



PHYSICS

NCERT - FULL MARKS PHYSICS(TAMIL)

MOTION IN A PLANE



1. Rain is falling vertically with a speed fo $35ms^{-1}$. Winds starts blowing after sometime with the speeds of $12ms^{-1}$ in east to west

direction. At what angles with the vertical should a boy waiting at a bus stop hold his umbrella to protect himself from rain?

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2. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant of two vectors A and B in the terms of their magnitudes and angle θ between

them.





3. A motor boat is racing towards North at 25km/h and the water current in that region is 10km/h in the direction of 60^{00} East of South. Find the resultant velocity of the boat.



4. The position of a particle is given by

$$r=3t\hat{i}+2t^{2}\hat{j}+8\hat{k}$$

where, t is in seconds and the coefficients have

the proper units for r to be in metres.

(i) Find v (t) and a(t) of the particles.

(ii) Find the magnitude and direction of v(t)

and a(t) at 1 = 1s.

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5. A particle starts from origin at t=0 with velocity $5.0\hat{i}m/s$ and move in x.y plane under action of a force which produces a constant acceleration of $(3.0\hat{i} + 2.0\hat{j})m/s^2$. (a) What is the y-coordinate of the particle at the instant its x-ccordinate is 84 m? (b) What is the speed of the particle at this time?

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6. Rain is falling vertically with a speed of $30ms^{-1}$. A woman rides a bicycle with a

speed of $10ms^{-1}$ in the North to South direction. What is the direction in which she should hold her umbrella ?

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7. Galileo, in his book Two new sciences, stated that "for elevations which exceed or fall short of 45° by equal amounts, the ranges are equal. Prove this statement.

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8. A hiker stands on the edge of a cliff 490mabove the ground and throwns a stone horiozontally with an initial speed of $15ms^{-1}$ neglecting air resistance.The speed with which it hits the ground in ms^{-1} is $(g = 9.8ms^2)$

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9. A cricket ball is thrown at a speed of $28ms^{-1}$ in a direction 30° above the horizontal. Calculate (a)the maximum height (b) the time taken by ball to return ti the same

level, and (c)the distance from the thrower to the point wher the ball restance from the throwrt to the point where the ball returns to the same level.



10. An insect trapped in a circular groove of radius 12cm moves along the groove steadily and commpletes 7 revoltions in 100s. (a) What is the angulr speed , and the linear speed

of the motion ? (b) Is the acceleration vector a

costant vector ? What is its magnitude?





1. State, for each of the following physical quantities, if it is a scalar or a vector. Volume, mass speed acceleration, density, number of moles, velocity, angular frequency, displacement, angular velocity.





2. Pick out the two scalar quantities in the following list: force, angular momentum, work, current, linear momentum, electric field, average force, angular momentum, work, current , linear momentum, electric field, average velocity, magnetic moment, relative velocity.

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3. Pick out the only vector quantity in the following list : temperature, pressure, impulse, time, power. Total path-length, energy. Gravitational potential, coefficient of friction, charge,

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4. State with reasons, whether the following algebraic operations with scalar and vector physical quantities are meaningful:

(i) Adding any two scalars (ii) Adding a scalar

to a vector of the same dimensions

(iii) Multiplying any vector by any scalar (iv)

Multiplying any two scalars

(v) Adding any two vectors

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5. Read each statement below carefully and state with reasons, with it is true or false :
(a) The magnitude of vector is always a scalar.
(b) Each component of a vector is always a

scalar.

(c) The total path length is always equal to the magnitude of the displacement vector of a particle.

(d) The average speed of a particle (defined as total path length divided by the time taken to cover the path) is greater or equal to the magnitude of average velocity of the particle over the same interval of time.

(e) three vectors not lying in a plane cannever add up to give a null vector.

