



## MATHS

### BOOKS - V PUBLICATION

### RELATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

#### Questionbank

1. If  $(x + 1, y - 2) = (3, 1)$ , find the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .

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2. If  $P = \{a, b, c\}$  and  $Q = \{r\}$ , form the sets  $P \times Q$  and  $Q \times P$ . Are these two products equal?

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3. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $B = \{3, 4\}$  and  $C = \{4, 5, 6\}$ .

Find

$$A \times (B \cap C)$$



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4. Let  $P = \{1, 2\}$ . Find  $P \times P \times P$



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5. If  $R$  is the set of all real numbers, what do the cartesian products  $R \times R$  and  $R \times R \times R$  represent?



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6. If  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 1, y - \frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ , find the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .



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7. If  $A \times B = \{(p, q), (p, r), (m, q), (m, r)\}$ , find  $A$  and  $B$

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8. If the set  $A$  has 3 elements and the set  $B = \{3,4,5\}$ , then find the number of elements in  $(A \times B)$ .

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9. If  $G = \{7,8\}$  and  $H = \{5,4,2\}$ , find  $G \times H$  and  $H \times G$

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10. State whether each of the following statements is true or false. If the statement is false, rewrite the given statement correctly. If  $P = \{m,n\}$  and  $Q = \{n,m\}$ , then  $P \times Q = \{(m,n),(n,m)\}$



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11. If  $A = \{-1, 1\}$ , find  $A \times A \times A$ .



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12. If  $A \times B = \{(a,x), (a,y), (b,x), (b,y)\}$  Find A and B



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13. Let  $A = \{1, 2\}, B = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}, C = \{5, 6\}$  and

$D = \{5, 6, 7, 8\}$ . Verify that

$$A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$$



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14. Let  $A = \{1,2\}$  and  $B = \{3,4\}$ . Write  $A \times B$ . How many subsets will  $A \times B$  have? List them.

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15. Let  $A$  and  $B$  are two sets such that  $n(A) = 3$  and  $n(B) = 2$ . If  $(x,1)$ ,  $(y,2)$ ,  $(z,1)$  are in  $A \times B$ , find  $A$  and  $B$ , where  $x,y$  and  $z$  are distinct elements.

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16. The Cartesian product  $A \times A$  has 9 elements among which are found  $(-1,0)$  and  $(0,1)$ . Find the set  $A$  and the remaining elements of  $A \times A$

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17. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$  be a set. Defined a relation  $R$  from  $A$  to  $A$  by  $R = \{(x, y) / y = x + 1\}$

Represent the relation R using an arrow diagram.



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18.  $A = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 14\}$ . R is a relation from A to A defined by  $R = \{(x, y) : 3x - y = 0, x, y \in A\}$ . Write the domain, range, co-domain of R.



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19. A relation R on set natural numbers is defined by  $R = \{(x, y) : y = x + 5, x \text{ is a natural number less than } 4, x, y \in \mathbb{N}\}$ . Write the relation in roster form.



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20.  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$  and  $B = \{4, 6, 9\}$ . Define a relation R from A to B by  $R = \{(x, y) : \text{the difference between } x \text{ and } y \text{ is odd: } x \in A, y \in B\}$ . Write R in roster

from.

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21. Shows a relationship between the sets P and Q. write this relation roster form. What is its domain and range ?

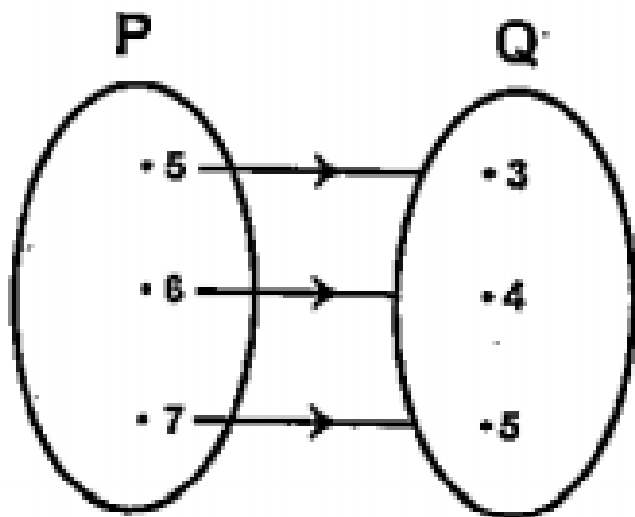


Fig 2.7

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22. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$ . Let  $R$  be the relation on

$A$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in A, b \text{ is}$

exactly divisible by  $a\}$

Find the domain of  $R$ .



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23. Determine the domain and range of the

relation  $R$  defined by

$$R = \{(x, x + 5) : x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}\}$$



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24. Write the relation  $R = \{(x, x^3) : x \text{ is a prime}$

number less than 10\} in roster form.



