

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - OSWAAL PUBLICATION

Solved Paper 2016-1

Excersice

1. Among the molarity and molality, Which one is temperature dependent?



Watch Video Solution

2. What is an ideal gas?



3. Write an example for the reaction in which $K_p=K_c$
Watch Video Solution
4. Give reason.the radius of anion is always greater than neutral atom.
Watch Video Solution
5. What is the colour of the flame when sodium is subjected to flame test?
Watch Video Solution
6. Write the general electronic configuration of p-block elements.
Watch Video Solution
7. Why does BCL_3 acts as lewis acid?



8. Write the IUPAC name of
$$CH_3-C(OH_3)_2-CH_2-CH(CH_3)_CH-3$$



9. What is the product obtained when alkynes are subjected to hydrogenation in the presence of lindlar's catalyst?



10. Classify the following into pure substance and mixture. `Copper(s),HCI(aq), NaCl(s) and gold in mercury(i)



11. Calculate the volume occupied by 8.8 g of CO_2 at $31.1^\circ C$ and 1 bar pressure $\left(R=0.083 {
m bar} LK^{-1} {
m mol}^{-1}
ight)$



12. Give any two difference between σ and π bond.



13. What is called diagonal relationship?



14. In goup 14, the tendency of the elements to show +4 oxidation state decreases down the group while tendency to show+2 oxidation state increases. Explain



15. Alkyhalide (halo alkane)+sodium.Complete the chemical equation and name the reaction.

Watch Video Solution

16. Explain the mechanism of addition of hydrogen bromide to propene.



17. What is greenhouse effect? Name any one gas which is responsible for the effect.



18. Give three defects of mendeleev's periodic table.



19. Write the electronic configuration of Hydrogen molecule. Calculate its bond order and mention its magnetic property.



20. What is sp^2 hybridisation?Illustrate the formation of Ionic bond.



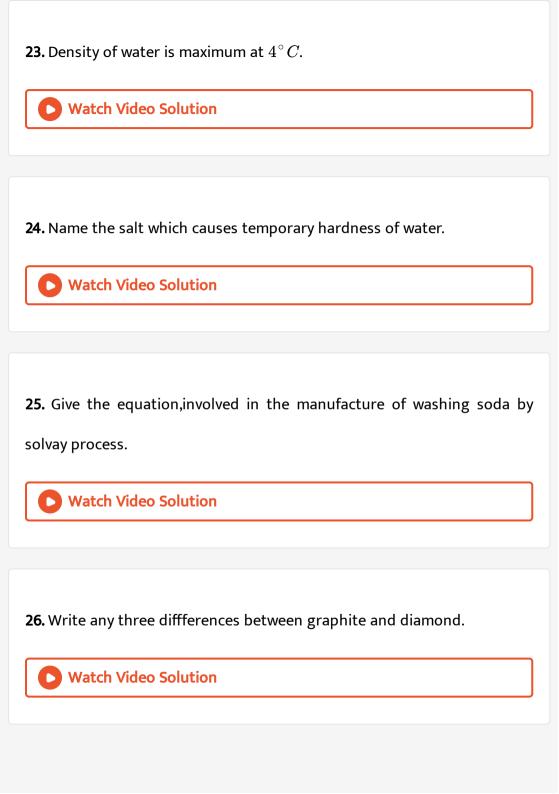
21. Define dipole moment.



22. Balance the following chemical equation by oxidation number method

$$Fe^{2+} + MnO_4^{-1}
ightarrow Fe^{+3} + Mn^{2+1}$$
 (Acidic medium)





27. The molecular mass of an organic compound is 78 amu is known to contain 92.31% of carbon and 7.69% of hydrogen. Determine the ermpricial and molecular formula of the compound.