6. Establish the following inequalities

geometrically or otherwise,

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{(a)} \left| \overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} \right| \leq \left| \overrightarrow{A} \right| + \left| \overrightarrow{B} \right|, \\ \text{(b)} \left| \overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} \right| \geq \left| \left| \overrightarrow{A} \right| - \left| \overrightarrow{B} \right| \right| \\ \text{(c)} \left| \overrightarrow{A} - \overrightarrow{B} \right| \leq \left| \overrightarrow{A} \right| + \left| \overrightarrow{B} \right| \\ \text{(d)} \left| \overrightarrow{A} - \overrightarrow{B} \right| \geq \left| \left| \overrightarrow{A} \right| - \left| \overrightarrow{B} \right| \right| \end{array}$$

When does the equality sign above apply?

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7. Given $\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{C} + \overrightarrow{D} = 0$, which of the

following statements are correct ?

(a) $\overrightarrow{A}, \overrightarrow{B}, \overrightarrow{C}$ abd \overrightarrow{D} each must be a null vector.

(b) The magnitude of $\left(\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{C}
ight)$ equals the magnitude of $\left(\overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{D}\right)$. (c) The magnitude of \overrightarrow{A} can never be greater than the sum of the magnitude of \overrightarrow{B} , \overrightarrow{C} and \overrightarrow{D} . (d) $\overrightarrow{B} + \overrightarrow{C}$ must lie in the plane of $\overrightarrow{A} + \overrightarrow{D}$. if \overrightarrow{A} and \overrightarrow{D} are not collinear and in the line of \overrightarrow{A} and \overrightarrow{D} , if they are collinear.

8. Three girls skating on a circular ice ground of radius 200m start from a point (P) on the edge of the ground and reach a point Qdiametrically opposite to (P) following different paths as shown in Fig. (NCT) . 17. What is the magnitude of the displacement vector for each ? which girl's displacement is equal to the actual length of path skated ?





9. A cyclist starts from the centre 'O' of a cicular park of radius 1 km, reaches the edge of the park, then cycles along the circumference up to the point Q and returns to the centre along QO as shown in the figure. If the round trip takes 10 min, what is the (a) Net displacement (b) average velocity and

(c) average speed of the cyclist.





10. On an open ground , a motorist follows a track that turns to his left by an angle of 60° after every 500m. Starting from a given turn ,

specify the displacement of the motorist at the third, sixth and eighth turn. Compare the magnitude of the displacement with total path length covered by the motorist in each case.

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11. A passenger arriving in a new town wishes to go from the station to a hotel located 10km away on a straight road from the station. A dishonest cabman takes him along a circuitous path 23km long and reaches the hotel in 28 minutes . What is (a) the average speed of the taxi, (b) the magnitude of average velocity ? Are the two equal ?



12. Rain is falling vertically with a speed of $30ms^{-1}$. A woman rides a bicycle with a speed of $10ms^{-1}$ in the North to South direction. What is the direction in which she should hold her umbrella ?



13. A man can swim with a speed 4km/hr in still water.

(a) How long does he takes to cross a river 1 km wide if the river flows steadily at 3 km/hr and makes his strokes normal to the river current?

(b) How far down the river does he go when he

go when he reaches the other bank?



14. In a harbour, wind is blowing at the speed of 72km/h and the flag on the mast of a boat anchored in the harbour flutters along the N-E *direction*. If the boat starts moving at a speed of 51km/h to the North, what is the direction of flag on the mast of the bat ?

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15. The ceiling of a long hall is 25 m high. What

is the maximum horizontal distance that a ball



16. A cricketer can throw a ball to a maximum

horizontal distance of 100 m. How high above

the ground can the cricketer throw the same

ball ?

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17. A stone tied to the end of a string 80 cm long is whirled in a horizontal circle with a constant speed. If the stone makes 14 revolutions in 25 seconds, what is the magnitude and direction of acceleration of the stone ?

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18. An aircraft executes a horizontal loop of radius 1 km with a steady speed of $900 kmh^{-1}$.

Compare its centripetal acceleration with the

acceleration due to gravity.



19. Read each statement below carefully and state, with reasons, if it is true or false : (a) The net acceleration of a particle in circular motion is always along the radius of the circle towards the centre.