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25. Let  $A = \{x,y,z\}$  and  $B = \{1,2\}$ . Find the number of relations from A to B



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26. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{ ( a,b): a,b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer} \}$ . Find the domain and range of  $R$



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27. Let  $N$  be the set of natural numbers and the relation ' $R$ ' be defined on  $N$  such that  $R = \{ (x, y) : y = 2x, x, y \in N \}$  What, is the domain, codomain and range of  $R$ ? Is this relation a function?



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28. Examine each of the following relations given below and state in each case, giving reasons whether it is a function or not?

i)  $R = \{(2, 1), (3, 1), (4, 2)\}$

ii)  $R = \{(2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 4)\}$

iii)  $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (4, 5), (5, 6), (6, 7)\}$

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29. Let  $N$  be the set of natural numbers. A real valued function is defined as  $f: N \rightarrow N$  by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$ . Using this definition, complete the table given below:

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
y	f(1) = ...	f(2) = ...	f(3) = ...	f(4) = ...	f(5) = ...	f(6) = ...	f(7) = ...

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30. Draw the graph of the function  $f: R \rightarrow R$  defined by  $f(x) = x^3, x \in R$ .

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31. Let  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = 2x + 1$  be two

functions defined over the set of non-

negative real numbers. Find  $(f + g)(x)$ ,  $(f - g)(x)$ ,  $(fg)(x)$  and

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$$

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32. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = x$  be two

functions defined over the set of non-

negative real numbers. Find  $(f + g)(x)$ ,  $(f - g)(x)$ ,  $(fg)(x)$  and

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$$

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33. Which of the following relations are functions ? Give reasons. If it is a

functions determine its domain and range.  $\{(2,1), (5,1), (8,1), (1,1), (14,1), (17,1)\}$

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**34.** Find the domain and range of the following functions.

$$f(x) = -|x|$$



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**35.** A function  $f$  is defined as  $f(x) = 2x - 5$ .

Write down the values of  $f(0), f(7), f(-3)$ .



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**36.** The function 't' which maps temperature in degree Celsius into temperature in degree Fahrenheit is defined by  $t(C) = \frac{9C}{5} + 32$ . Find t

(0)



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37. Find the range of the following functions.

$$f(x) = 2 - 3x, x \in R, x > 0$$



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38. Let  $R$  be the set of real numbers. Define the real function.  $f: R \rightarrow R$  by  $f(x) = x + 10$  and sketch the graph of this function.



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39. Let  $R$  be a relation from  $Q$  to  $Q$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Q \text{ and } a - b \in Z\}$ . Show that

i)  $(a, a) \in R$  for all  $a \in Q$

ii)  $(a, b) \in R$  implies that  $(b, a) \in R$

iii)  $(a, b) \in R$  and  $(b, c) \in R$  implies that  $(a, c) \in R$ .



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40. Let  $f = \{(1,1), (2,3), (0,-1), (-1,-3)\}$  be a linear function from  $\mathbb{Z}$  into  $\mathbb{Z}$ . Find

$f(x)$ .



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41. Find the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$$



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42. The function  $f$  is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2 - x & x < 0 \\ 2 & x = 0 \\ 2 + x & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Draw the graph of Find  $f(x)$



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43. The relation  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 3x, & 3 \leq x \leq 10 \end{cases}$

The relation  $g$  is defined by  $g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 3x, & 2 \leq x \leq 10 \end{cases}$

show that  $f$  is a function and  $g$  is not a function

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44. If  $f(x) = x^2$ , find  $\frac{f(1.1) - f(1)}{(1.1 - 1)}$

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45. Find the domain of the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$

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46. Find the domain and range of the following functions.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x - 1}$$



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47. Find the domain and range of the following functions.

$$f(x) = |x - 1|$$



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48. Let  $f = \left\{ \left( x, \frac{x^2}{1 + x^2} \right), x \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$  be a real

function from  $\mathbb{R}$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ . Determine the domain

and range of  $f$ .



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49. Let  $f, g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined, respectively by

$f(x) = x + 1, g(x) = 2x - 3$ . find  $f + g, f - g$  and  $\frac{f}{g}$



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50. Let  $f = \{(1,1), (2,3), (0, -1), (-1, -3)\}$  be a function from  $Z$  to  $Z$  defined by  $f(x) = ax + b$ , for some integers  $a, b$ . determine  $a, b$ .

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51. Let  $R$  be a relation from  $N$  to  $N$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) \in N \text{ and } a = b^2\}$ . Are the following true?  $\{(a, a) \in R, \text{ for all } a \in N\}$

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52. Let  $A = \{1,2,3,4\}$ ,  $B = \{1,5,9,11,15,16\}$  and  $f = \{(1,5), (2,9), (3,1), (4,5), (2,11)\}$ . Are the following true?  $f$  is a function from  $A$  to  $B$ . Justify your answer.

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53. Let  $f$  be the subset of  $Z \times Z$  defined by  $f = \{(ab, a + b) : a, b \in Z\}$  is  $f$  a function from  $Z$  to  $Z$ ? justify your answer.

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54. Let  $A = \{9,10,11,12,13\}$  and let  $f : A \rightarrow N$  be defined by  $f(n) =$  the highest prime factor of  $n$ . find the range of  $f$ .

