



## MATHS

### BOOKS - CENGAGE

### LOGARITHM

#### Solved Examples And Exercises

1. Solve:  $(\log)_{(\log)_2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}(x^2 - 10x + 22) > 0$

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2. Solve:  $(\log)_{x+\frac{1}{x}} \log_2\left(\frac{x-1}{x-2}\right) > 0$

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3. Solve:  $(\log)_{0.5} \frac{3-x}{x+2} < 0$

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4. Solve :  $(\log)_2 \frac{x-1}{x-2} > 0$

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5. Solve  $(\log)_{0.2} |x-3| \geq 0$ .

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6. Solve  $\log_2 |x-1| < 1$

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7. Solve :  $2(\log)_3 x - 4(\log)_x 27 \leq 5 (x > 1)$



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8. Solve:  $(\log)_{(x+3)}(x^2 - x) < 1$



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9. Solve  $(\log)_{0.04}(x - 1) \geq (\log)_{0.2}(x - 1)$



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10. Solve:  $(\log)_2\left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1}\right) < 0$



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11. If the equation  $2^x + 4^y = 2^y + 4^x$  is solved for  $y$  in terms of  $x$  where  $x < 0$ , then the sum of the solution is (a)  $x(\log)_2(1 - 2^x)$  (b)  $x + (\log)_2(1 - 2^x)$  (c)  $(\log)_2(1 - 2^x)$  (d)  $x(\log)_2(2^x + 1)$



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12. If  $\frac{\log x}{b-c} = \frac{\log y}{c-a} = \frac{\log z}{a-b}$ , then which of the following is/are true?

A.  $xyz = 1$

B.  $x^a y^b z^c = 1$

C.  $x^{b+c} y^{c+b} = 1$

D.  $xyz = x^a y^b z^c$

Answer: null



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13. If  $(\log)_2 x + (\log)_2 y \geq 6$ , then the least value of  $x + y$  is 4 (b) 8 (d) 16

(d) 32



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14. Solve :  $(\log)_{0.3}(x^2 - x + 1) > 0$

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15. Solve  $1 < (\log)_2(x - 2) \leq 2$ .

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16. Solve :  $6(\log_x 2 - (\log_4 x) + 7 = 0$ .

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17. Solve:  $4^{(\log_2 \log x)} = \log x - (\log x)^2 + 1$  (base is e)

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18. Solve:  $4(\log)_{\frac{x}{2}}(\sqrt{x}) + 2(\log)_{4x}(x^2) = 3(\log)_{2x}(x^3)$ .

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19. Solve  $4^{(\log)_9 x} - 6x^{(\log)_9 2} + 2^{(\log)_3 27} = 0$

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20. Solve:  $\frac{1}{4}x^{\log_2 \sqrt{x}} = \left(2 \cdot x^{(\log)_2 x}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

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21. Solve:  $|x - 1|^{(\log)_{10} x^2} - 2 - (\log)_{10} x^2 = |x - 1|^3$

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22. Solve  $(\log)_2(x - 1) > 4$ .

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23. Solve  $(\log)_3(x - 2) \leq 2$ .

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24. If  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are the roots of the equation  $e^2 \cdot x^{\ln x} = x^3$  with  $x_1 > x_2$ , then  $x_1 = 2x_2$  (b)  $x_1 = x_2^2$  (c)  $2x_1 = x_2^2$  (d)  $x_1^2 = x_2^3$

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25. If  $xy^2 = 4$  and  $(\log)_3((\log)_2 x) + (\log)_{\frac{1}{3}}((\log)_{\frac{1}{2}} y) = 1$ , then  $x$  equals  
(a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 16 (d) 64

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26.  $x^{\log_5 x} > 5$  implies  $x \in$

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27. The number of real values of the parameter  $k$  for which  $(\log_{16} x)^2 - (\log)_{16}x + (\log)_{16}k = 0$  with real coefficients will have exactly one solution is (1) 2 (b) 1 (c) 4 (d) none of these



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28. If  $S = \{x \in R : ((\log)_{0.6} 0.216)(\log)_5(5 - 2x) \leq 0\}$ , then  $S$  is equal to (2, 5,  $\infty$ ) (b)  $[2, 2.5)$  (c)  $(2, 2.5)$  (d)  $(0, 2.5)$



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29. If  $S = \{x \in N : 2 + (\log)_2 \sqrt{x+1} > 1 - (\log)_{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{4-x^2}\}$ , then (a)  $S = \{1\}$  (b)  $S = Z$  (d)  $S = N$  (d) none of these



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30.

