

India's Number 1 Education App

## **CHEMISTRY**

# **BOOKS - U-LIKE CHEMISTRY (HINGLISH)**

# SAMPLE QUESTIONS PAPER

Section A Read The Given Passage And Answer The

**1.** A lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a grid of lead packed with  $PbO_2$  as cathode. A 38%

solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density = 1.294 g  $mL^{-1}$ ) The battery holds 35L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of  $H_2SO_4$  falls to 1.138 g  $mL^{-1}$ . (20%  $H_2SO)_4$  by mass) Wrtie the reaction taking place at the cathide

when the battery is in use.



**2.** A lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a grid of lead packed with  $PbO_2$  as cathode. A 38%

solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density = 1.294 g  $mL^{-1}$ ) The battery holds 35L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of  $H_2SO_4$  falls to 1.138 g  $mL^{-1}$ . (20%)  $H_2SO)_4$  by mass) How much electricity in terms of faraday is required to carry out the reduction of one mole of  $PbO_2$ ?

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**3.** A lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a

grid of lead packed with  $PbO_2$  as cathode. A 38% solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density = 1.294 g  $mL^{-1}$ ) The battery holds 35L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of  $H_2SO_4$  falls to 1.138 g  $mL^{-1}$ . (20%  $H_2SO)_4$  by mass) What is the molarity of sulphuric acid before

discharge ?



**4.** A lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a

grid of lead packed with  $PbO_2$  as cathode. A 38% solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density = 1.294 g  $mL^{-1}$ ) The battery holds 35L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of  $H_2SO_4$  falls to 1.138 g  $mL^{-1}$ . (20%  $H_2SO)_4$  by mass) Lead storage battery is considered a secondary cell. Why ? Write the product battery is considered a secondary cell. Why?



5. A lead storage battery is the most important type of secondary cell having a lead anode and a grid of lead packed with  $PbO_2$  as cathode. A 38% solution of sulphuric acid is used as electrolyte. (Density = 1.294 g  $mL^{-1}$ ) The battery holds 35L of the acid. During the discharge of the battery, the density of  $H_2SO_4$  falls to 1.138 g  $mL^{-1}$ . (20%)  $H_2SO)_4$  by mass)

write the product of electrolysis wheni dilute sulphuric acid is electrolysed using platinu electrodes.



**1.** Name the substance used as depressant in the sepressant in the saparation of two sulphide ores in Froth floatation method .

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#### 2. Name the unit formed by the attachment of a

base to 1' Position of sugar in a nucleoside .

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3. Name the species formed when an aqueous

solution of amino acid is dissolved in water .



4. What type of reaction occures in the formation

of nylon 6, 6 polymer?

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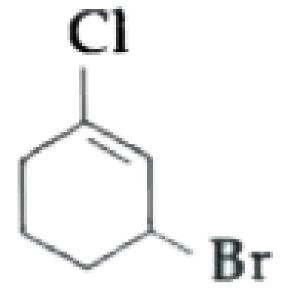
5. Which of the following compounds would undergo cannizzaro reaction ?

Benzaldehyde, Cyclohexanone, 2-mehtylpentanal.

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Section A Multiple Choice Questions

**1.** The IUPAC name of the compound shown belowis :



- A. 2-bromo-6-chlorocyclohex-1-ene
- B. 6-bromo-2-chlorocyclohexene
- C. 3-bromo-1-chlorocyclohexene
- D. 1-bromo-3-chlorocyclohexene

#### Answer: C



**2.** When one mole of  $CoCl_3.5NH_3$  was treated with excess of silver nitrate solution , 2 mol of AgCl was precipptated . The formula of the compound is :

- A.  $\left[ Co(Nh_3)_5 Cl_2 \right] Cl$
- $\mathsf{B}.\left[Co(NH_3)_5Cl\right]Cl_2$
- $\mathsf{C}.\left[Co(NH_3)_4Cl_2\right](NH_3)Cl$
- D.  $[Co(Nh_3)_3](NH_3)_2$

#### Answer: B





#### 3. The absorption maxima of several octahedral

#### complex ions are as follows:

S.No.	Compound	λ <sub>max</sub> nm
1.	[Co(NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>3+</sup>	475
2.	[Co(CN)6]3-	310
3.	[Co(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>3+</sup>	490

He crystal field splitting is maximum for :

A. 
$$\left[ Co(H_2O)_6 
ight]^{3\,+}$$

- $\mathsf{B.}\left[ Co(CN)_{6}\right] ^{3-}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\left[ \textit{Co}(Nh_3)_6 \right]^{3+}$

D. All the complex ions have the same spliting

#### Answer: B



**4.** Predict the number of ions produced per formula unit in an aqueous solutin of  $[Co(en)_3]Cl_3$ 

A. 4

B. 3

C. 6

D. 2



- 5. The incorrect statement about LDP is :
  - A. It is obtained through the free radical

addition of ethene.

- B. It consists of liner molecules .
- C. It is obtained by the H-atom abstraction
- D. Peroxide is used as an initialtor.



