



MATHS

BOOKS - BHARATI BHAWAN MATHS (HINGLISH)

Application of Vectors



1. Prove that the line segments joining the midpoints of the adjacent sides of a

quadrilateral form a parallelogram.



2. In the parallelogram ABCD, the internal bisectors of the consecutive angles B and C intersect at P. Use vector method to find $\angle BPC$



3. A non zero vector \overrightarrow{a} is parallel to the kine of intersection of the plane determined by the vectors veri, $\overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j}$ and the plane determined by the vectors $\overrightarrow{i} - verj$, $\overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{k}$ find the angle between \overrightarrow{a} and the vector $\overrightarrow{i} - 2\overrightarrow{j} + 2\overrightarrow{k}$.

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1. Prove by vector method that the diagonals

of a parallelogram bisect each other.



2. If the diagonals of a parallelogram are equal, show that it is a rectangle.



3. Using vector method, prove that the angel

in a semi circle is a right angle.

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4. किसी ΔABC में D भुजा BC का मध्य बिंदु है|सिद्ध कीजिए की

$AB^2+CA^2=2ig(AD^2+DC^2ig)$



5. By vector method prove that the straight line joining the midpoints of two non-parallel sides of a trapezium is parallel to the parllel sides and half of their sum.

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6. Prove that in a tetrahedron if two pairs of

opposite edges are perpendicular , then the

third pair is also perpendicular.

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7. Prove vectorially that

 $\sin 2A = 2\sin A \cdot \cos A.$

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8. In a $\triangle OAB$, E is the mid-point of BO and D is a point on AB such that AD : DB = 2:1. If OD and AE intersect at P, determine the ratio OP: PD using vector method.

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10. Find the vector equation of the plane passing through the points.

$$\overrightarrow{i} - 2\overrightarrow{j} + 5\overrightarrow{k}, -5\overrightarrow{j} - \overrightarrow{k}$$
 and $-3\overrightarrow{j} + 5\overrightarrow{j}.$



11. The position vector of the points A, B and C are respectively $\overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j}, \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k}$ and $\lambda \overrightarrow{k} + \overrightarrow{i}$. If the volume of the tetrahedron OABC is 6, find λ where O is the origin.

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12. A force $\overrightarrow{F} = 3\overrightarrow{i} + 2\overrightarrow{j} - 4\overrightarrow{k}$ is acting at the point (1, -1, 2). Find the vector moment of \overrightarrow{F} about the point (2, -1, 3).



13. Show, by vector methods, that the angularbisectors of a triangle are concurrent and find an expression for the position vector of the point of concurrency in terms of the position vectors of the vertices.