Equation

$$(\log)_4(3 - x) + (\log)_{0.25}(3 + x) = (\log)_4(1 - x) + (\log)_{0.25}(2x + 1)$$

- (a) only one prime solution (b) two real solutions (c) no real solution (d) none of these

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31. Solution set of the inequality  $\frac{1}{2^x - 1} > \frac{1}{1 - 2^{x-1}}$  is  $1, \infty$  (b)  $0, (\log)_2\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$  (c)  $(-1, \infty) \left(0, (\log)_2\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \cup (1, \infty)\right)$

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32. The solution set of the inequality

$$(\log)_{10}(x^2 - 16) \leq (\log)_{10}(4x - 11)$$

is  $4, \infty$  (b)  $(4, 5)$  (c)  $\left(\frac{11}{4}, \infty\right)$  (d)  $\left(\frac{11}{4}, 5\right)$

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33. Which of the following is not the solution of  $(\log)_x \left( \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{x} \right) > 1$

- (a)  $\left( \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2} \right)$  (b)  $(1, 2)$  (c)  $\left( \frac{2}{5}, 1 \right)$  (d) *None of these*

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34. The equation  $x^{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} (\log_2 x)^2 + (\log_2 x) - \left(\frac{5}{4}\right) = \sqrt{2}$  has (1) at least one real solution (2) exactly three solutions (3) exactly one irrational solution (4) complex roots

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35. Solve the following equation of  $x$  :

$$2(\log)_x a + (\log)_{ax} a + 3(\log)_{a^2 x} a = 0, a > 0$$

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36. Solve for  $x$  :  $4^x - 3^{x-\frac{1}{2}} = 3^{x+\frac{1}{2}} - 2^{2x-1}$

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37. If  $P$  is the number of natural numbers whose logarithms to the base 10 have the characteristic  $p$  and  $Q$  is the number of natural numbers whose logarithms to the base 10 have the characteristic  $-q$ , then find the value of  $\log_{10} P - \log_{10} Q$

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38. Find the compound interest on Rs. 12000 for 10 years at the rate of 12% per annum compounded annually.

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39. If  $x = (\log)_{2a} a$ ,  $y = (\log)_{3a} 2a$ ,  $z = (\log)_{4a} 3a$ , prove that  $1 + xyz = 2yz$

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40. Let  $L$  denote  $\text{antilog}_{32} 0.6$  and  $M$  denote the number of positive integers which have the characteristic 4, when the base of log is 5, and  $N$  denote the value of  $49^{(1 - (\log)_7 2)} + 5^{-(\log)_5 4}$ . Find the value of  $\frac{LM}{N}$ .

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41. Let  $x = (0.15)^{20}$ . Find the characteristic and mantissa of the logarithm of  $x$  to the base 10. Assume  $(\log)_{10} 2 = 0.301$  and  $(\log)_{10} 3 = 0.477$ .

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42. Using logarithms, find the value of  $6.45 \times 981.4$

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43. In the 2001 census, the population of India was found to be  $8.7 \cdot 10^7$ . If the population increases at the rate of 2.5% every year, what would be the population in 2011?

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44. Given that  $\log_{10} 2 = 0.30103$ ,  $\log_{10} 3 = 0.47712$  (approximately), find the number of digits in  $2^8$ ,  $3^{12}$ .

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45. If  $a = (\log)_{12} 18$ ,  $b = (\log)_{24} 54$ , then find the value of  $ab + 5(a - b)$ .

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46. Solve the equations for  $x$  and  $y$ :  $(3x)^{\log 3} = (4y)^{\log 4}$ ,  $4^{\log x} = 3^{\log y}$ .

