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## MATHS

## BOOKS - UNITED BOOK HOUSE

## Theorems related to Cyclic

## quadrilateral

Exercise

1. Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) PQRS is a
cyclic quadrilateral and PQ is a diameter of the
circle. If $\angle P S R=130^{\circ}$ then $\angle Q P R=$
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $40^{\circ}$
C. $50^{\circ}$
D. $60^{\circ}$.

Answer:
2. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral and $A D$ is a
diameter. If $\angle D A C=55^{\circ}$ then value of
$\angle A B C$ is
A. $88^{\circ}$
B. $44^{\circ}$
C. $22^{\circ}$
D. $46^{\circ}$.

## Answer:

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## 3. In cyclic quadrilateral XYZT , the sides XY and

XT are produced upto $P$ and $Q$. If
$\angle Z Y P=130^{\circ}$ then $\angle Z T Q=$
A. $40^{\circ}$
B. $90^{\circ}$
C. $65^{\circ}$
D. $50^{\circ}$.

## Answer:

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4. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral whose $A B \| D C$ and $A B$ is the diameter of the circle with centre at 0. If $\angle C A B=35^{\circ}$, then $\angle D O C=$
A. $35^{\circ}$
B. $40^{\circ}$
C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $50^{\circ}$.

Answer:

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5. $P Q$ is the diameter of a circle with centre 0 .

P and Q both produced to meet at T outside the circle. If $\angle R O S=42^{\circ}$ then $\angle R T S=$
A. $15^{\circ}$
B. $20^{\circ}$
C. $52^{\circ}$
D. $69^{\circ}$.

Answer:

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6. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral. $A B$ and $D C$ are
produced to meet at P. If $\angle A D C=70^{\circ}$ and
$\angle D A B=60^{\circ}$, then $\angle P B C+\angle P C B$ is equals
A. $17: 8$
B. 8 : 17
C. $8: 9$
D. 9 : 8.

Answer:
7. In a cyclic quadrilateral $A B C D, A B$ is $a$ diameter. If $\angle A C D=50^{\circ}$, then $\angle B A D=$
A. $40^{\circ}$
B. $50^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $45^{\circ}$

Answer:
8. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral. If the ratio of three consecutive angles of this quadrilateral be $5: 6: 7$, the the ratio of the 1 st and 4th angle is
A. $5: 8$
B. $6: 5$
C. $5: 6$
D. $8: 5$.

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9. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral whose $A B \| D C$ and $A B$ is the diameter of the circle with centre at O . If $\angle C A B=35^{\circ}$, then $\angle D O C=$
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $40^{\circ}$
C. $20^{\circ}$
D. $25^{\circ}$.
10. Two diagonals $A C$ and $B D$ of a cyclic quadrilateral $A B C D$ intersect at $P$. If
$\angle A P B=68^{\circ}$ and $\angle C B D=24^{\circ}$, then
$\angle A D B=$
A. $34^{\circ}$
B. $43^{\circ}$
C. $44^{\circ}$
D. $45^{\circ}$.

## Answer:

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