#### Section A Assertion Reason Questions

**1.** Assertion (A) : The two strands in double strand helix structure ofo DNA are complementary to each other

Reaso (R) : Disulphide bonds are formed between specific pairs of bases.

A. Both Assertion (a) And Reason (R) are correct Statement . And Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A) B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct statement, bbut Reason (R) is not the correct expanation of the Assertion (A) C. Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is correct statement.

D. Assertion (A ) is incorrect but Reason (R ) Is correct statement.

#### Answer: C



2. Assertion (A) : Glucose reacts with hydroxylamine to form an axime and also adds a molecule of hydrogen cyanide to give cyanohydrin.

Reason (R) : The carbony group is present in the

open chain structure of glucose .

A. Both Assertion (a) And Reason (R ) are

correct Statement . And Reason (R) is the

correct explanation of the Assertion (A) B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct statement, bbut Reason (R) is not the correct expanation of the Assertion (A) C. Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is correct statement.

D. Assertion (A ) is incorrect but Reason (R ) Is

correct statement.

Answer: A

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**3.** Assertion (A) : The acidic strength of halogen acids varies in the order HF> HCI> HBr> HI Reason (R) : The bond dissociation enthalpy of halogen acids decreases in the order : HF> HCI> HBr> HI A. Both Assertion (a) And Reason (R) are correct Statement . And Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A) B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct statement, bbut Reason (R) is not

the correct expanation of the Assertion (A)

C. Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is

correct statement.

D. Assertion (A) is incorrect but Reason (R) Is

correct statement.

Answer: D



**4.** Assertion (A) :  $C_2H_5OH$  is a weaker base than phenol but is a stronger nucleophile than phenol Reason (R) : In phenol the lone pair of electrons on oxygen is withdrawn towards the ring due to resonance .

A. Both Assertion (a) And Reason (R) are correct Statement . And Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A)
B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct statement , bbut Reason (R) is not the correct expanation of the Assertion (A)

C. Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is

correct statement.

D. Assertion (A) is incorrect but Reason (R) Is

correct statement.

Answer: D

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# **5.** Assertion (A) : Aryl halides undergo nucleophilic sunstitution reaction with ease.

The carbon halogen bond in aryl halides has partial double bonds character.

A. Both Assertion (a) And Reason (R) are correct Statement . And Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A) B. Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct statement, bbut Reason (R) is not the correct expanation of the Assertion (A) C. Assertion (A) is correct, but Reason (R) is correct statement.

D. Assertion (A ) is incorrect but Reason (R ) Is

correct statement.

**Answer: D** 





 Calculate the number of lone pairs on central atom in the following molecule and predict the geometry

 $XeF_4$ 



2. The rate of a reaction depends upon the temperature and is quantitatively expressed as  $K = A e^{\,-\,E_a\,/\,RT}$ (i) If a graph between log K and 1/t write the expression for the slope of the reaction? (ii) If at under different condition  $E_{a1}$  and  $E_{a2}$  are the activation energy of two reactions. If  $E_{a1}=40rac{j}{m}ol$  and  $E_{a_2}=80rac{j}{m}ol$ . Which of the

two has larger value of the rate constasnt?

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**3.** The experientally determined molar mass for what type of substances is always lower than tre true value when water is used as solvent . Explain . Give one example of such a substance and one example of a substances which does not show a large variation from the true value .



4. Wrtie structure of the product formed :

(a)  $CH_3CH_2COOH \xrightarrow[]{Cl_2red.P_4}{}$ 

 $C_{6}H_{5}COCl \xrightarrow[\Lambda]{H_{2} \cdot Pd - BaSO_{4}}{\Lambda}$ View Text Solution

**5.** Draw one of the geometrical isomers of the complex  $[Pt(en)_2Cl_2]^{2+}$  which is optically inactive . Also write the name of this entity according to the IUPAC nomenclature .



**6.** Discuss the bonding in the coordiantion entity  $\left[CO(Nh_3)_6
ight]^{3+}$  on the basis of valence bond

theory . Also , comment on the geometyr and

spin of the given entity.



7. What is meant by vapour phase refining ? Write any one example of the process which illustrates this technique, giving the chemical equation involved.

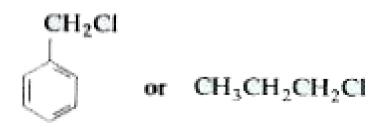


8. Wrtie and explain the reaction involved in the

extraction of gold .



**9.** Which one of the foloowing compound will undergo hydrolysis at a faster rate by  $S_N 1$  mechanism ? Justify .





**1.** Calculate the freezing pint of a solution contaning 0.5g KCl (Molar mass = 74.5g//mol) dissolved in 100 g water, assuming KCl to be 92% ionised.  $K_f$  of water = 1.86Kkg/mol.

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**2.** For the reaction A+ B rightarrowproduct , the following initial rates were obtained at various

given initial concentrations:

S.No.	[A] mol/L	[B] mol/L	Initial rate M/s
1.	0.1	0.1	0.05
2.	0.2	0.1	0.10
3.	0.1	0.2	0.05

Determine the half - life period.

