



# PHYSICS

## RESONANCE ENGLISH

### ALTERNATING CURRENT

#### Exercise

1. In L-C-R series circuit, an alternating emf  $e$  and current  $i$  are given by the equations  $e = 100\sin(100t)$  V.

$$i = 100 \sin\left(100t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) \text{ mA}$$

The average power dissipated in the circuit will be

A.  $10^4$  watt

B. 10 watt

C. 2.5 watt

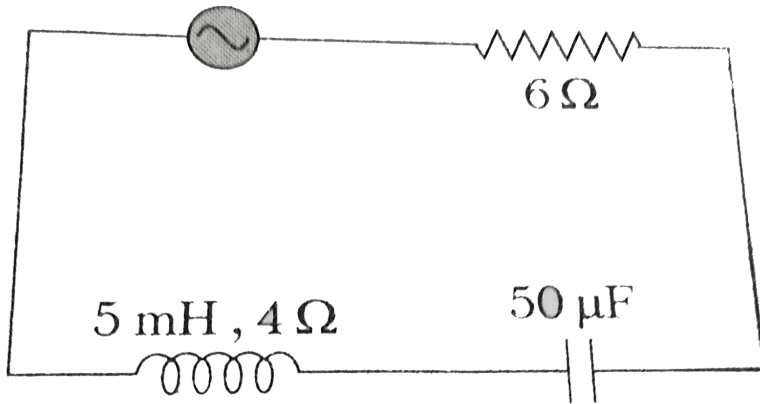
D. 5 watt

**Answer: C**



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2. In the circuit shown, the AC source has voltage  $V = 20\cos(\omega t)$  volt with  $\omega = 200 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$  the amplitude of the current will be nearest to



A. 2A

B. 3.3A

C.  $2/\sqrt{5} \text{ A}$

D.  $\sqrt{5} \text{ A}$

**Answer: A**



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3. A coil of  $200 \Omega$  resistance and  $1.0 \text{ H}$  inductance is connected to an ac source of frequency  $200/2\pi \text{ Hz}$ . Phase angle between potential and current will be :

A.  $30^\circ$

B.  $90^\circ$

C.  $45^\circ$

D.  $0^\circ$

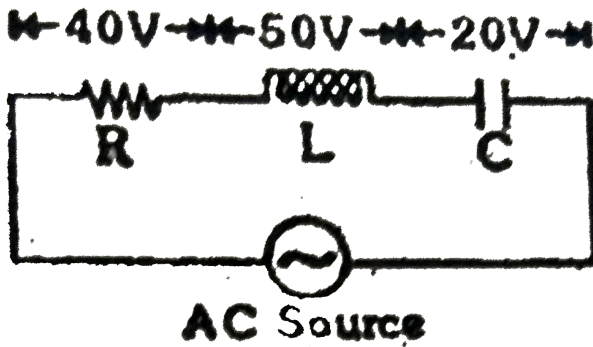
**Answer: C**



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4. In series LCR circuit, the voltages across R, L and C are shown in the figure. The voltage of

applied source



- A. 110 V
- B. 10 volt
- C. 50 volt
- D. 70 volt

**Answer: C**



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5. When 100V. DC is applied across a solenoid a current of 1A flows in it. When 100V, AC is applied across the same coil, the current drops to 0.5A. The frequency of the AC is 50Hz. The impedance and inductance of the solenoid are

- A. 200 ohm and 0.55 Henry
- B. 100 ohm and 0.86 Henry
- C. 200 ohm and 1.0 Henry

D. 100 ohm and 0.93 Henry

**Answer: A**



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6. The average power dissipated in a pure inductor of inductance  $L$  when an AC current is passing through it ,is

A.  $\frac{1}{2}LI^2$

B.  $I^2 X_1$



C.  $LI^2 / 4$

D. zero

**Answer: D**



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7. The power factor of LCR circuit at resonance is :

A. 0.707

B. 1

C. 0.5

D. zero

**Answer: B**



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**8.** In an ac circuit the current is given by

$i = 0.5 \sin(314t + 60^\circ)$  milliamperes. Then

peak to peak value of current is-

A. 0.5A

B. 1.0A

C. 0.5mA

D. 1.0 mA

**Answer: D**



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9. In an electric circuit applied ac emf is  $e = 20 \sin 300t$  volt and the current is  $i = 4 \sin 300t$  ampere. The reactance of the circuit is-

A. 5 ohm

B. 80 ohm

C.  $1.8k\Omega$

D. zero

**Answer: D**



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**10.** The time required for a 50 Hz alternating current to increase from 0 to 70.7% of its peak value is

A. 2.5 ms

B. 10 ms

C. 20 ms

D. 14.14 ms

**Answer: A**



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**11.** A steady dc current of 2.83A is flowing in a resistance wire. The rms value of this current is-