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47. The real solutions of the equation  $2^{x+2} \cdot 5^{6-x} = 10^x \cdot 2$  is/are 1 (b) 2  
(c)  $(\log)_{10}(250)$  (d)  $(\log)_{10}4 - 3$

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48. If  $(\log)_k x \log_5 k = (\log)_x 5$ ,  $k \neq 1$ ,  $k > 0$ , then  $x$  is equal to (a)  $k$  (b)  $1/5$  (c)  $5$  (d) none of these

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49. If  $p, q \in N$  satisfy the equation  $x^{\sqrt{x}} = (\sqrt{x})^x$ , then  $p$  and  $q$  are  
(a) relatively prime (b) twin prime (c) coprime (d) if  $(\log)_q p$  is defined, then  
 $(\log)_p q$  is not and vice versa

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50. Solution set of the inequality  $(\log)_{0.8} \left( (\log)_6 \frac{x^2 + x}{x + 4} \right) < 0$  is )`

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51. Which of the following is not the solution of  $(\log)_3(x^2 - 2) < (\log)_3\left(\frac{3}{2}|x| - 1\right)$  is (a)  $(\sqrt{2}, 2)$  (b)  $(-2, -\sqrt{2})$  (c)  $(-\sqrt{2}, 2)$  (d) none of these

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52. The true solution set of inequality  $(\log)_{(x+1)}(x^2 - 4) > 1$  is equal to  $2, \infty)$  (b)  $\left(2, \frac{1 + \sqrt{21}}{2}\right)$   $\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{21}}{2}, \frac{1 + \sqrt{21}}{2}\right)$  (d)  $\left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{21}}{2}, \infty\right)$

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53. Solve the following equation of

$$x : 2(\log)_x a + (\log)_{ax} a + 3(\log)_{a^2x} a = 0, a > 0$$

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54. The  $x, y, z$  are positive real numbers such that

$$(\log)_{2x} z = 3, (\log)_{5y} z = 6, \text{ and } (\log)_{xy} z = \frac{2}{3}, \text{ then the value of } \left( \frac{1}{2z} \right)$$

is .....

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55. Which of the following, when simplified, reduces to unity? (a)

$$(\log)_{10} 5 \log_{10} 20 + ((\log)_{10} 2)^2 \quad (b) \quad \frac{2 \log 2 + \log 3}{\log 48 - \log 4} \quad (c)$$

$$- (\log)_5 (\log)_3 \sqrt{5\sqrt{9}} \quad (d) \quad \frac{1}{6} (\log)_{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} \left( \frac{64}{27} \right)$$

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56. If  $(\log)_a x = b$  for permissible values of  $a$  and  $x$ , then identify the statement(s) which can be correct. (a) If  $a$  and  $b$  are two irrational numbers, then  $x$  can be rational. (b) If  $a$  is rational and  $b$  is irrational, then  $x$  can be rational. (c) If  $a$  is irrational and  $b$  is rational, then  $x$  can be rational. (d) If  $a$  and  $b$  are rational, then  $x$  can be rational.

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57. The number of positive integers satisfying  $x + (\log)_{10}(2^x + 1) = x(\log)_{10}5 + (\log)_{10}6$  is.....

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58. Solve:  $\left( \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{\log(10) a^2} + 2 > \frac{3}{2^{(\log)_{10}(-a)}} \right)$

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59. Write the characteristic of each of the following numbers by using their standard forms: (i) 1235.5      (ii) 346.41      (iii) 62.723      (iv) 7.12345 (v) 0.35792      (vi) 0.034239      (vii) 0.002385      (viii) 0.0009468

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60. Solve:  $(\log)_2 \left( \frac{x^2 + 1}{x - 1} \right) < 0$

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61. Solve:  $\frac{x - 1}{(\log)_3(9 - 3^x) - 3} \leq 1.$

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62. Find the mantissa of the logarithm of the number 0.002359

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63. Use the logarithm tables to find the logarithm of the following numbers (i) 25795 (ii) 25.795

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64. Write the significant digits in each of the following numbers to compute the mantissa of their logarithms: 3.239 (ii) 8 (iii) 0.9 (iv) 0.02 0.0367 (vi) 89 (vii) 0.0003 (viii) 0.00075

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65. Find the mantissa of the logarithm of the number 5395

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66. Find the antilogarithm of each of the following: 2.7523 (ii) 3.7523 (iii) 5.7523 (iv) 0.7523 1.7523 (vi) 2.7523 (vii) 3.7523





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67. Evaluate  $(72.3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  if  $\log 0.723 = -1.8591$ .