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**3.** A first order reaction is 50% complete in 50 minutres at 300K and the same reaction is again 50% complete in 25 minutes at 350K . Calculate activation energy of the reaction .

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**1.** which of the following electrilytes is most effective for the coagulation of  $Agl/Ag^+$  Sol?  $MgCl_2$ .  $K_2SO_4$ ,  $K_4[Fe(CN)_6]$ 

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**2.** What happens when a freshly precipitated  $Fe(OH)_3$  is shaken with a little amount of dilute solution of  $FeCl_3$ ?

Section C Account For The Following

1. Out of sulphur sol and proteins , which one

forms macromolecular colloids?

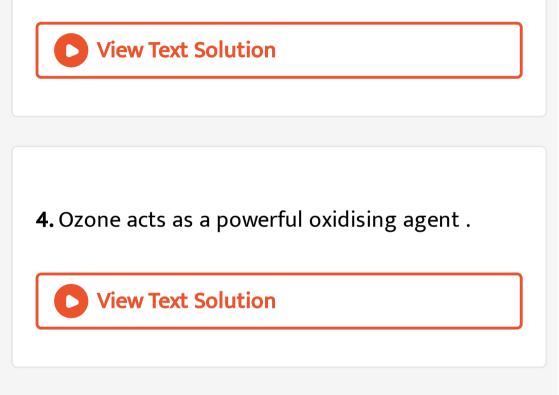
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### **2.** Moist $SO_2$ decolourises $KMnO_4$ solution .

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3. In general interhalogen compound are more

reactive than halogens (expect fluorine )



5. identify the product formed when propan -1-0l is treated with conc. $H_2SO_4$  at 413K. Write the mechanism inbvolved for the above reaction .



6. Give chemical tests to distinguish between the folowing pairs of compounds : (i) Ethanel and propanone. (ii) pentan -2-one and pentan -3-ne. Arrange the folowing compound in incrreasin g order of their aicd strength : Benzonic acid , 4-Nitrfobenzoic acid 3, 4- Dinitrobenzoic acid , 4-Methoxybenzoic aicd.



7. Compare the reactivity of benzaldehyde and ethanal towards nucleophilic addition reacions. Write cross aldol condensation product between benzaldehyde and ethanal.



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8. Define and write an example for the following :

(a) Broad spectrum antibitics .

(b) Analgestics.

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**1.** The e.m.f of the follwing cell at 198k is 0.1745V,  $Fe(s)/Fe^{2+}(0.1M)/H^+(xM)/H_2(g)(1^-)/Pt(s)$ Calculate the  $H^+$  ions concentration of the solution at the electrode where hydrogen is being produced.

(b) Aqueous solution of copper sulphate and silver nitrate are electrolysed by 1 ampere current for 10 minutes in separate electrolytic cells. Will the mass of copper and silver deposited on the cathode be asme or different ? explain your answer.



2. (a) Calculate the degree of dissociation 'A' and 'B' are dilute . The limiting molar conductivity of 'B' increases to a smaller extent while that 'A' increase to a much larger extent comparatively . Which of the two is a strong electrolyte ? Justify your answer .

(b) Solution of two electrolytes 'A' and 'B' are dilute . The limiting molar conductivity of 'B' increases to a smaller extent while that of 'A' increase to a much larger comparatively . Which of the two is a strong electrolyte ? justify

your answere.



3. An organic compound 'A' with molecular formula  $C_7H_7NO$  reacts with  $Bbr_2/aqKOH$  to give compound 'B', which upon reaction with  $NaNO_2$ abd HCl at  $0 \circ C$  gives 'C'.Compund 'C' on heating with  $CH_3CH_2OH$  gives a hydrocarbon 'D' compound 'B' on further reaction with  $Br_2$ water givs white precipitate of compound 'E'. Identify the compound A, B,C, D and E, also justify equations.



**4.** (a) How will you convert:

(i) Aniline into fluorobenzene.

(ii) Benzamide into Benzylamine .

(iii)Ethanamine to N, N-Diethylethanamine.

(b) Write the structures of A and B in the following :



5. (a) when a chromite ore (A) is fused with an aqueous solution of sodium carbonate in free excess of air, a yellow solution of com[ound (B) is obtained. This solution is filtered and acidified with sulphuric acid to form compound (C). Compound (C) on treatment with solution of KCl gives orenge crystals of compound (D). Write the chemical and actinoids :

(i) Greater range of oxidation states of actiniod as compared to lanthonoids . (ii) Greater actinoid contraction as compared to

lanthanoid contraction .

Lower ionisation enthalphy of early actinoids as

compared to the early lanthanoids.



6. what happens when :

(i) Manganate ions (MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup>) undergoes
disproportionation reaction in acidic medium ?
(ii) Lanthanum is heated with sulphur ?
(b) explain the following trends in the properties
of the members of the first series of transition

elements:

(i)  $E^{\,\circ}\left(M^{2\,+}\,/\,M
ight)$  value for copper is positive  $(\,+\,0.34V)$  in contrast to the other members of the series .

(ii)  $Cr^{2+}$  is reducing while  $Mn^{3+}$  is oxidising power in the series increases in the order VO (2)^(+)

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