A. 2.83 A

B. about 2A

C. about 4A

D. undefined for dc

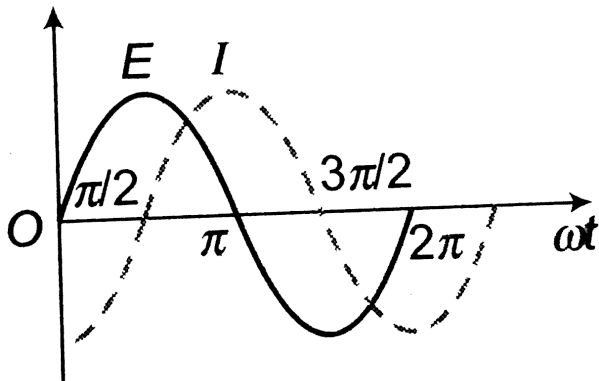
**Answer: A**



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**12.** The variation of the instantaneous current ( $I$ ) and the instantaneous e.m.f ( $E$ ) in a circuit is as shown in figure. Which of the

following statement is correct?



A. the voltage lags behind the current by

$$\pi / 2$$

B. The voltage leads the current by  $\pi / 2$

C. The voltage and the current are in phase

D. The voltage leads the current by  $\pi$

**Answer: B**



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**13.** In a series LCR circuit containing an AC voltage source of frequency  $\omega$ , current and voltage are measured. Then for the resonance, consider the statements-

[a] current is maximum at  $\omega^2 = 1/LC$

[b] current is minimum at  $\omega^2 = 1/LC$

[c] voltage across R is maximum at

$\omega^2 = 1/LC$



[d] voltage across R is minimum at

$$\omega^2 = 1/LC$$

the voltage statement is

A. a and c are both correct

B. b and d are both correct

C. a and d are both correct

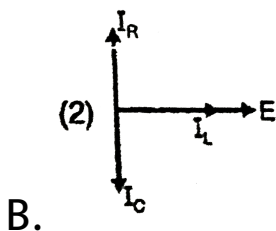
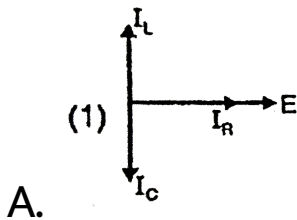
D. none of these

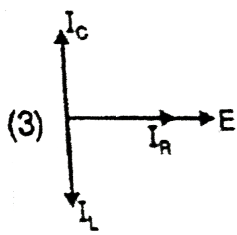
**Answer: A**



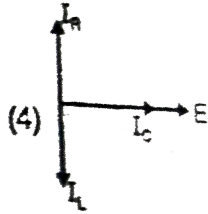
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14. An alternating emf is applied across a parallel combination of a resistance  $R$ , capacitance  $C$  and an inductance  $L$ . If  $I_R$ ,  $I_L$  and  $I_C$  are the currents through  $R$ ,  $L$  and  $C$  respectively, the phase relationship among  $I_R$ ,  $I_L$  and  $I_C$  and source emf  $E$ , is given by





C.



D.

**Answer: C**



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**15.** The value of current at half power points is

-

A.  $\sqrt{2}I_m$

B.  $I_m / \sqrt{2}$

C.  $I_m / 2$

D.  $2I_m$

A.  $\sqrt{2}I_m$

B.  $I_m / \sqrt{2}$

C.  $I_m / 2$

D.  $2I_m$

**Answer: B**



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16. The power factor of a good choke coil is

A. zero

B. one

C. 0.5

D. none of the above

**Answer: A**



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17. Which one has the dimensions different from the remaining three

A. power

B. work

C. torque

D. energy

A. power

B. Work

C. torque

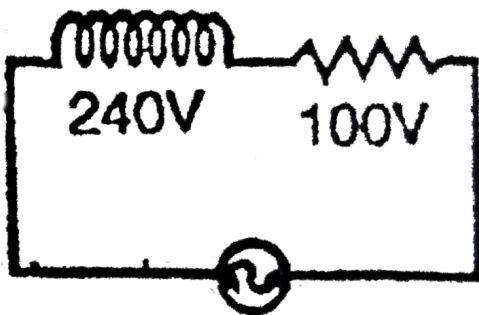
D. energy

**Answer: D**



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**18.** In the figure shown, a current of 2 amperes flows in the circuit. The impedance of the circuit is-



A.  $170\Omega$

B.  $70\Omega$

C.  $130\Omega$

D.  $120\Omega$

**Answer: C**



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**19.** Assertion (A) : The electrostatic energy stored in capacitor plus magnetic energy stored in inductor will always be zero in series  $LCR$  circuit driven by ac voltage source under



condition of resonance.

Reason (R ) : The complete voltage of ac source appears across the resistor in a series *LCR* circuit driven by ac voltage source under condition of resonance.

A. Statement-1 is true, Statement-2: is true,  
Statement-2 is a correct explanation for  
Statement-1.

B. Statement-1 is true, Statement-2: is true,  
Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation  
for Statement-1.

C. Statement-1 is true but statement-2 is false

D. Statement-1 is false, Statement-2 is true

**Answer: D**



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