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68. Integral value of  $x$  which satisfies the equation  
 $= \log_6 54 + (\log)_x 16 = (\log)_{\sqrt{2}} x - (\log)_{36} \left(\frac{4}{9}\right)$  is..



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69. If  $(\log)_4 A = (\log)_6 B = (\log)_9 (A + B)$ , then  $\left[4\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)\right]$  (where  $[ ]$  represents the greatest integer function) equals .....



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70. The value of  $(\log_{10} 2)^3 + \log_{10} 8 \log_{10} 5 + (\log_{10} 5)^3$  is .....



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71. If  $(\log)_a b = 2$ ,  $(\log)_b c = 2$ , and  $(\log)_3 c = 3 + (\log)_3 a$ , then the value of  $c/(ab)$  is.....



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72. The inequality  $\sqrt{x^{(\log)_2 \sqrt{x}}} \geq 2$  is satisfied by (A) only one value of  $x$   
(B)  $x \in \left[0, \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\right]$  (C)  $x \in [4, \infty]$  (d)  $x \in (1, 2)$



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73. The value of  $\frac{6a^{(\log)_e b} ((\log)_{a^2} b) ((\log)_{b^2} a)}{e^{(\log)_e a (\log)_e b}}$  is (a) independent of  $a$  (b) independent of  $b$  (c) dependent on  $a$  (d) dependent on  $b$



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74. If  $(\log)_{10}5 = a$  and  $(\log)_{10}3 = b$ , then (A)  $(\log)_{30}8 = \frac{3(1-a)}{b+1}$   
(B)  $(\log)_{40}15 = \frac{a+b}{3-2a}$  (C)  $(\log)_{243}32 = \frac{1-a}{b}$  (d) none of these

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75. The equation  $(\log)_{x+1}(x - .5) = (\log)_{x-0.5}(x + 1)$  has (A) two real solutions (B) no prime solution (C) one integral solution (D) no irrational solution

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76. Sum of all integral values of  $x$  satisfying the inequality  $\left(3^{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)\log(12-3x)}\right) - \left(3^{\log x}\right) > 32$  is.....

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77. The difference of roots of the equation  $((\log)_{27}x^3)^2 = (\log)_{27}x^6$  is .....

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78. Number of integers satisfying the inequality  $(\log)_{\frac{1}{2}}|x - 3| > 1$  is....

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79. The number of elements in set of all  $x$  satisfying the equation  $x^{\log_3 x^2 + (\log_3 x)^2 - 10} = \frac{1}{x^2}$  is (a)1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 0

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80. Number of real values of  $x$  satisfying the equation  $\log_2(x^2 - x) \cdot \log_2\left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right) + (\log_2 x)^2 = 4$ , is (a)0 (b)2 (c)3 (d)7

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81. Let  $a > 1$  be a real number. Then the number of roots equation  $a^{2(\log)_2 x} = 15 + 4x^{(\log)_2 a}$  is 2 (b) infinite (c) 0 (d) 1

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82. Number of integers  $\leq 10$  satisfying the inequality  $2(\log)_{\frac{1}{2}}(x - 1) \leq \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{(\log)_{x^2 - x} 8}$  is.....

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83. The number of roots of the equation  $(\log)_{3\sqrt{x}} x + (\log)_{3x} \sqrt{x} = 0$  is 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 0

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84. The value of  $(\log)_{\sqrt{4+2\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{4-2\sqrt{2}}} 2^9$  is.....



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85. The number of solution of  $x^{\log x} (x + 3)^2 = 16$  is a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d)  $\infty$

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86. Find the value of  $\log_2 (2\sqrt{3} - 9) + \log_2 (12\sqrt{3} + 3 + 4 + 4\sqrt{3} + 9)$ .

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87. Find the number of solutions of the following equations: 1.

$x^{-\frac{1}{2}} (\log)_{0.5} x = 1$ , 2.  $x^2 - 4x + 3 - (\log)_2 x = 0$

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88. Find the number of solution to equation  $(\log)_2 (x + 5) = 6 - x$ :

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89. Solve :  $2(25)^x - 5(10^x) + 2(4^x) \geq 0$ .