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55. A relation  $R$  is defined on the set  $Z$  of integers as follows.  
 $R = \{(x, y) \in R : x^2 + y^2 = 25\}$  Express  $R$  and  $R^{-1}$  as the sets of ordered pairs and hence find their respective domains.

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56. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  and  $B = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 6, 7\}$ . If  $R$  be a relation from  $A$  to the set  $B$  defined by

i) is square root of

ii) is cube root of, find  $R$  and also its domain and range.

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57. Find the domain and range of the function

$$f = \left\{ \left( x, \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \right) : x \in R, x \neq 1 \right\}$$

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58. Let  $R$  be the relation on the set  $Z$  of all integers defined by

$$R = \{(x, y) : x, y \in Z, x - y \text{ is divisible by } n\}. \text{ Prove that}$$

i)  $(x, x) \in R$  for all  $x \in Z$

ii)  $(x, y) \in R$  implies that  $(y, x) \in R$  for all  $x, y \in Z$

iii)  $(x, y) \in R$  and  $(y, z) \in R$  implies that  $(x, z) \in R$  for all  $x, y, z \in Z$

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59. Let  $f$  be defined by  $f(x) = x - 4$  and  $g$  be defined by

$$g(x) = \frac{x^2 - 16}{x + 4}, x \neq -4.$$

find  $\lambda$  such that  $f(x) = g(x)$  for all  $x$



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60. If  $f$  is a real function defined by  $f(x) = \frac{x - 1}{x + 1}$ , then prove that

$$f(2x) = \frac{3f(x) + 1}{f(x) + 3}.$$



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61. Find the domain and range of the following functions:

i)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x - 5}}$

ii)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{1 + x^2}$ .



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62. Let  $f$  and  $g$  be two real functions defined by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+4}$  and  $g(x) = (x+4)^3$ , find the following:

i)  $f - g$

ii)  $\frac{f}{g}$  iii)  $2f$



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63. Which of the following relations are functions? Give reasons. If it is a function, determine its domain and range.

i)  $\{(2, 1), (5, 1), (8, 1), (11, 1), (14, 1), (17, 1)\}$

ii)  $\{(2, 1), (4, 2), (6, 3), (8, 4), (10, 5), (12, 6), (14, 7)\}$

iii)

$\{(0, 0), (1, 1), (1, -1), (4, 2), (4, -2), (9, 3), (9, -3), (16, -4), (16, -4)\}$

iv)  $\{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 5)\}$

v)  $\{(2, 1), (3, 1), (5, 2)\}$

vi)  $\{(1, 2), (2, 2), (3, 2)\}$



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64. If  $f(x) = x^2 + x - 1$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 7$ . be real functions then find:

i)  $(f + g)(2)$

ii)  $(f - g)(7)$

(iii)  $(fg)(-5)$

iv)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(4)$

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65. Let  $f$  and  $g$  be real functions defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$ ,  $x \geq -4$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$ ,  $x \geq 4$ . Find the functions  $f + g$ ,  $f - g$ ,  $fg$ ,  $\frac{f}{g}$

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66. If  $af(x) + bf\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{x} - 5$  for  $x \neq 0$ , where  $a \neq b$ . Find  $f(x)$

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67. If  $A = \{3, 4, 6\}$ ,  $B = \{1, 3\}$  and  $C = \{1, 2, 6\}$ , then find

(i)  $A \times (B \cap C)$

(ii)  $B \times (A \cup C)$

(iii)  $(A - B) \times (A - C)$

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68. Let  $A$  and  $B$  are two sets such that  $n(A) = 3$  and  $n(B) = 2$ . If  $(x,1)$ ,  $(y,2)$ ,  $(z,1)$  are in  $A \times B$ , find  $A$  and  $B$ , where  $x, y$  and  $z$  are distinct elements.

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69. Let  $A$  be a non - empty set such that  $A \times B = A \times C$  show that  $B = C$

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70. Let  $A \subset B, C \subset D$ , then prove that  $A \times C \subset B \times D$

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71. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b), a, b \in Z, a^2 = b^2\}$

Find (i)  $R$  (ii) domain of  $R$  (iii) range of  $R$

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72. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b): a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$ . Find the domain and range of  $R$

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73. If  $f: R \rightarrow R$  is defined by  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$ , find  $f(f(x))$ . Also evaluate  $f(f(5))$

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74. If  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$  show that  $(f(x))^3 = f(x^3) + 3f(x)$

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75. Find the domain of the following.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$

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76. Draw the graph of the real function  $y = x^2 + 2x + 3$

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77. Draw the graph of the real function  $y = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \leq 0 \\ x^2 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$

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78. Let  $f: R \rightarrow R$  be a function defined by  $f(x) = x^2 + [x] + |x| - 7, x \in R$ . Find the value of 'f' at the points  $-3.4, -2, -1.7, 0, 0.8, 1, 4.3$



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79. Let  $f, g: R \rightarrow R$  be functions defined respectively by  $f(x) = x + 1, g(x) = 2x - 3$  Find  $fg$ .



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