



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - OSWAAL PUBLICATION

Sample Paper 6

Exercise

1. What do you mean by uncertainty in measurement ?

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2. Write the van-der Waal's equation for one mole of a real gas.

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3. Define Le-Chatelier's principle.

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4. State the modern periodic law.

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5. What is the oxidation number of Cr in K_2CrO_4

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6. Why do alkali metals not occur in free state?

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7. What is the formula of borax ?



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8. What is Catenation?



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9. During the estimation of nitrogen by Kjeldhal's method, copper sulphate is added to sulphuric acid.why?



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10. Write the structure of dimethyl acetylene.



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11. Explain law of constant composition with suitable example.



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12. How many molecules of an ideal gas are there is $1 \times 10^{-3} dm^3$ at STP ?

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13. Mention the characteristic of covalent molecule.

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14. Which out of Li, Na, K, Be, Mg, Ca has lowest ionization enthalpy and why?

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15. Orthoboric acid acts as a Lewis acid . Why ?

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16. Write the structure of cis and trans isomer of But-2-ene.

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17. Explain addition reaction of hydrogen in alkynes.

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18. Name the components of photochemical smog.

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19. To which block does the element with atomic number 50 belong?

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20. Define the term ionic radius. Justify that the radius of anion is larger than the parent atom.

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21. Write the Lewis dot structure of CCl_4

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22. Write the Lewis dot structure of $:PH_3$.

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23. Define electrovalency of an element

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24. Write any three points of differences between valence bond theory and molecular orbital theory.

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25. Find the oxidation number of the underlined atoms in the following :



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26. Find the oxidation number of the underlined atoms in the following :



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27. Define decomposition redox reaction?

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28. Define ionic hydrides.

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29. Write any two uses of heavy water.

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30. The ionic compounds of alkali metals are colourless. Why?

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31. Give any two uses of calcium oxide.

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32. In elements of group 14,;Which forms the most acidic oxide?

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33. In elements of group 14,;Which is normally found in +2 oxidation state?

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34. In elements of group 14,;Which is used as semi-conductor?

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35. Define limiting reagent.

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36. Calculate the mass of the following : $5.4 \text{ mo} \leq \text{sofO}_2$



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37. Calculate the mass of the following ,2.5 moles of CO₂



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38. Calculate the mass of the following :9.2mo ≤ of N₂



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39. Write the difference between isotope and isobars.



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40. Calculate the wavelength of a photos in Angstrom units having energy of one electron volt.

$$(h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ js}, C = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1})$$

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41. State the Hund's Rule of maximum multiplicity. Write the electronic configuration of Cr^{2+} .

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42. A neutral atom has 2 k electrons, 8 L electrons and 8 M electrons. Predict from this, calculate: its atomic number

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43. A neutral atom has 2 k electrons, 8 L electrons and 6 M electrons. Predict from this, calculate: Total number of s-electrons

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44. A neutral atom has 2 k electrons, 8 L electrons and 6 M electrons. Predict from this, calculate : Total number of p-electrons

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45. Mention of causes for the deviation of real gas from ideal behaviour.

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46. A sample of a gas is found to occupy a volume of 800cm^3 at 27° Celsius. Calculate the temperature at which it will occupy a volume of 400cm^3 , provided the pressure is kept constant.

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47. What is an isolated system ?

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48. What is a state function ?

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49. Define heat capacity .

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50. What is meant by free energy of a system ? What will be the direction of the chemical reaction when (i) $\Delta G = 0$ (ii) $\Delta G > 0$ (iii) $\Delta G < 0$?

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51. What is meant by free energy of a system ? What will be the direction of the chemical reaction when (i) $\Delta G = 0$ (ii) $\Delta G > 0$ (iii) $\Delta G < 0$?

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52. Out of diamond and graphite which has higher entropy?

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53. Calculate the entropy increase in the evaporation of 1 mole of a liquid when it boils at $100^{\circ}C$ having heat of vaporisation at $100^{\circ}C$ as 540 cal/gm.

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54. Define reaction quotient. Predict the direction of the reaction when : $Q=K$

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55. Define reaction quotient. Predict the direction of the reaction when : $Q>K$

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56. The following concentration were obtained for the formation of NH_3 from N_2 and H_2 at equilibrium at 500 k. It $(N_2(g) = 1.5 \times 10^{-2}M, (H_2(g) = 3.0 \times 10^{-2}M$ and $(NH_3(g) = 1.2 \times 10^{-2}M$. Calculate equilibrium constant

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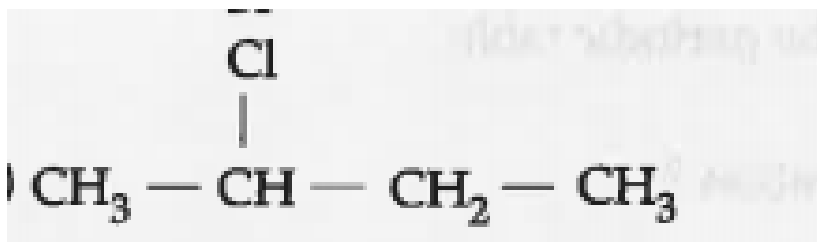
57. Write any two limitations of Lewis concept of acids and bases.

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58. Define pH of a solution and write its mathematical equation. Write the pH value of human blood.

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59. Write the IUPAC name of following compounds:



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60. Explain simple distillation.

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61. Explain positive electromeric effect with an example.

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62. What is substitution reaction? Give an example

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63. Explain Linear polymerisation of alkynes.



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64. Explain the mechanism of chlorination benzene



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