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90.

If

$$\frac{x(y+z-x)}{\log x} = \frac{y(z+x-y)}{\log y} = \frac{z(x+y-z)}{\log z}, \text{ prove that } x^y y^x = z^x y^z = x^z$$



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91. If  $(\log)_2 y = x$  and  $(\log)_3 z = x$ , find  $72^x$  in terms of  $y$  and  $z$ .



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92. If  $(\log)_a 3 = 2$  and  $(\log)_b 8 = 3$ , then prove that  $(\log)_a b = (\log)_3 4$ .



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93. Find the value of  $\log \tan 1^\circ \log \tan 2^\circ \dots \log \tan 89^\circ$

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94. Sum of integers satisfying  $\sqrt{(\log)_2 x - 1} - \frac{1}{2}(\log)_2(x^3) + 2 > 0$   
is.....

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95. The value of  $b$  for which the equation  $2(\log)_{\frac{1}{25}}(bx + 28) = -(\log)_5(12 - 4x - x^2)$  has coincident roots is  
 $b = -12$  (b)  $b = 4$  or  $b = -12$   $b = 4$  or  $b = -12$  (d)  
 $b = -4$  or  $b = 12$

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96. The least integer greater than  $(\log)_2(15) \cdot (\log)_{\frac{1}{6}}2 \cdot (\log)_3\frac{1}{6}$  is .....

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97. The reciprocal of  $\frac{2}{(\log)_4(2000)^6} + \frac{3}{(\log)_5(2000)^6}$  is .....

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98. The value of  $5^{(\log)_{\frac{1}{5}}(\frac{1}{2})} + (\log)_{\sqrt{2}}\frac{4}{\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{3}} + (\log)_{\frac{1}{2}}\frac{1}{10 + 2\sqrt{21}}$  is.....

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99. The value of  $N = \frac{(\log)_5 250}{(\log)_{50} 5} - \frac{(\log)_5 10}{(\log)_{1250} 5}$  is.....

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100. If  $x$  and  $y$  are real numbers such that  $2\log(2y - 3x) = \log x + \log y$ , then find  $\frac{x}{y}$ .

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101. If  $\log_e \left( \frac{a+b}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}(\log_e a + \log_e b)$ , then find the relation between  $a$  and  $b$ .

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102. If  $2x^{(\log)_4 3} + 3^{(\log)_4 x} = 27$ , then  $x$  is equal to

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103. The value of  $\log ab - \log|b| =$  (a)  $\log a$  (b)  $\log|a|$  (c)  $-\log a$  (d) none of these

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104. If  $(21.4)^a = (0.00214)^b = 100$ , then the value of  $\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}$  is 0 (b) 1  
(c) 2 (d) 4

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105. Given that  $\log(2) = 0.3010$ , the number of digits in the number  $2000^{2000}$  is 6601 (b) 6602 (c) 6603 (d) 6604

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106. The number of  $N = 6 - (6(\log)_{10}2 + (\log)_{10}31)$  lies between two successive integers whose sum is equal to (a) 5 (b) 7 (c) 9 (c) 10

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107.  $(\log)_4 18$  is (a) a rational number (b) an irrational number (c) a prime number (d) none of these

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108. Solve:

$$(\log)_{(2x+3)} (6x^2 + 23x + 21) + (\log)_{(3x+7)} (4x^2 + 12x + 9) = 4$$

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109. Given  $a$  and  $b$  are positive numbers satisfying  $4(\log_{10} a)^2 + ((\log)_2 b)^2 = 1$ . Find the range of values of  $a$  and  $b$ .

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110. If

$$\frac{(\log)_a N}{(\log)_c N} = \frac{(\log)_a N - (\log)_b N}{(\log)_b N - (\log)_c N}, \text{ where } N > 0 \text{ and } N \neq 1, a, b, c > 0$$

and not equal to 1, then prove that  $b^2 = ac$

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111. If  $(\log)_b a (\log)_c a + (\log)_a b (\log)_c b + (\log)_a c (\log)_b c = 3$  (where  $a, b, c$  are different positive real numbers  $\neq 1$ ), then find the value of  $abc$ .