(b) The velocity vector of a particle at a point is always aling the tagent to the path of the partile at that point. ItbRgt (c) The acceleration vector of a particle in uniform circular motion acraged over one cycle is a null vector.



20. The position of a particle is given by

$$r = 3.0t \hat{i} - 2.0t^2 \hat{j} + 4.0 \hat{k}m$$

where t is in seconds and the coefficients have

proper units for r to be in metres .

(a) Find the v and a of the particle ? (b) What

is the magnitude and direction of velocity of

the particle at t = 2.0s ?



21. A particle starts from the origin at t = Oswith a velocity of $10.0\hat{j}m/s$ and moves in the xy-plane with a constant acceleration of $\left(8\hat{i}+2\hat{j}\right)m/s^{-2}$. What time is the xcoordinate of the particle 16m?

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22. \hat{i} and \hat{j} are unit vectors along x-axis and yaxis respectively what is the magnitude and direction of the vector $\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ and $\hat{i} - \hat{j}$? What are the magnitudes of components of a vector $\overrightarrow{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ along the directions of $\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ and $\hat{i} - \hat{j}$?

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23. For any arbitrary motion in space, which of

the following relations are true?

a) $v_{\mathrm{average}} = (1/2)(v(t_1+v(t_2)$

b)
$$v_{ ext{average}} = igg[r(t_2) - r rac{t_1}{t_2 - t_1} igg]$$
 $v(t) = v(0) + at$

d)
$$a_{ ext{average}} = \left[v(t_2) - v rac{t_1}{t_2 - t_1}
ight]$$

The average stands for average of the quantity

over time interval t_1 to t_(2)`

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24. Read each statement below carefully and state with reason and examples, if it is true or false. A scalar quantity is one that (a) is conserved in a process (b) can never take

negative values (c) must be dimensionless (d) does not vary from one point to another in space (e) has the same value for observers with different orientations of axes.



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25. An aircraft is flying at a height of 3400 m above the ground. If the angle subtended at a ground observation point by the aircraft positions 10 s apart is 30° , what is the speed of the aircraft ?





26. A vector has magnitude and direction (i) Does it have a location in the space ? (ii) Can it vary with time ? (iii) Will two equal vectors \overrightarrow{a} and \overrightarrow{b} different locations in space necessarily have identical physical effects ? Give examples in support of your answer.



27. A vector has both magnitude and direction. Does that mean anything that has magnitude and direction is necessarily a vector ? The rotation of a body can specified by the direction of the axis of rotation and the angle of rotation about the axis. Does the make any rotation a vector ?



28. Can you associate vectors with (a) the length of a wire bent into a loop (b) a plane area (c) a sphere ? Explain.



29. A bullet fired at an angle of 30° with the horizontal hits the ground 3 . 0 km away. By adjusting its angle of projection, can one hope to hit a target 5 . 0 km away ? Assume the

muzzle speed to be fixed, and neglect air

resestance.



30. A fighter plane flying horizontally at an altitude of 1.5km with speed $720kmh^{-1}$ passes directly over head an anticraft gun. At what angle from the vertical should the gun be fired from the shell with muzzle speed $600ms^{-1}$ to hit plane.

At what minimum altitude should the pilot fly

the plane to avoid being hit ? (Take g= 10 ms^{-2}).

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31. A cylclist is riding with a speed of $27kmh^{-1}$. As he approaches a circular turn on the road of radius 80m, he applies brakes and reduces his speed at the constant rate of $0.5ms^{-2}$. What is the magnitude and direction of the net acceleration of the cyclist on the circular turn ?



32. (a) Show that for a projectile the angle between the velocity and the x - axis as a function of time is given by

$$heta(t) = an^{-1}igg(rac{v_{0y} - ext{gt}}{v_{\, ext{o}} x}igg)$$

(b) Shows that the projection angle $heta_\circ$ for a projectile launched from the origin given by

$$heta_0= an^{-1}igg(rac{4h_m}{R}igg)$$

where the symbols have their usual meaning.

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