D. 0

Answer:



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