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112. Solve for:  $x : (2x)^{(\log)_b 2} = (3x)^{(\log)_b 3}$ .

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113. Let  $a = (\log)_3 (\log)_3 2$ . An integer  $k$  satisfying  $1 < 2^{-k+3^{(-a)}} < 2$ , must be less than .....

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114. The value of  $6 + (\log)_{\frac{3}{2}} \left[ \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \cdot \sqrt{\left(4 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}\right)} \sqrt{4 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}} \dots \dots \right]$  is .....

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115.  $(\log)_{x-1}x(\log)_{x-2}(x-1)(\log)_{x-12}(x-11) = 2$ ,  $x$  is equal to: 9  
(b) 16 (c) 25 (d) none of these

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116. If  $f(x) = \log\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)$ , then (a)  $f(x_1)f(x) = f(x_1+x_2)$  (b)  $f(x+2) - 2f(x+1) + f(x) = 0$  (c)  $f(x) + f(x+1) = f(x^2+x)$  (d)  $f(x_1) + f(x_2) = f\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{1+x_1x_2}\right)$

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117. If  $a, b, c$  are consecutive positive integers and  $(\log(1 + ac) = 2K$ , then the value of  $K$  is  $\log b$  (b)  $\log a$  (c) 2 (d) 1

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118. If  $\frac{a + (\log)_4 3}{a + (\log)_2 3} = \frac{a + (\log)_8 3}{a + (\log)_4 3} = b$ , then  $b$  is equal to  $\frac{1}{2}$  (2)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{3}$   
(d)  $\frac{3}{2}$

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119. If  $p > 1$  and  $q > 1$  are such that  $\log(p + q) = \log p + \log q$ , then the value of  $\log(p - 1) + \log(q - 1)$  is equal to (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) none of these

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120. The value of  $\frac{1 + 2(\log)_3 2}{(1 + (\log)_3 2)^2} + ((\log)_6 2)^2$  is 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 1



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121. If  $(\log)_4 5 = a$  and  $(\log)_5 6 = b$ , then  $(\log)_3 2$  is equal to  $\frac{1}{2a+1}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{2b+1}$  (c)  $2ab+1$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2ab-1}$



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122. If  $(\log)_{10} 2 = a$ ,  $(\log)_{10} 3 = b$  then  $(\log)_{0.72} (9.6)$  in terms of  $a$  and  $b$  is equal to (a)  $\frac{2a+3b-1}{5a+b-2}$  (b)  $\frac{5a+b-1}{3a+2b-2}$  (c)  $\frac{3a+b-2}{2a+3b-1}$  (d)  $\frac{2a+5b-2}{3a+b-1}$



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123. There exists a natural number  $N$  which is 50 times its own logarithm to the base 10, then  $N$  is divisible by

A. 5

B. 7

C. 9

D. 11

**Answer: null**

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124. The value of  $\frac{(\log)_2 24}{(\log)_{96} 2} - \frac{(\log)_2 192}{(\log)_{12} 2}$  is 3 (b) 0 (c) 2 (d) 1

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125. Find the number of solutions of equation  $(2x - 3)2^x = 1$

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126. Find the value of  $(\log)_{2\sqrt{3}} 1728$ .

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127. Prove that  $\frac{1}{3} < (\log)_{10}3 < \frac{1}{2}$ .



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128. Arrange  $(\log)_2 5$ ,  $(\log)_{0.5} 5$ ,  $(\log)_7 5$ ,  $(\log)_3 5$  in decreasing order.



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129. If  $3^x = 4^{x-1}$ , then  $x = \frac{2(\log)_3 2}{2(\log)_3 2 - 1}$  (b)  $\frac{2}{2 - (\log)_2 3}$   $\frac{1}{1 - (\log)_4 3}$   
(d)  $\frac{2(\log)_2 3}{2(\log)_2 3 - 1}$



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130. Solve:  $|x - 3|^{3x^2 - 10x + 3} = 1$



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131. Solve:  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x \cdot (2 - 2x) < 1/4$ .