Watch Video Solution

28. Calculate the mole fraction of benzene and carbon tetrachloride in a binary mixture. The no. of moles of benzene is 0.3 g mol^{-1} and no o moles of carbon tetrachloride is 0.4g mol^{-1}



29. Define isotopes and isobars



30. The Vividh Bharathi station broadcast on a frequency of 136 kHz.Calculate the wavelength of electromagnetic radiation by the transmitter. ($Velocityoflight=3\times10^8ms^{-1}$)



31. Deduce the de-Broglics matter wave equation.



32. Give the possible values of l,m,and s when n=2



33. Write the difference between orbit and orbital.



34. Write the postulates of kinetic theory of gases.



Watch Video Solution

35. Calculate the value of R for one mole of an ideal gas S.I unit.



Watch Video Solution

36. Calculate the enthalpy of formation of methanol from the following data,

 $CH_{3}OH(l) + rac{3}{2}O_{2}(g) o CO_{2}(g) + 2H_{2}O(l). \ldots (i) \hspace{0.5cm} \Delta H^{\,\circ} = \, -\, 726.4 M_{2}^{\,\circ}$

 $C(ext{graphite}) + O_2(g)
ightarrow CO_2(g).\dots (iii) \hspace{0.5cm} \Delta H^{\,\circ} = \, -\, 393.5 kJ mol^{\,-1}$

 $H_2(g) + rac{1}{2}O_2(g) o H_2O(l).... \, (iii) \hspace{0.5cm} \Delta H^{\,\circ} = \, -\, 285.8 kJ mol^{-1}.$



37. Calculate the enthalpy of formation of methanol from the following

data,

$$CH_3OH(l)+rac{3}{2}O_2(g)
ightarrow CO_2(g)+2H_2O(l)\ldots(i)$$
 $\Delta H^\circ=-726.4H$

 $C(ext{graphite}) + O_2(g)
ightarrow CO_2(g) \ldots (iii) \hspace{0.5cm} \Delta H^{\,\circ} = \hspace{0.5cm} -393.5 kJ mol^{-1}$ $H_2(g) + rac{1}{2}O_2(g)
ightarrow H_2O(l).... \ (iii) \ \ \ \ \Delta H^{\,\circ} = \ -285.8 kJmol^{-1}.$



38. State the third law of thermodynamics.



39. Construct Born-Haber cycle to calculate the lattice energy of NaCl form the following data:

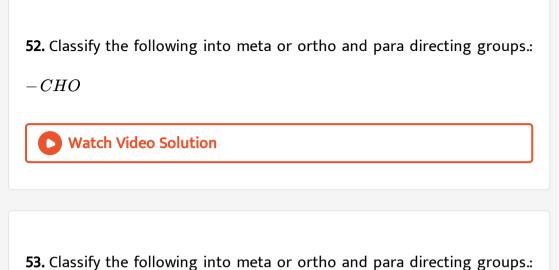
 $\Delta_{\text{(sub)}}$ H.Na(s) = + 108.4 kJ mole⁻¹. $\Delta_{(f)}$ H.NaCl(s) = -411.2 kJ mole⁻¹; $\Delta_{(D)}$ H.Cl₂(g) = + 242.0 kJ mole⁻¹. $\Delta_{(i)}$ H.Na(g) = +495.8 kJ mole⁻¹. $\Delta_{(eg)}$ H.Cl(g) = -348 kJ mole⁻¹.



40. Derive Henderson equation.
Watch Video Solution
41. The `H_3O^+ ion concentration of solutin is 1.3xx10^-5M.Calculate its pH.
Watch Video Solution
42. For the manufacture of Ammonia by Haber's process, write the equation and optimum conditions for maximum yield of ammonia.
Watch Video Solution
43. Write the relationship between K_p and K_c
Watch Video Solution

44. Discuse common ion effect on the solubility of an ionic salt.
Watch Video Solution
45. Explain functional isomerism with example.
Watch Video Solution
46. Give two differences between inductive effect and electromeric effect.
Watch Video Solution
47. Arrange the following $1^\circ, 3^\circ$ and 2° carbo cations in the increasing order of their stability
Watch Video Solution

48. How is Lassaigne's extract prepared? How do you detect nitrogen by
Lassaigne's test?
Watch Video Solution
49. Define chromatography.Mention its type which depends on selective adsorption and desorption
Watch Video Solution
50. Explain the machanism of chlorinantion of methane.
Watch Video Solution
51. Classify the following into meta or ortho and para directing groups.: $-NH_2 \label{eq:meta}$
Watch Video Solution



 $-CH_3$