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132. Find the smallest integral value of  $x$  satisfying  $(x - 2)^{x^2 - 6x + 8} > 1$

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133. The least value of the expression  $2(\log)_{10}x - (\log)_x(0.01)$ , for  $x > 1$  is (a)10 (b)2 (c)  $-0.01$  (d)4

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134. The solution of the equation  $(\log)_7(\log)_5(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x}) = 0$  is...

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135. Let  $(x_0, y_0)$  be the solution of the following equations:

$$(2x)^{1n^2} = (3y)^{1n^3} \quad 3^{1nx} = 2^{1ny}$$

The  $x_0$  is  $\frac{1}{6}$  (b)  $\frac{1}{3}$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (d) 6

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136. If  $a, b, c, \dots$  are in G.P. then  $2a, 2b, 2c, \dots$  are in ....

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137. Prove that number  $(\log)_2 7$  is an irrational number.

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138. If  $3^x = 4^{x-1}$ , then  $x = \frac{2(\log)_3 2}{2(\log)_3 2 - 1}$  (b)  $\frac{2}{2 - (\log)_2 3}$   $\frac{1}{1 - (\log)_4 3}$

(d)  $\frac{2(\log)_2 3}{2(\log)_2 3 - 1}$

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139. If  $(\log)_3 2$ ,  $(\log)_3(2^x - 5)$  and  $(\log)_3\left(2^x - \frac{7}{2}\right)$  are in arithmetic progression, determine the value of  $x$ .

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140. Solve  $x^{(\log)_y x} = 2$  and  $y^{(\log)_x y} = 16$

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141. Solve  $(\log)_{2x} 2 + (\log)_4 2x = -3/2$ .

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142. If  $a \geq b > 1$ , then find the largest possible value of the expression  $(\log)_a\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + (\log)_b\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$ .

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143. Solve :  $3^{(\log_9 x)} \times 2 = 3\sqrt{3}$

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144. Solve the inequality  $\sqrt{(\log)_2 \left( \frac{2x - 3}{x - 1} \right)} < 1$

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145. Find the number of solutions of equation  $2^x + 3^x + 4^x - 5^x = 0$

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146. If  $y = a^{\frac{1}{1 - (\log)_a x}}$  and  $z = a^{\frac{1}{1 - (\log)_a y}}$ , then prove that  $x = a^{\frac{1}{1 - (\log)_a z}}$

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147. Solve  $(\log)_x 2 (\log)_{2x} 2 = (\log)_{4x} 2$ .



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148. Let  $a, b, c, d$  be positive integers such that  $(\log)_a b = \frac{3}{2}$  and  $(\log)_c d = \frac{5}{4}$ . If  $(a - c) = 9$ , then find the value of  $(b - d)$ .



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149. Solve  $\sqrt{\log(-x)} = \log \sqrt{x^2}$  (base is 10).



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150. If  $(\log)_3 \{5 + 4(\log)_3(x - 1)\} = 2$ , then  $x$  is equal to 4 (b) 3 (c) 8  
(d)  $(\log)_2 16$



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151. If  $(\log)_{10} \left[ \frac{1}{2^x + x - 1} \right] = x [(\log)_{10} 5 - 1]$ , then  $x =$  4 (b) 3 (c) 2  
(d) 1

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152. The value of  $x$  satisfying the equation  $3\sqrt{5}^{(\log_5) 5^{((\log)_5 (\log)_5 \log_5 (\frac{x}{2}))}} = 3$   
(b) 3 (c) 18 (d) 54

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153. If  $2^{x+y} = 6^y$  and  $3^{x-1} = 2^{y+1}$ , then the value of  $(\log 3 - \log 2)(x - y)$  is 1 (b)  $(\log)_2 3 - (\log)_3 2 \log \left( \frac{3}{2} \right)$  (d) none of these

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154. The value of  $3^{(\log)_4 5} - 5^{(\log)_4 3}$  is 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) none of these



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155. If  $a^4b^5 = 1$  then the value of  $\log_a(a^5b^4)$  equals



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156. If

$$(\log)_2x + (\log)_x2 = \frac{10}{3} = (\log)_2y + (\log)_y2 \text{ and } x = y, \text{ then } x + y = 2$$

(b) 65/8 (c) 37/6 (d) none of these



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157. If  $(x + 1)^{(\log)_{10}(x+1)} = 100(x + 1)$ , then



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158. if  $(\log)_y x + (\log)_x y = 2$ ,  $x^2 + y = 12$ , the value of  $xy$  is 9 (b) 12 (c) 15 (d) 30

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159. If  $\sqrt{(\log)_2 x} - 0.5 = (\log)_2 \sqrt{x}$ , then  $x$  equals odd integer (b) prime number composite number (d) irrational

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160. Find the value of  $81^{(1/\log_3 3)} + (27^{\log_9 36}) + 3^{\left(\frac{4}{\log_7 9}\right)}$

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161. Find the value of  $\left(\frac{1}{49}\right)^{1 + (\log)_7 2} + 5^{-1(\log)\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)(7)}$

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162.

Prove

that:

$$2^{\sqrt{(\log)_a 4\sqrt{ab} + (\log)_b 4\sqrt{ab}}} - (\log)_a 4\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} + (\log)_b 4\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \sqrt{(\log)_a b} = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } b \geq a > 1 \\ 1 & \text{if } 1 > b \geq a \end{cases}$$

if 1



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163. Prove that 
$$\frac{2^{(\log)_2 \frac{1}{4}x} - 3^{\log_3 (27)(x^2 + 1)^3 - 2x} > 7^{4(\log)_{49}x} - x - 1}{0}$$



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164. Solve  $(\log)_4 8 + (\log)_4(x + 3) - (\log)_4(x - 1) = 2.$



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165. Which of the following pairs of expression are defined for the same set of values of  $x$  ?  $f_1(x) = 2(\log)_2 x$  and  $f_2(x) = (\log)_{10} x^2$

$$f_1(x) = (\log)_x^2 \text{ and } f_2(x) = 2$$

$$f_1(x) = (\log)_{10}(x - 2) + (\log)_{10}(x - 3) \text{ and } f_2(x) = (\log)_{10}(x - 2)(x - 3)$$



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166. Solve  $(\log)_2(3x - 2) = (\log)_{\frac{1}{2}}x$



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167. Solve  $\log(-x) = 2\log(x + 1)$ .



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168. Solve:  $(\log)_2(4 \cdot 3^x - 6) - (\log)_2(9^x - 6) = 1$ .



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169. Solve  $2^{x+2} 27^{x/(x-1)} = 9$



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170. Suppose  $x, y, z \neq 0$  and are not equal to 1 and

$\log x + \log y + \log z = 0$ . Find the value of

$$\frac{1}{x^{\log y}} + \frac{1}{y^{\log z}} + \frac{1}{z^{\log x}}$$



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171. If  $(\log)_{12} 27 = a$ , then find  $(\log)_6 16$



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172. If  $y^2 = xz$  and  $a^x = b^y = c^z$ , then prove that  $(\log)_a b = (\log)_b c$



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173. Simplify:  $\frac{1}{1 + (\log)_a bc} + \frac{1}{1 + (\log)_b ca} + \frac{1}{1 + (\log)_c ab}$





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174. If  $a^x = b$ ,  $b^y = c$ ,  $c^z = a$ , then find the value of  $xyz$ .



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175. Find the value of

$$((\log)_3 4) ((\log)_4 5) ((\log)_5 6) ((\log)_6 7) ((\log)_7 8) ((\log)_8 9).$$



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176.  $y = 2^{\frac{1}{(\log)_x 4}}$ , then find  $x$  in terms of  $y$ .



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177. If  $n > 1$ , then prove that

$$\frac{1}{(\log)_2 n} + \frac{1}{(\log)_3 n} + \frac{1}{(\log)_{53} n} = \frac{1}{(\log)_{53!} n}.$$



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178. What is logarithm of  $32^5 \sqrt{4}$  to the base  $2\sqrt{2}$ ?



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179. Which is greater:  $x = (\log)_3 5$  or  $y = (\log)_{17} 25$ ?



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180. The product of roots of the equation  $\frac{\log_8 \left( \frac{8}{x^2} \right)}{(\log_8 x)^2} = 3$  is 1 (b) (c)  $1/3$

(d)  $1/4$



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